

Thesis Proposal: Heterogeneous Preferences and the Euler Equation Implied Rate

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Questions

- How do the interest rates implied by the consumption Euler equation compare to observed historical interest rates when we add...
 - Habit formation?
 - Non-separability in consumption and labor?
 - **Heterogeneous preferences?**
- What is the distribution of the correlation between the implied and “true” interest rates?
- How do implied rates respond to monetary shocks? Is there a hump-shaped response in consumption?

Motivation

- Consumption Euler equation expresses intertemporal consumption choice:

$$\frac{\beta E_t u'(C_{t+1})}{u'(C_t)} = \frac{1}{1 + r_t}$$

- Assumption of nearly all standard macroeconomic models
- Has been shown many times not to fit the data!

Background

- Canzoneri et al. (2007) show a negative correlation between implied rates and money market rates, even with habit formation
- Collard and Dellas (2012) add non-separability in consumption and labor; find a positive correlation
- Gareis and Mayer (2013) compare to rate implied by Smets and Wouters (2007); find positive correlation but excess volatility

Representative Agent Models

- Constant relative risk aversion

$$u(c_t) = \frac{c_t^{1-\gamma}}{1-\gamma}$$

- Habit formation (non-separability in time)

$$u(c_t, c_{t-1}) = \frac{(c_t/c_{t-1}^\varphi)^{1-\gamma}}{1-\gamma}$$

- Non-separability in consumption and leisure

$$u(c_t, c_{t-1}, \ell_t) = \frac{[(c_t/c_{t-1}^\varphi)^\nu \ell_t^{1-\nu}]^{1-\gamma}}{1-\gamma}$$

Heterogeneous Preferences

- Heterogeneous optimizing behavior, e.g. Campbell and Mankiw (1989)'s “rule of thumb” consumers
- Heterogeneous time preferences β
- Heterogeneous risk aversion γ

Data

- Macroeconomic time series from FRED, including:
 - Real personal consumption expenditures
 - Real personal disposable income
 - Real GDP
 - Average weekly hours worked (nonfarm)
 - Effective and target federal funds rates
- Journal of Commerce industrial price index

Empirical Analysis

- Estimate VAR of consumption, leisure, inflation, etc.
- Compute implied rates...
 - With and without habit formation and consumption/leisure non-separability
 - With rule of thumb consumers
 - Assuming high and low versions of β and γ
 - Assuming some joint distribution of (β, γ)
- Correlate implied rates with ex post rates; check correlation of residual and monetary policy

Empirical Analysis

- Estimate distribution of correlations with Monte Carlo experiment
- Compute impulse responses to monetary shock (target FFR)
 - Does implied rate respond similarly to effective FFR?
 - Hump-shaped response in consumption?