# Tools Required

Hand saw



Hand drill



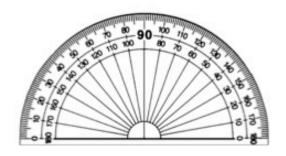
Spanners (various sizes)



File



Protractor



## Tools Required

Ruler

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 26 23 24 25 27 28 29 30 ...

Tape measure



Threadlock



### Optional Tools

Drill press



Power saw



Bench vice



**Callipers** 



#### Materials

90mm x 1m PVC pipe x1



12x12x1.4mm Angle Iron (0.5m long) x1



M16 x 60mm hex coupler x1



100mm PVC end cap x1



150mm PVC threaded access coupling x1



### Materials

150mm PVC threaded x1

150mm PVC end cap x1



20mm to 15mm PVC reducer x1



15mm PVC male thread adapter x1



Treadmill motor x1



#### Materials

300x300x5mm plywood x1

19mm aluminium box section (500mm long) x1



15mm x 200mm pipe x1



15mm pipe flange x1



31.8x1.2mm steel tubing (3m long)

x1



### Fasteners

Bolts:

M16x100mm

M7x20mm

M5x25mm

M5x35mm

0.5"x1.5"

x1

x4

X10

X4

х4



Nuts:

M16

M7

M5

0.5"

x1

х4

X14

x4



Washers:

M7

M5

0.5"

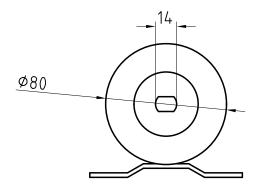
x4

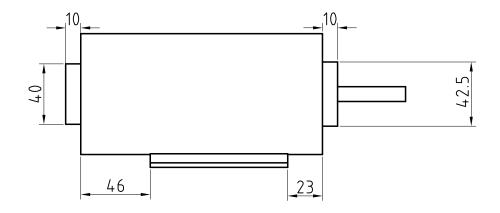
X14

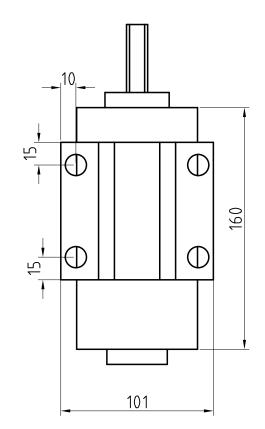
х4

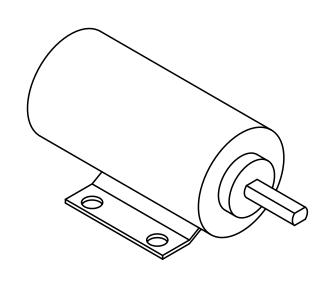


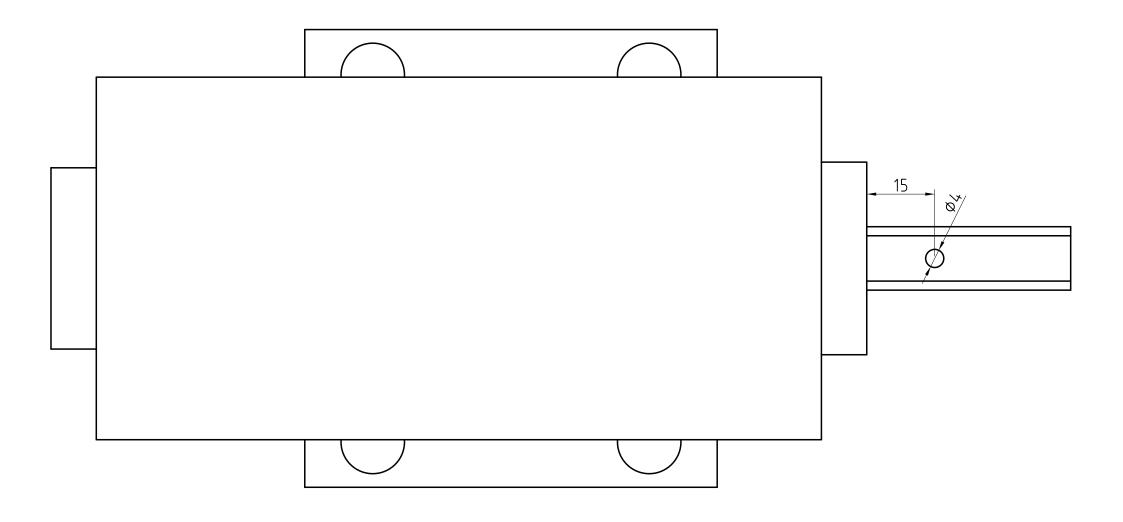
To build this wind turbine, we used an old treadmill motor that looks like this. Although the rest of these directions assume that you are using the same motor, it is possible to adapt them to suit your own motor. For a guide on whether or not your motor is suitable for electricity generation, see our guide here: www.leproject.org/wind-turbine-motor-guide



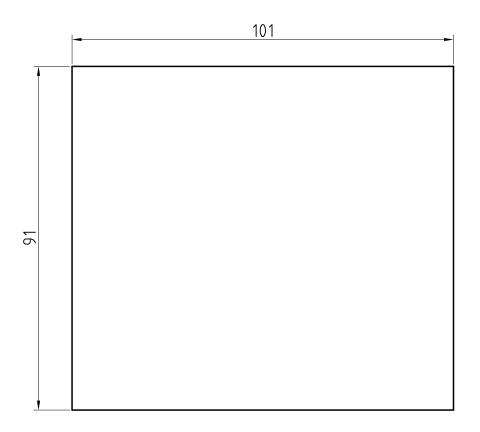




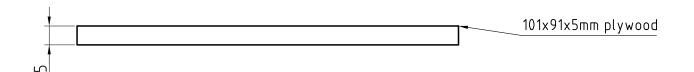




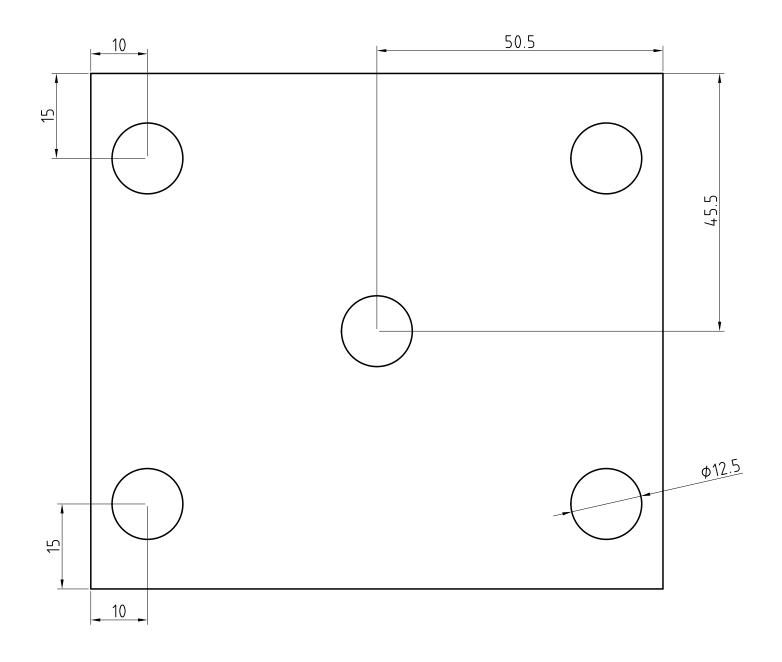
Drill a 4mm hole in the flat side of the motor shaft, 15mm away from the motor body.

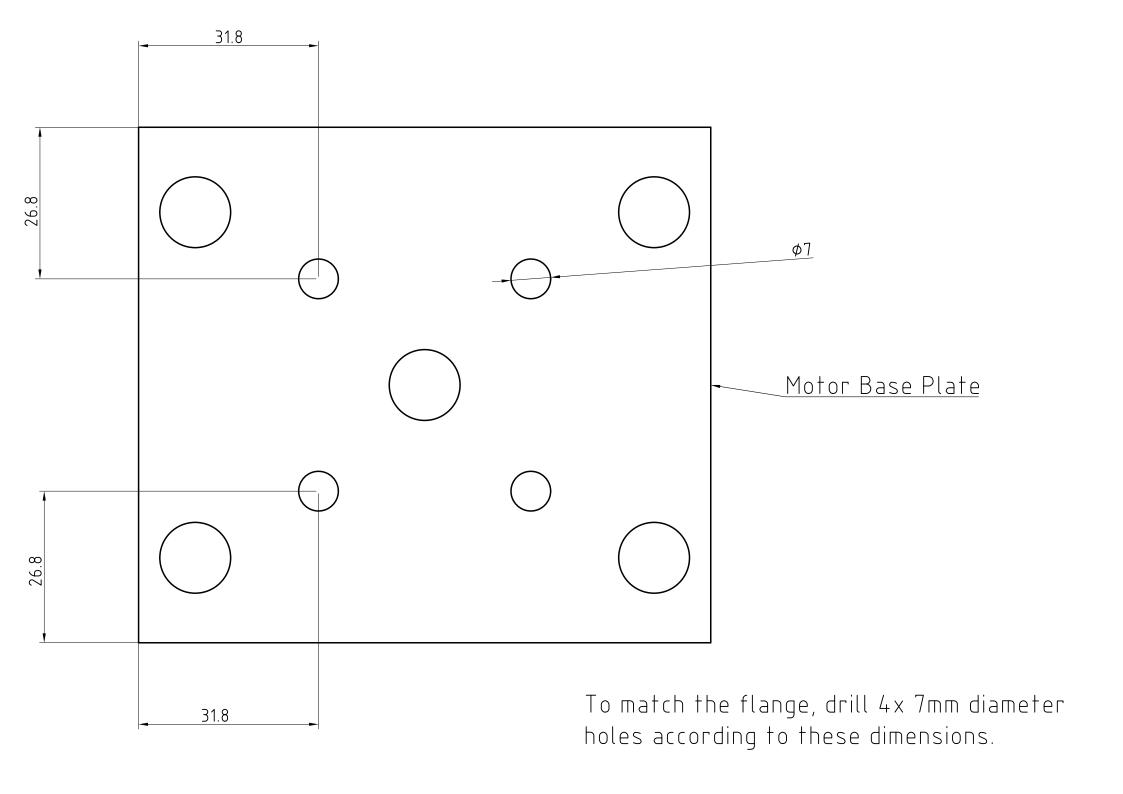


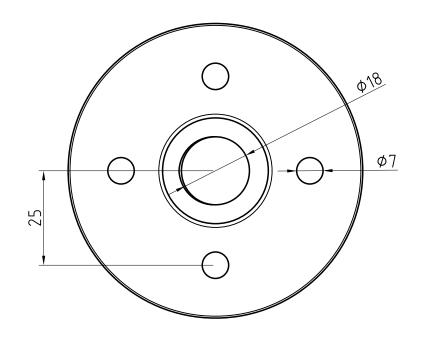
Next we need a way to fasten the motor down. Cut a piece of 5mm plywood to this size.



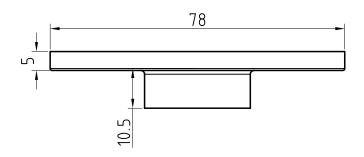
The holes to mount our motor are  $\frac{1}{2}$  inch diameter (approx 12.5mm), so we need to drill 4 holes to match. The hole in the middle is just so that the wires can pass through.

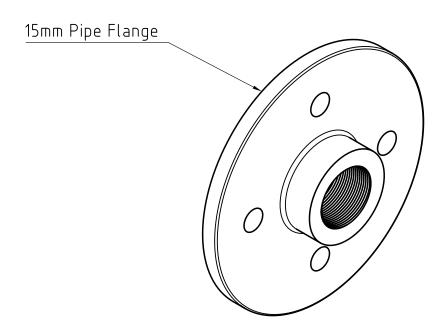


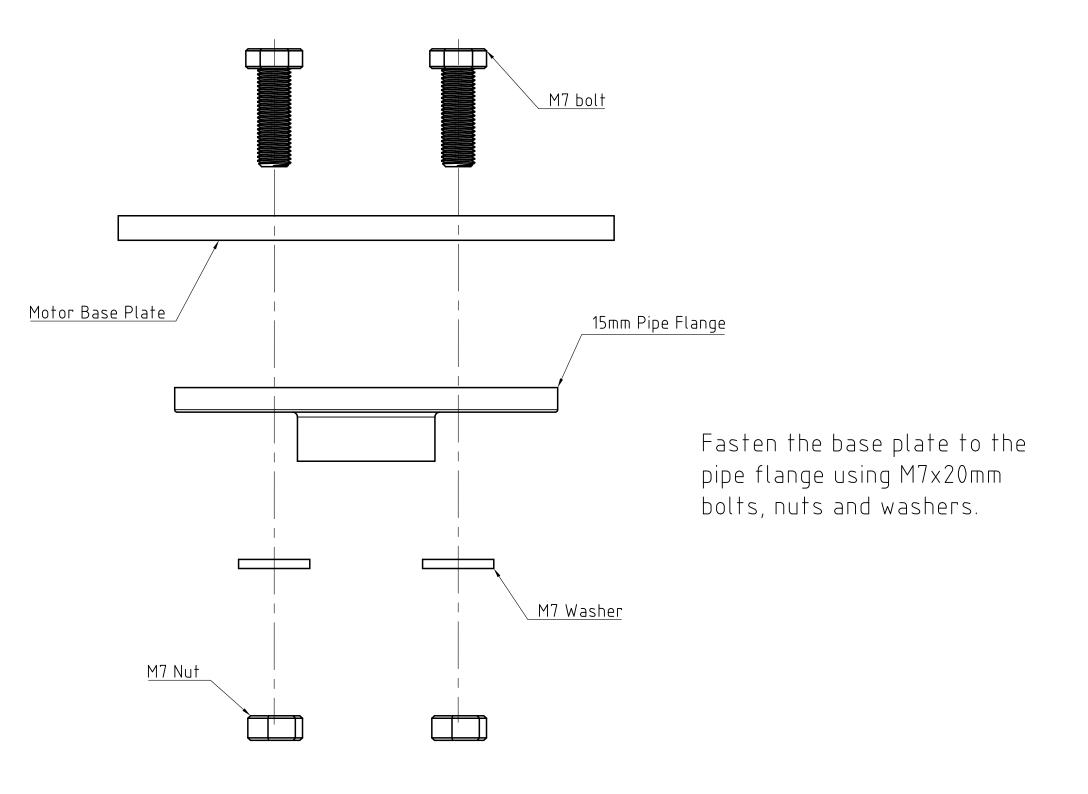


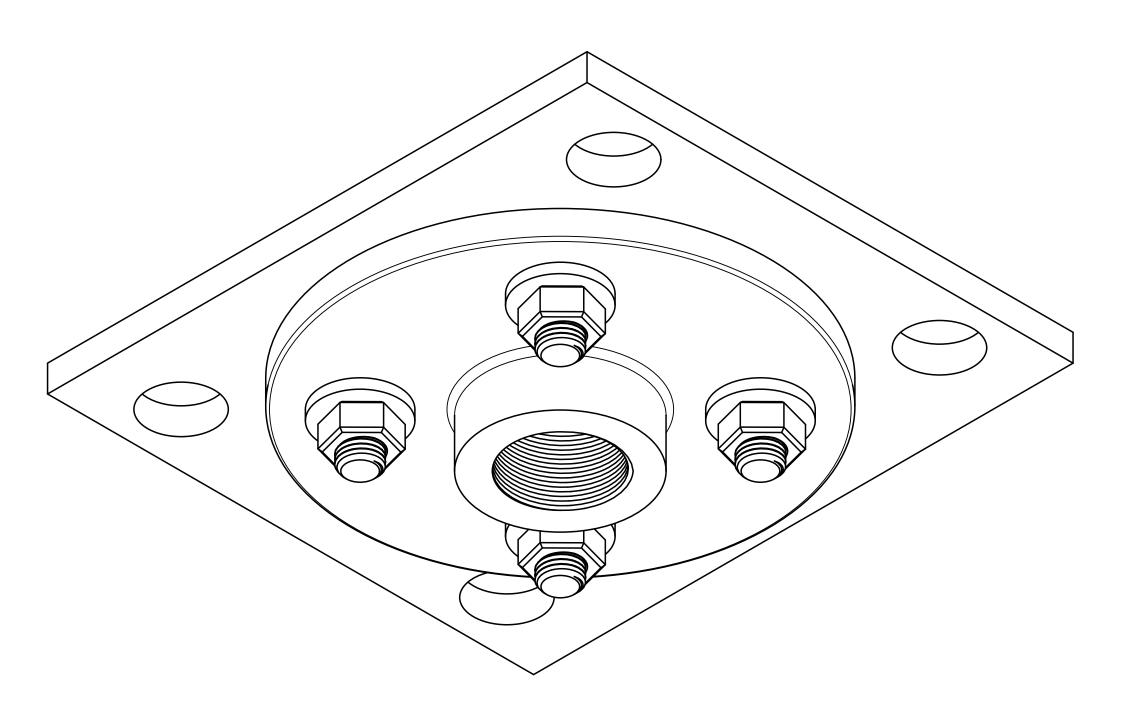


We also need to drill the base plate to attach an off-the-shelf 15mm pipe flange.

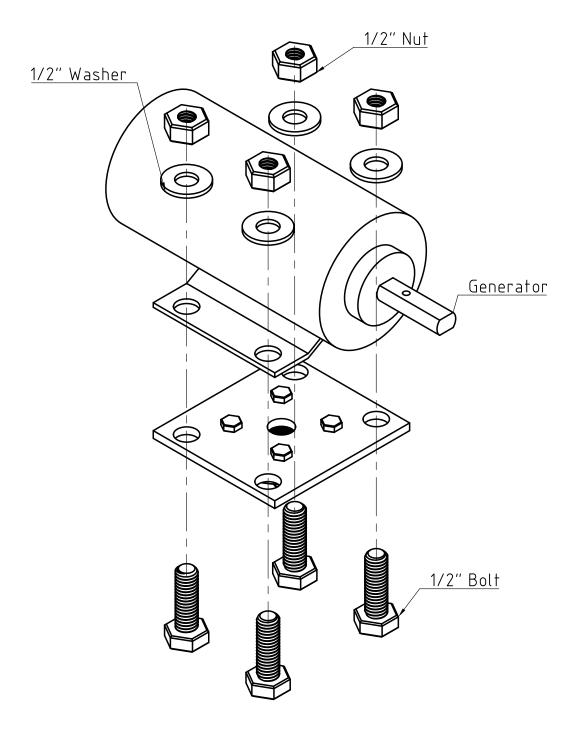


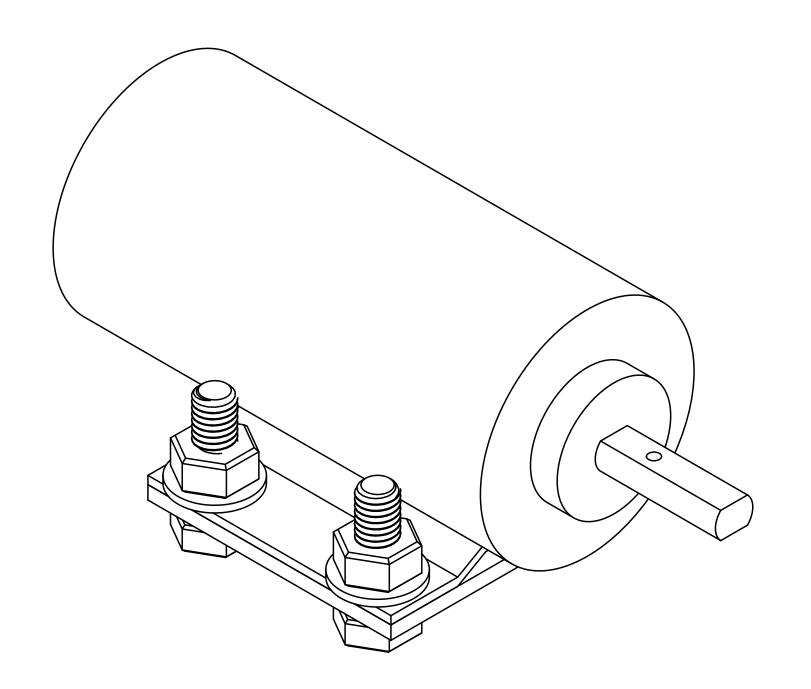




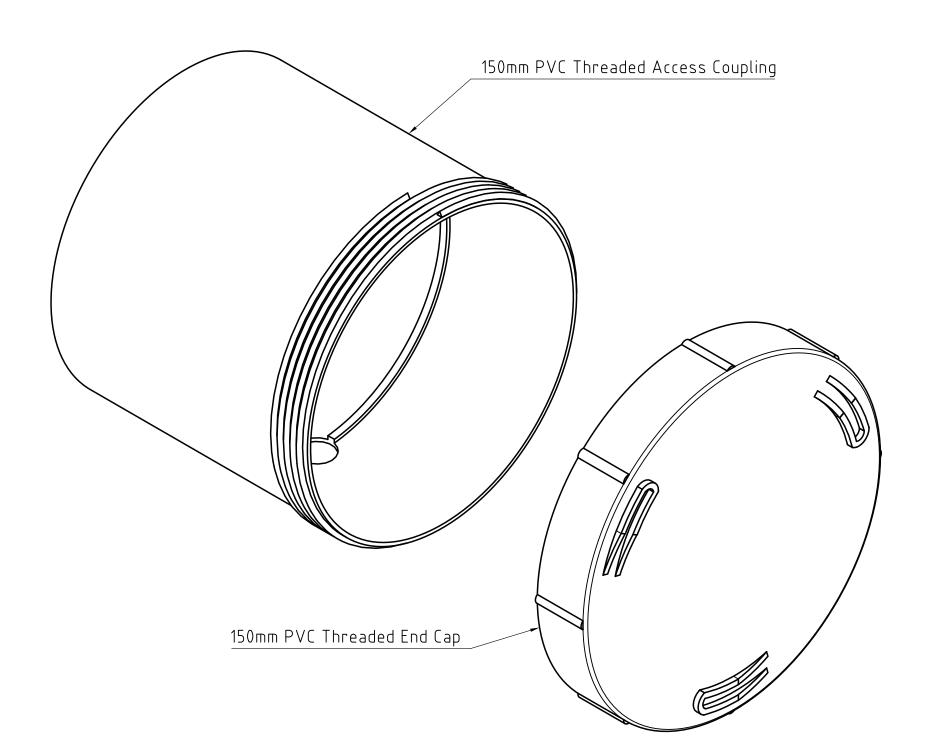


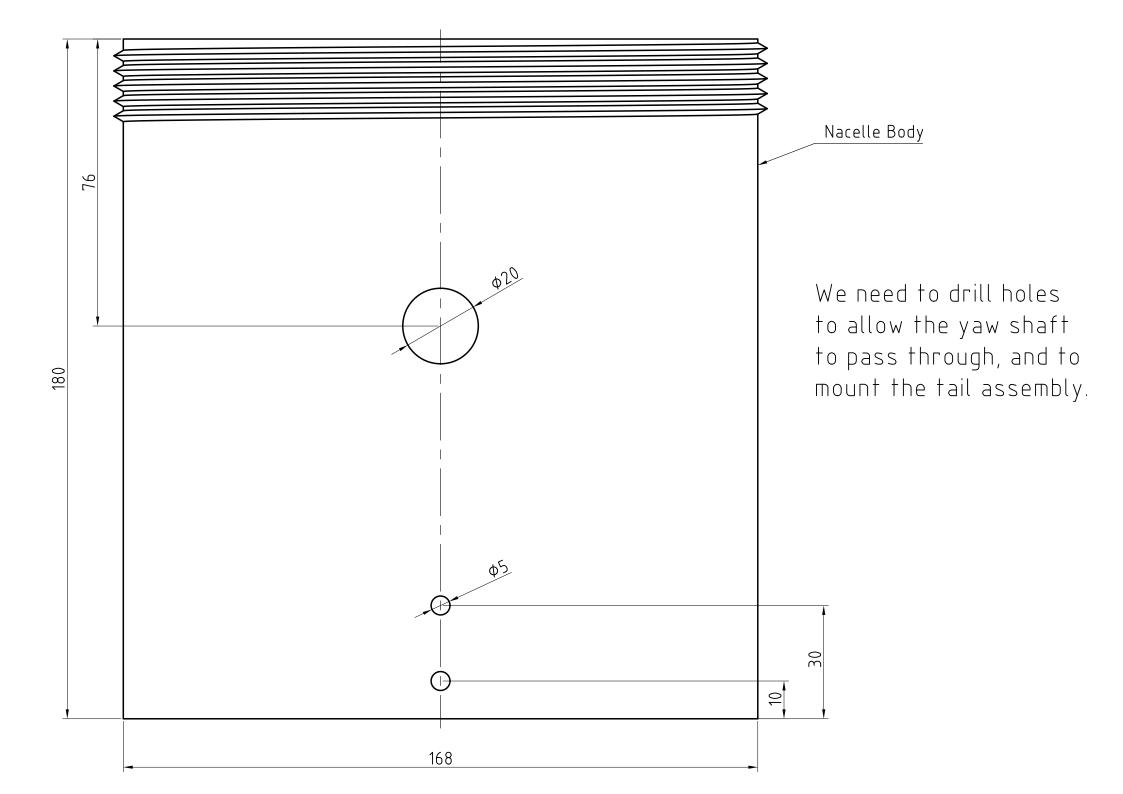
Fasten the generator to the base plate assembly using  $\frac{1}{2}$ "x1.5" bolts, nuts and washers.

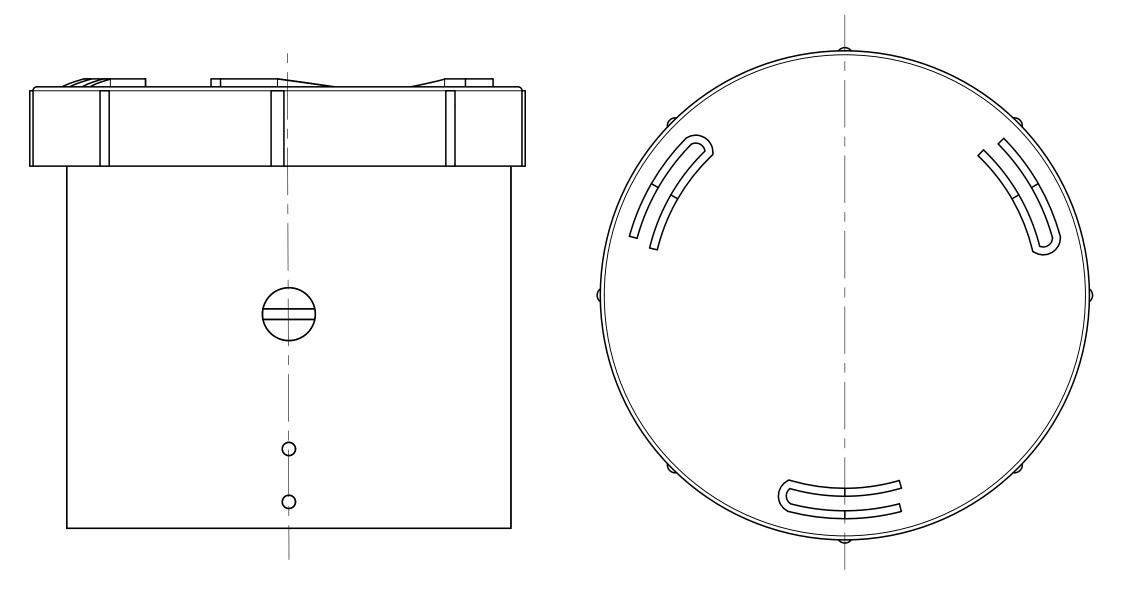




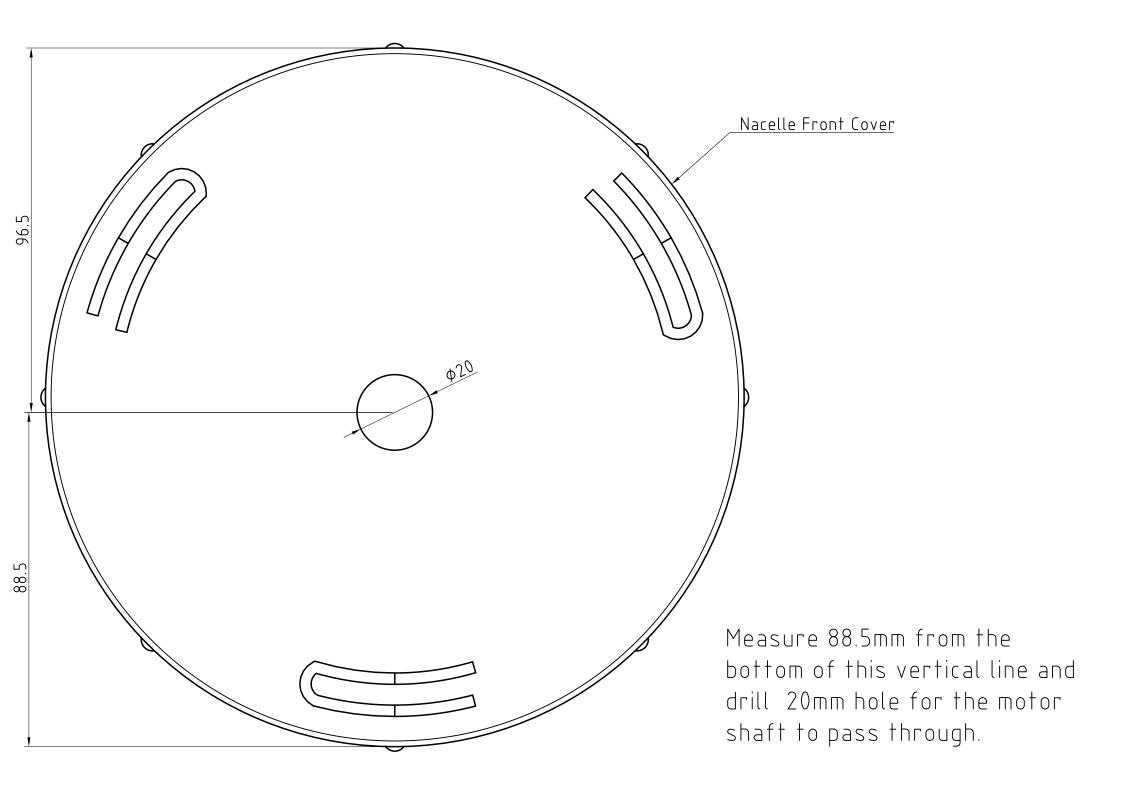
To keep the motor protected from rain, we use a threaded section of 150mm PVC and end cap.

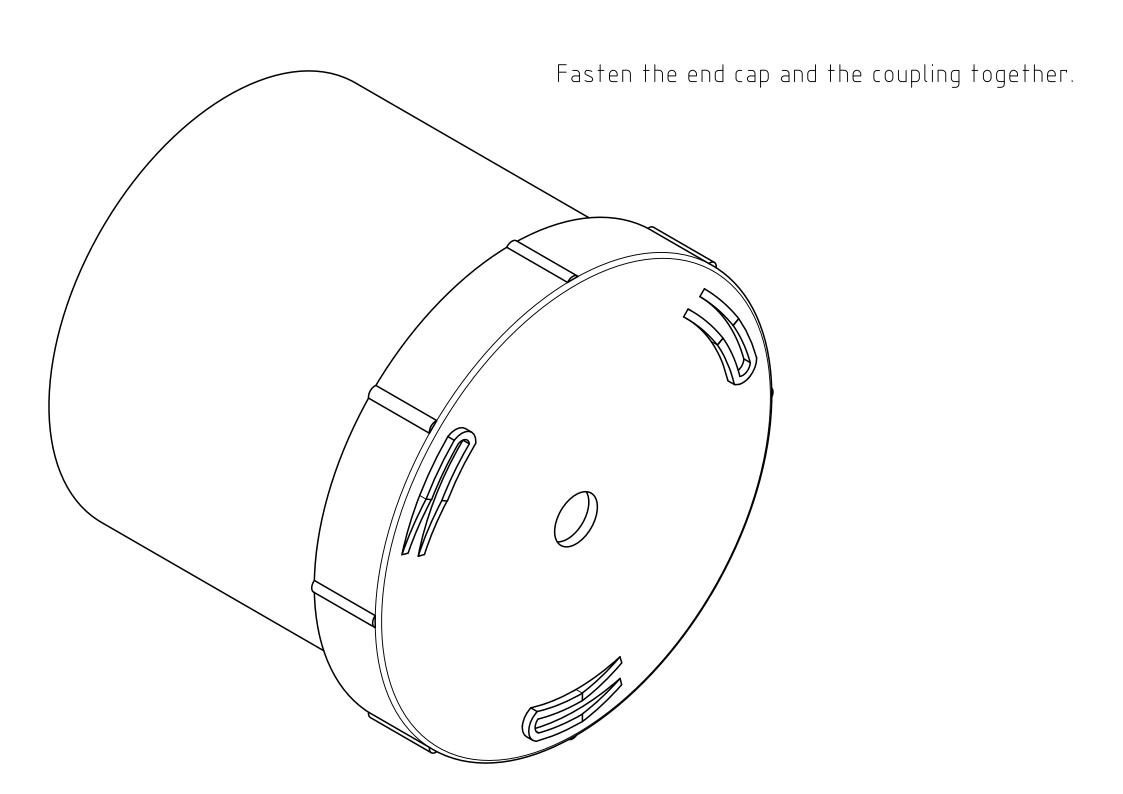


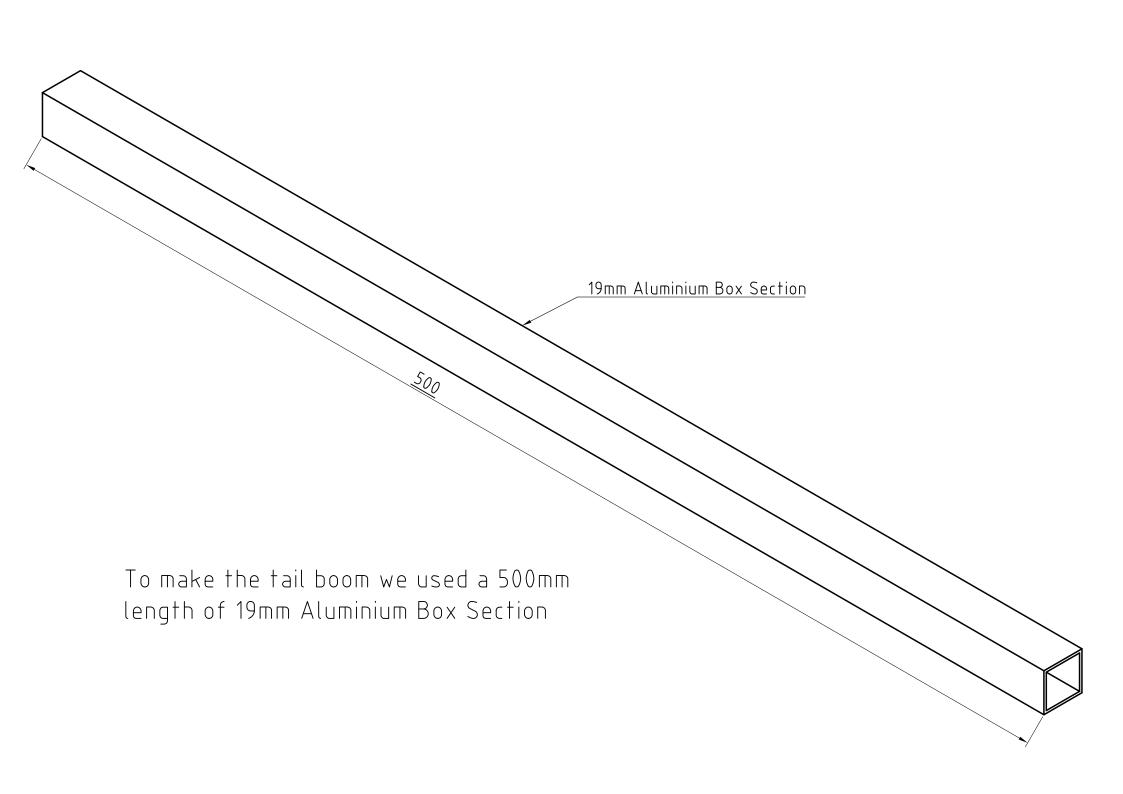




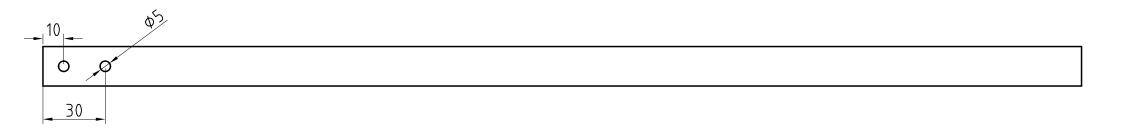
The hole in the end cap is slightly off-centre due to the dimensions of the motor. To ensure it is drilled in the correct place, first fasten the end cap to the coupling and take note which direction the end cap sits when fully secure. Mark out a vertical line to make it clear.



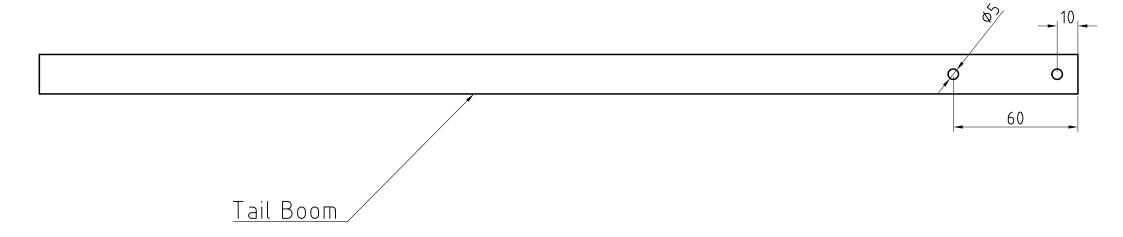


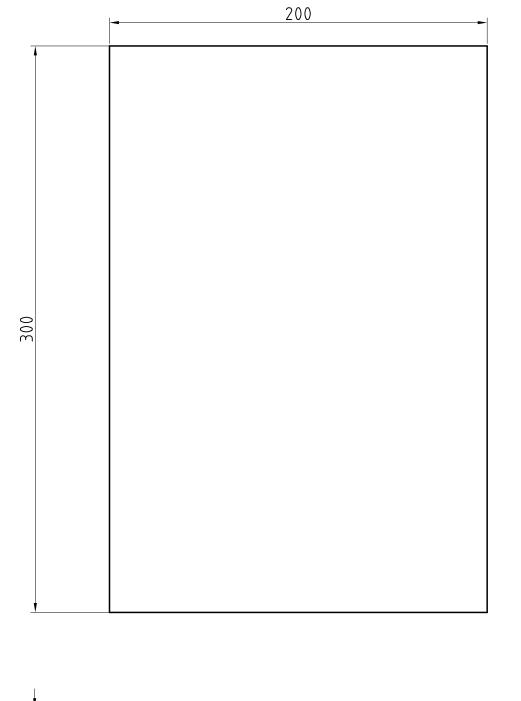


Drill 2x 5mm holes all the way through:

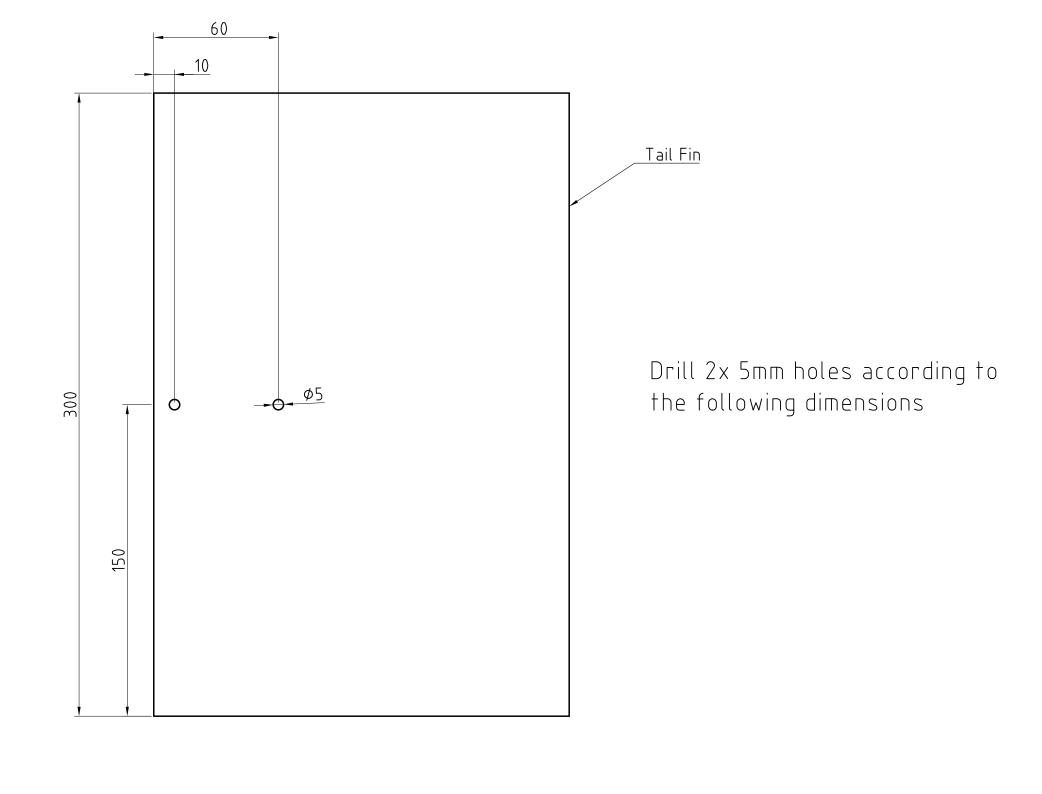


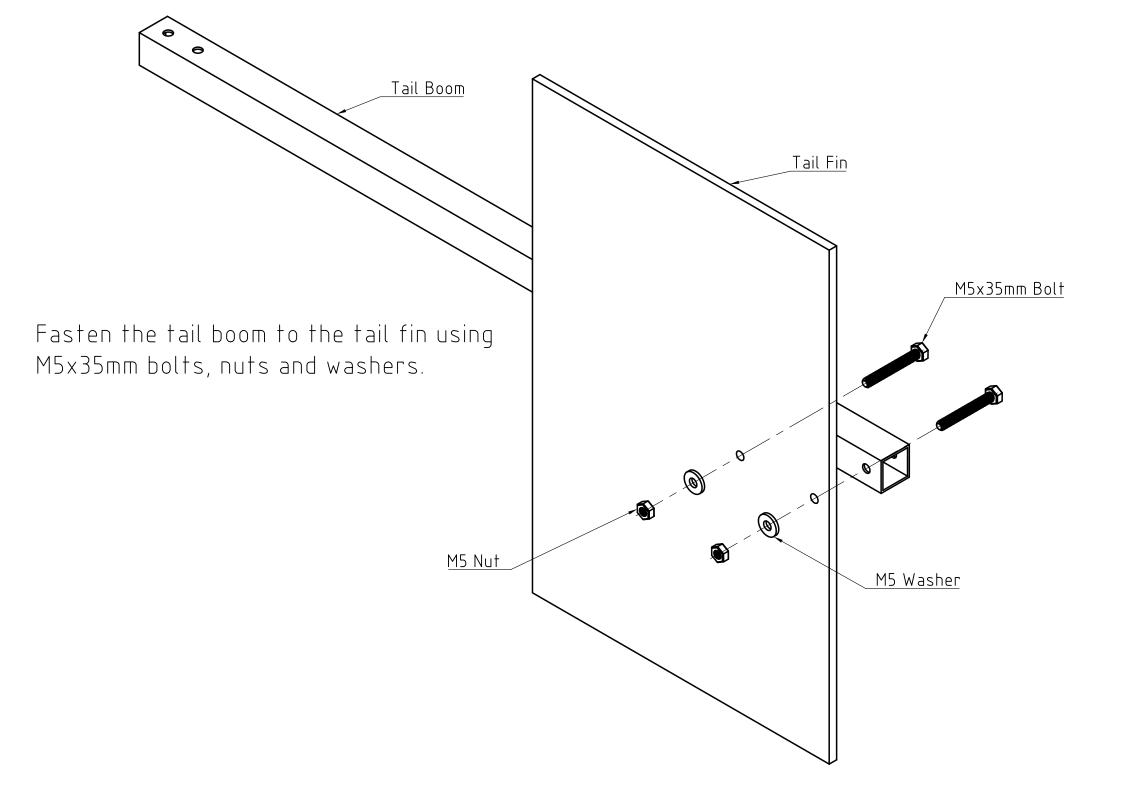
Rotate the piece by 90 degrees and drill two more holes at the other end.

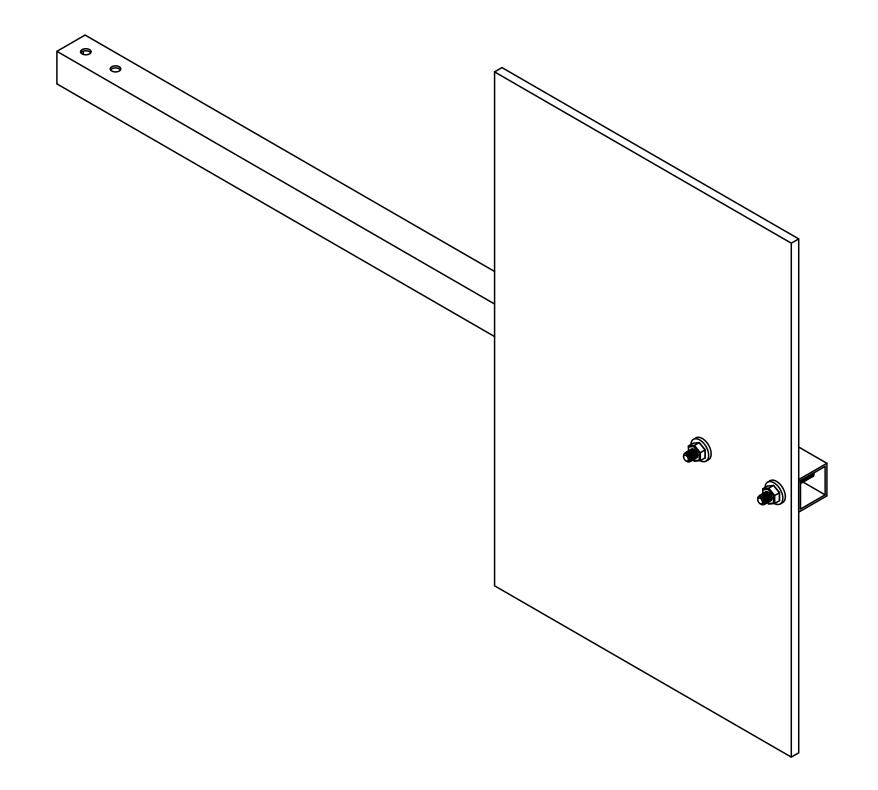


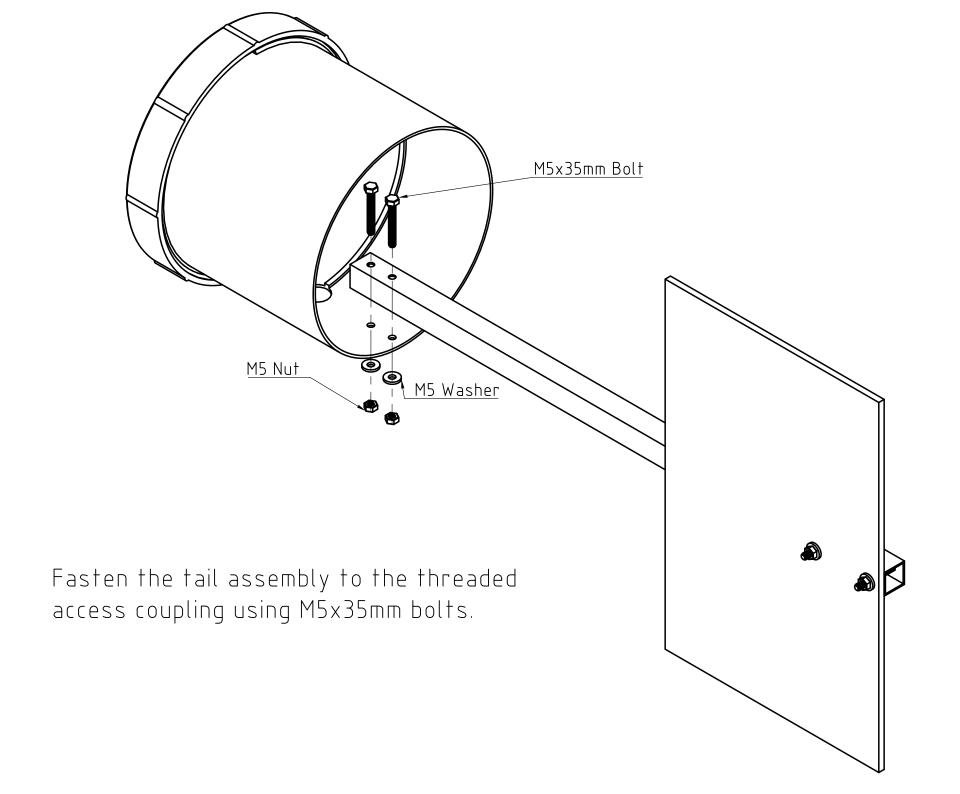


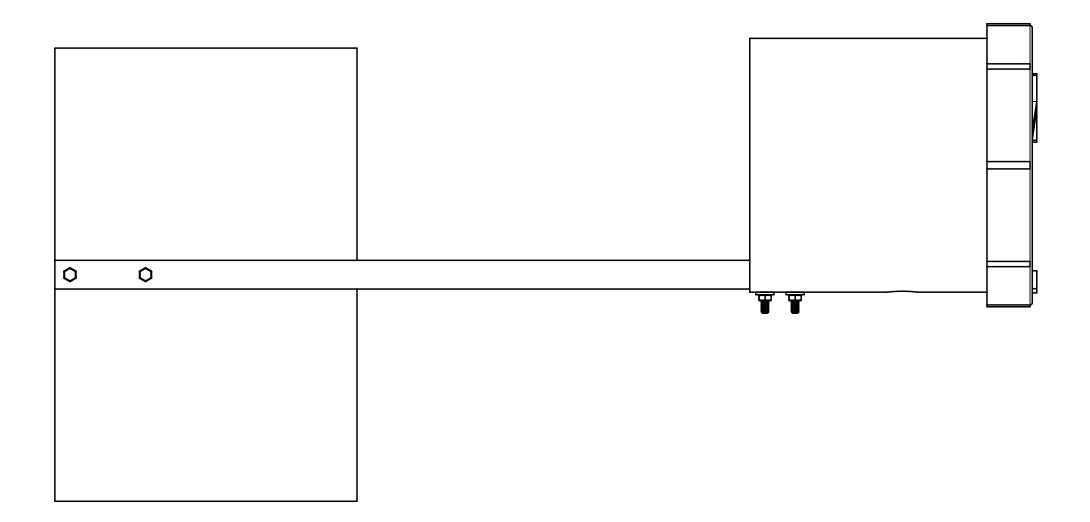
For the tail fin we need to cut another piece of 5mm plywood measuring 200x300 mm.

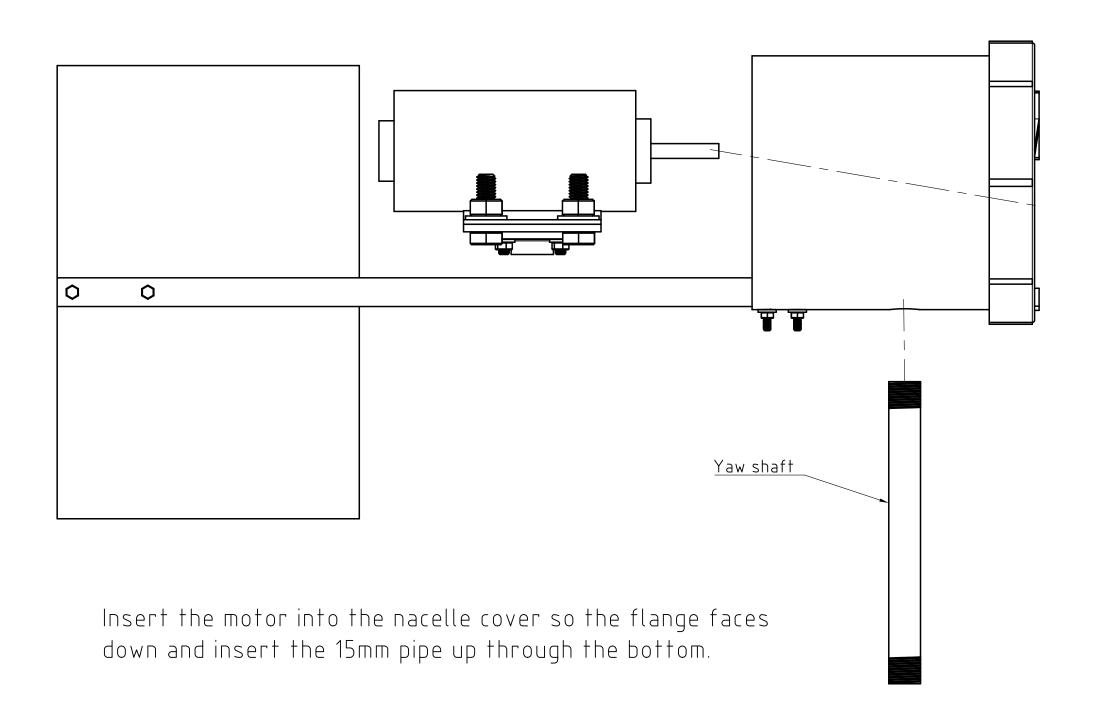


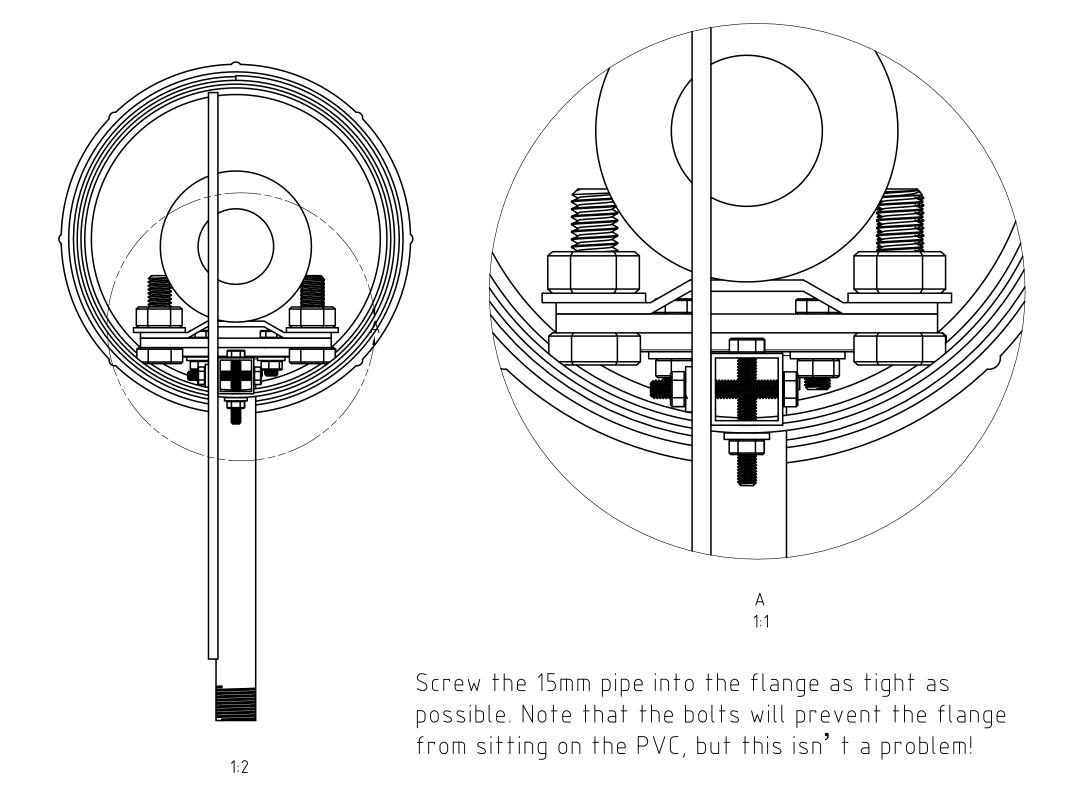




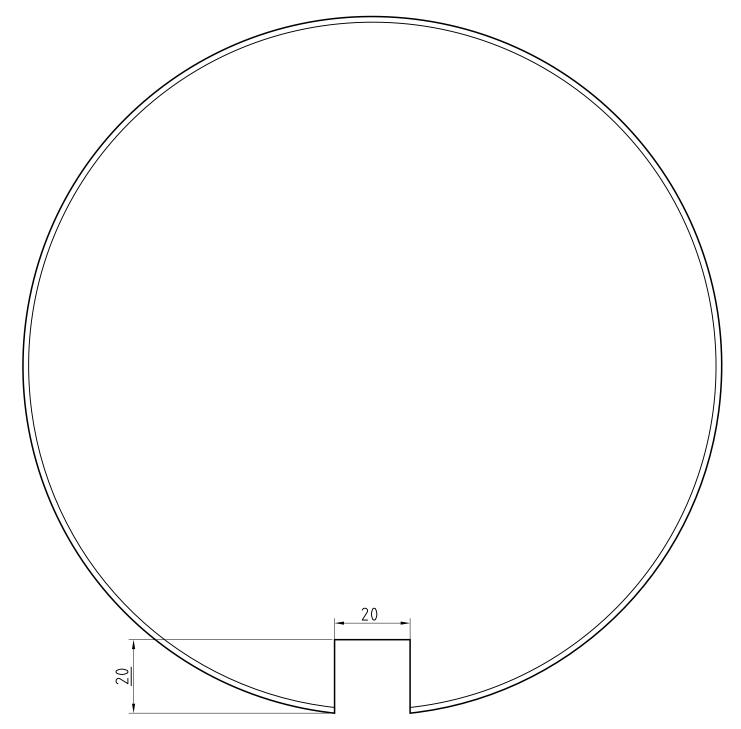


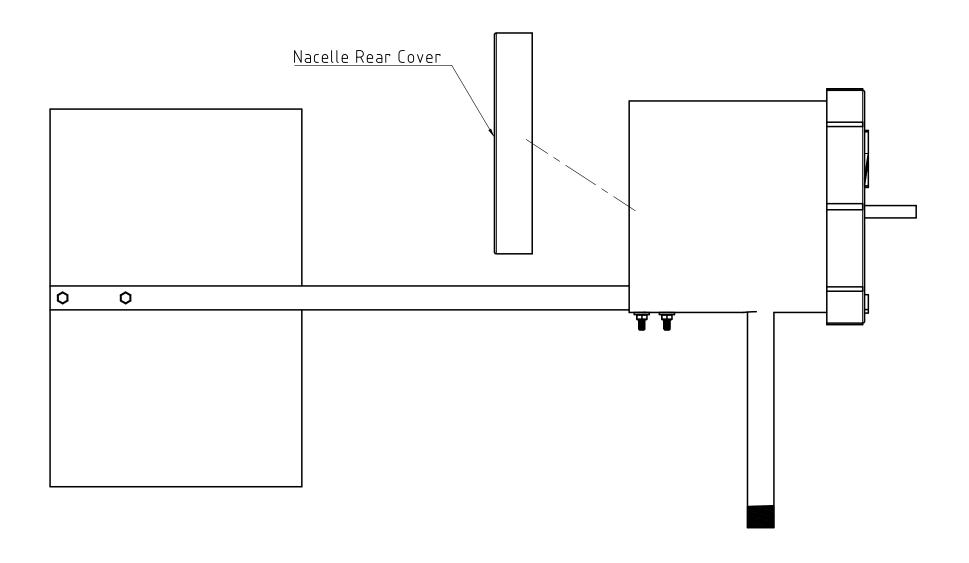




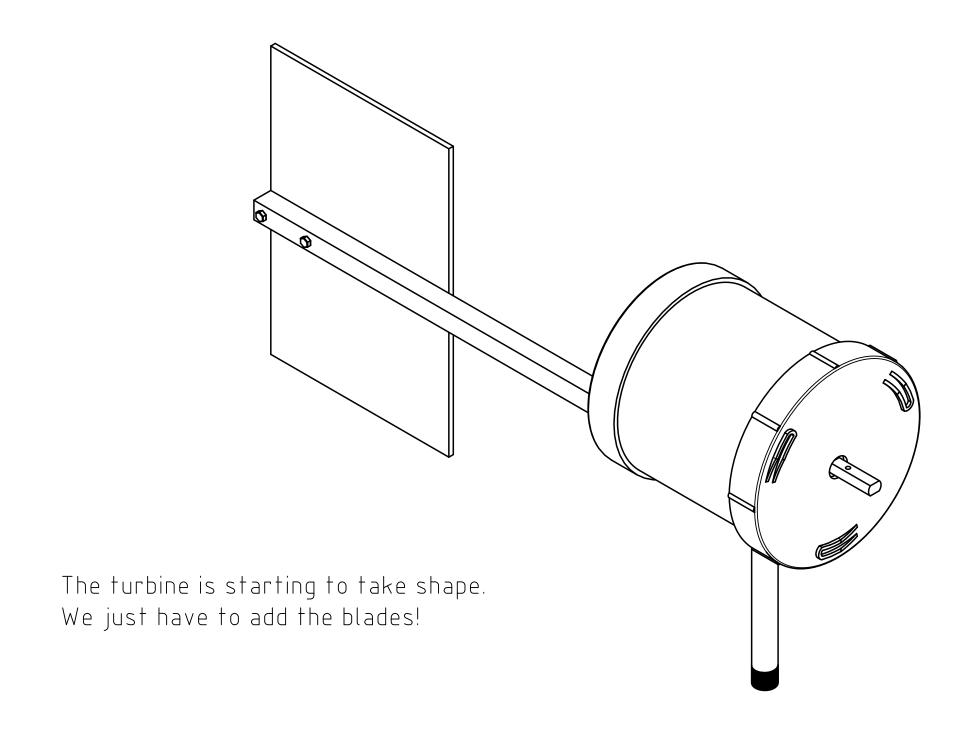


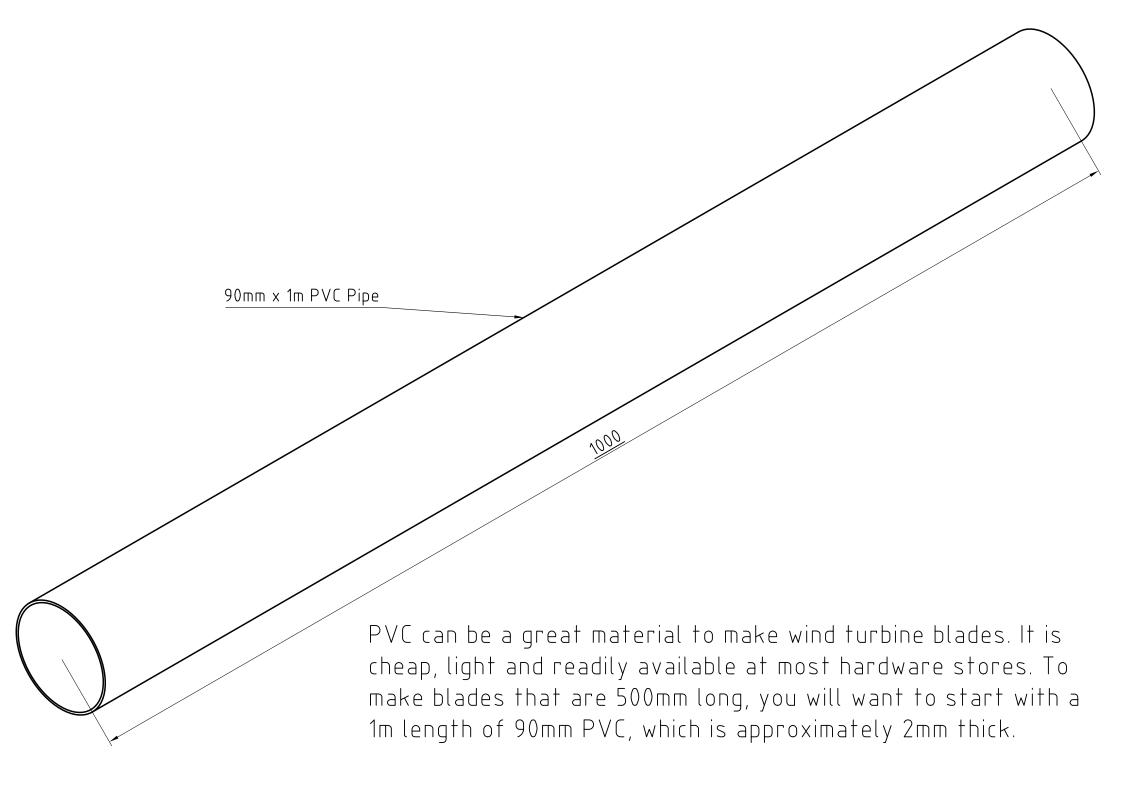
Cut out a 20mm square section from the edge of the non-threaded PVC end cap.

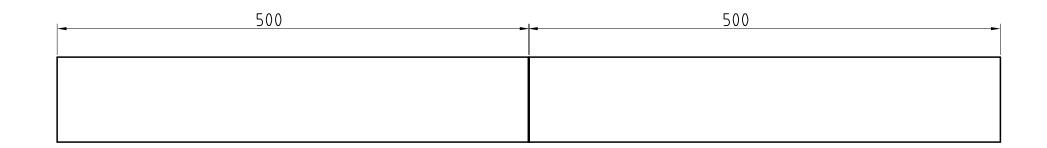


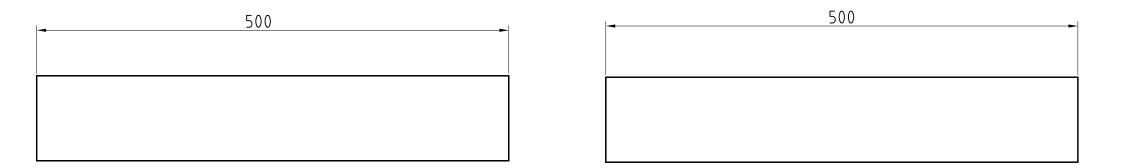


Push the PVC end cap onto the back of the coupling. You should have a tight fit and so don't need to use any fasteners.



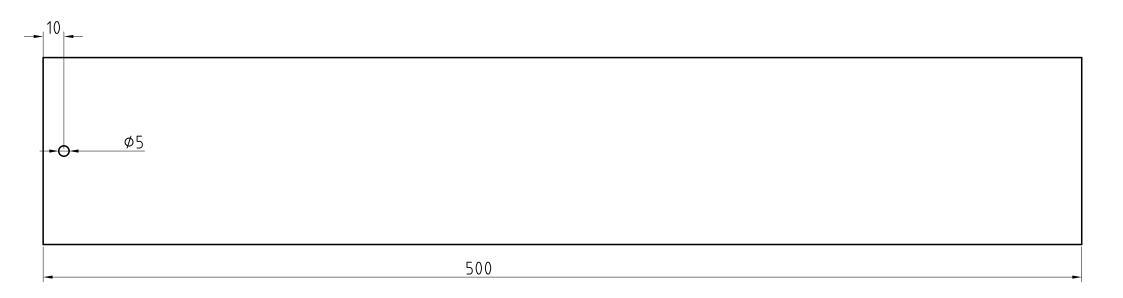






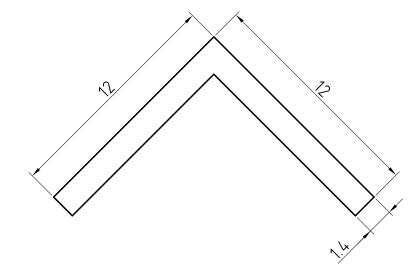
Measure and mark off 500mm from the end of the pipe. Then carefully cut through to make two equal lengths.

Drill a 5mm hole, 10mm from one end of the pipe. Rotate the pipe 90 degrees and repeat three more times to give a total of four holes.

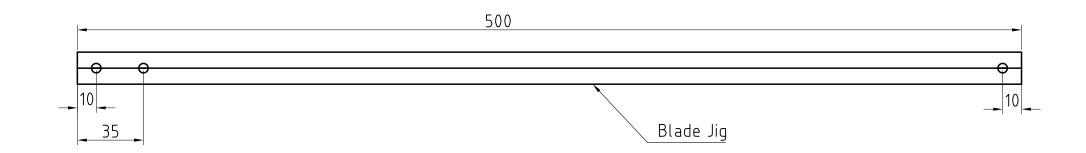


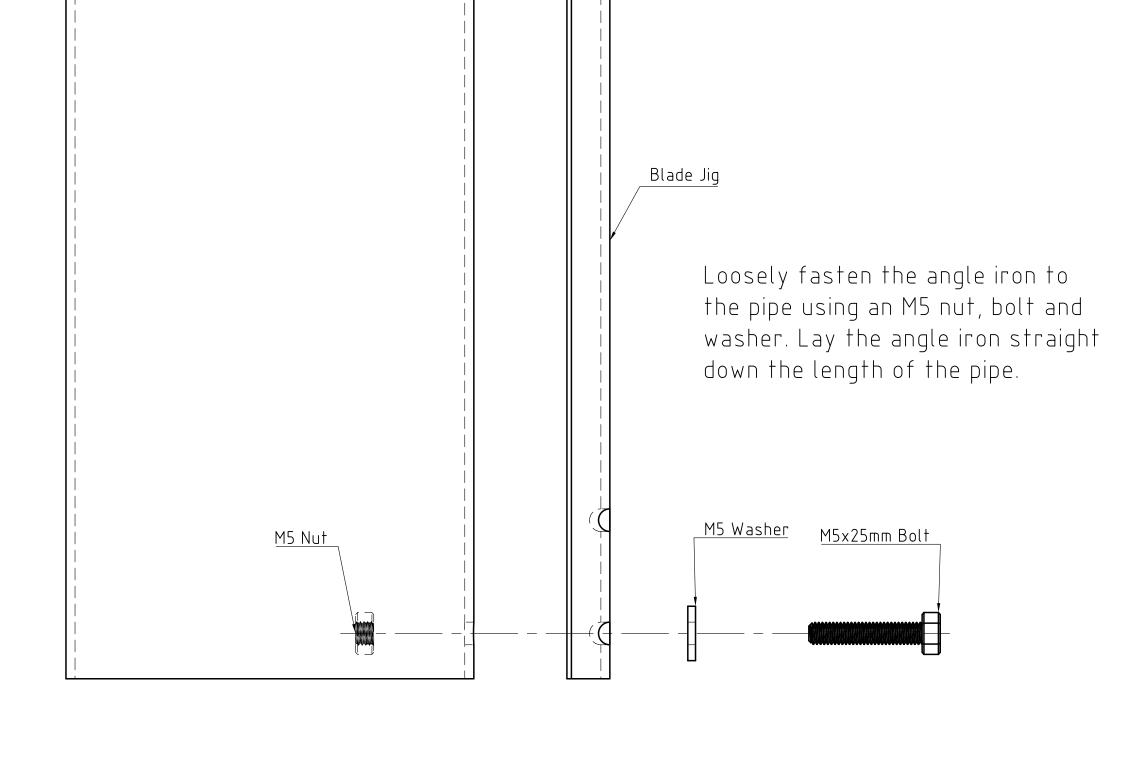
500

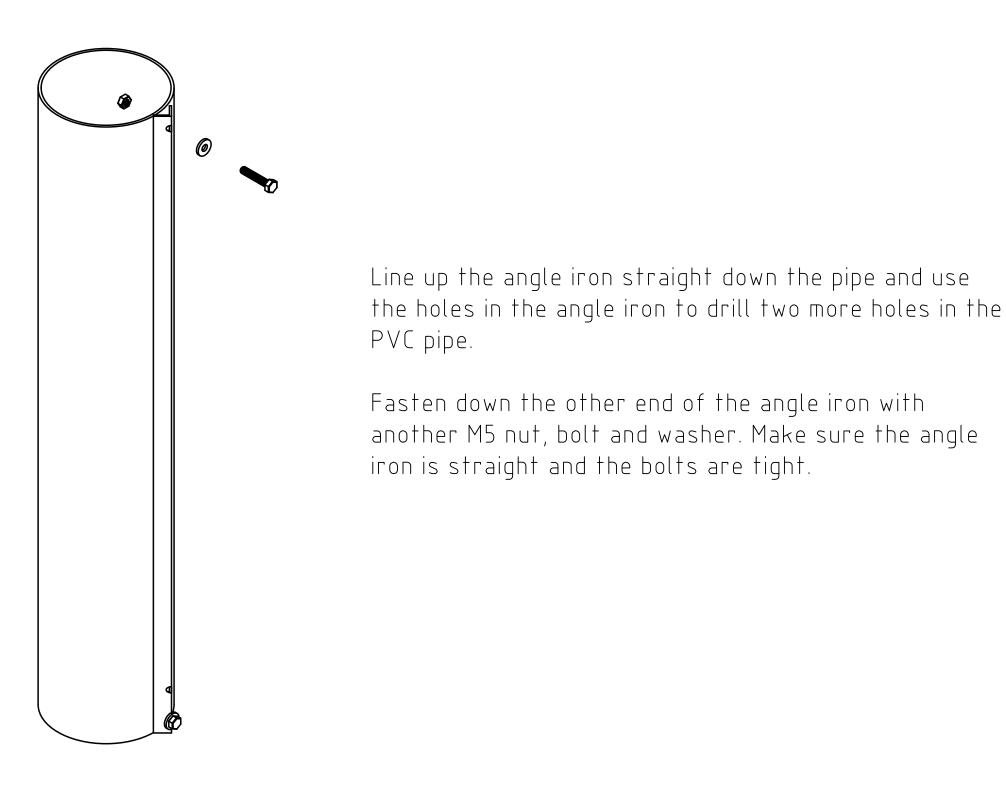
To make sure we cut and drill the blades accurately, we made a jig out of 12x12x1.4mm angle iron.

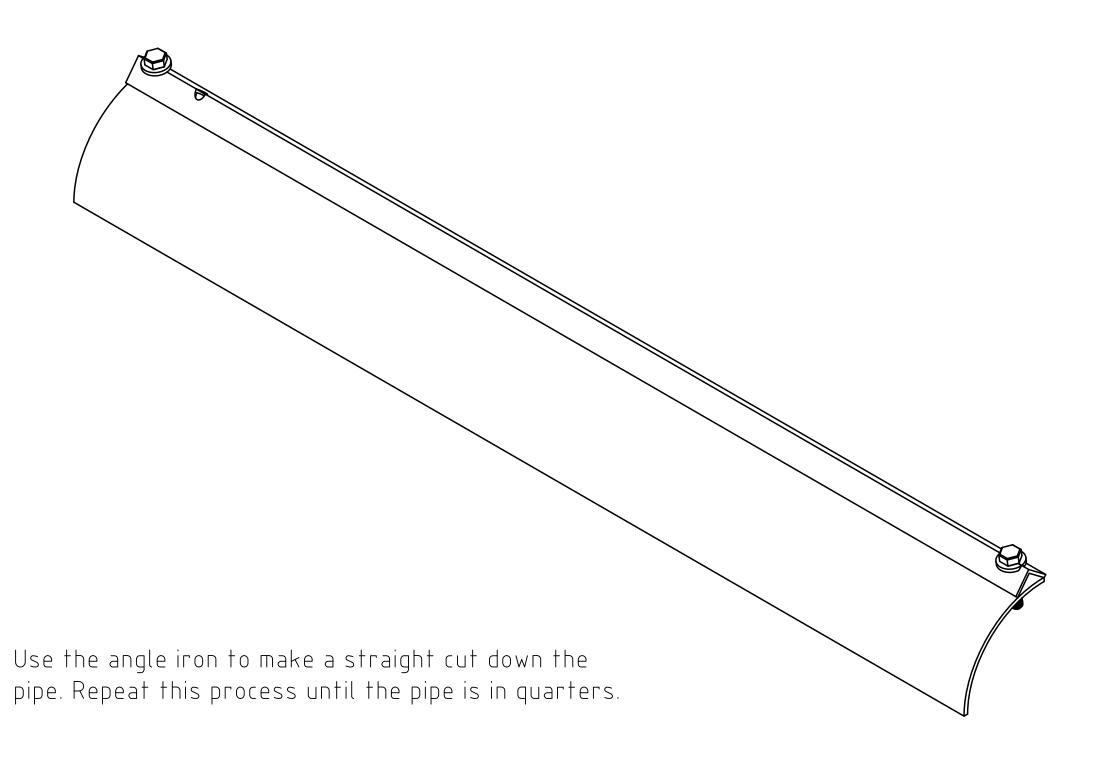


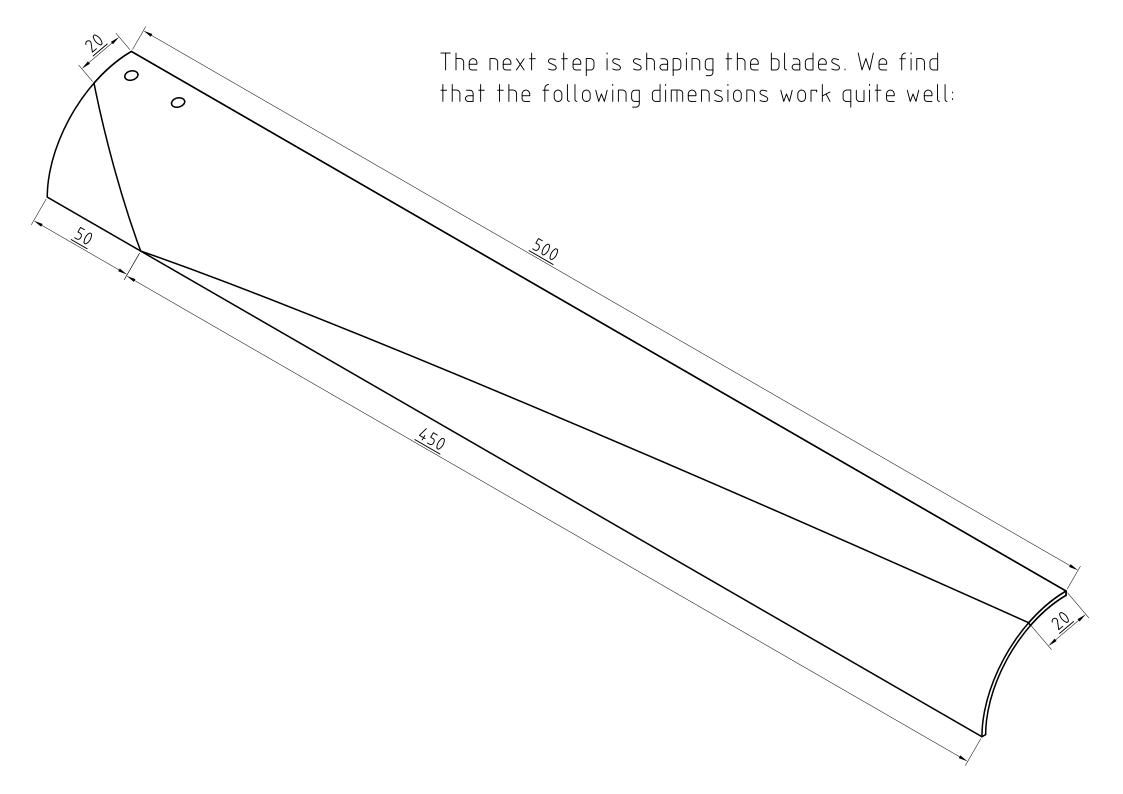
Drill three holes in the centre of the angle iron as shown here:





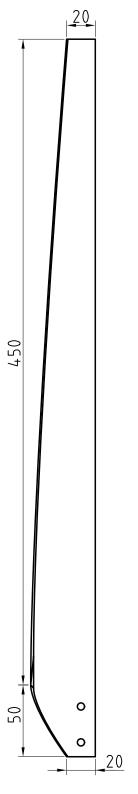




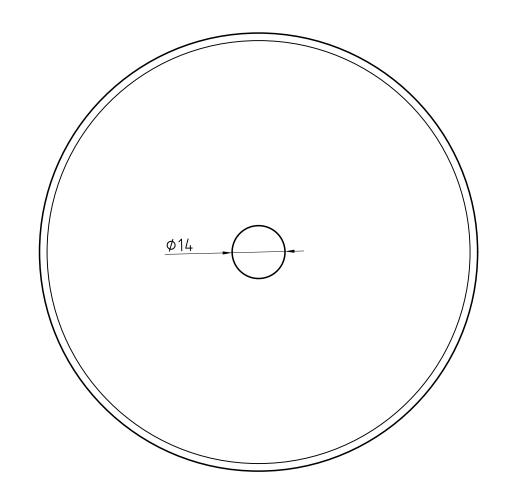


First we cut the 'root' of the blade. This is the end where the blade will be attached to the generator.

Measure the root to be 20mm wide and then mark off a point 50mm from the end. Using sticky tape, join these two parts with a straight line and make a cut to shape the blade.



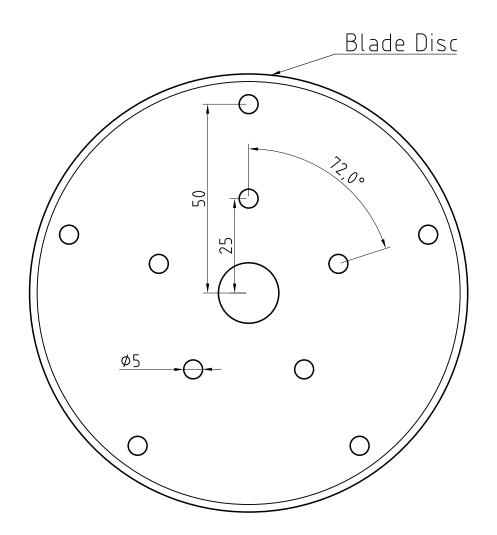
Repeat this process for the blade 'tip' using the dimensions shown. Note that it is difficult to cut accurately due to the shape of the blades, and so it is recommended to cut less than you think and then use a file and sandpaper to finish.



Find and mark off the centre of the 100mm PVC end cap.
Use this mark to drill out a 14mm hole.

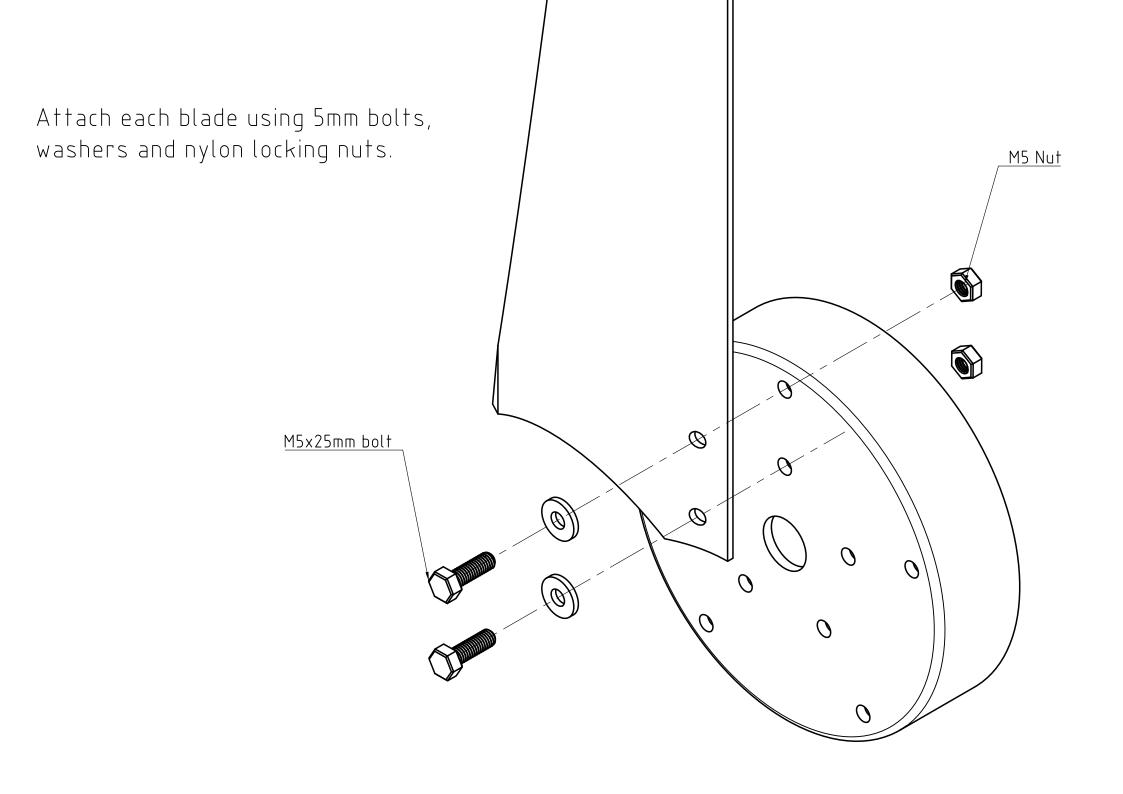
There may be a centre mark from manufacturing, but if this is difficult to find, see this guide for finding the centre of any circle:

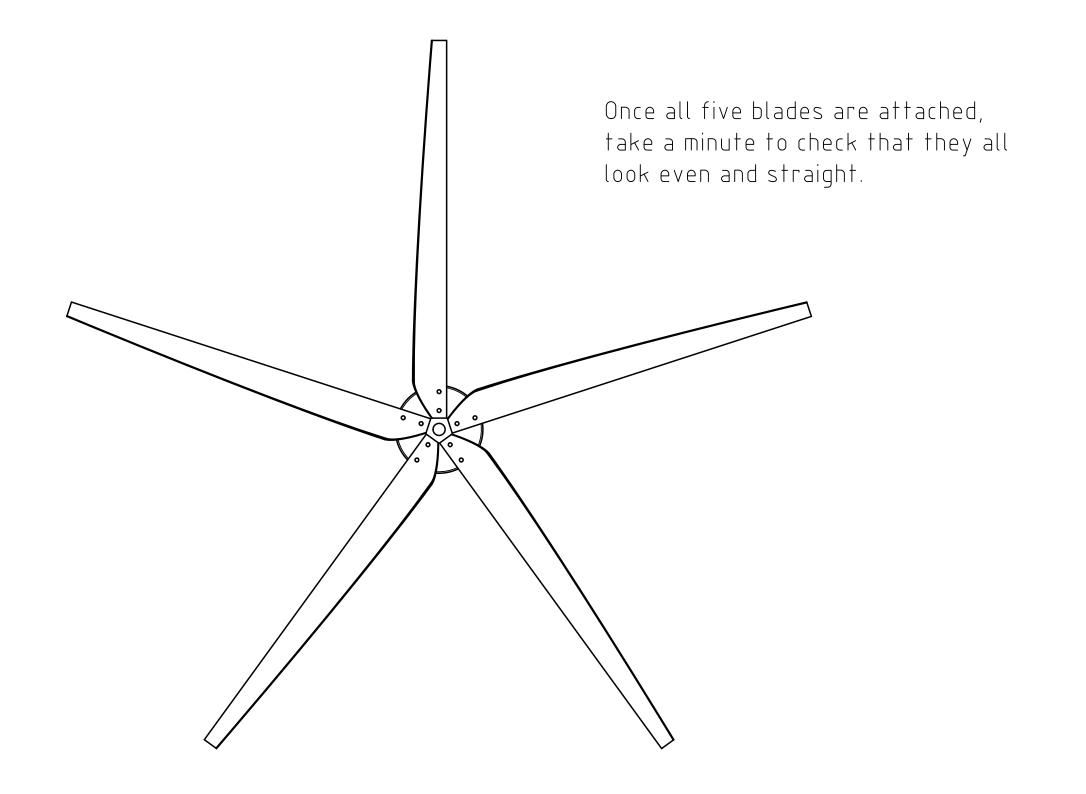
http://www.instructables.com/id/How-to-find-the-center-of-a-circle/

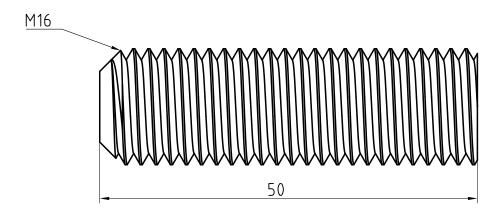


Using a protractor and ruler, mark out and then drill 5mm holes to attach the blades according to these dimensions.

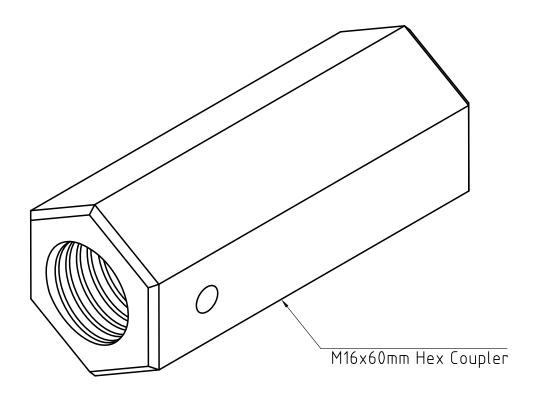
Alternatively, print this page to scale and use the drawing as a template.

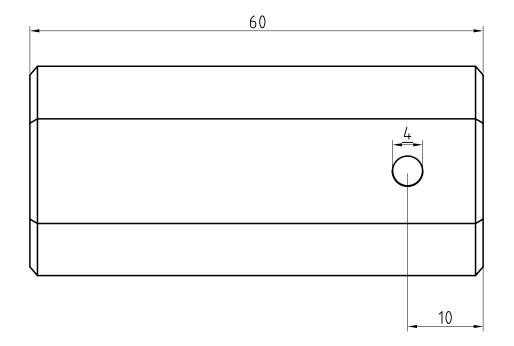




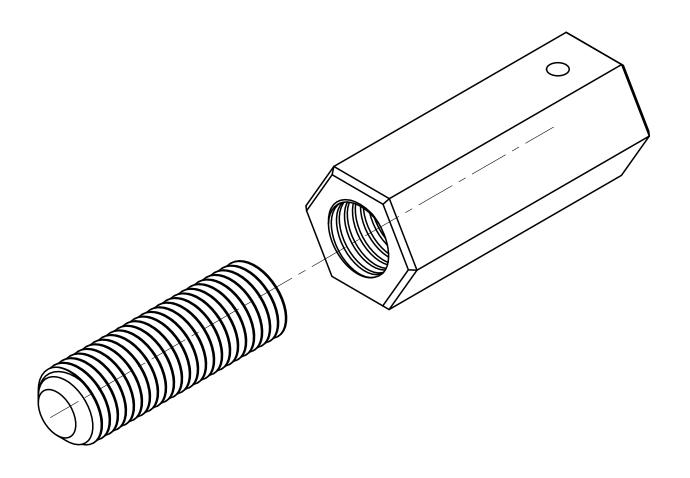


Cut off a 50mm length of an M16 threaded shaft.

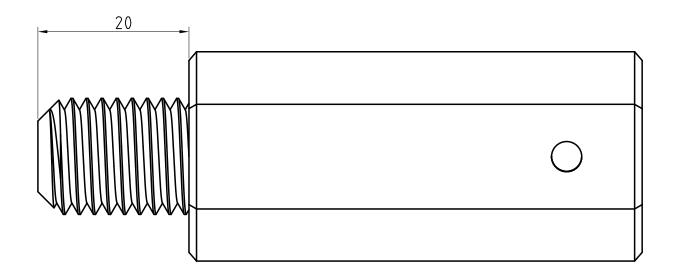




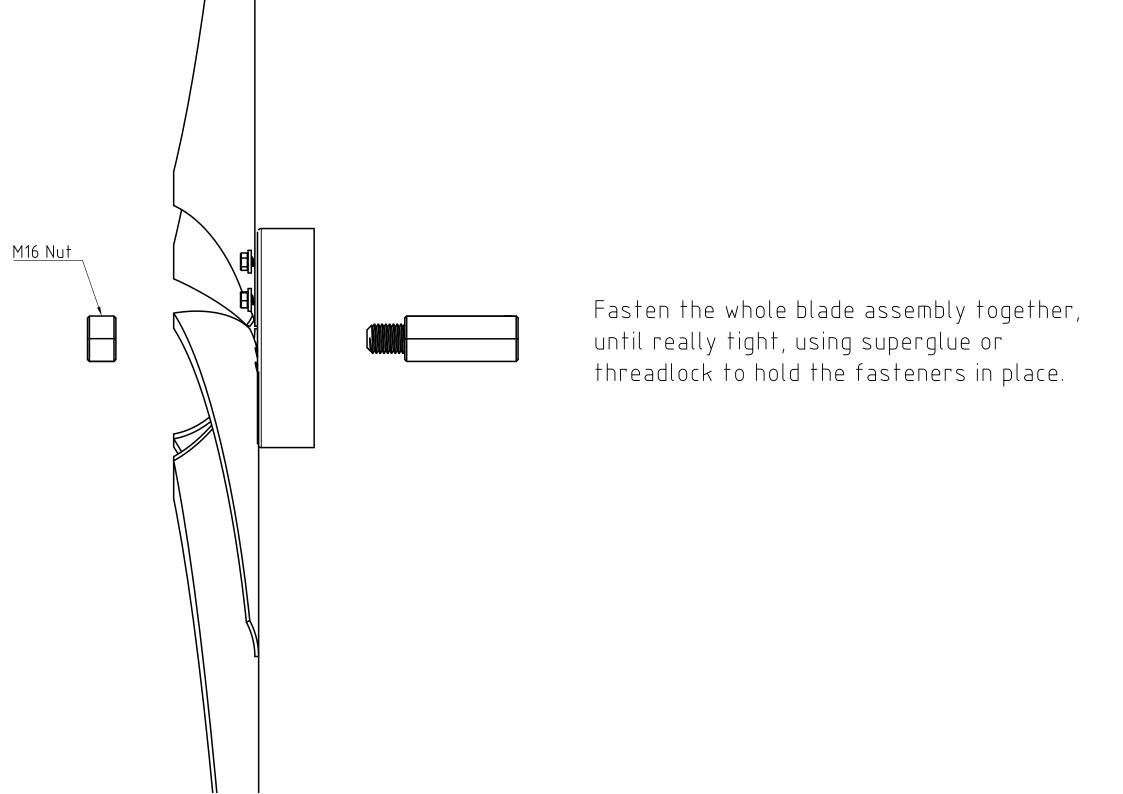
Drill a 4mm hole all the way through the M16 hex coupler, 10mm from one end.

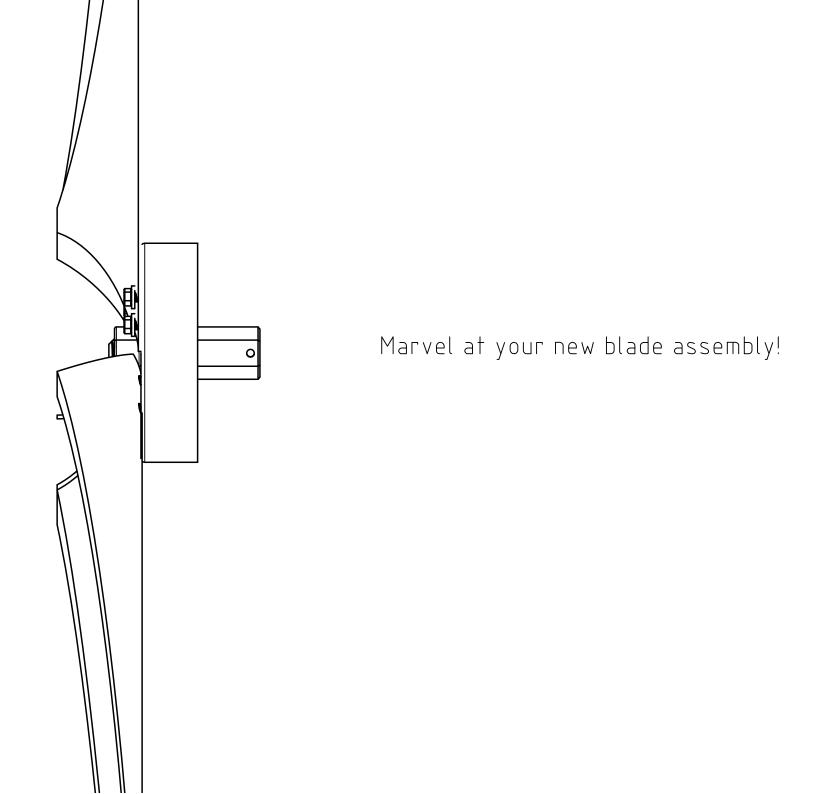


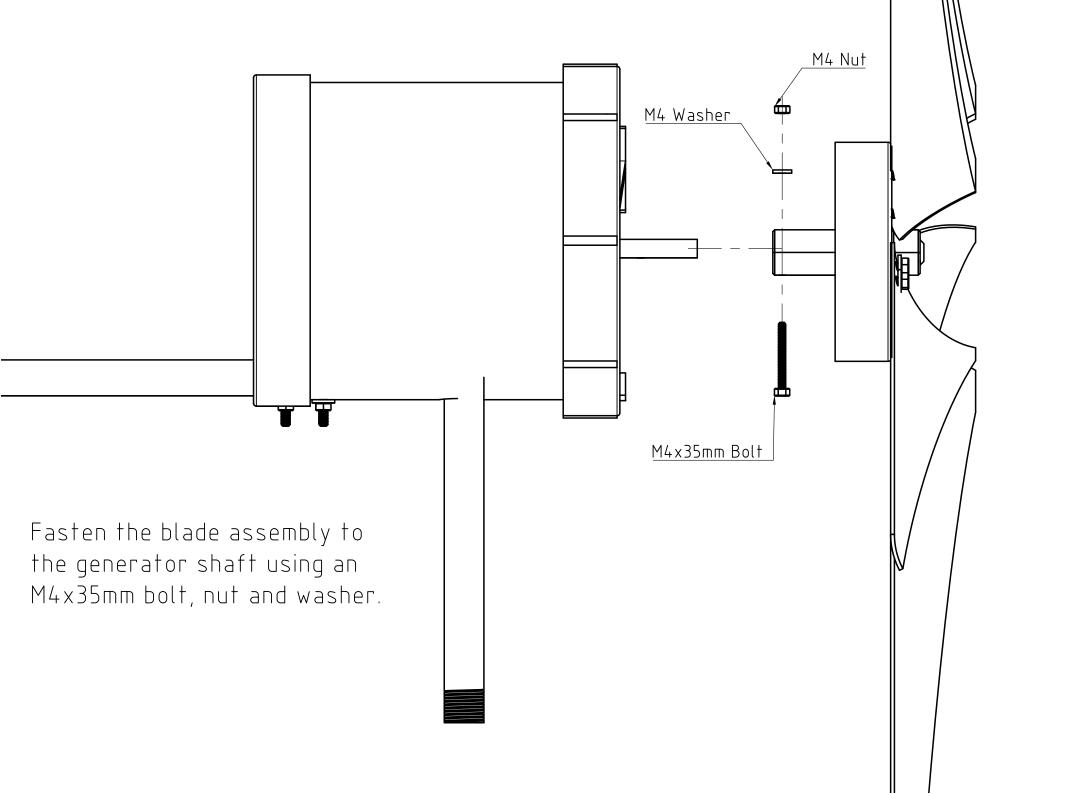
Apply threadlock/superglue and insert the M16 thread into the coupling

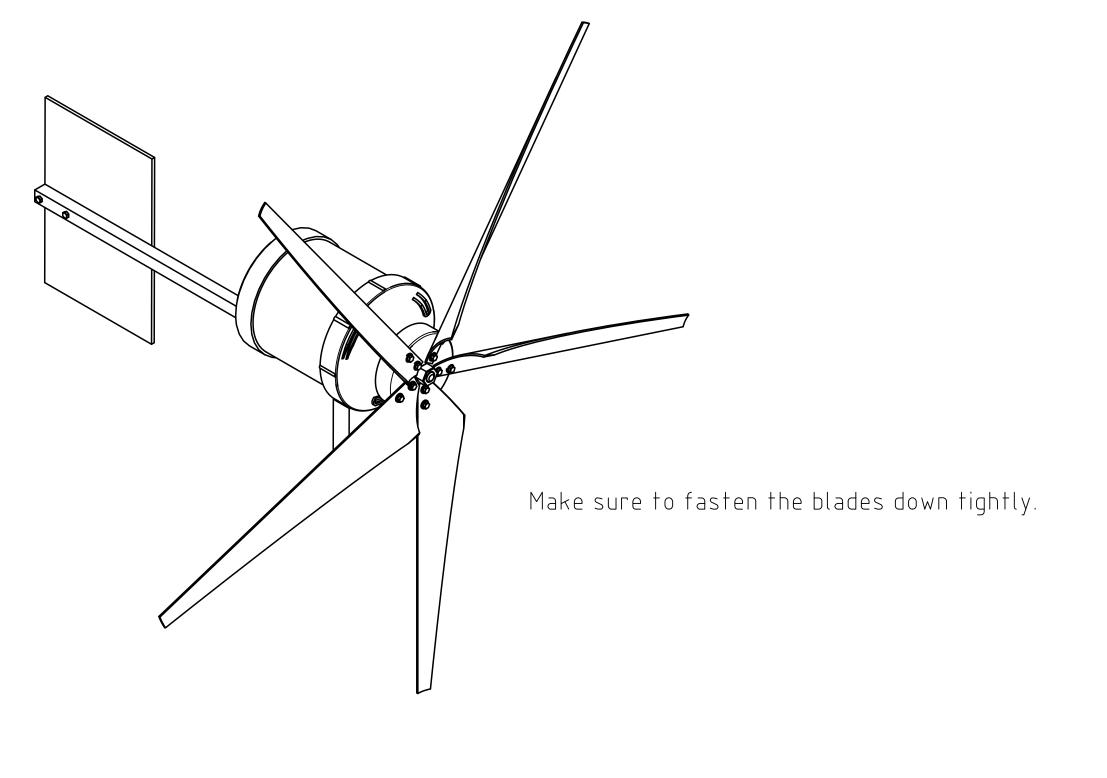


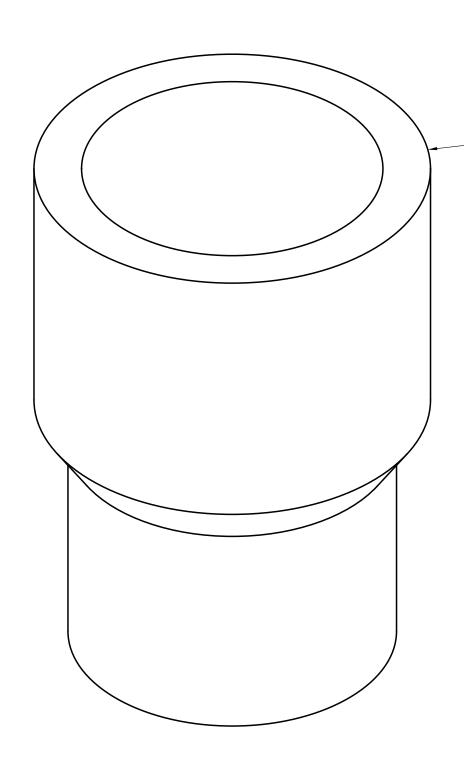
Leave 20mm of shaft exposed and allow to dry.





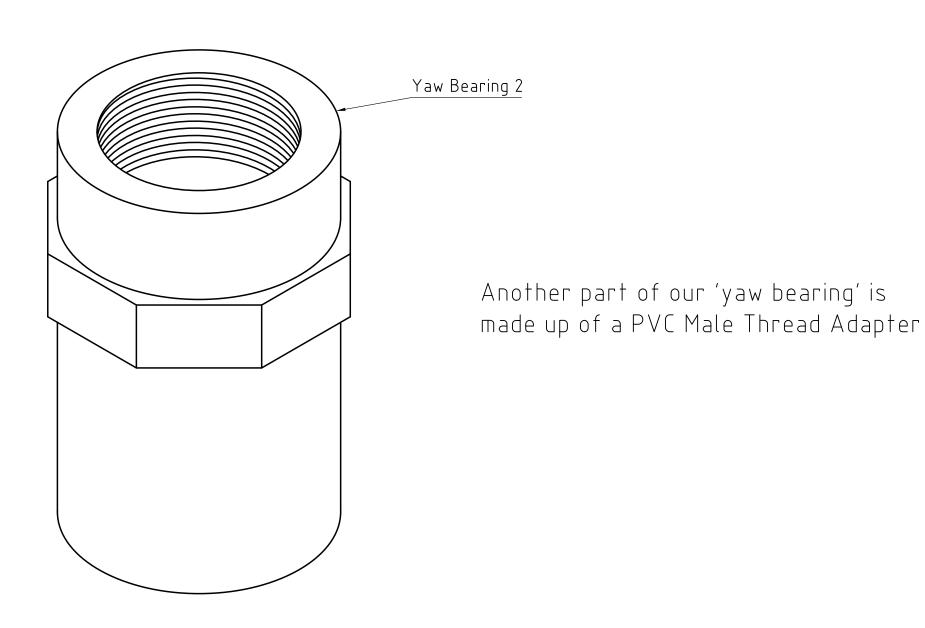


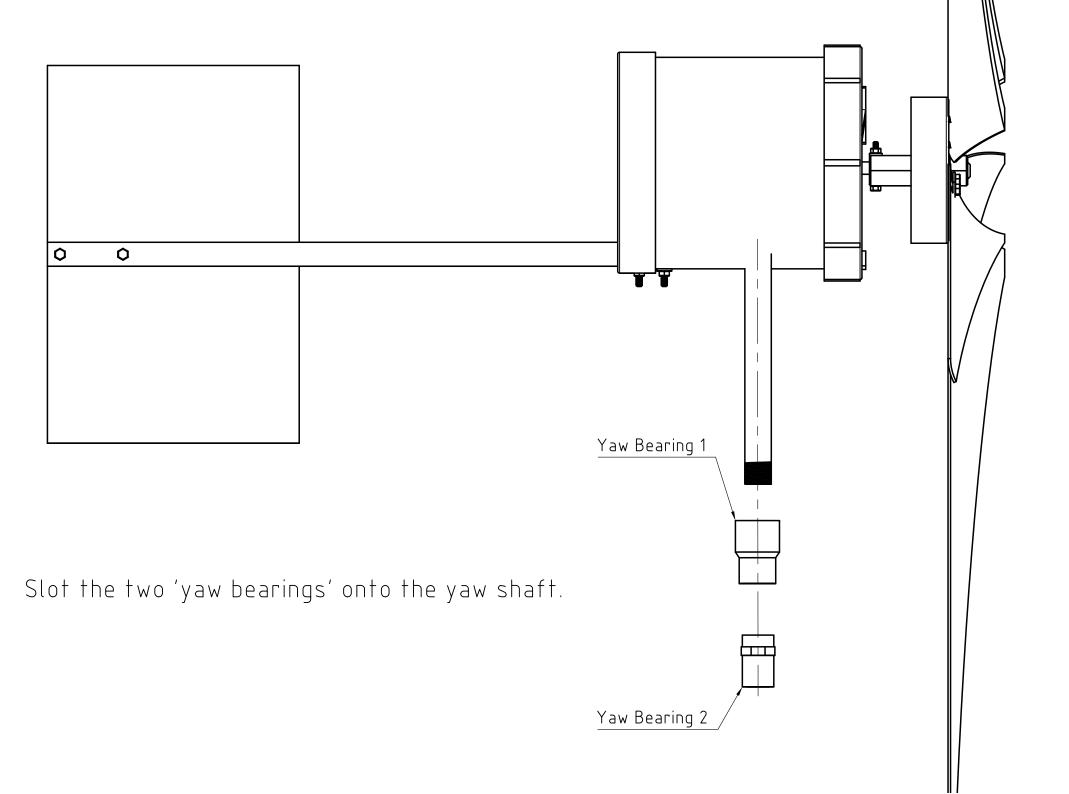




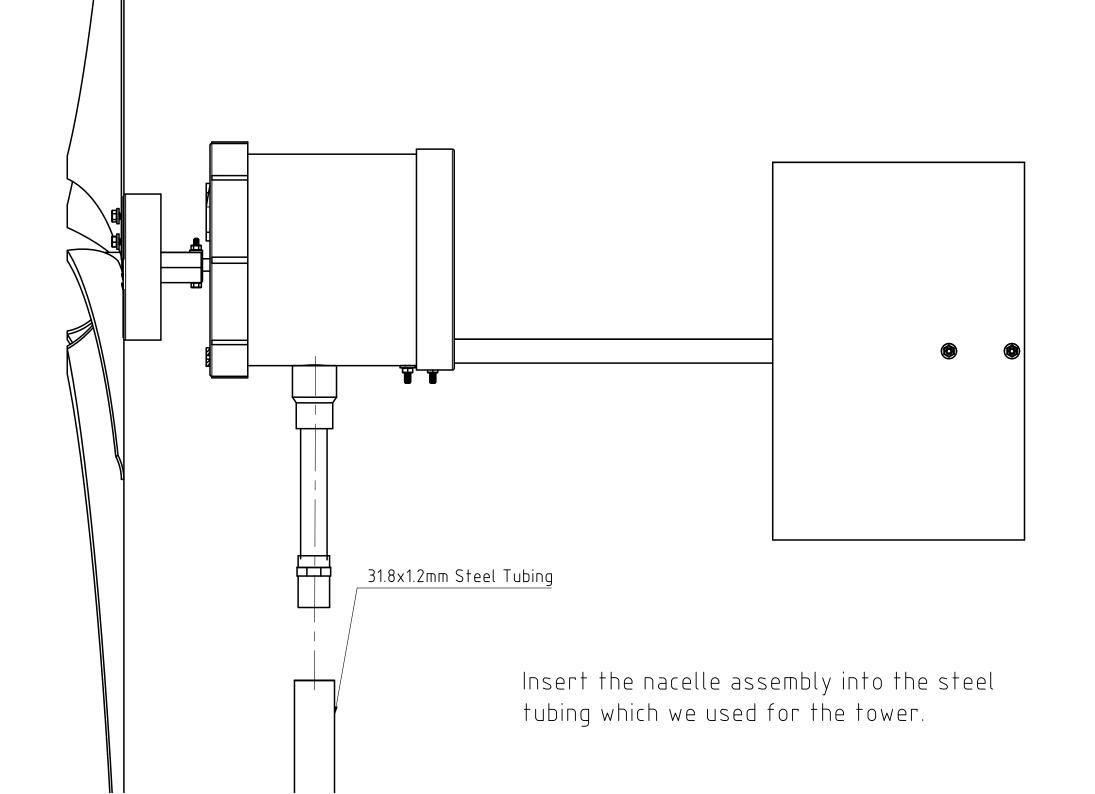
Yaw bearing 1

In order to allow the turbine to rotate, we use a 20mm to 15mm PVC reducer as a 'yaw bearing' to reduce friction





Make sure to screw in the bottom 'bearing' nice and tight. 0



That's it! Your wind turbine is ready to be wired in and start producing electricity.

