Promoting Bilateral Mechanisms in Asia and the Pacific A Workshop on the Joint Crediting Mechanism



# Power Generation by Waste Heat Recovery in Cement Industry

- JCM Model Projects in 2014 by MOEJ -

22 May 2015

**Gen TAKAHASHI** 

Deputy General Manager
Global Business Development

JFE Engineering Corporation



- About JFE Engineering
- Project Summary
- Project Methodology
- Another JCM Project



### **Group Structure**





### **JFE Holdings**

(holding company)

Turnover: **37** billion\$

Employees: **57,200** 

Fortune Global 500:

Ranked in 278

#### **Japan Marine United**

Net Sales (million \$)

3,600

**Employees** 

6,000



#### **JFE Engineering**

Net Sales (million \$)

2,840

**Employees** 

7,400



#### **JFE Steel**

Net Sales (million \$)

26,900

**Employees** 

42,500



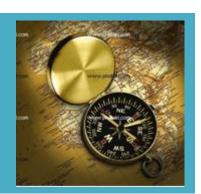
#### JFE Shoji Trade

Net Sales (million \$)

17,800

**Employees** 

6,200



### **Business Field**









Environment





Steel Structure













### Global Network





- Head Offices / Overseas Offices
- Overseas Affiliate

Overseas Subsidiaries



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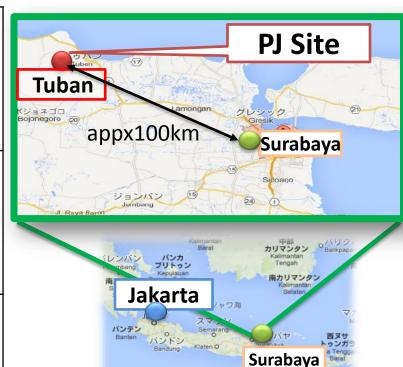


### **JCM Model Project Summary**

/year



| Counterpart         | PT Semen<br>Indonesia    |
|---------------------|--------------------------|
| Site                | Tuban Plant<br>East Jawa |
| Power<br>Generation | 28MW                     |
| GHG                 | 122 000t-C02             |





**Emission** 

Reduction

### **Waste Heat Recovery Benefits**



Cement Production
Waste Heat from
Exhaust Gas

JFE's WHR Technology Environmentally Friendly Power Generation

#### **Benefits**

CO<sub>2</sub> Emission Reduction

No Additional Fuel Required

**Electricity Reserve for the Community** 

Savings on Production Costs

Reduced Consumption from Grid-Connected Power Plants

Electricity Generation Using Only Waste Heat

**Available Electricity for the Communities** 

Apx. 20% substituted with Electricity by WHR

### JFE's Service Record



### **Total: 285 Boilers, Total Power: 820 MW** (For Cement: 66 Boilers - 300 MW)



For Cement: 2 Boilers For Others: 2 Boilers

Romania

India

Indonesia

Italy

**China: 42 Boilers** 

For Cement: 39 Boilers

For Others: 3 Boilers



China



**Taiwan** 

Thailand **Philippines**  Japan:213 Boilers

Japan

For Cement: 4 Boilers For Others: 209 Boilers

#### **Taiwan:12 Boilers**

For Cement: 9 Boilers For Others 3 Boilers

S.E.Asia:13 Boilers Malaysia

For Cement: 10 Boilers

For Others: 3 Boilers

N.America: 2 Boilers

For Cement: 2 Boilers

**India:1 Boiler** 

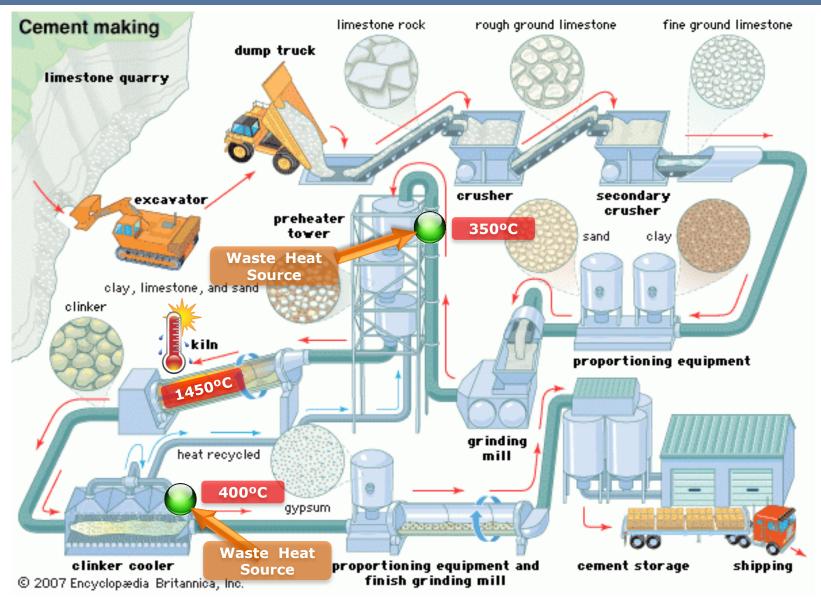
For Others: 1 Boiler

**Cement WHR Boiler Other WHR Boiler** 

JFE Engineering Corporation

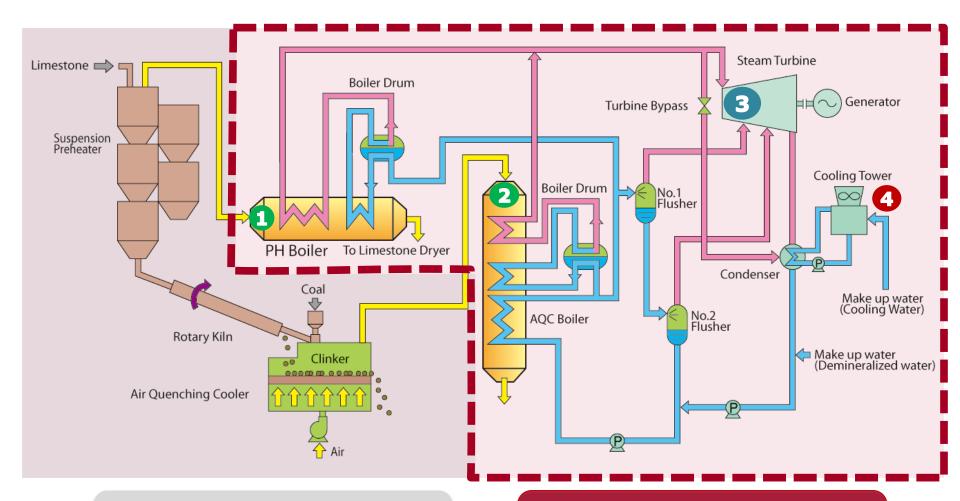
### **Cement Production Process**





### **Typical System Flow**



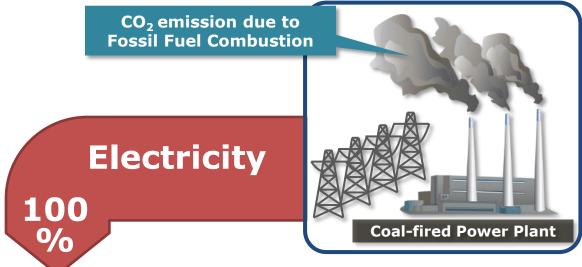


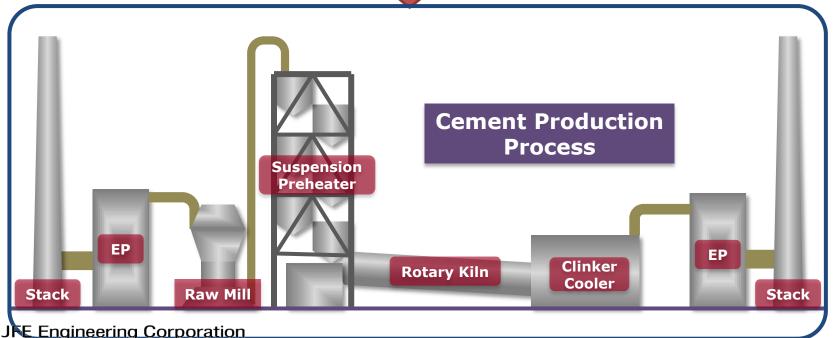
Clinker Production Process

Waste Heat Recovery
System

### **Cement Production - Baseline**

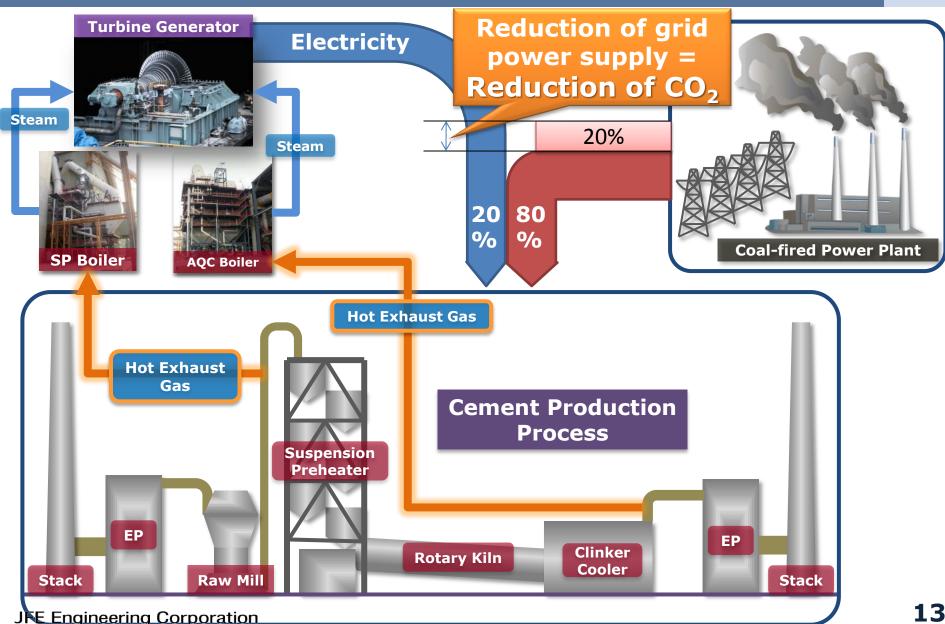






### **After WHR System Installation**







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### **Eligibility Criteria**



| Criterion 1 | The project utilizes waste heat from a cement production facility by waste heat recovery system (WHR) to generate electricity                         |
|-------------|---|
| Criterion 2 | WHR system consists of a Suspension Preheater boiler (SP boiler) and/or Air Quenching Cooler boiler (AQC boiler), turbine generator and cooling tower |
| Criterion 3 | WHR system utilizes only waste heat and does not utilize fossil fuels as a heat source to generate steam for power generation                         |
| Criterion 4 | WHR system has <b>not been introduced</b> to a corresponding <b>cement kiln</b> of the project prior to its implementation                            |

### **Eligibility Criteria**



#### Criterion 5

Cement factory where the project is implemented is connected to a grid system and the theoretical maximum electricity output of the WHR system, which is calculated by multiplying maximum electricity output of the WHR system by the maximum hours per year (24\*365=8,760 hours), is not greater than the total amount of the electricity imported to the cement factory from the grid system:

- > During the previous year before the validation, if the validation of the project is conducted before the operation of the project, or
- > During the previous year before the operation of the project, if the validation of the project is conducted after the operation of the project

### **Calculation of Reference Emissions**



|   |                                 | A                              | В  | С                 | D                 | E(A*B*C*D<br>)       |
|---|---------------------------------|--------------------------------|--|-------------------|-------------------|----------------------|
| _   | ntity of Electricity<br>eration | Generation<br>Capacity<br>(MW) | Operating<br>day per<br>year<br>(days/y) | Time<br>(hrs/day) | Operating<br>Rate | Electricity<br>(MWh) |
|   | Dry Season                      | 28                             | 182.5                                    | 24                | 0.85              | 104,244              |
|   | Rainy Season                    | 22                             | 182.5                                    | 24                | 0.85              | 81,906               |
| The quantity of electricity 2.4 365 24 1 consumption  |                                 |                                |  | 21,024            |                   |                      |
| The quantity of net electricity generation by the WHR system which replaced grid electricity import 165,126 |                                 |                                |  |                   |                   |                      |

$$RE_y = EG_y * EF_{grid}$$

 $= 165,126 \text{ MWh/y} * 0.741 \text{ tCO}_2 \text{ e/MWh}$ 

 $= 122,358 tCO_2e/y$ 

### **Reference Emissions**



#### Reference

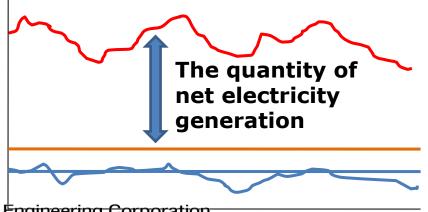
Reference is the situation where WHR system has not been introduced. Diffusion rate of WHR system is very low in Indonesian Cement Industry

1 plant installed / 25 plants total

#### Conservativeness

Electricity consumption of WHR system is calculated by the theoretically maximum load of auxiliary equipment

=> Rated capacity of installed equipment (EG<sub>CAP</sub>) related to WHR system and max. hours/period



The quantity of gross electricity generation by waste heat

 $EG_{AUX,v}$ :2.4MW( $EG_{CAP}$ )\*24h/d\*365days

1.9MW(Designed capacity)\*24h/d\*365days

### Reference Emissions



 $RE_y = EG_y * EF_{grid}$   $RE_y$ : Reference emissions  $EG_y$ : The quantity of net electricity generation

EF<sub>grid</sub>: CO<sub>2</sub> emission factor for an Indonesian regional grid system

#### Determination of EG<sub>v</sub>

 $EG_v = EG_{GEN} - EG_{AUX}$ 

EGGEN: The quantity of gross electricity generation by waste heat

EGALIX: The quantity of electricity consumption by WHR system

### **Determination of EG<sub>AUX</sub>**

 $EG_{AUX} = EG_{CAP} * 24 * 365$ 

EG<sub>CAP</sub>: The total maximum rated capacity of equipments of WHR system

### **Emission Reductions**



#### **Emission Reductions**

= Reference Emissions

#### Replacement of Grid Electricity Generation

- Calculation of reference/project emissions Emissions to be calculated in the methodology are those replaced by power generation of WHR system
- Emission Reductions= Reference Emissions Project Emissions
- No additional fuelProject Emissions = 0

### Data and parameters fixed ex ante



► EF<sub>grid</sub>: CO<sub>2</sub> emission factor

National Committee on Clean Development Mechanism Indonesian DNA for CDM, Updates on Emission Factors of Electricity Interconnection System(2011)

► EG<sub>CAP</sub>: Total max. rated capacity of equipments of the WHR system which consumes electricity

Rated capacity of all installed equipments of the WHR system which consumes electricity

### **Monitoring**



#### ► EG<sub>GEN</sub>,y: Quantity of gross electricity generation

Watt meter log data are saved:

every one minute

in both electronic data in a server and on printed paper

### **Project Schedule**



## Power Generation will start in the beginning of April 2016

|               | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016     |
|---------------|------|------|------|----------|
| Design        |      |      |      |          |
| Equipment     |      |      |      |          |
| Construction  |      |      |      |          |
| Commissioning |      |      |      | <b>*</b> |



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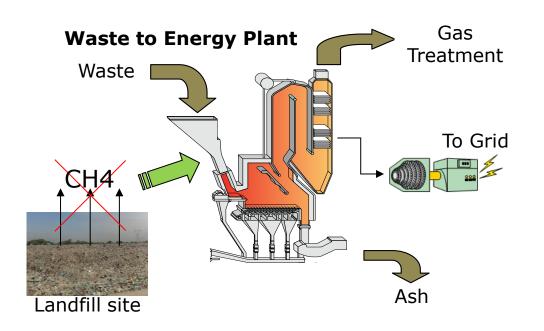


### **Another JCM Project by JFE**



# **Introduction of Waste to Energy Plant** in Yangon City

- JCM Feasibility Study in 2014 by MOEJ -





\*Image

### **Eligibility Criteria**



| Criterion 1 | The project newly installs an incinerator, waste heat recovery boiler, exhaust gas treatment equipment and turbine generator. |
|-------------|---|
|             | l •   |

The project incinerates fresh municipal solid waste and **Criterion 2** generates electricity from steam produced in a boiler which uses heat of incineration.

The project facility is constructed within the municipality **Criterion 3** where waste to be incinerated by the project is generated. The fraction of energy generated by auxiliary fossil fuels in **Criterion 4** 

a construction design document is planned to be not more than 50 % of the total energy generated in the incinerator during normal operation.

Electricity generated is exported to a grid or used for displacing captive fossil fuel fired power generator.

Emissions of NO2 and CO at the stack of incinerator are designed to be less than or equal to the following levels: **Criterion 6** NO2 (230mg/m3@11%O2) and CO (42mg/m3@11%O2)

**Criterion 5** 

### **GHG** emission reductions



|  |        | JFE   |
|--|--------|-------|
| GHG emission reductions  | 4,663  | tCO2e |
| Reference emissions  | 12,073 |       |
| (CH4 emissions from landfill site)                                       | 7,496  |       |
| (CO2 emissions from electricity)   | 4,576  |       |
| Project emissions  | 7,409  |       |
| (CO2 emissions from waste incineration)                                  | 4,913  |       |
| (N2O emissions from waste incineration)                                  | 369    |       |
| (CO2 emissions from electricity)   | 2,102  |       |
| (CO2 emissions from fossil fuel consumption) JFE Engineering Corporation | 26     | 27    |

### Thank you for your kind attention.



#### JFE Engineering Corporation (Tokyo Head Office)

Marunouchi Trust Tower North 19F,

1-8-1 Marunouchi, Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo 100-0005, JAPAN

#### PT. JFE Engineering Indonesia

Sentral Senayan III 13th Floor, Jl. Asia Afrika No.8, Gelora Bung Karno - Senayan, Jakarta Pusat 10270, INDONESIA TEL: +62-21-29660785 FAX: +62-21-29660788