CS 530 Midterm 2 Cheatsheet

Wavelets

Wavelet tools

$$(w*z)(m) = \sum_{n=0}^{N-1} w(m-n)z(n)$$

The convolution matrix is

$$C = \{R_0 w, R_1 w, \dots, R_{N-1} w\}$$

For example, with N=4

$$C = \{R_0w, R_1w, R_2w, R_3w\}$$

The convolution operation is simply

$$(w*z)(m) = C \cdot z$$

$$(w*z)^{\wedge}(m) = \hat{w}(m)\hat{z}(m)$$

 $R_k z$ is called the translation of z by k.

$$(R_k z)(n) = z(n-k)$$

$$(R_k z)^{\wedge}(m) = \hat{z}(m)e^{-2\pi i \frac{mk}{N}}$$

$$\langle z, R_k w \rangle = (z * \tilde{w})(k)$$

$$\langle z, R_k \tilde{w} \rangle = (z * w)(k)$$

$$\tilde{z}(n) = \overline{z(-n)}$$

$$(\tilde{z})^{\wedge}(m) = \overline{\tilde{z}(m)}$$

$$(\tilde{u} * \tilde{v})(n) = (u * v)\tilde{\iota}(n)$$

$$z^*(n) = (-1)^n z(n)$$

For the below,
$$N = 2M$$

$$(z^*)^{\wedge}(n) = \hat{z}(n+M)$$

Unitary matrix $\iff \overline{U^T}U = I$

Parseval's formula

$$\langle z,w\rangle = \frac{1}{N}\sum_{m=0}^{N-1} \hat{z}(m)\overline{\hat{w}(m)} = \frac{1}{N}\langle \hat{z},\hat{w}\rangle$$

Plancherel's formula

$$||z||^2 = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{m=0}^{N-1} |\hat{z}(m)|^2 = \frac{1}{N} ||\hat{z}||^2$$

Up/Down Sampling

Downsampling

$$z = \begin{bmatrix} z(0) \\ z(1) \\ z(2) \\ z(3) \\ z(4) \\ z(5) \\ z(6) \\ z(7) \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{\downarrow 2} D_z = \begin{bmatrix} z(0) \\ z(2) \\ z(4) \\ z(6) \end{bmatrix}$$

Upsampling

$$z = \begin{bmatrix} z(0) \\ z(1) \\ z(2) \\ z(3) \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{\uparrow 2} U_z = \begin{bmatrix} z(0) \\ 0 \\ z(1) \\ 0 \\ z(2) \\ 0 \\ z(3) \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

Properties

1.
$$D(z) * w = D(z * U(w))$$

2.
$$U(x) * U(y) = U(x * y)$$

Suppose N is divisible by $2^l, x, y, w \in l^2(Z_{N/2^l})$ and $z \in l^2(Z_N)$ Then

1.
$$D^{l}(z) * w = D^{l}(z * U^{l}(w))$$

2.
$$U^{l}(x) * U^{l}(y) = U^{l}(x * y)$$

1st Stage Wavelet Basis

A(n) is the system matrix of u and v

$$A(n) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{bmatrix} \hat{u}(n) & \hat{v}(n) \\ \hat{u}(n+M) & \hat{v}(n+M) \end{bmatrix}$$

$$B = \{R_{2k}v\}_{k=0}^{M-1} \cup \{R_{2k}u\}_{k=0}^{M-1}$$

$$= \{R_{0}v, R_{2}v, \dots, R_{N-2}v, R_{0}u, R_{2}u, \dots, R_{N-2}u\}$$

B (u and v) form a first stage wavelet basis if and only if the following properties are true:

1.
$$|\hat{u}(n)|^2 + |\hat{u}(n+M)|^2 = 2$$

2.
$$|\hat{v}(n)|^2 + |\hat{v}(n+M)|^2 = 2$$

3.
$$\hat{u}(n)\overline{\hat{v}(n)} + \hat{u}(n+M)\overline{\hat{v}(n+M)} = 0$$

$$\forall n = 0, 1, \cdots, M-1$$

1st Stage Shannon Basis

$$\hat{u} = \begin{cases} \sqrt{2} & \text{if } n = 0, 1, \dots, \frac{N}{4} - 1 \text{ or } n = \frac{3N}{4}, \frac{3N}{4} + 1, \dots, N - 1 \text{ The } \ell \text{th system matrix is } \\ 0 & \text{if } n = \frac{N}{4}, \frac{N}{4} + 1, \dots, \frac{3N}{4} - 1 \end{cases}$$

$$\hat{v} = \begin{cases} 0 & \text{if } n = 0, 1, \dots, \frac{N}{4} - 1 \text{ or } n = \frac{3N}{4}, \frac{3N}{4} + 1, \dots, N - 1 \\ \sqrt{2} & \text{if } n = \frac{N}{4}, \frac{N}{4} + 1, \dots, \frac{3N}{4} - 1 \end{cases}$$

$$\psi_{-j,k} = R_{2^{j}k}f_{j} \text{ and } \varphi_{-j,k} = R_{2^{j}k}g_{j}$$

Real Wavelet Basis

1st Stage Real Shannon Basis

$$\hat{u} = \begin{cases} \sqrt{2} & \text{if } n = 0, 1, \dots, \frac{N}{4} - 1 \text{ or } n = \frac{3N}{4} + 1, \dots, N - 1 \\ i & \text{if } n = \frac{N}{4} \\ -i & \text{if } n = \frac{3N}{4} \\ 0 & \text{if } n = \frac{N}{4} + 1, \dots, \frac{3N}{4} - 1 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} \{R_{2^1k}f_1\}_{k=0}^{(N/2)-1} \cup \{R_{2^2k}f_2\}_{k=0}^{(N/4)-1} \cup \dots \cup \{R_{2^pk}f_p\}_{k=0}^{(N/2^p)-1} \cup \{R_{2^pk}g_p\}_{k=0}^{(N/2^p)-1} \cup \{R_{2^pk}g_p\}_{k=0}^{(N/2)-1} \cup \{R_2^pkg_p\}_{k=0}^{(N/2)-1} \cup \{R_2^pkg_p\}_{k=0}^{(N/2)-1$$

$$\hat{v} = \begin{cases} 0 & \text{if } n = 0, 1, \dots, \frac{N}{4} - 1 \text{ or } n = \frac{3N}{4} + 1, \dots, N - 1 \\ 1 & \text{if } n = \frac{N}{4} \text{ or } n = \frac{3N}{4} \\ \sqrt{2} & \text{if } n = \frac{N}{4} + 1, \dots, \frac{3N}{4} - 1 \end{cases}$$
 is a

Wavelet Transform

Wavelet transform

$$z = \left\{ \begin{array}{c} *\tilde{u} \to z * \tilde{u} \xrightarrow{\downarrow 2} \\ *\tilde{v} \to z * \tilde{v} \xrightarrow{\downarrow 2} \end{array} \right. = \left[\begin{matrix} D(z * \tilde{u}) \\ D(z * \tilde{v}) \end{matrix} \right]$$

Inverse wavelet transform

$$\begin{bmatrix} D(z*\tilde{u}) \\ D(z*\tilde{v}) \end{bmatrix} = \begin{array}{c} \stackrel{\uparrow 2}{\xrightarrow{}} \frac{(z*\tilde{u}) + (z*\tilde{u})^*}{2} * u \\ \stackrel{\uparrow 2}{\xrightarrow{}} \frac{(z*\tilde{v}) + (z*\tilde{v})^*}{2} * v \end{array} + = z$$

Iterative Wavelet Construction

$$z = \left\{ \begin{array}{c} *\tilde{v_1} \rightarrow \downarrow 2 \xrightarrow{x_1} \\ *\tilde{u_1} \rightarrow \downarrow 2 \xrightarrow{y_1} \\ *\tilde{u_2} \rightarrow \downarrow 2 \xrightarrow{y_2} \end{array} \right. \left\{ \begin{array}{c} *\tilde{v_2} \rightarrow \downarrow 2 \xrightarrow{x_2} \\ *\tilde{u_2} \rightarrow \downarrow 2 \xrightarrow{y_2} \end{array} \right.$$

$$x_1 = D(z * \tilde{v_1})$$

$$y_1 = D(z * \tilde{u_1})$$

$$x_2 = D(y_1 * \tilde{v_2}) = D(D(z * \tilde{u_1}) * \tilde{v_2}) = D^2(z * (u_1 * Uv_2))$$

$$y_2 = D(y_1 * \tilde{u_2}) = D(D(z * \tilde{u_1}) * \tilde{u_2}) = D^2(z * (u_1 * Uu_2))$$

Let $f_1 = v_1, g_1 = u_1$

Let
$$J_1 = v_1, g_1 = u_1$$

 $f_2 = g_1 * Uv_1, g_2 = g_1 * Uu_2$

$$J_2 = g_1 * Uv_1, g_2 = g_1 * Uu_2$$

Then $x_1 = D(z * \tilde{f}_1)$

$$u_1 = D(z * \tilde{q_1})$$

$$x_2 = D^2(z * f_2)$$

$$y_1 = D(z * \tilde{g_1})$$

$$x_2 = D^2(z * \tilde{f_2})$$

$$y_2 = D^2(z * \tilde{g_2})$$

$$f_l = g_{l-1} * U^{l-1}(v_l)$$

$$f_{\ell} = u_1 * U(u_2) * U^2(u_3) * \cdots U^{\ell-2}(u_{\ell-1}) * U^{\ell-1}(v_{\ell})$$

$$q_l = q_{l-1} * U^{l-1}(u_l)$$

$$g_{\ell} = u_1 * U(u_2) * U^2(u_3) * \cdots U^{\ell-2}(u_{\ell-1}) * U^{\ell-1}(u_{\ell})$$

$$x_{\ell} = D^{\ell}(z * \tilde{f}_{\ell})$$

$$y_\ell = D^\ell(z * \tilde{g_\ell})$$

$$A_{\ell}(n) = rac{1}{\sqrt{2}} egin{bmatrix} \hat{u}_{\ell}(n) & \hat{v}_{\ell}(n) \ \hat{u}_{\ell}(n+rac{N}{2\ell}) & \hat{v}_{\ell}(n+rac{N}{2\ell}) \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\psi_{-i,k} = R_{2i,k} f_i$$
 and $\varphi_{-i,k} = R_{2i,k} q$

for
$$j = 1, 2, ..., p$$

$$\{R_{2^1k}f_1\}_{k=0}^{(N/2)-1} \cup \{R_{2^2k}f_2\}_{k=0}^{(N/4)-1} \cup \ldots \cup \{R_{2^pk}f_p\}_{k=0}^{(N/2^p)-1} \cup \{R_{2^pk}g_p\}_{k=0}^{(N/2)-1} \cup \{R_2^pkg_p\}_{k=0}^{(N/2)-1} \cup \{R_2^pkg_p\}_{k=0}^{(N/2)-1} \cup \{R_2^pkg_p\}_{k=0}^{(N/2)-1$$

$$\psi_{-1,k}\}_{k=0}^{(N/2)-1} \cup \{\psi_{-2,k}\}_{k=0}^{(N/4)-1} \cup \ldots \cup \{\psi_{-p,k}\}_{k=0}^{(N/2^p)-1} \cup \{\varphi_{-p,k}\}_{k=0}^{(N/2^p)-1} \cup \{\psi_{-p,k}\}_{k=0}^{(N/2^p)-1} \cup$$

$$(\bigcup_{\ell=1}^{j} \{\psi_{-\ell,k}\}_{0 \le k \le (N/2^{\ell})-1}) \cup \{\phi_{-j,k}\}_{0 \le k \le (N/2^{\ell})-1}$$

Haar construction

$$u_1 = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \\ \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \\ 0 \\ \vdots \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}, v_1 = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \\ -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \\ 0 \\ \vdots \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$u_{\ell}(0) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}, u_{\ell}(1) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}, \text{ and } u_{\ell}(n) = 0 \text{ for } 2 \leq n \leq (\frac{N}{2^{\ell-1}}) - 1$$

$$v_{\ell}(0) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}, v_{\ell}(1) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}, \text{ and } v_{\ell}(n) = 0 \text{ for } 2 \le n \le (\frac{N}{2^{\ell-1}}) - 1$$

$$f_{\ell}(n) = \begin{cases} 2^{-\ell/2}, & n = 0, 1, \dots, 2^{\ell-1} - 1 \\ -2^{-\ell/2}, & n = 2^{\ell-1}, 2^{\ell-1} + 1, \dots, 2^{\ell} - 1 \\ 0, & n = 2^{\ell}, 2^{\ell} + 1, \dots, N - 1 \end{cases}$$

$$g_{\ell}(n) = \begin{cases} 2^{-\ell/2}, & n = 0, 1, \dots, 2^{\ell-1} - 1 \\ 0, & n = 2^{\ell}, 2^{\ell} + 1, \dots, N - \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} 2^{-\ell/2}, & n = 2^{\ell}k, 2^{\ell}k + 1, \dots, 2^{\ell}k + 2^{\ell-1} - 1 \\ -2^{-\ell/2}, & n = 2^{\ell}k + 2^{\ell-1}, 2^{\ell}k + 2^{\ell-1} + 1, \dots, 2^{\ell}k + 2^{\ell} - 1 \\ 0, & n = 0, 1, \dots, 2^{\ell}k - 1; 2^{\ell}k + 2^{\ell}, \dots, N - 1 \end{cases} \hat{\varphi}_{-\ell,0}(n) = \begin{cases} 2^{\ell/2}, & 0 \leq n \leq \frac{N}{2^{\ell+1}} - 1; N - \frac{N}{2^{\ell+1}} \leq n \leq N - 1 \\ 0, & \frac{N}{2^{\ell+1}} \leq n \leq N - \frac{N}{2^{\ell+1}} - 1 \end{cases}$$

$$\varphi_{-\ell,k}(n) = \left\{ \begin{array}{ll} 2^{-\ell/2}, & n = 2^{\ell}k, 2^{\ell}k + 1, \dots, 2^{\ell}k + 2^{\ell-1} - 1 \\ 0, & n = 0, 1, \dots, 2^{\ell}k - 1; 2^{\ell}k + 2^{\ell}, \dots, N - 1 \end{array} \right.$$

Shannon construction

$$\hat{v}_{\ell}(n) = \begin{cases} \sqrt{2}, & \frac{N}{2^{\ell+1}} \le n \le \frac{3N}{2^{\ell+1}} - 1\\ 0, & 0 \le n \le \frac{N}{2^{\ell+1}} - 1; \frac{3N}{2^{\ell+1}} \le n \le \frac{N}{2^{\ell} - 1} - 1 \end{cases}$$

$$\hat{u}_{\ell}(n) = \left\{ \begin{array}{ll} \sqrt{2}, & 0 \leq n \leq \frac{N}{2^{\ell+1}} - 1; \frac{3N}{2^{\ell+1}} \leq n \leq \frac{N}{2^{\ell} - 1} - 1 \\ 0, & \frac{N}{2^{\ell+1}} \leq n \leq \frac{3N}{2^{\ell+1}} - 1 \end{array} \right.$$

$$f_{\ell}(n) = \begin{cases} 2^{-\ell/2}, & n = 0, 1, \dots, 2^{\ell-1} - 1 \\ -2^{-\ell/2}, & n = 2^{\ell-1}, 2^{\ell-1} + 1, \dots, 2^{\ell} - 1 \\ 0, & n = 2^{\ell}, 2^{\ell} + 1, \dots, N - 1 \end{cases}$$

$$g_{\ell}(n) = \begin{cases} 2^{-\ell/2}, & n = 0, 1, \dots, 2^{\ell-1} - 1 \\ 0, & n = 2^{\ell}, 2^{\ell} + 1, \dots, N - 1 \end{cases}$$

$$\phi_{-\ell,0}(n) = \begin{cases} 2^{\ell/2}, & \frac{N}{2^{\ell+1}} \le n \le \frac{N}{2^{\ell}} - 1; \\ N - \frac{N}{2^{\ell}} \le n \le N - \frac{N}{2^{\ell+1}} - 1 \\ 0, & 0 \le n \le \frac{N}{2^{\ell+1}} - 1; \frac{N}{2^{\ell}} \le n \le N - \frac{N}{2^{\ell-1}}; \\ N - \frac{N}{2^{\ell+1}} \le n \le N - 1 \end{cases}$$

$$0, \quad 0 \le n \le \frac{N}{2^{\ell+1}} - 1; \frac{N}{2^{\ell}} \le n \le N - \frac{N}{2^{\ell-1}};$$

$$0, \quad 0 \le n \le \frac{N}{2^{\ell+1}} - 1; \frac{N}{2^{\ell}} \le n \le N - \frac{N}{2^{\ell-1}};$$

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$$0, \quad 0 \le n \le \frac{N}$$

$$\hat{\varphi}_{-\ell,0}(n) = \begin{cases} 2^{\ell/2}, & 0 \le n \le \frac{N}{2^{\ell+1}} - 1; N - \frac{N}{2^{\ell+1}} \le n \le N - 1\\ 0, & \frac{N}{2^{\ell+1}} \le n \le N - \frac{N}{2^{\ell+1}} - 1 \end{cases}$$

Optimization

Gradient

$$\nabla f(x) = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial f}{\partial x_1} \\ \frac{\partial f}{\partial x_2} \\ \vdots \\ \frac{\partial f}{\partial x_n} \end{bmatrix}$$

Hessian

$$\nabla^2 f(x) = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial x_1^2} & \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} & \cdots & \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial x_1 \partial x_n} \\ \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial x_2 \partial x_1} & \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial x_2^2} & \cdots & \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial x_2 \partial x_n} \\ \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \vdots \\ \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial x_n \partial x_1} & \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial x_n \partial x_2} & \cdots & \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial x_n^2} \end{bmatrix}$$

A function $f: dom(f) \to \mathbb{R}$ is convex if

- 1. Its domain $dom(f) \in \mathbb{R}^n$ is convex
- 2. For all $x^{(1)}, x^{(2)} \in dom(f)$, and $0 < \lambda < 1$ we have

$$f(\lambda x^{(1)} + (1 - \lambda)x^{(2)}) \le \lambda f(x^{(1)}) + (1 - \lambda)f(x^{(2)})$$