# NI 6124 Specifications

This document lists the specifications for the NI PXIe-6124. For the most current edition of this document, refer to ni.com/manuals. Refer to the *DAQ Getting Started Guide* for more information about accessing documents on the NI-DAQmx media

The following specifications are typical at 25 °C unless otherwise noted.

Français	Deutsch	日本語	한국어	简体中文
	ni.c	om/manua	ls	

### **Analog Input**

Number of channels	rential Overvo (AI +, A
Resolution	Input co overvol
Sampling rate	Input F
Maximum	T
Input impedance	
AI – to AI GND>100 0 with 1	Interche
AI + to AI GND>100 C	_
Input bias current±10 pA	A
Input couplingDC	DC Tra
Max working voltage for all analog input of	channels
Positive input (AI +)±11 V Measu	for all ranges, rement Category I DNL
Negative input (AI –)±11 V Measu	for all ranges, rement Category I

Caution Do *not* use for measurements within Categories II, III, and IV.

Overvoltage protection (AI +, AI -)	.±36 V
Input current during overvoltage conditions	.±20 mA max
Input FIFO size	.16,382 samples shared among channels used
Data transfers	.DMA (scatter-gather), interrupts, programmed I/O
Interchannel skew	.5 nS
Crosstalk (at 100 kHz)	100 dB
CMRR (at 60 Hz)	.75 dB
DC Transfer Characteristics	
INL	.±1 LSB typ, ±2 LSB max
DNL	.±1 LSB max, no missing codes

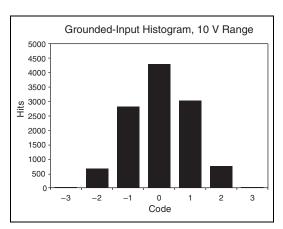


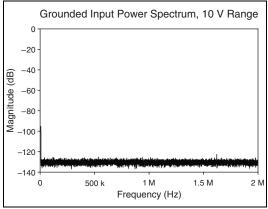
Table 1. NI 6124 Analog Input Range-Dependent Characteristics

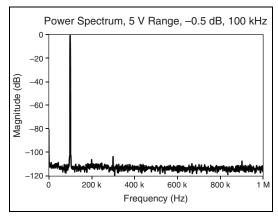
Input Range	Bandwidth* (MHz)	THD (dB at 100 kHz)	System Noise (LSB <sub>rms</sub> )	SFDR Typ <sup>†</sup> (dB)
±10 V	2	-100	0.95	100
±5 V	2	<b>-97</b>	1.0	100
±2 V	2	-95	1.3	100
±1 V	2	-93	1.9	100

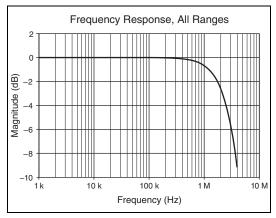
<sup>\*-3</sup> dB frequency

### **Typical Performance Graphs**









<sup>†</sup> Measured at 100 kHz, not including harmonics.

# Al Absolute Accuracy Table

Nomina	Nominal Range	:			Residual					
Positive Full Scale	Negative Full Scale	Residual Gain Error (ppm of Reading)	Gain Tempco (ppm/°C)	Reference Tempco	Offset Error (ppm of Range)	Offset Tempco (ppm of Range/°C)	INLError (ppm of Range)	Random Noise, σ (μVrms)	Absolute Accuracy at Full Scale* (μV)	Sensitivity <sup>†</sup> (μV)
10	-10	165	18	1	40	6	64	290	3,147	116
5	-5	175	18	1	40	111	64	153	1,636	61
2	-2	195	18	1	40	18	64	62	714	32
1	-1	215	18	1	40	28	64	58	393	23

Absolute Accuracy = Reading  $\cdot$  (Gain Error) + Range  $\cdot$  (Offset Error) + Noise Uncertainty

GainError = ResidualAlGainError + GainTempco · (TempChangeFromLastInternalCal) + ReferenceTempco · (TempChangeFromLastExternalCal)

OffsetError = ResidualAIOffsetError + OffsetTempco · (TempChangeFromLastInternalCal) + INL\_Error

NoiseUncertainty =  $\frac{\text{RandomNoise} \cdot 3}{100}$ 

For a coverage factor of 3  $\sigma$  and averaging 100 points.

\* Absolute accuracy at full scale on the analog input channels is determined using the following assumptions: TempChangeFromLastExternalCal = 10 °C

IempCnangeFromLastExternalCal = 10 °C TempChangeFromLastInternalCal = 1 °C

 $number_of_readings = 100$ 

CoverageFactor =  $3 \sigma$ 

For example, on the 10 V range, the absolute accuracy at full scale is as follows:

GainError =  $165 \text{ ppm} + 18 \text{ ppm} \cdot 1 + 1 \text{ ppm} \cdot 10$  GainError = 193 ppm

OffsetError =  $40 \text{ ppm} + 9 \text{ ppm} \cdot 1 + 64 \text{ ppm}$  OffsetError = 113 ppm

NoiseUncertainty =  $\frac{290 \text{ } \mu \text{ V} \cdot 3}{\sqrt{100}}$  NoiseUncertainty =  $87 \mu \text{V}$ 

Absolute Accuracy = 10 V · (GainError) + 10 V · (OffsetError) + NoiseUncertainty Absolute Accuracy = 3,147 µV Sensitivity is the smallest voltage change that can be detected. It is a function of noise.

Accuracies listed are valid for up to one year from the device external calibration.

### **Analog Output**

Analog Output
Number of channels2 voltage
DAC characteristics  Resolution
Sampling rate
Maximum
One channel4 MS/s
Two channels2.5 MS/s
MinimumNo minimum
DNL ±1 LSB max
Monotonicity16 bit guaranteed
Output couplingDC
Output range±10 V
Output impedance0.4 $\Omega$
Output current drive±5 mA
Overdrive protection±25 V
Overdrive current10 mA
Power-on glitch1.5 V for 10 $\mu s$
Settling time, full scale step 15 ppm (1 LSB)2 µs
Slew rate20 V/µs
AO waveform modes:
Non-periodic waveform
Periodic waveform regeneration mode from onboard FIFO
Periodic waveform regeneration from host buffer including dynamic update
Glitch energy at midscale transition
Magnitude30 mV
Duration200 ns
Output FIFO size8,191 samples shared among channels used
Data transfersDMA (scatter-gather), interrupts, programmed I/O

# **AO Absolute Accuracy Table**

Nomina	Vominal Range				Residual			Absolute
Positive	Negative	Kesidual Gain Error (ppm of	Gain Tempco	Reference	Offset Error (ppm of	Offiset Tempoo offiset Tempoo	INL Error (ppm of	Accuracy at Full Scale*
Full Scale	Full Scale	Reading)	(ppm/°C)	Tempco	Range)	Range/°C)	Range)	(μ <b>V</b> )
10	-10	180	20	1	80	2	64	3,560

 $AbsoluteAccuracy = OutputValue \cdot (GainError) + Range \cdot (OffsetError)$ 

GainError = ResidualGainError + GainTempco · (TempChangeFromLastInternalCal) + ReferenceTempco · (TempChangeFromLastExternalCal)

 $OffsetError = Residual OffsetError + AOOffsetTempco \cdot (TempChangeFromLastInternalCal) + INL\_Error = Residual OffsetError + AOOffsetTempco \cdot (TempChangeFromLastInternalCal) + INL\_Error = Residual OffsetError + AOOffsetTempco \cdot (TempChangeFromLastInternalCal) + INL\_Error = Residual OffsetError + AOOffsetTempco \cdot (TempChangeFromLastInternalCal) + INL\_Error = Residual OffsetError + AOOffsetTempco \cdot (TempChangeFromLastInternalCal) + INL\_Error = Residual OffsetError + AOOffsetTempco \cdot (TempChangeFromLastInternalCal) + INL\_Error = Residual OffsetTempco \cdot (TempChangeFromLastI$ 

Absolute accuracy at full scale on the analog output channels is determined using the following assumptions:

TempChangeFromLastExternalCal = 10 °C

TempChangeFromLastInternalCal = 1 °C

The absolute accuracy at full scale is as follows:

GainError = 210 ppmGain Error = 180 ppm + 20 ppm · 1 + 1 ppm · 10

OffsetError =  $80 \text{ ppm} + 2 \text{ ppm} \cdot 1 + 64 \text{ ppm}$ 

OffsetError = 146 ppmAbsolute Accuracy =  $10 \text{ V} \cdot (\text{GainError}) + 10 \text{ V} \cdot (\text{OffsetError})$ 

Absolute Accuracy =  $3,560 \,\mu\text{V}$ 

Accuracies listed are valid for up to one year from the device external calibration.

### Digital I/O/PFI

### **Static Characteristics**

Number of channels	24 total, 8 (P0.<07>), 16 (PFI <07>/P1, PFI <815>/P2)
Ground reference	D GND
Direction control	Each terminal individually programmable as input or output
Pull-down resistor	50 kΩ typ, 20 kΩ min
Input voltage protection <sup>1</sup>	±20 V on up to two pins

### Waveform Characteristics (Port 0 Only)

wavelerin characteristics (1 of to only)
Terminals usedPort 0 (P0.<07>)
Port/sample sizeUp to 8 bits
Waveform generation (DO) FIFO2,047 samples
Waveform acquisition (DI) FIFO2,047 samples
DI Sample Clock frequency0 to $10\ MHz^2$
DO Sample Clock frequency
Regenerate from FIFO0 to 10 MHz
Streaming from memory0 to 10 MHz
system dependent <sup>2</sup>
Data transfersDMA (scatter-gather), interrupts,

### 

programmed I/O

and many other signals

### PFI/Port 1/Port 2 Functionality

	•
Functionality	Static digital input, static digital output, timing input, timing output
Timing output sources	Many AI, AO, counter, DI, DO timing signals
Debounce filter settings	125 ns, 6.425 μs, 2.56 ms, disable; high and low transitions; selectable per input

### **Recommended Operation Conditions**

Level	Min	Max
Input high voltage (V <sub>IH</sub> )	2.2 V	5.25 V
Input low voltage (V <sub>IL</sub> )	0 V	0.8 V
Output high current (I <sub>OH</sub> ) P0.<07> PFI <015>/P1/P2		-24 mA -16 mA
Output low current (I <sub>OL</sub> ) P0.<07> PFI <015>/P1/P2	_ _	24 mA 16 mA

### **Electrical Characteristics**

Level	Min	Max
Positive-going threshold (VT+)	_	2.2 V
Negative-going threshold (VT-)	0.8 V	_
Delta VT hysteresis (VT+ – VT–)	0.2 V	_
$I_{IL}$ input low current ( $V_{in} = 0 \text{ V}$ )	_	-10 μA
$I_{IH}$ input high current ( $V_{in} = 5 \text{ V}$ )	_	250 μΑ

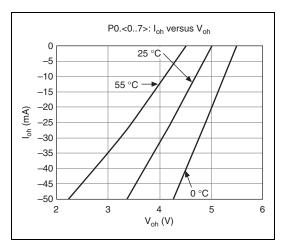
NI 6124 Specifications 6 ni.com

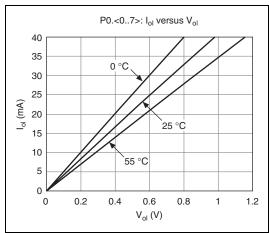
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Stresses beyond those listed under *Input voltage protection* may cause permanent damage to the device.

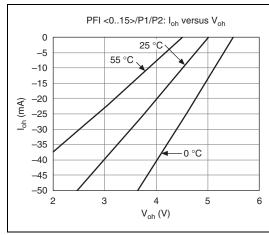
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Performance can be dependent on bus latency and volume of bus activity.

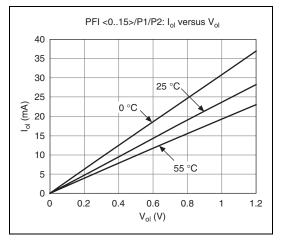
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> The digital subsystem does not have its own dedicated internal timing engine. Therefore, a sample clock must be provided from another subsystem on the device or an external source.

### **Digital I/O Characteristics**









### **General-Purpose Counter/Timers**

General-Purpose Count	ter/11mers
Number of counter/timers	2
Resolution	32 bits
Counter measurements	Edge counting, pulse, semi-period, period, two-edge separation
Position measurements	.X1, X2, X4 quadrature encoding with Channel Z reloading; two-pulse encoding
Output applications	.Pulse, pulse train with dynamic updates, frequency division, equivalent time sampling
Internal base clocks	80 MHz, 20 MHz, 0.1 MHz
External base clock frequency	0 MHz to 20 MHz
Base clock accuracy	50 ppm
Inputs	Gate, Source, HW_Arm, Aux, A, B, Z, Up_Down
Routing options for inputs	.Any PFI, RTSI, PXI_TRIG, PXI_STAR, analog trigger, many internal signals
FIFO	2 samples
Data transfers	.Dedicated scatter-gather DMA controller for each counter/timer, interrupts, programmed I/O

## **Frequency Generator**

Number of channels	1
Base clocks	10 MHz, 100 kHz
Divisors	1 to 16
Base clock accuracy	50 ppm
Output can be available on any PF	or RTSI terminal.

## Phase-Locked Loop (PLL)

Number of PLLs	. 1
Reference signal	PXI_STAR, PXI_CLK10, RTSI <07>
Output of PLL	.80 MHz Timebase, other signals derived from 80 MHz Timebase including 20 MHz and 100 kHz Timebases

### **External Digital Triggers**

External Digital Irigger	S
Source	. Any PFI, RTSI,
	PXI_TRIG, PXI_STAR
Polarity	. Software-selectable for
	most signals
Analog input function	. Start Trigger,
	Reference Trigger,
	Sample Clock,
	Convert Clock,
	Sample Clock Timebase
Analog output function	. Start Trigger,
	Pause Trigger,
	Sample Clock,
	Sample Clock Timebase
Counter/timer functions	. Gate, Source, HW_Arm,
	Aux, A, B, Z, Up_Down
Digital waveform generation	
(DO) function	. Sample Clock
Digital waveform acquisition	
(DI) function	. Sample Clock

Device-To-Device Trigger E		Environmental		
Triggers	PXI_TRIG <07>, PXI_STAR	The NI 6124 is intended for indoo	r use only.	
	_	Maximum altitude	2,000 m (at 25 °C	
Output selections			ambient temperature)	
	generator output, many internal signals	Pollution Degree	2	
Debounce filter settings	125 ns, 6.425 µs,	Operating Environment		
	2.56 ms, disable;	Ambient temperature range	.0 to 55 °C	
	high and low transitions;	geperuture runge	(Tested in accordance	
	selectable per input		with IEC-60068-2-1	
Bus Interface			and IEC-60068-2-2.	
	v1 DVI Eveness		Meets MIL-PRF-28800F Class 3 low temperature	
Form factor	peripheral module,		limit and	
	specification rev 1.0		MIL-PRF-28800F	
	compliant		Class 2 high temperature	
Slot compatibility	x1 and x4 PXI Express or		limit.)	
F 5	PXI Express hybrid slots	Relative humidity range		
DMA channels	6 analog input		noncondensing (Tested in accordance	
Division of the second of the	analog output,		with IEC-60068-2-56.)	
	digital input,		With IEC 00000 2 30.)	
	digital output,	Storage Environment		
	counter/timer 0, counter/timer 1	Ambient temperature range	–40 to 71 °C	
	counter/timer 1		(Tested in accordance	
Power Requirement			with IEC-60068-2-1 and IEC-60068-2-2. Meets	
+12 V	1.5 A		MIL-PRF-28800F	
			Class 3 limits.)	
+3.3 V		Relative humidity range	5% to 95%.	
Power available at I/O connector.		, a g	noncondensing	
	at 1 A		(Tested in accordance	
Dhysical			with IEC-60068-2-56.)	
Physical		Shock and Vibration		
Dimensions (not including connectors)	Standard 311 DVI	Operating shock	30 g peak, half-sine.	
(not including connectors)	16 cm × 10 cm	- F8	11 ms pulse	
	$(6.3 \text{ in.} \times 3.9 \text{ in.})$		(Tested in accordance	
I/O connector	68-nin VHDCI		with IEC-60068-2-27.	
70 connector	oo piii viibei		Meets MIL-PRF-28800F Class 2 limits.)	
<b>Maximum Working Vo</b>	ltage	D 1 3 6		
Maximum working voltage refers	•	Random vibration	5 4 500 H 0 2	
common-mode voltage.	to the organic vortage prus the	Operating		
Channel-to-earth	42 V	Nonoperating	(Tested in accordance	
Chamber to our ut	Measurement Category I		with IEC-60068-2-64.	
Channel-to-channel			Nonoperating test profile	
Chaillet-to-chaillet	42 v,  Measurement Category I		exceeds the requirements	
			of MIL-PRF-28800F, Class 3.)	
			01400 0.7	

### Safety

This product meets the requirements of the following standards of safety for electrical equipment for measurement, control, and laboratory use:

- IEC 61010-1, EN 61010-1
- UL 61010-1, CSA 61010-1



**Note** For UL and other safety certifications, refer to the product label or the *Online Product Certification* section.

### **Electromagnetic Compatibility**

This product meets the requirements of the following EMC standards for electrical equipment for measurement, control, and laboratory use:

- EN 61326 (IEC 61326): Class A emissions; Basic immunity
- EN 55011 (CISPR 11): Group 1, Class A emissions
- AS/NZS CISPR 11: Group 1, Class A emissions
- FCC 47 CFR Part 15B: Class A emissions
- ICES-001: Class A emissions



**Note** For the standards applied to assess the EMC of this product, refer to the *Online Product Certification* section.



**Note** For EMC compliance, operate this product according to the documentation.

# CE Compliance $\subset \in$

This product meets the essential requirements of applicable European Directives as follows:

- 2006/95/EC; Low-Voltage Directive (safety)
- 2004/108/EC; Electromagnetic Compatibility Directive (EMC)

### **Online Product Certification**

Refer to the product Declaration of Conformity (DoC) for additional regulatory compliance information. To obtain product certifications and the DoC for this product, visit ni.com/certification, search by model number or product line, and click the appropriate link in the Certification column.

### **Environmental Management**

NI is committed to designing and manufacturing products in an environmentally responsible manner. NI recognizes that eliminating certain hazardous substances from our products is beneficial to the environment and to NI customers.

For additional environmental information, refer to the *NI and the Environment* Web page at ni.com/environment. This page contains the environmental regulations and directives with which NI complies, as well as other environmental information not included in this document.

### Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment (WEEE)



**EU Customers** At the end of their life cycle, all products *must* be sent to a WEEE recycling center. For more information about WEEE recycling centers and National Instruments WEEE initiatives, visit ni.com/environment/weee.htm.

### 电子信息产品污染控制管理办法 (中国 RoHS)



中国客户 National Instruments 符合中国电子信息产品中限制使用某些有害物质指令 (RoHS)。关于National Instruments 中国 RoHS 合规性信息,请登录 ni.com/environment/rohs\_china。 (For information about China RoHS compliance, go to ni.com/environment/rohs\_china.)

		<b>\</b>
AI 0 +	68 34	AI 0 -
AI 0 GND	67 33	Al 1 +
Al 1 –	66 32	AI 1 GND
Al 2 +	65 31	AI 2 –
AI 2 GND	64 30	Al 3 +
AI 3 –	63 29	AI 3 GND
NC	62 28	NC
NC	61 27	NC
NC	60 26	NC
NC	59 25	NC
NC	58 24	NC
NC	57 23	NC
NC	56 22	AO 0
AO GND	55 21	AO 1
AO GND	54 20	NC
D GND	53 19	P0.4
P0.0	52 18	D GND
P0.5	51 17	P0.1
D GND	50 16	P0.6
P0.2	49 15	D GND
P0.7	48 14	+5 V
P0.3	47 13	D GND
PFI 11/P2.3	46 12	D GND
PFI 10/P2.2	45 11	PFI 0/P1.0
D GND	44 10	PFI 1/P1.1
PFI 2/P1.2	43 9	D GND
PFI 3/P1.3	42 8	+5 V
PFI 4/P1.4	41 7	D GND
PFI 13/P2.5	40 6	PFI 5/P1.5
PFI 15/P2.7	39 5	PFI 6/P1.6
PFI 7/P1.7	38 4	D GND
PFI 8/P2.0	37 3	PFI 9/P2.1
D GND	36 2	PFI 12/P2.4
D GND	35 1	PFI 14/P2.6
		)
NC	= No Con	nect
	1 NI 619/	D: .

Figure 1. NI 6124 Pinout

National Instruments, NI, ni.com, and LabVIEW are trademarks of National Instruments Corporation. Refer to the *Terms of Use* section on ni.com/legal for more information about National Instruments trademarks. Other product and company names mentioned herein are trademarks or trade names of their respective companies. For patents covering National Instruments products/technology, refer to the appropriate location: **Help»Patents** in your software, the patents.txt file on your media, or the *National Instruments Patent Notice* at ni.com/patents.