Revision Slides - Y7

Contents

Slide No.	Topic
3	General Information about Python and Programming
4	Arithmetic Operators
5	Boolean Operators
6	Datatypes
7	Programs and Variables
8	Programs - IF Statement - SELECTION Statement
9	Programs - 1-D Arrays or Lists
10	Programs - Syntax Errors

General Information about Programming

- (1) We are programming in the programming language Python.
- (2) We are writing the Python programs in the Python IDLE editor. IDLE stands for Integrated Development Learning Environment.
- (3) There are numerous other programming languages such as Java, Visual Basic, C#, C++, R.
- (4) Python is an example of a High Level Programming Language.

(5) Now, the Computer actually does not understand High Level Languages
And they have to be translated into Low Level Language/Machine Code/Binary
And it is that the computer understands.

Arithmetic Operators

No.	Symbol	Information	Example	Answers
1	+	Addition	6+2	8
2	-	Substraction	10 - 6	4
3	*	Multiplication	4 * 5	20
4	/	Division	10/2	5
5	**	Exponent	2**3	2*2*2 = 8
6	**	Exponent	4**2	4*4 = 16
7	%	Modulus	10%3	1 (This is the <u>remainder when one</u> number is divided by another).
8	%	Modulus	20%5	0
9	//	Integer Division	9//2	4 (This is the quotient when one number is divided by another).
10	//	Integer Division	10//2	5

Boolean Expressions

No. Symbol Information Example Answers

1 > Greater than 10 > 6 TRUE

3 < Less than 4 < 7 TRUE

CLNandi (Dr)

Datatypes

No.	Datatype	Description	Examples	
1	Integer	This is a whole number	2,3,99, -100, -6	
2	Real or Float	This are numbers with decimal points in them.	3.4,5.6, 100.2	
3	Character	A single symbol	'A',"b','?'	
4	String	A group of characters	'Chocolate'	
5	Boolean	Takes one of two values	True or False	
6	Date	A date	19/1/2020	19th January 2020

Programs and Variables

Line 1	Apple = 20	<u>Output</u>
Line 2	Number = 10	200

Line 3 Total = Apple * Number

Line 4 print(Total)

Please note the following about the program

- (1) The Program has 3 variables.
- (2) The variables are Apple, Number and Total
- (3) Line 4 results in the output.

Programs - Selection Statement - the IF Statement

Line 1 Age = int(input("How old are you?")

<u>Output</u>

Line 2 if Age >=18:

How old are you? 12

Line 3 print("You are old enough to vote")

You are too young to vote

Line 4 else:

Line 5 print("You are too young to vote")

Please note the following about the program

- (1) The program has 1 variable and that is 'Age'.
- (2) The '>=' symbol is the greater than or equal to symbol.
 - (3) Line 1 is inviting the user to input an integer.
 - (4) The IF statement has two branches to it, i.e. there are 2 options for it.
 - (5) The IF statement is a type of SELECTION statement. 8

Programs -1-D Arrays (or Lists)

Line 1	Foods = ["eggs", "Pizza", "Pasta"]	<u>Output</u>
Line 2	for Food in Foods:	I like eggs
Line 3	print (" I like ", Food)	I like Pizza
		I like Pasta

Please note the following about the program

- (1) The array is called Foods
- (2) There are 3 items in the array Foods.

```
(3) Now,
Foods[0] = "eggs",
Foods[1] = "Pizza",
Foods[2] = "Pasta"
```

- (4) 0,1 and 2 are known as indexes
- (5) Note that we are starting to count from zero.
- (6) Python is known as a 'zero based language'.

Examples of Programs with Syntax Errors

Program 1 with Error Program 2 with Error Program 3 with Error For j in range(5): Line 1 pint("Hello World") print("Hello World) Line 2 print(j) **Missing Quotation Marks** Line 2 should be indented. Here pint should be print. A keyword is mis-spelt. **Program 1 Corrected Program 2 Corrected Program 3 Corrected** For j in range(5): print("Hello World") print("Hello World") print(j)

That's all for now folks!!