	Class	P:	huvs	computer =	"ves"
_	Class		$\omega u y s$	compater -	y C 3

$$Info(D) = I(9,5) = -\frac{9}{14}\log_2(\frac{9}{14}) - \frac{5}{14}\log_2(\frac{5}{14}) = 0.940$$

age	p _i	ni	I(p _i , n _i)	
<=30	2	3	0.971	
3140	4	0	0	
>40	3	2	0.971	

age	income	student	credit rating	buys computer
<=30	high	no	fair	no
<=30	high	no	excellent	no
3140	high	no	fair	yes
>40	medium	no	fair	yes
>40	low	yes	fair	yes
>40	low	yes	excellent	no
34_40(low	VCS	excellent	yes
<=30	medium	-no-	Ton	
<=30	low	yes	fair	yes
>40	medium	yes	fair	yes
<=30	medium	yes	excellent	yes
3140	medium	no	excellent	yes
3140	high	yes	fair	yes
>40	medium	no	excellent	no

Class P: buys_computer = "yes"

Class N: buys_computer = "no"

$$Info_{age}(D) = \frac{5}{14}I(2,3) + \frac{4}{14}I(4,0)$$
 $Info(D) = I(9,5) = -\frac{9}{14}log_2(\frac{9}{14}) - \frac{5}{14}log_2(\frac{5}{14}) = 0.940$
 $+\frac{5}{14}I(3,2) = 0.694$

 $\frac{5}{14}I(2,3)$ means "age <=30" has 5 out of 14 samples, with 2 yes'es and 3 no's.

Hence

$$\label{eq:Gain} Gain(age) = \mathit{Info}(D) - \mathit{Info}_{age}(D) = 0.246$$
 Similarly, we can get

$$Gain(income) = 0.029$$

$$Gain(student) = 0.151$$

$$Gain(credit\ rating) = 0.048$$

Info(D) = I(8,4) = -log(8/12)log2(8/12)-(4/12)log2(4/12)=0.291

Infoage(D)

Age	pi	ni	l(pi,ni)
<=30	2	2	-0.193
3140	3	0	0
>40	3	2	0.152

Infoage(D): 4/12(I(2,2))+3/12(I(3,0))+5/12(I(3,2))=(4/12)(-0.193)+0+(5/12)(0.152)=-0.001

Gain(age)=0.291+0.001=0.292

Infoincome(D)

Income	Pi	Ni	l(pi,ni)
High	2	2	-0.193
Medium	4	1	0.393
Low	2	1	0.2911

Infoincome(D):(4/12)(-0.193)+(5/12)(0.393)+(3/12)(0.2911)=0.172

Gain(student)=0.119

Infostudent

student	Pi	Ni	l(pi,ni)
Yes	5	1	0.383
No	3	3	-0.193

Infostudent(D)=(6/12)(0.383)+(6/12)(-0.193)=0.095

Gain(student) = 0.196

Infocredit

Credit_rating	Pi	Ni	I(pi,ni)
Fair	6	1	0.367
Excellent	2	3	-0.769

Infocredit = (7/12)(0.367)+(5/12)(-0.769)=-0.106

Gain(credit)= 0.397