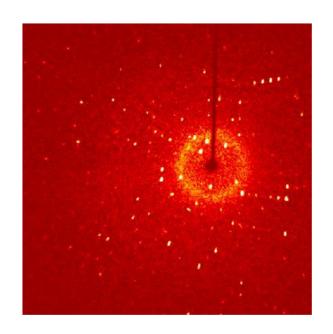
T3. Modeling disorder: Solvent masks

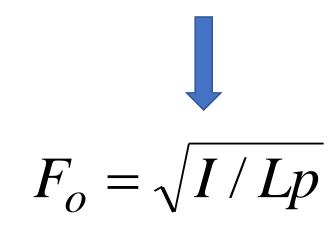
Slides and sample data from Dr. Brian Patrick, UBC

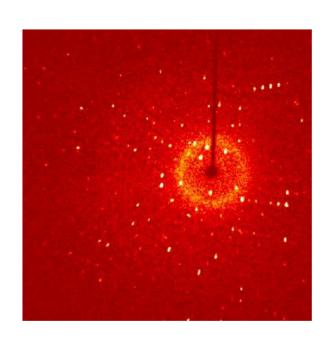
Based on: Spek, A.L. *Acta Cryst.* (2015). C**71**, 9–18.

https://journals.iucr.org/c/issues/2015/01/00/ln317 2/ln3172.pdf



Integrate reflections





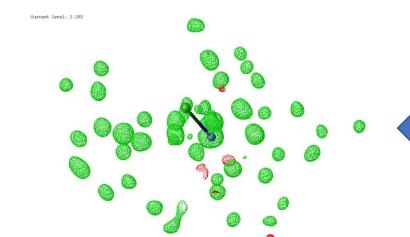
Integrate reflections

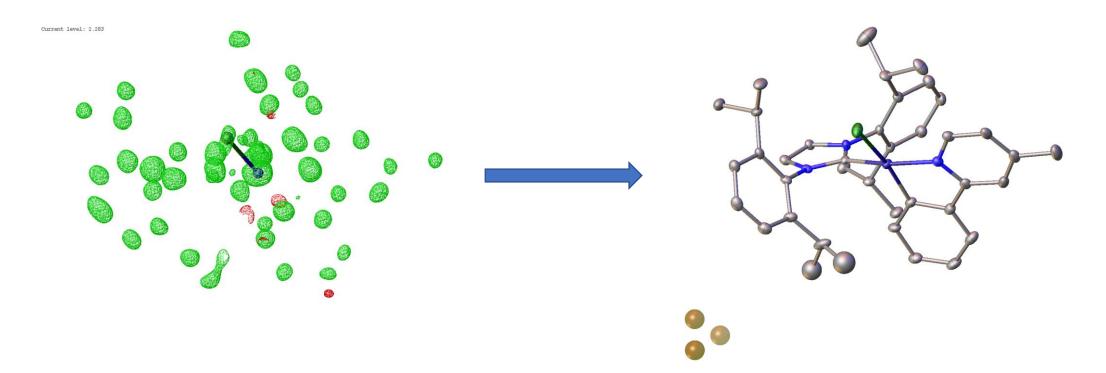


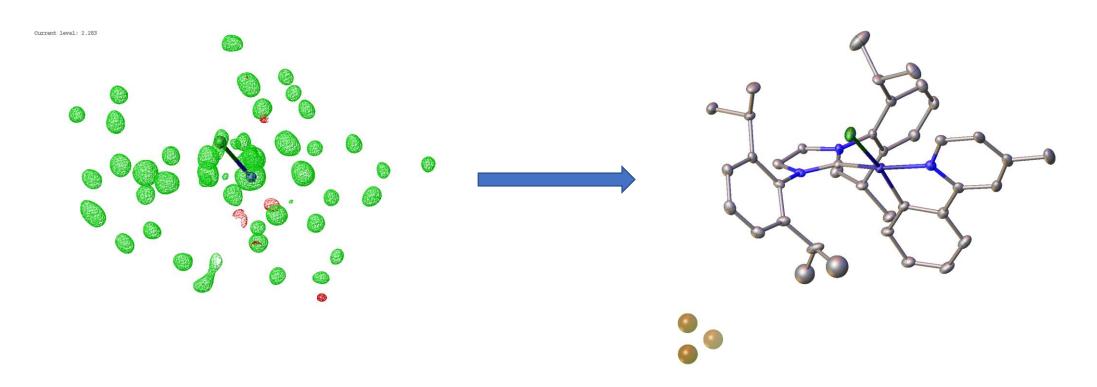
$$F_o = \sqrt{I/Lp}$$



$$\rho(xyz) = \frac{1}{V} \sum_{hkl} \vec{F}_{hkl} \cos 2\pi (hx + ky + lz)$$







Use scattering factors and coordinates (x, y, z) for each atom (j) in the unit cell to calculate structure factors (F) for each reflection.

$$\vec{F}(hkl) = \sum f_j \exp[2\pi i(hx_j + ky_j + lz_j)]$$

Least-squares refinement tries to minimize

$$\sum_{hkl} w'(F_o^2 - F_c^2)^2$$

Your measured intensities

Calculated from your model

Each atom in your model contributes to the calculated structure factor.

Least-squares refinement tries to minimize

$$\sum_{hkl} w'(F_o^2 - F_c^2)^2$$

Your measured intensities

Calculated from your model

The closer your model approximates the electron density in your unit cell, the smaller the difference.

Solvent Masking via PLATON's SQUEEZE

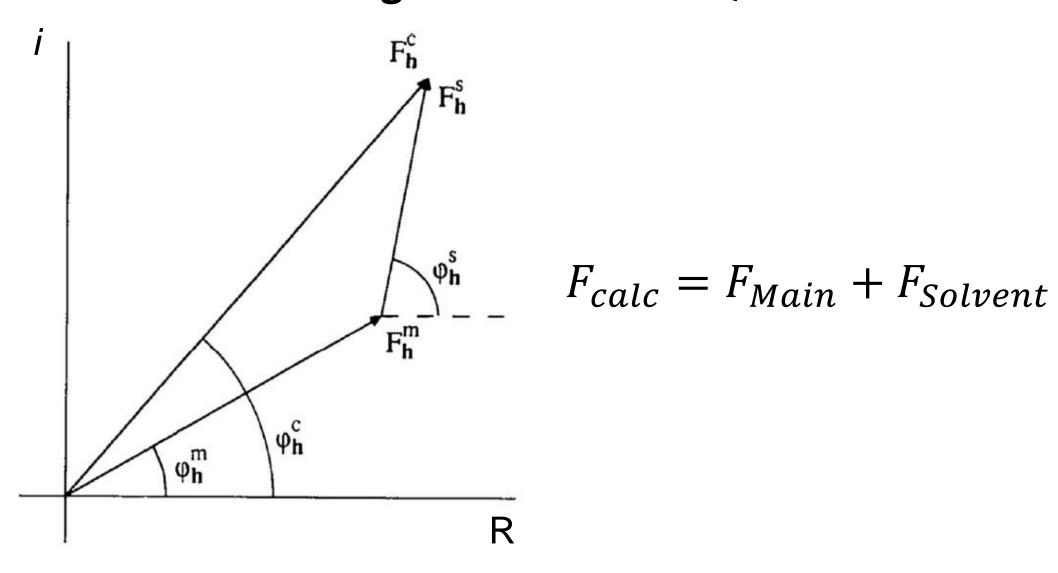
Identifies solvent accessible regions in the unit cell.

Calculates unresolved (unmodeled) electron density in that region.

SQUEEZE calculates the solvent contribution to the structure factors by back-Fourier transformation of the electron density found in the solvent-accessible region

$$F_{calc} = F_{Main} + F_{Solvent}$$

Solvent Masking via PLATON's SQUEEZE



Spek, A.L. Acta Cryst. (2015). C71, 9–18. https://journals.iucr.org/c/issues/2015/01/00/ln3172/ln3172.pdf

- Refine everything in the main structure, including nonsolvent disorder and hydrogen atoms.
- Refinement must include the ACTA and LIST 4
 command in the .ins file. This will create the .cif and
 .fcf in a format that can be used by PLATON SQUEEZE.
- Twinned data with HKLF5 or TWIN/BASF data requires LIST 8 (not 4).

• Initiate PLATON/SQUEEZE. It will:

- Search for solvent accessible voids

- Calculate the electron density in each void

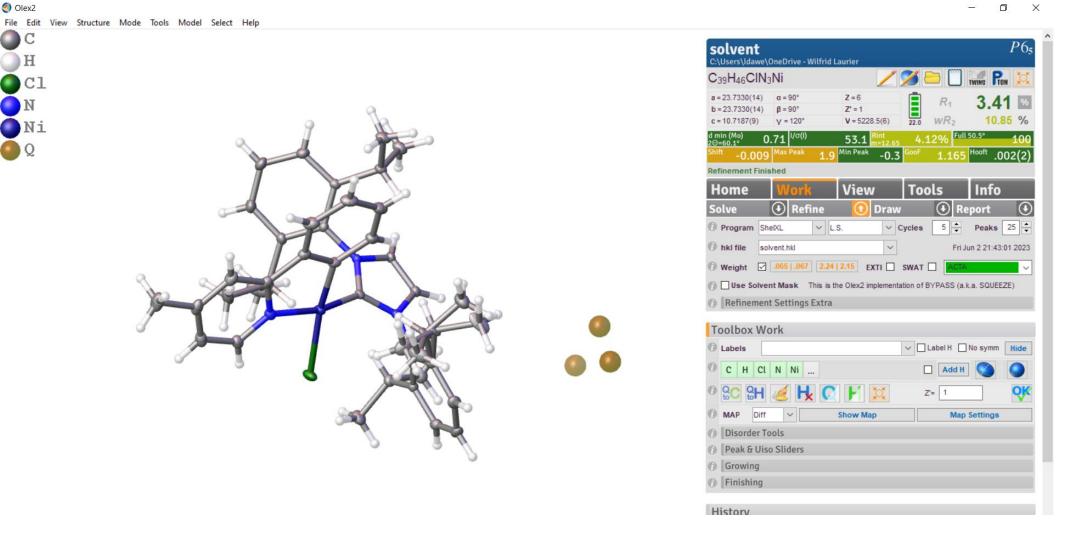
- Calculate the correction (.fab file) required to each reflection to remove that electron density from the void.

• Initiate PLATON/SQUEEZE. It will:

- Creates new .ins file (name_sq.ins)containing the ABIN instruction

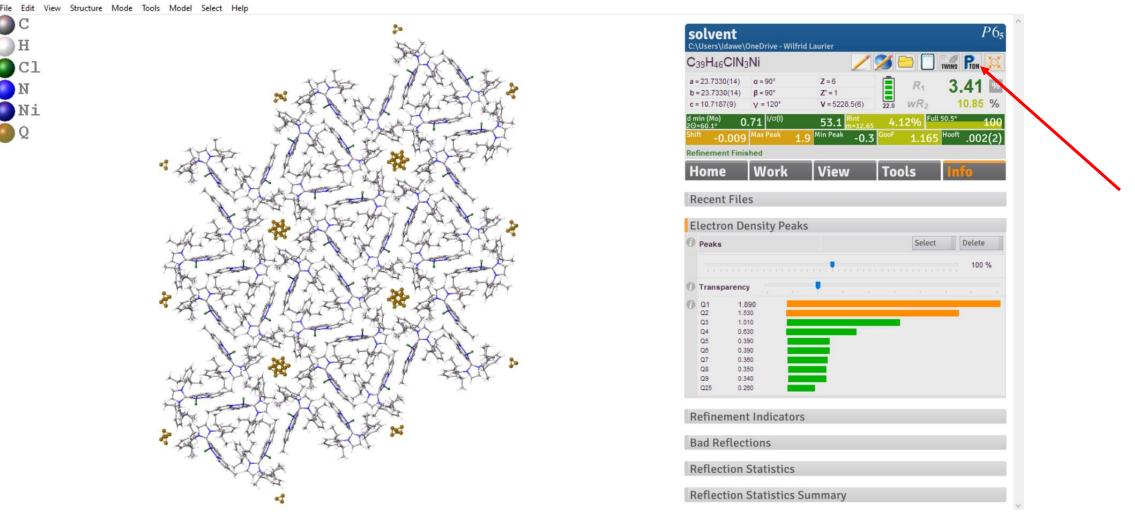
- Creates new .hkl file (name_sq.hkl), identical to original .hkl file

- Creates new .fab file (name_sq.fab), includes the solvent contribution to the calculated structure factors



As a first step, you can explore the disordered solvent. Some suggestions: CTRL + Q to connect the three largest peaks GROW PACK

MATR 3



As a first step, you can explore the disordered solvent. Some suggestions: Navigate to INFO \rightarrow Electron Density Peaks

FUSE

Launch PLATON (if you do not have the PTON button, you can launch from the folder that hosts pwt.exe).

P.L.A.T.O.N PLATON 10 A Multipurpose Crystallographic Tool (C) 1980-2022 A.L.Spek - Version: 51222 [WEB: May 23, 2023 SYMMETRY MISC-TOOLS Addsym PlutonAuto|Calc All Calc Solv MULscanABS|Validation| Sustem-S Ortep-Plot|Calc Intra|Calc K.P.I|Addsym-EQL ABSPsiScan Asym-View fcf2hkl <u>NewmanPl</u>ot|Calc Inter|Squeeze 👞 Addsym-EXT ABSTompa FCF-Valld Expand2P1 Addsym-PLT ABSGauss Ring-Plots Calc Coord Hybrid DifFourier FCF-Gener CalcFCFsqd Addsym-SHX ABSXtal ANALofVAR Plane-Plot|Calc Metal HKLF-Gener PolyPlot Calc Geom Newsym ABSSphere BuvoetPalr|HKL-Transf ContourSol ShxAbs ContourDif|Calc Hbond|Solv F3D AsymExpect. Nonsym Exor-Res <u>Contour-Fo</u>Calc TMA LePage Asym-Valld Anis Res |Solv Plot: AnomDlsVal ListA toms AutoMolFit|L.S.-Plane|CavityPlot|Delned AnomDisPlt SupplMater Molsym riupt of Expect-hkl Auto-Renum hkl2Powder|DihedAngle|Calc \$ASA| SimPowderP AngleLines Flip Menu SPGRfromEX Create-spf RadDlstFun AngLsplLin Flip Show Asym Create-res ASŸMaverFR StructTidy Creute-cif Patterson CremerPopl|Fllp Patt ShelxtPlot BondValenc Flipper 25 LePageTwin XtlPlanAgl Volcal Structure? Xtal Habit StratnAnal Create-pdb HFIX-Res Q-Peak-Incl clf2fcf WLLsonPlot|R/S-CIP KeyInstruct TwlnRatMat cl f2shel xl |PlutoNatlv|MolVolume Prev Next Xtal Data (CIF solvent.clf- Set 11: solvent SAVE-InstrS 1): solvent Refl Data (LIST4) solvent.fcf [FCF ENTRY-LIST Browser http://www.platonsoft.nl/PLATON_HOW_TD.pdf Reset End http://www.platonsoft.nl/PLATON-MANUAL.pdf

INPUT INSTRUCTIONS via KEYBOARD or LEFT-MOUSE-CLICKS (HELP with RIGHT CLICKS)

2. Apply a solvent mask.

1. Visualize the solvent accessible region.

Exit

MenuA ctive

```
PLATON - Dialog Window
```

```
refer to areas where atom centers may reside.
Area #GridPoint UolPerc. Uol(A^3) X(au) Y(au) Z(au) Eigenvector(frac) Sig(Ang)
1 34650[ 9462] 5 262[ 71.6] 0.000 0.000-0.023 1 -0.058 0.055 1.000 3.16
                                                 2 0.979 1.000 0.000 1.53
                                                 3 -1.000 0.937-0.803 1.40
                               Shortest Contacts within 4.5 Ang. (Excl. H)
------
 1 0.000 0.000-0.023
                               C20 3.47; C21 3.94; C19 4.16;
:: Note: use CALC VOID (not CALC SOLV) for Packing Index.
    Report the Distance from VOID-CG to Boundary in EV-Directions
Nr MinEU1 MaxEU1 MinEU2 MaxEU2 MinEU3 MaxEU3 MaxDist (Ang)
 1 -6.78 6.38 -3.87 1.87 -2.85 2.86 6.78
:: ADP <C24A
                    0.005
                           0.020 0.072 - RATIO(MAX/MIN) =
                                                             15.1 prolate
:: TRMX = ( 1.00 0.00 0.00/
                            0.00 1.00 0.00/ 0.00 0.00 1.00)
           23.733
                    23.733
                             10.719
                                       90.000
                                                90.000
                                                        120.000
:: Reflection Data are READ from File : solvent.fcf - ( OBS-Data)
W: No Reflections Supplied !
:: END Statement Executed for this Entry
:: *** FILES for Final Refinement with SHELXL201n ***
:: SQUEEZE ins on :solvent_sq.ins
:: SQUEEZE hkl on :solvent_sq.hkl
:: SQUEEZE fab on :solvent_sq.fab
:: SQUEEZE cif on :solvent_sq.sqf
:: SQUEEZE xyz on :solvent_sq.sqz
```

Values below for gridpoints and volumes in []

- 1. Return to OLEX2.
- 2. Open solvent_sq.ins.
- Change your hkl file to solvent_sq.hkl.
- 4. Refine.
- 5. Examine the result (including the CIF).