

# Units of Storage

Learn this off by heart

# Units

**These units describe how much disk space, disk capacity or disk storage is used.**

Name	Size	Example	Other information
Bit	A Single Binary Digit (1 or 0)	Each bit is represented either as a 1 or 0.	(1) Bit stands for Binary Digit. (2) It is the smallest unit of data a computer can store.
Nibble	This is a group of 4 bits	0001 0010 0011	(1) Nibbles are handy when converting between binary and hexadecimal. (2) A Nibble will only cover decimal numbers between 0 and 15.
Byte	A collection of 8 bits (2 Nibbles)	A byte can store 1 character such as 'A', or 'e' or '£'	
Kilobyte (kB)	1000 bytes ( $10^3$ bytes)	Text Files	Actually a kB is 1024 bytes, but in an exam to make calculations easier we say it is 1000 bytes.
Megabyte (MB)	1000,000 bytes ( $10^6$ bytes, million bytes)	Storage space on a CD	
Gigabyte (GB)	1000,000,000 ( $10^9$ bytes)	Hard drive sizes	Typically hold over 3,000 books.
Terabyte (TB)	1000,000,000,000 ( $10^{12}$ bytes)	Ever increasingly so hard drives are expressed in TB.	Can store (1) Over 300 hours of video (2) 1,000 copies of the Encyclopedia Britannica.
Petabyte(PB)	1000,000,000,000,000 ( $10^{15}$ bytes)	This is a massive amount of storage.	It can hold (1) Over 2000 years worth of songs, back to back

# Question 1

**(1) Convert 4,800 MB into GB**

# Question & Answer 1

**(1) Convert 4,800 MB into GB**

**Answer**

**First of all we can convert to Bytes**

**1 GB =  $10^9$  Bytes**

**1 MB =  $10^6$  Bytes**

**4,800 MB =  $4,800 * 10^6$  Bytes**

# Question 2

**(2) Convert 800 TB into GB**

# Question & Answer 2

(1) Convert the following:-

Convert 800 TB into GB

Answer

$$1 \text{ TB} = 10^{12} \text{ Bytes}$$

$$1 \text{ GB} = 10^9 \text{ Bytes}$$

$$\text{So } 1 \text{ TB} = 10^3 * 10^9 \text{ Bytes}$$

$$1 \text{ TB} = 10^3 \text{ GB}$$

$$400 \text{ TB} = 400 * 10^3 \text{ GB}$$

$$400 \text{ TB} = 4 * 10^5 \text{ GB}$$

$$400 \text{ TB} = 40,000 \text{ GB}$$

# Question 3

**(3) Order the following units from largest to smallest.**

**GB, bit, PB, byte, nibble, MB**

# Question & Answer 3

**(3) Order the following units from largest to smallest.**

**GB, bit, PB, byte, nibble, MB**

**Answer**

**(i) Bit**

**(ii) Nibble**

**(1 Nibble is 4 bits)**

**(iii) Byte**

**(1 Byte is 8 bits)**

**(iv) MB**

**(1 MB is  $10^6$  bytes)**

**(v) GB**

**(1 GB is  $10^9$  bytes)**

**(vi) PB**

**(1 PB is  $10^{15}$  bytes)**



# Question 4

**(4) Alex transfers some videos to a computer for editing,**

**(i) The computer has 1 GB of free storage.**

**Calculate the number of videos that can be stored on the computer if each video is 100 MB in size.**

**Please show your working.**

# Question & Answer 4

**(4) Alex transfers some videos to a computer for editing,**

**(i) The computer has 1 GB of free storage.**

**Calculate the number of videos that can be stored on the computer if each video is 100 MB in size.**

**Please show your working.**

**Answer**

$$1 \text{ GB} = 10^3 \text{ MB}$$

**So if each video is 100 MB in size and the amount of storage free is  $10^3$  MB**

$$\begin{aligned} \text{The number of videos which can be stored is: } & 10^3 / 100 \\ & = 10^3 / 10^2 \\ & = 10 \text{ videos} \end{aligned}$$

***That's all for now folks!***