

Lab Center – Hands-on Lab

Session 4104

Session Title Beam Me Up Watson

Dave Locke, IBM

John Walicki, IBM

Ernesto Manuel Cantone, STMicroelectronics

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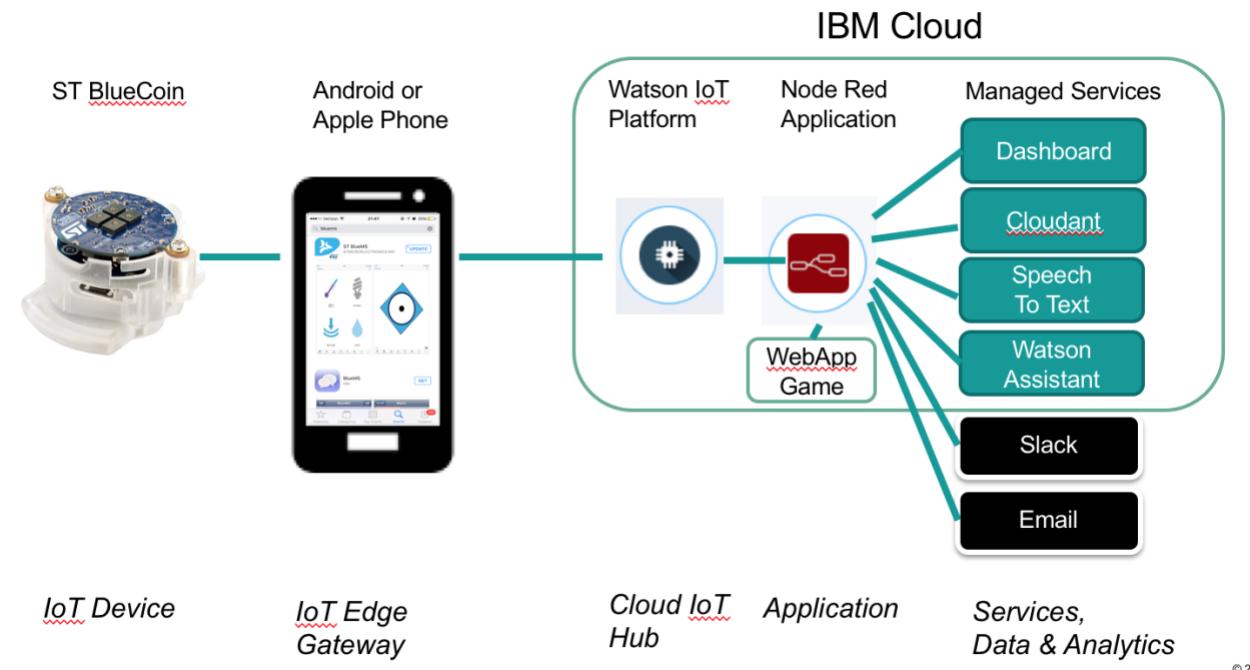
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Overview of the Lab

This lab, jointly presented by IBM and STMicroelectronics, combines a ST BlueCoin IoT starter kit, a mobile app and a set of IBM Cloud services to create a lapel communicator and sensor platform. The lab shows how to connect the BlueCoin, send sensor data and voice, and build an IBM Cloud app using a number of services including Watson IoT Platform, Node-Red, Speech to Text and Watson Assistant to consume and interact with the sensor and voice data.

The diagram below shows how the components of the Lab link together. What is built in the lab is an exemplar of a typical IoT solution. The lab provides a solid grounding in the principles of IoT and once completed will enable rich and more diverse projects to be undertaken.



Components used in the Lab: -

- ST BlueCoin Starter Kit
 - o The device that collects sensor data such as motion and voice
 - o It communicates with a smart phone via the Bluetooth protocol
- Smart Phone
 - o The phone has several roles
 - o It acts as a IoT Gateway enabling data from the BlueCoin to be exchanged with the IBM Cloud
 - o It runs a mobile application that interacts with the BlueCoin, enabling the data collected by the BlueCoin to be visualization and optionally send to the cloud.
- IBM Cloud

- At a high level it provides the capability to
 - Host and run applications that can be written in a wide variety of programming languages and hosted in different runtime environments including containers.
 - Provides a catalog of “managed services” that an application can make use of. The services are split into categories including IoT, Data, Analytics, DevOps and Watson.
- Watson IoT Platform
 - A managed service provided in the IBM Cloud
 - Acts as a hub for connecting and managing devices
 - Enables data from devices to be handed to upstream applications and services and for applications and services to send data and commands to devices.
- Node-RED
 - An application development tool and runtime offered in the IBM Cloud
 - Enables applications to be built using visual wiring combined with drag and drop.
 - In some cases applications can be created without writing a single line of code.
 - Node-RED also runs in many other environments including laptops and Raspberry Pis.
- Dashboard
 - A Web dashboard will be created as part of the lab enabling visualization of device and application data
- Cloudant
 - A document-based data store provided as a managed Service in the IBM Cloud
 - Can be used to store device and application data
 - Is used by Node-RED to store configuration information
- Speech to Text
 - An IBM Cloud service that converts speech to text
 - Used to transcribe the voice data collected by the BlueCoin to Text
- Watson Assistant
 - Enables the creation of “assistant” type applications using a set of skills. There are a set of default skills such as weather and time plus the capability to extend with new skills.
 - Provided as a managed service in IBM Cloud
 - Transcribed voice will be used to interact with Watson Assistant
- Slack
 - An external service that the lab will interact with to post messages to a slack channel
- Web Application
 - A pre-built web application in the form of a game
 - The lab will extend the game to use the BlueCoin to control the game

Pre-reqs

- IBM Cloud ID
 - To run the lab an IBM Cloud ID is required.
 - For the Think 2018 conference hands on labs an ID will be allocated to each attendee.
 - Outside of the Think 2018 conference a user can register for their own IBM Cloud ID or use an enterprise account.

- A Lite account that provides free access to IBM Cloud can be created here <https://console.bluemix.net/>
 - The majority of the lab will work with a Lite account. There are some parts of the workshop where an account with 512Mb of memory is required, a Lite account is restricted to 256Mb meaning certain parts of the lab may not run
- Android or Apple smart phone or tablet
 - The BlueCoin starter kit connects to a smart phone which in turn connects to the IBM Cloud. The lab requires an Android or Apple smart phone or tablet capable of running the ST BlueMS mobile application.
 - The ST BlueMS mobile application is available on both the Google and Apple app stores
 - Android <https://play.google.com/store/apps/details?id=com.st.bluems&hl=en>
 - iOS <https://itunes.apple.com/gb/app/st-bluems/id993670214?mt=8>
 - The smart phone or device must have Bluetooth (BLE) support enabled for the BlueCoin to communicate to the phone/tablet.
 - The smart phone / tablet must have internet connectivity either via mobile data or via Wi-Fi.
 - Note: The screenshots in this PDF are taken from an Android device. The screens on iOS may differ but the instructions are still the same.

ST BlueCoin



This lab uses hardware in the form of the BlueCoin Starter Kit from STMicroelectronics. The BlueCoin integrated development and prototyping platform for augmented acoustic and motion sensing for IoT applications builds on the listening and balancing capabilities of the human ear.

It lets you explore advanced sensor fusion and signal processing functions with a 4 digital MEMS microphone array, a high-performance 9-axis inertial and environmental sensor unit and time-of-flight ranging sensors.

An Introduction to STMicroelectronics and the BlueCoin Starter Kit are provided in a separate document that covers; -

- About
- BlueCoin device / HW intro
- Device to Phone Connectivity
- Smart Phone App

- Phone to Watson IoT Platform Quickstart (sensor data to cloud)

The training material for the BlueCoin can be found here

<https://github.com/lockedj/BeamMeUpWatson/blob/master/4104%20BlueCoin%20Hands-on%20Training.pdf>

Before progressing, you should be familiar with the BlueCoin and related ST BlueMS mobile application

The ST SensorTile is another Starter Kit that has similar capability to the BlueCoin. The material in this lab can also be used with the SensorTile.

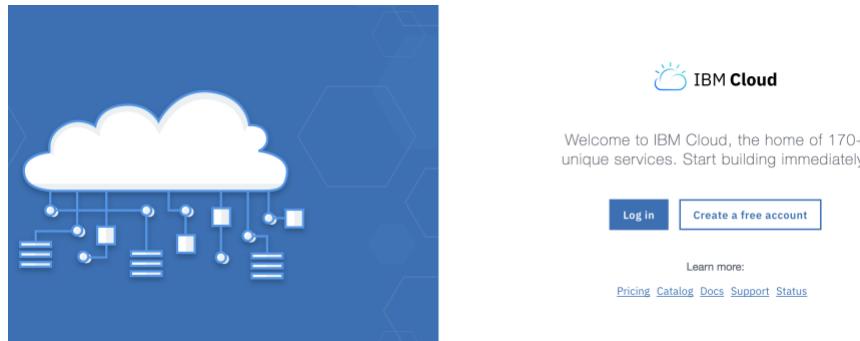
Section 1 – Login and prepare your IBM Cloud account

This section covers how to login to IBM Cloud.

Think2018 Attendees will be provided with an IBMid for use during the lab.

Step 1.1 Login

- In a new browser tab, go to <http://bluemix.net> and click “**Log in**”
 - If you do not already have an IBM id, click on **Create a free account** and follow the instructions
 - For info, you may spot the term Bluemix in a few places, this is the old name of what is now IBM Cloud



- Log in to IBM Cloud with your IBMid and password

Log into IBM Bluemix

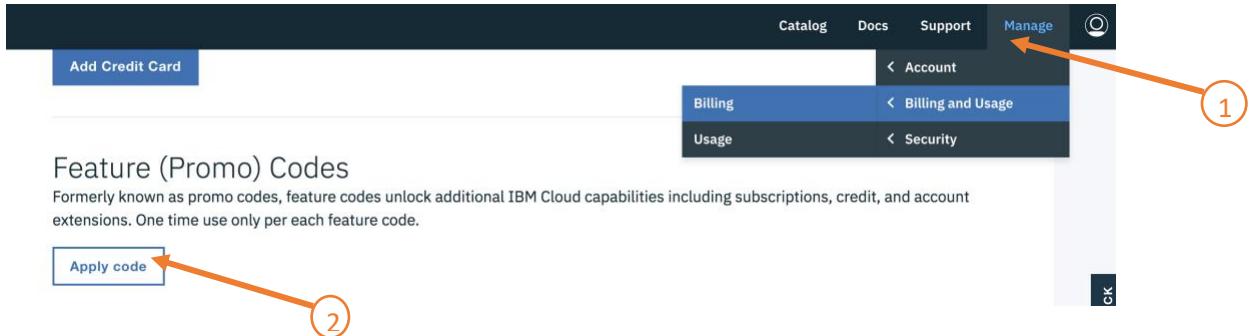
IBMid: user@clouddragons.com

Password	Forgot your password?
<input type="password" value="....."/>	
<input type="button" value="Log In"/>	

[Use a different IBMid or email](#)

Step 1.2 Think 2018 attendees apply promo code

- For Think 2018 attendees a promo code is supplied that will upgrade from a Lite account to a Trial account with more memory enabling all of the sections of the workshop to be completed. Once logged, apply the promo code



- Select menu **Manage** then **Billing and Usage** then **Billing** (1)
- Under Feature (Promo) Codes click **Apply code** (2)
- Enter and apply the code you have been provided with

Section 2 – Create an Internet of Things Starter App

In this section we will create both an instance of the Watson IoT Platform (WIoTP) service and a Node Red application development and runtime environment. WIoTP is a hub for connecting devices and exchanging data with the devices. Node Red is what we will use to develop our application that will be hosted and run in the IBM Cloud.

Step 2.1 – Create an IoT Starter Application

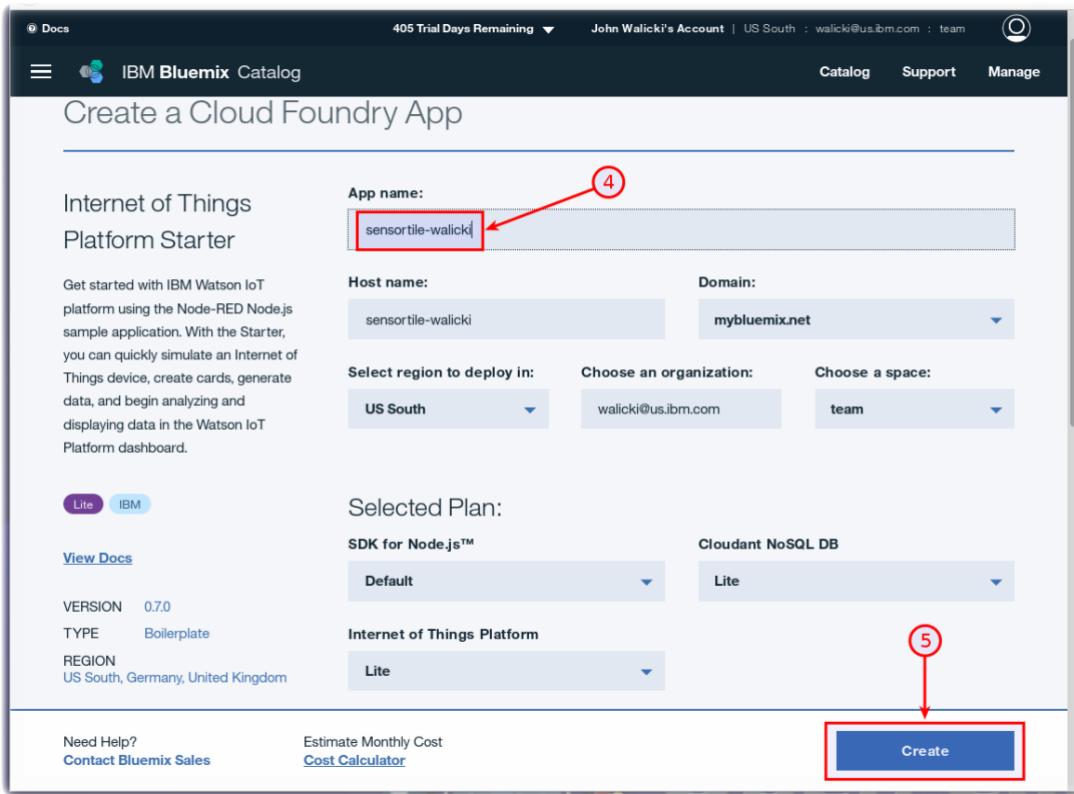
We will use a Boilerplate to speed up the process of creating instances of WIoTP and Node Red. The boilerplate performs multiple actions that if required can also be performed individually.

- Click on the **Catalog** (1) and search for '**internet of things**' (2)

- The **Internet of Things Platform Starter** (3) boilerplate is a pattern with pre-assembled services that work together. The Internet of Things Platform Starter includes a Node-RED Node.js web server, Cloudant database to store the sensor data, and the IoT platform service so you can connect devices. Select this boiler plate

The screenshot shows the IBM Bluemix Catalog interface. At the top, there is a navigation bar with 'Docs', '405 Trial Days Remaining', 'John Walicki's Account | US South : walicki@us.ibm.com : team', and user profile icons. Below the navigation bar, the main area has a sidebar on the left with categories like 'All Categories (22)', 'Infrastructure' (Compute, Storage, Network, Security, Containers, VMware), and 'Platform (22)' (Boilerplates (1), APIs, Application Services (5)). The main content area features a search bar with the text 'internet of things' (circled with red arrow 1). Below the search bar, under the 'Platform' section, is a heading 'Boilerplates' with the sub-instruction 'Get started with a new app, now.' A card for the 'Internet of Things Platform Starter' is displayed, featuring a gear icon, the name 'Internet of Things Platform Starter', a description 'Get started with IBM Watson IoT platform using the Node-RED Node...', and two buttons: 'Lite' (purple) and 'IBM' (blue). Red arrows point from the search term to the search bar (1), from the search bar to the card (2), and from the card to the 'Lite' button (3).

- Give your application a name that is unique (4) e.g. bluecoin-yourinitials. If you choose ***myapp***, your application will be located at <http://myapp.mybluemix.net>. There can only be one “***myapp***” application and URL registered in IBM Cloud

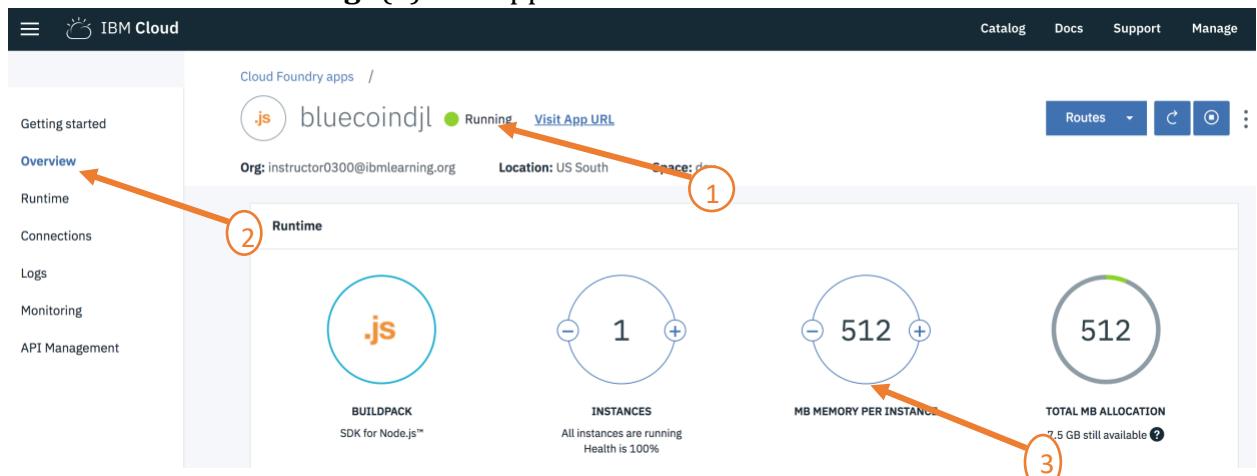


- Press the **Create** button (5).
- IBM Cloud will create an application in your account based on the services in the boilerplate. This is called staging an application. It can take a few minutes for this process to complete. While you wait, you can click on the **Logs** tab and see activity logs from the platform and Node.js runtime.

Step 2.2 – Increase the memory available to the application

If the IBM Cloud account has more than 256Mb available, the memory available to the Starter Application should be increased to 512Mb

- Once the Green “**Running**” (1) icon appears



- Select **Overview (2)** for the application
- The MB Memory per instance defaults to 256MB. Increase this to 512MB (3)
- Select **Save** and the application will be restaged (stopped and restarted). Once restarted the application will have 256MB available.

Step 2.3 - Launch the IoT Starter Application

- Once the Green “**Running**” icon appears, Click the **Visit App URL** link (6).

The screenshot shows the IBM Bluemix Cloud Foundry Apps interface. On the left, there's a sidebar with options like 'Getting started', 'Overview', 'Runtime', 'Connections', 'Logs', 'Monitoring', and 'API Management'. The main area displays the 'Cloud Foundry apps / sensortile-walicki' page. It features a thumbnail of the application, its name 'sensortile-walicki', and its status 'Running' with a green icon. Below the status, there's a 'Visit App URL' link. A red arrow with the number '6' points to this link. The page also includes a brief description of the Watson IoT Platform Starter, deployment details, and a list of services it uses, such as Watson IoT Platform, IBM SDK for Node.js, IBM Cloudant NoSQL DB, and a Node-RED application.

Step 2.4 – Configure the Node-RED visual programming editor

- A new browser tab will open to the Node-RED start page. Node-RED is an open-source Node.js application that provides a visual programming editor that makes it easy to wire together flows. Select a username / password to access the Node-RED editor. **Remember** your username / password. Click the red button **Go to your Node-RED flow editor** to launch the editor.

The image consists of four panels arranged in a 2x2 grid. The top-left panel shows the first step of a configuration wizard titled 'Welcome to your Internet of Things Platform (IoTP) boilerplate application on IBM Bluemix'. It contains a brief introduction and a single bullet point: 'Secure your Node-RED editor'. The bottom-left panel shows the second step, 'Secure your Node-RED editor', with two radio button options: one selected for secure access and another for guest access. The top-right panel shows the third step, 'Finish the configuration', where the user has selected the secure editor option. The bottom-right panel shows the final Node-RED dashboard with a red header, the Node-RED logo, and a link to the flow editor.

Welcome to your Internet of Things Platform (IoTP) boilerplate application on IBM Bluemix

This sample application uses Node RED to help demonstrate the wonderful things you can do with your IoTP service. We know you're eager to check it out, but first there is something important to do:

- Secure your Node-RED editor

Previous **Next**

Secure your Node-RED editor

Secure your editor so only authorised users can access it

Username

Password Must be at least 8 characters

Allow anyone to view the editor, but not make any changes

Not recommended: Allow anyone to access the editor and make changes

Previous **Next**

Finish the configuration

You have made the following selections:

- Secure your editor so only authorised users can access it

The settings will be persisted in the CloudantDB bound to this application. You can override them at any time by setting the following environment variables via the Bluemix console:

- NODE_RED_USERNAME - the username
- NODE_RED_PASSWORD - the password
- NODE_RED_GUEST_ACCESS - if set to 'true', allows anyone read-only access to the editor

Previous **Finish**

Node-RED on IBM Bluemix for IBM Watson IoT Platform

Node-RED

Flow-based programming for the Internet of Things

Node-RED is a programming tool for wiring together hardware devices, APIs and online services in new and interesting ways.

The version running here has been customized for the IBM Watson IoT Platform.

More information about Node-RED, including documentation, can be found at nodered.org.

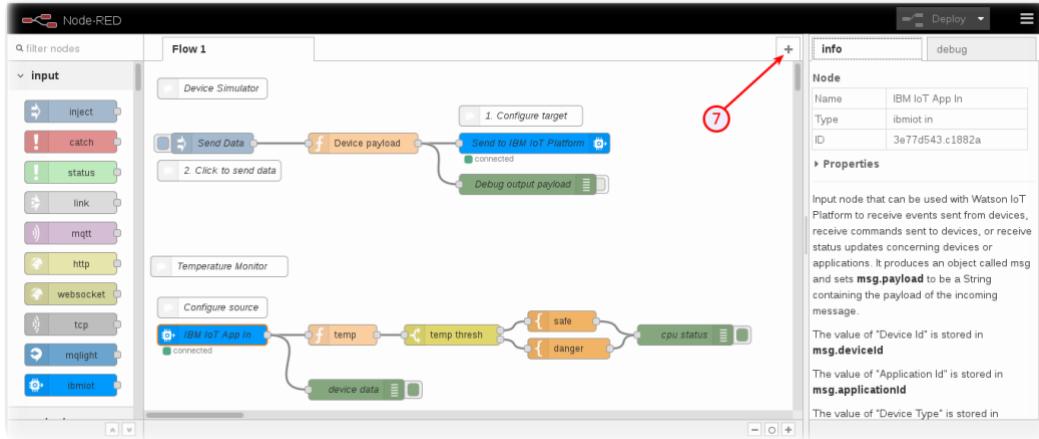
Go to your Node-RED flow editor

[Learn how to customise Node-RED](#)

Customising your instance of Node-RED

This instance of Node-RED is enough to get you started creating flows.
<https://sensorile-walicki.mybluemix.net/red/>

- The Node-RED Visual Programming Editor will open with a default flow.
- On the left side is a palette of nodes that you can drag onto the flow.
- You can wire nodes together to create a program.
- The default “sample” flow (application) receives data from a device via WIoTP, extracts the temperature from the message payload, and based on the temperature decides if it is a safe or dangerous temperature.
- There is plenty more to come on Node-RED later in the lab.



Section 3 – Connect the BlueCoin to WIoTP

Earlier in the lab the BlueCoin was connected to IBM Quickstart and the sensor data from the BlueCoin visualized via a web page. IBM Quickstart is a special instance of WIoTP. In this section the BlueCoin will be connected to the instance of WIoTP that was created in the previous section and the data visualized in the WIoTP dashboard.

Step 3.1 – IBM Cloud dashboard

The IBM Cloud dashboard is the user interface through which all of resources can be reached.

- Click on IBM Cloud (1) in the top left of the dashboard of the IBM Cloud page to access the dashboard

The screenshot shows the IBM Cloud dashboard with the following details:

- Cloud Foundry Apps**: 256 MB/256 MB Used

Name	Route	State
bluecoin-djl	bluecoin-djl.mybluemix...	Awake (1/1)
- Cloud Foundry Services**: 2/100 Used

Name	Service Offering	Plan
bluecoin-djl-cloudantNoSQLDB	Cloudant NoSQL DB	Lite
bluecoin-djl-iotf-service	Internet of Things Platform	Lite

- The dashboard shows the applications and services that were created by the Internet of Things Starter boilerplate. There will be :-
 - One Cloud Foundry Application (2)
 - Two services, a cloudant document-based data store (3) that is used by node-red to store its configuration data and can optionally be used by the application to store data such as the sensor data from the BlueCoin. An instance of the Internet of Things Platform (4)

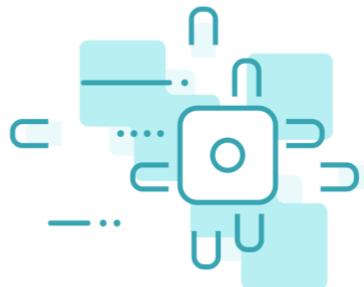
Step 3.2 – Register the BlueCoin device with the Watson IoT Platform

The Watson IoT Platform (WIOTP) dashboard is the user interface for interacting with all resources related to the WIOTP service. The dashboard will be used to register the BlueCoin with the platform.

Step 3.2.1 Launch the WIOTP dashboard

- Head to the WIOTP dashboard by selecting the WIOTP instance from the IBM Cloud dashboard (4). This brings up the launch page for the WIOTP dashboard

Manage
Plan
Connections
Internet of Things /

bluecoin-djl-iotf-service
Location: US South
Org: instructor0300@ibmlearning.org
Space: dev


Let's get started with Watson IoT Platform

Securely connect, control, and manage devices. Quickly build IoT applications that analyze data from the physical world.

Launch
Docs


- Select **Launch** (1)
- Now head to the **Devices** page of the dashboard by selecting the **Devices** icon (1)

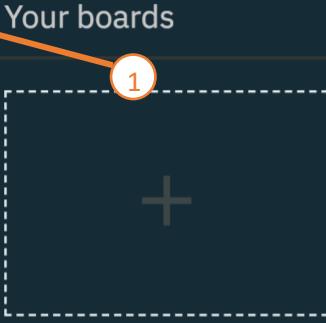
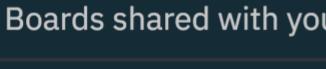
IBM Watson IoT Platform [QUICKSTART](#) [SERVICE STATUS](#) [DOCUMENTATION](#) [BLOG](#)

[instructor0300@ibml... ▾](#)
[ID: \(sqpbmj\)](#)

Your boards Public boards + Create New Board

Your boards Sort By Recently changed

Boards shared with you

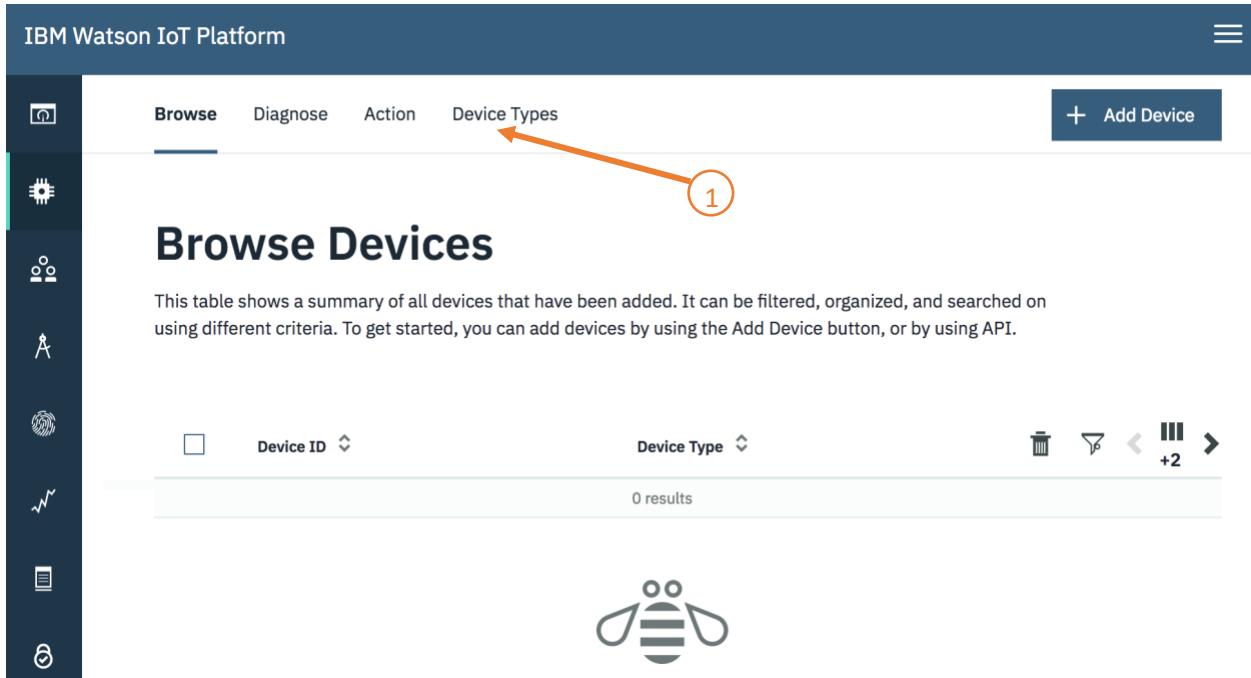
 

Step 3.2.2 Define a Device Type for the BlueCoin

- There are no devices currently registered. A device must be classified by type before instances of the device can be registered. Select **Device Types** (1)



The screenshot shows the IBM Watson IoT Platform dashboard. The top navigation bar includes 'IBM Watson IoT Platform', 'Browse' (which is selected), 'Diagnose', 'Action', 'Device Types' (circled with a red arrow and labeled '1'), and '+ Add Device'. Below the navigation is a sidebar with various icons. The main content area is titled 'Browse Devices' and contains a summary message: 'This table shows a summary of all devices that have been added. It can be filtered, organized, and searched on using different criteria. To get started, you can add devices by using the Add Device button, or by using API.' Below this is a table header with columns for 'Device ID' and 'Device Type', and a footer indicating '0 results'. A small icon of a bee is centered below the table.

- Select **+ Device Types** in the top right of the dashboard

The screenshot shows the WIoTP Device Types interface. At the top, there are tabs for 'Browse', 'Diagnose', 'Action', and 'Device Types'. Below that, a sub-menu has tabs for 'Add Type', 'Identity', and 'Device Information'. An 'X' button is on the right. The main area is titled 'Select Type' and contains a description: 'Device types group devices that have similar characteristics, such as model number, firmware version, or location. Give the device type a unique name and a description that identifies characteristics that are shared by devices of this type.' Below this, there are fields for 'Type' (set to 'Device'), 'Name' (containing 'bluecoin'), and 'Description' (containing 'STMicroelectronics starter kits'). A note next to the 'Name' field says: 'The device type name is used to identify the device type uniquely and uses a restricted set of characters to make it suitable for API use.' A red arrow points from the note to the circled '1' in the note. Another red arrow points from the circled '2' to the 'Next' button at the bottom right.

- Give the Device Type a name (1) such as *bluecoin* and optionally a description
- Select **Next** (2) and on the next page optionally fill in information related to the BlueCoin and then select **Done**.

Step 3.2.3 Register an instance of the BlueCoin

- Now the Device Type has been created one or more BlueCoins can be registered to WIoTP. Registering a device to WIoTP enables the device to be securely connected and for additional meta information and interfaces to be defined for use in managing the device and for upstream applications to make use of

The screenshot shows the IBM Watson IoT Platform interface. At the top, there's a navigation bar with links for QUICKSTART, SERVICE STATUS, DOCUMENTATION, and BLOG. On the right, it shows the user's email (instructor0300@ibm.com) and ID (sqpbmj). Below the navigation is a secondary header with links for Browse, Diagnose, Action, and Device Types, with Device Types being the active tab. A blue button labeled '+ Add Device Type' is also present. The main content area displays a message: 'You added the new device type: bluecoin'. It includes two tabs: 'Register Device' (selected) and 'Advanced Flow'. Below these tabs, there's an optional section titled 'Register Devices, Define Interfaces' with a note: 'Now that you added a device type, you can register and connect devices for this type.' A large central icon depicts a microchip or gear. At the bottom of the page are 'Cancel' and 'Next' buttons.

- Select **Register Devices (2)** to open the dialog to register your device

The screenshot shows the 'Add Device' dialog box. The title bar says 'Add Device' and has tabs for Identity, Device Information, Security, and Summary. The Identity tab is selected. The left sidebar has sections for 'Identity', 'Device Information', 'Security', and 'Summary'. The main content area for the Identity tab has a sub-section titled 'Select a device type for the device that you are adding and give the device a unique ID.' It contains two input fields: 'Select Existing Device Type' (with a dropdown menu showing 'bluecoin') and 'Device ID' (with a text input field containing 'bluecoindjl'). Orange arrows point from numbered circles (1, 2, 3) to these fields. At the bottom right of the dialog are 'Cancel' and 'Next' buttons, with an orange arrow pointing to the 'Next' button.

- Select the device type you just created (1)
- Every device registered to an instance of WIoTP must have a unique name. For instance, a serial number or a MAC address make good unique identifiers. Fill in the **Device ID (2)**, for the lab a name like bluecoin<yourinitials> will work but in real world solutions ensuring a device has a unique identity is important.

- Select **Next (3)**
- On the **Device Information** window optionally fill in information about the BlueCoin then select **Next** to move to the Device Security window

Browse Diagnose Action Device Types

Device Security

There are two options for selecting a device authentication token.

Auto-generated authentication token (default)

Allow the service to generate an authentication token for you. Tokens are 18 characters and contain a mix of alphanumeric characters and symbols. The token is returned to you at the end of the device registration process.

Self-provided authentication token

Provide your own authentication token for this device. The token must be between 8 and 36 characters and contain a mix lowercase and uppercase letters, numbers, and symbols, which can include hyphens, underscores, and periods. Do not use repeated characters, dictionary words, user names, or other predefined sequences.

Authentication Token ①

Make a note of the generated token. Lost authentication tokens cannot be recovered. Tokens are encrypted before being stored. ②

Authentication token are encrypted before we store them.

③ Next

- Ensuring a device connects securely is important. It is recommended that devices connect using TLS to provide secure network connection between the device and WIoTP. The device needs to provide some credentials to WIoTP to enable WIoTP to identify it and to trust it. A Certificate can be used for this purpose or alternatively a Token can be used.
- If the **Authentication Token (1)** field is left blank a token will be generated. For the lab fill in a token that is memorable. In either case ensure you remember the token as 1) it will be needed later 2) it is non-recoverable once the registration process is completed.
- Select **Next (2)**

Add Device Identity Device Information Security **Summary** X

Summary

Verify that the following information is correct then select Done

Device Type
bluecoin

Device ID
bluecoindjl

View Metadata

Security Token
password

◀ **Done**

- A summary screen is presented.
- Select **Done (1)** to complete registration of the BlueCoin

Step 3.2.4 Note the org id for WIoTP

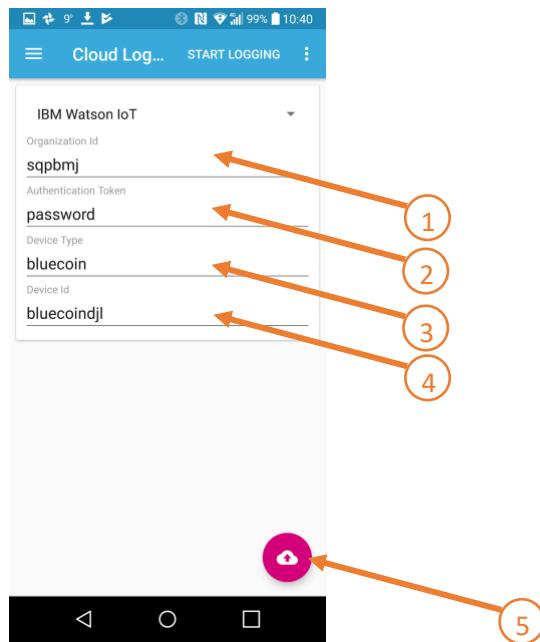
Every instance of WIoTP has a unique identity known as the organization or org id. When connecting a device, the org id will be required.

- One place to find the org id is to look at the url for the WIoTO dashboard . It will look similar to :-
<https://sqpbmj.internetofthings.ibmcloud.com/dashboard/#/devices/browse-v2?add=bluecoin>
- The first part or the URL in this case **sqpbmj** is the org id. Take a note of your orgid for use later in the lab.

Step 3.3 – Configure the ST BlueMS mobile application to send data to WIoTP

The ST BlueMS mobile application has built in capability to connect and interact with WIoTP

- Open the ST BlueMS Mobile Application, connect to your BlueCoin and turn to the **Cloud Logging** menu. Choose the **IBM Watson IoT** option from the dropdown.



- Enter the **Organization Id** (1) from step 2.4
- Enter the **Authentication token** (2) from step 2.3
- Enter the **Device Type** (3) from step 2.2
- Enter the **Device ID** (4) from step 2.3
- The mobile application is now ready to receive data from the BlueCoin and send it to WIoTP. To start sending data select the cloud icon (5)
- This brings up a screen providing a choice of which data is to be sent to the cloud.

-
- Let's start by selecting **Compass** (2) Once selected the app starts sending the data to WIoTP

Step 3.4 – View the raw data in WIoTP dashboard

Once data is being sent to WIoTP it can be viewed in a few ways including: -

1. Raw data in the WIoTP dashboard
2. Create an administration dashboard with UI widgets inside of WIOTP
3. Build an application to view the data outside of WIOTP

In the lab we will start with 1. and move on to 3. Creating an administrative dashboard is quick and fun and left as an exercise for after the lab is completed.

- Head back to the WIoTP dashboard and select the devices view (1)
- Then select your BlueCoin device

Identity	Device Information	Recent Events	State	Logs
Device ID bluecoindjl	Device Type bluecoin			
Date Added 4 Mar 2018 10:19				
Added By instructor0300@ibmlearning.org				
Connection Status Disconnected				
Last Connected: 4 Mar 2018 10:46				
Client Address: 146.199.129.199/SecureToken				
Duration: 2 minutes				
Data Transferred: 4.8 KB				

- A great deal of information can be seen in the deices view. The front panel (2) shows the current connection status and when it last connected and if it connected securely
- The **Logs** view (3) shows a list of log messages showing when the device connected along with errors.
- Select the **Recent Events (4)** view. Here we can see the raw data as it arrives from the device.

bluecoindjl bluecoin Device

Identity Device Information **Recent Events** State Logs

 **Showing Raw Data** | The recent events listed show the live stream of data that is coming and going from this device.

Event	Value	Format	Last Received
Compass	{"d":{"timestamp":17032,"Angle":14...}	json	a few seconds ago
Compass	{"d":{"timestamp":16395,"Angle":14...}	json	a few seconds ago
Compass	{"d":{"timestamp":15757,"Angle":14...}	json	a few seconds ago
Compass	{"d":{"timestamp":15120,"Angle":14...}	json	a few seconds ago
Compass	{"d":{"timestamp":14482,"Angle":14...}	json	a few seconds ago

- As an event arrives it is displayed as the first item in the list of events. Note: - this view only displays events when a device is connected and is actively sending in data.
- Select one of the events (1) to see the payload of the event. For a Compass event the time the reading was taken, and the Angle can be seen.

Device ID: bluecoindjl

Event Payload

Event Name: Compass
Time Received: 4 Mar 2018 11:03

```

1 <pre>{
2   "d": {
3     "timestamp": 24670,
4     "Angle": 139.3000030517578
5   }
6 </pre>

```

Event
Compass
Compass
Compass
Compass
Compass

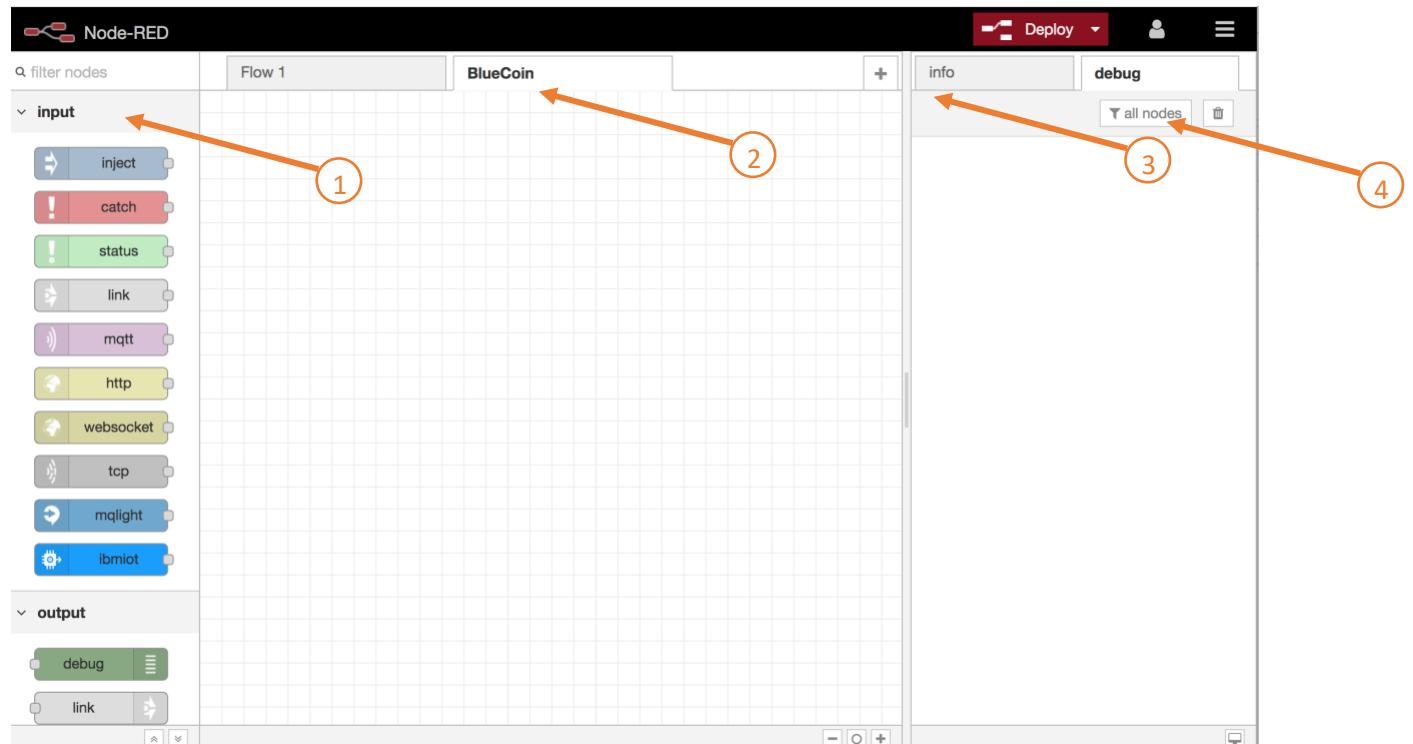
Compass {"d":{"timestamp":24033,"Angle":13...} json a few seconds ago

Section 4 – Create a Hello World app in IBM Cloud

Before building an IoT app lets get use to the Node-Red development environment and build a simple hello world application.

Step 4.1 Node-Red intro

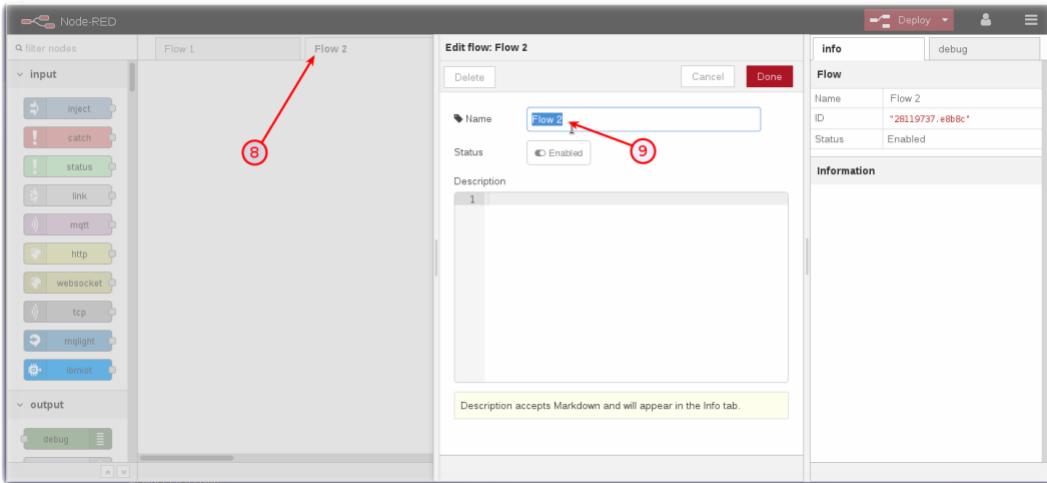
- Head back to your Node-Red development environment from Section 2, Step 3



- On the left-hand side (1) are a palette of Nodes that can be used to build an application. The nodes are categorized into groups such as input, output, function and storage. Node-red and the nodes are open source. Node-red comes with a default set of nodes. There are many additional nodes that have been contributed by IBM and the community that can be installed. A little later in the lab we will install some new nodes.
- We will build our HelloWorld app in its own **Flow** (2)
- When a Node is selected information about the node can be seen in the **info** tab (3)
- When an application has been deployed, the **debug** tab (4) will show any debug output.

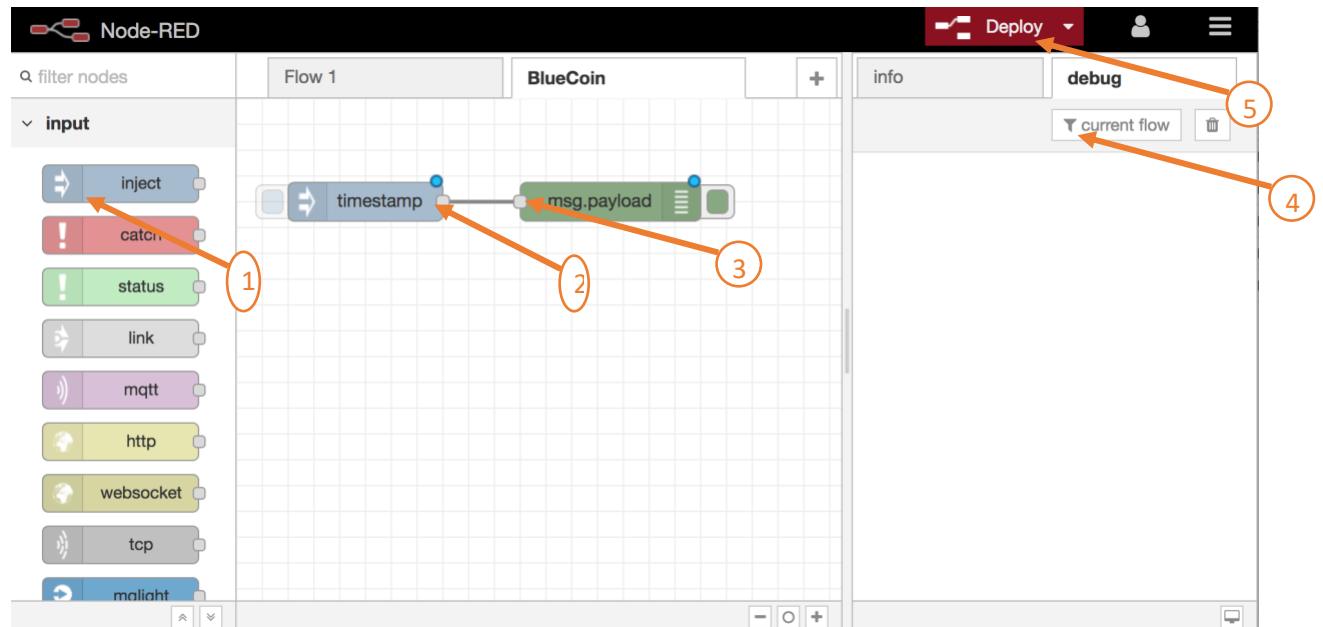
Step 4.2 Create a new Flow

- A Node-Red application can be split into multiple parts where each part is constructed in its own **Flow**. Click the + icon (7) to add a new tab. Click on the **Flow** (2) tab header (8).
- Rename this tab from **Flow 2** to **HelloWorld** (9)



Step 4.3 Build the HelloWorld app

The HelloWorld app will generate a timestamp message and display it in the debug tab



- Drag an **Inject** (1) node from the Input palette onto the HelloWorld flow.
- Drag an **Debug** node from the Output palette onto the HelloWorld flow.
- Wire the output node of the Inject node (2) to the input node of the Debug node (3)
- Select the Debug tab and change All nodes to **current flow** (4). This restricts the debug view to only showing output from the current flow, in this case BlueCoin
- The application is now ready to deploy. Select **Deploy** (5) and the HelloWorld application is made live

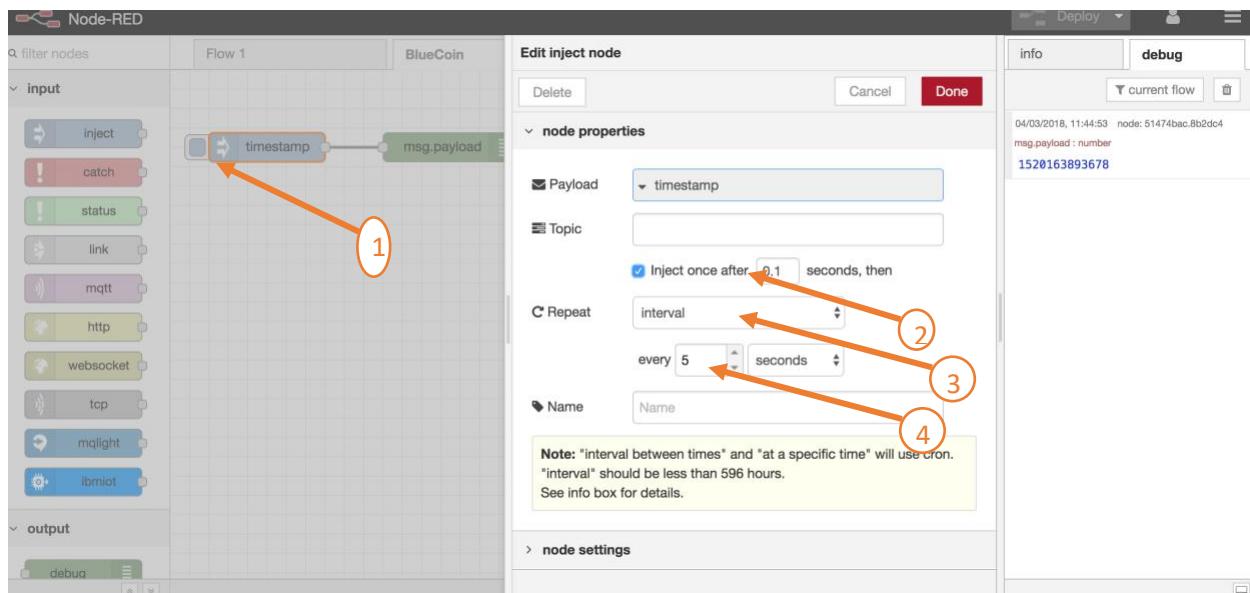
Step 4.4 Test the HelloWorld app

The application is configured to send a timestamp when the inject node is triggered

- Select the icon on the left-hand side of the inject node (2). This will trigger the inject node to send a timestamp. The timestamp will be sent via the output node along the wire to the input of the debug node. The debug node will then display it in the debug tab.

Step 4.5 Modify the HelloWorld app

Let's modify the application to send a timestamp every 5 seconds.



- Double click on the inject node (1) in the HelloWorld flow to open the configuration panel for the node
- Select the **Inject once after checkbox** (2) to trigger the flow to run as soon as the application is deployed
- Change **Repeat to Interval** (3)
- Change the interval to every 5 seconds
- **Deploy** the application. Every 5 seconds a new timestamp will be seen in the debug panel.

Step 4.6 Delete the HelloWorld app

The hello world app has shown the basics of Node-Red but has nothing to do with IoT, lets delete it and move on to something a little more interesting,

- Double click the “HelloWorld” title / label of the flow.
- Select **Delete**

Completed HelloWorld app

- For info a complete version of the HelloWorld app can be found at <https://github.com/lockedj/BeamMeUpWatson/tree/master/Flows> as helloworld.flow

- This can be imported into Node-RED by copying the contents of the file to the clipboard. In Node-RED open the menu (top right, three horizontal bars), select **Import** then **Clipboard**. Paste the clipboard into the dialog and then select **Import**. Drop the resulting nodes and wires onto the flow. Then **Deploy**

Section 5 – Create a User Interface to Visualise Data from the BlueCoin

One of the stages when developing an IoT application is to find a way to visualize data from the device. In this section we will build a dashboard to visualize the data from the BlueCoin. Node-Red has a set of Dashboard nodes that will be used to build the user interface.

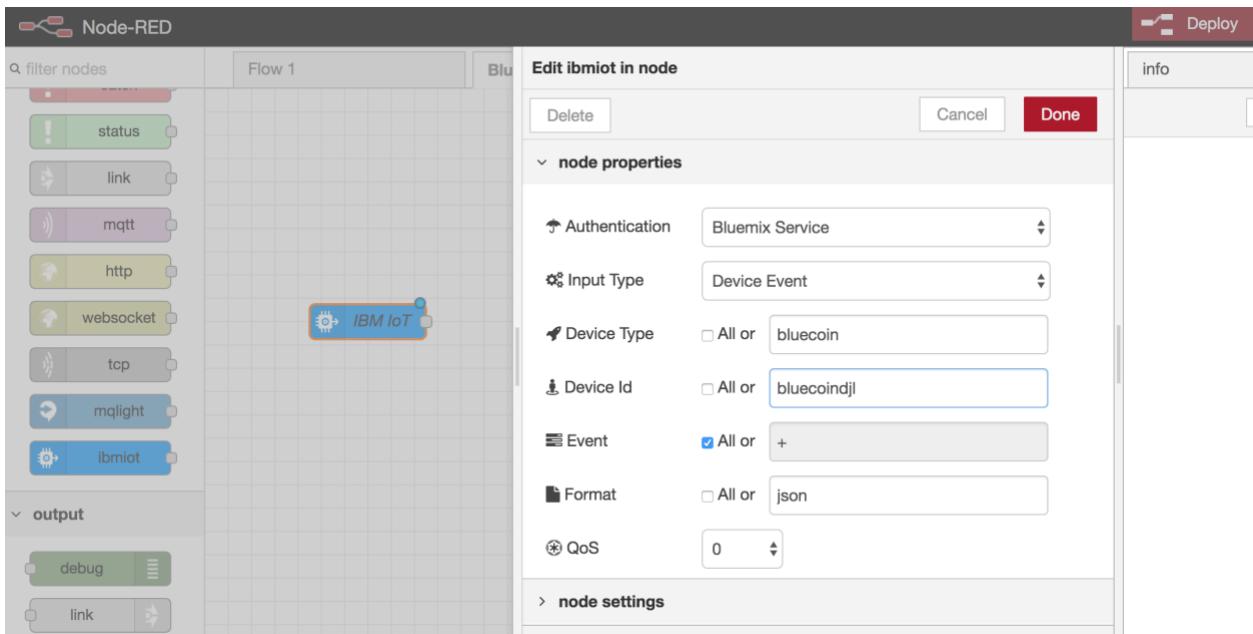
Step 5.1 Create a new Flow to develop user interface in

- Follow step 4.2 and create a new flow and call it BlueCoin

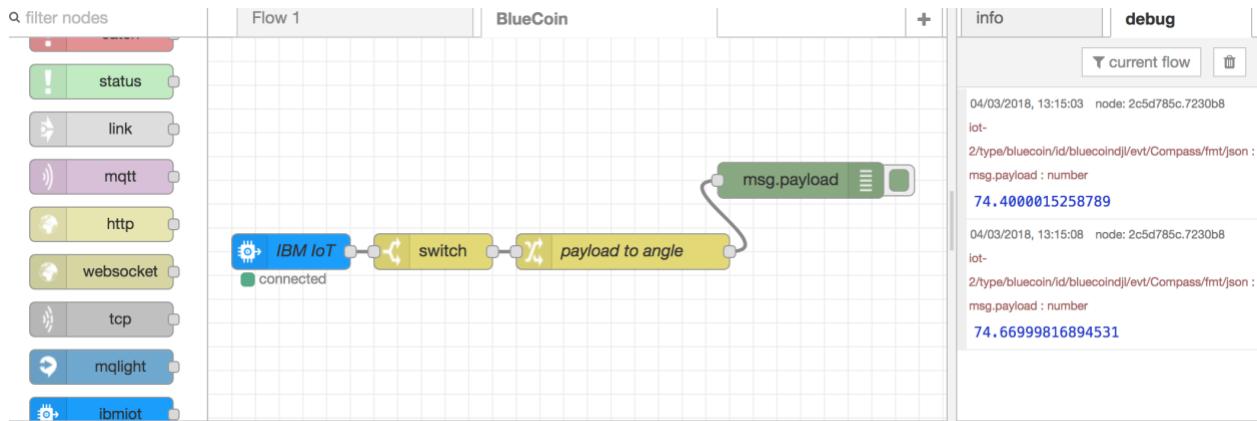
Step 5.2 Receive the compass data from the BlueCoin in Node-Red

Before building the user interface, let's setup Node-RED to receive data from the WIoTP

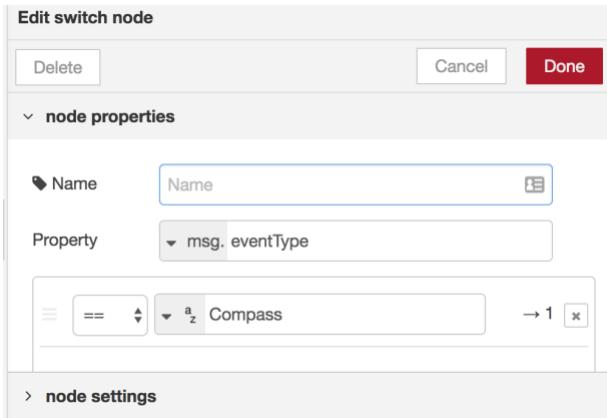
- In the **input** category of your Node-RED palette, find the **ibmiot node** and drag it onto your flow. The ibmiot node is used to receive data from and to send data to WIoTP and hence the device.



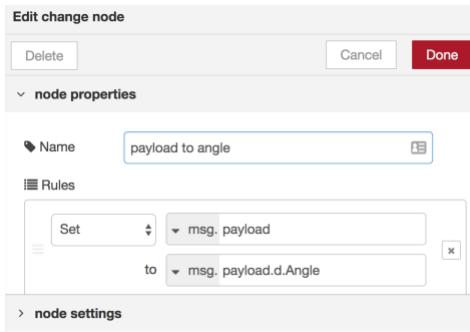
- Double click on the **IBM IoT in node** and configure the node
 - Change **Authentication** from QuickStart to Bluemix service. This configures the IoT node to receive data from the WIoTP instance created with the boilerplate.
 - Change **Device Type** to the device type created earlier (bluecoin). Alternatively, as there is only one device used set the **All** checkbox
 - Change **Device Id** to your chosen device id. Alternatively, as there is only one device used set the **All** checkbox
- Click on the **Done** button



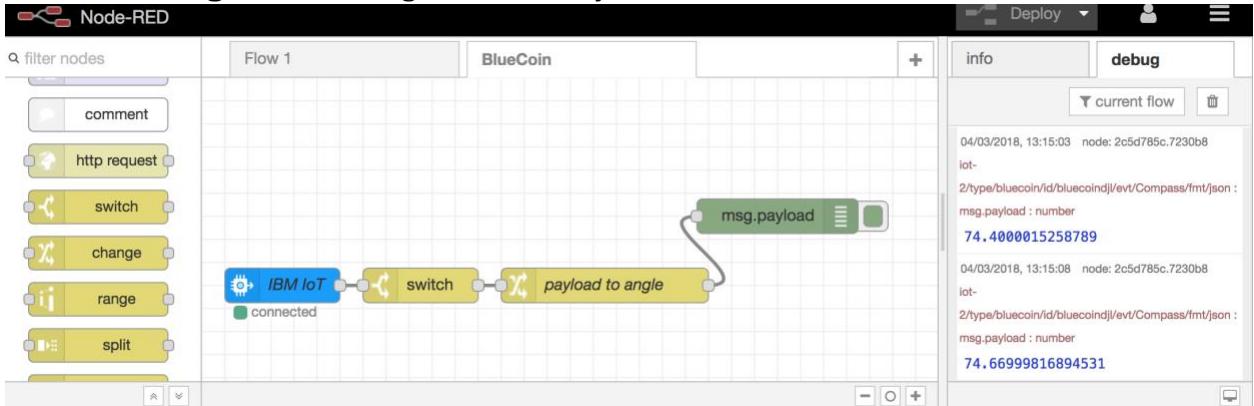
- In the **function** category of your Node-RED palette, find the **switch node** and drag it onto your flow. The switch node will be used to select just messages / events that originate from the compass and ignore messages from the other sensors.
- Double click the **switch node**



- Configure the switch node to pick out events of type Compass
 - Change Property to **msg.eventType**
 - Each message received from a device is classified by type. For the BlueCoin each type of sensor has a specific event type, for the compass it is Compass. Make a selector using == comparison and string of **Compass** in order to only send compass events to output 1.
 - Other event types include; - Pressure Accelerometer, Accelerometer_Events and Temperature
 - Click **Done**
 - This will create a selector node with one output that will output events of type Compass
- The payload of an event/message often contains more data than is needed, also some nodes require a single property for their input, this is the case for the dashboard nodes. The change node will be used to extract just the Angle property from the message. In the **function** category of your Node-RED palette, find the **change node** and drag it onto your flow.



- Double click on the **change** node
 - Configure the **Rules** by clicking on the “a/z” dropdown of **to** and set it to **msg. payload.d.Angle**.
 - Optionally give the node a name “set payload to Angle”
 - Click on the **Done** button.
- In the **output** category of your Node-RED palette, find the **debug** node and drag it onto your flow.
- Wire the four nodes together.
- Click the Deploy button on the top of menu bar to deploy the Node-RED flow.
- Select the **debug tab** on the right sidebar of your Node-RED flow.

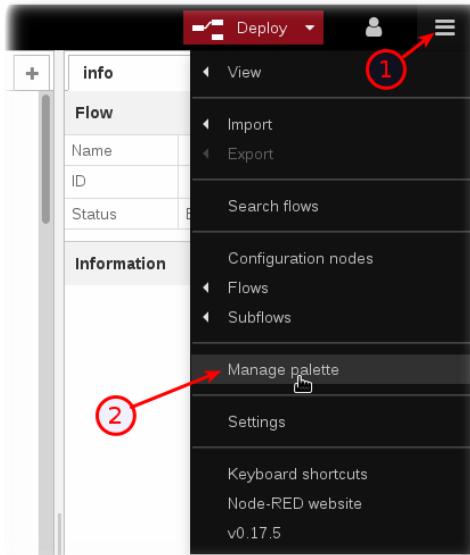


- As long as the BlueCoin is connected and the ST BlueMS app CloudLogging is sending Compass events, you will observe the compass angle arriving from the BlueCoin every 5 seconds.

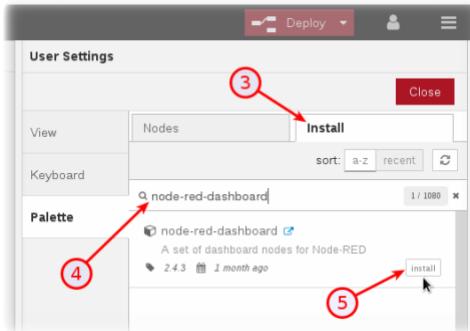
Step 5.3 Install the Node-Red dashboard nodes

The IoT Starter Application deployed into IBM Cloud includes just a small subset of Node-RED nodes. The Node-RED palette can be extended with over one thousand additional nodes for different devices and functionality. These NPM nodes can be browsed at <http://flows.nodered.org>

In this Step, you will add the **Node-RED Dashboard** nodes to your Internet of Things Starter Application.



- Click on the Node-RED **Menu** (1) in the upper right corner, then **Manage palette** (2)
- Turn to the **Install** tab (3), type **node-red-dashboard** (4) and press the **Install** button (5).

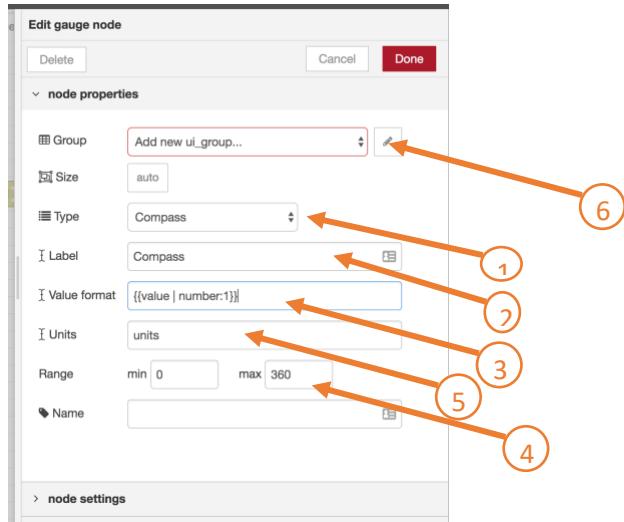


- Press the **Install** button in the next dialog.
- A set of **dashboard** nodes are now available in the palette to help create a graphical user interface

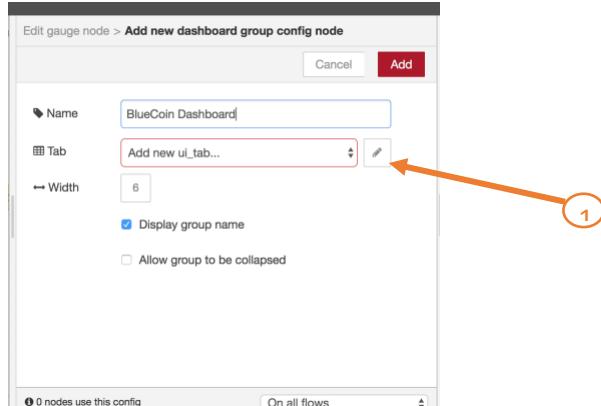
Step 5.4 Create a simple dashboard

The dashboard nodes will be used to create a simple user interface that graphically displays the compass data

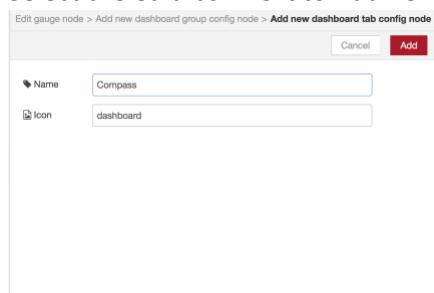
- Drop a **gauge** node onto your flow
- Wire the output of the **change** node to the input of the **gauge** node
- Double click on the gauge node to open the panel to configure the node



- Change the **Type** of Gauge to **Compass** (1) or Donut if you prefer
- Change **Label** to **Compass** (2)
- Change **Value format** to **{{value | number:1}}** (3) this will display the value of the angle to 1 decimal place.
- Change the **Range max** to **360** (4)
- Change **Units** to **degrees** (5)
- Select the **edit icon** (6) next to Add new ui-group

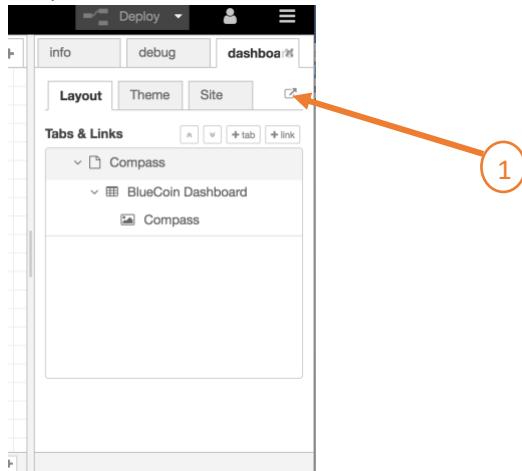


- Change the name of the dashboard to **BlueCoin Dashboard**
- Select the edit icon next to Add new ui tab (1)

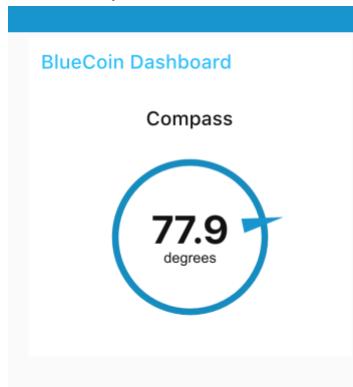


- Give it a name of **Compass**
- Select **Add** to finish the creation of the Compass tab
- Select **Add** to finish the creation of the BlueCoin group

- Select **Done** to complete the creation of the Compass gauge
- **Deploy** the application
- The “simple” dashboard is now deployed. There are several ways to launch the dashboard. The simplest is from the **Dashboard** tab that has appeared next to the debug Tab



- Select the **launch icon (1)**
 - Alternatively, launch the dashboard using a url of <https://bluecoin-djl.mybluemix.net/ui/> where bluecoin-djl is the name of your IBM Cloud application
- The compass dashboard will display and look like this: -



- Every 5 seconds the direction of the compass will be updated

Step 5.5 Change the frequency sensor events are sent to the cloud

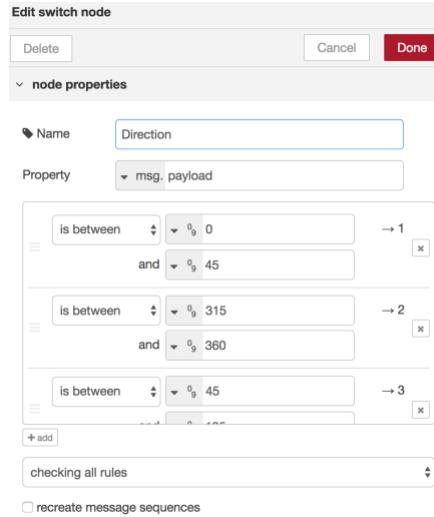
The Smart BMS application sends data to the cloud by default at a 5 second frequency. This limits the responsiveness of the user interface. The frequency can be changed in the mobile app

- Select the **Cloud Logging** page of the mobile app
- Select the menu, three dots in top right corner
- Select **update interval** and select 0.5 seconds.
- The update only takes effect when a new connection is made to the cloud. Select the Cloud icon to stop the existing connection and then select again to make a new connection
- The compass user interface will now update pretty much in real time.

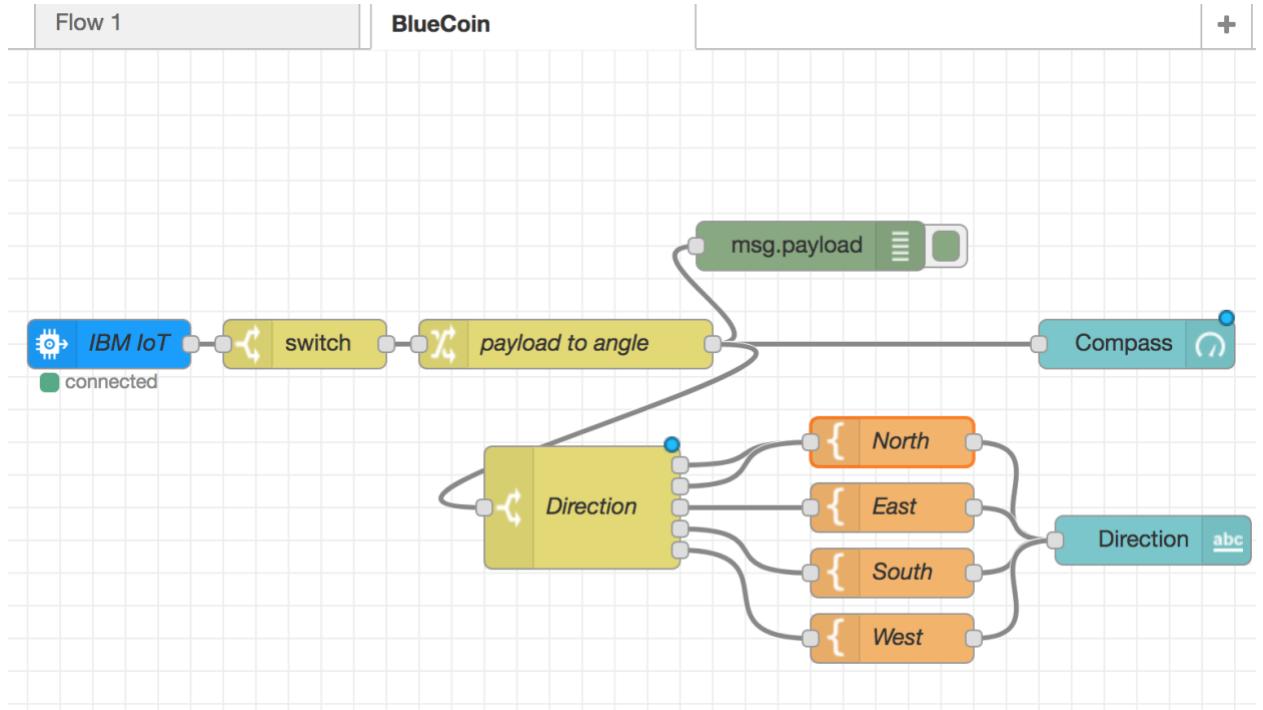
Step 5.6 Add direction logic to the application

In this next step some simple logic will be added to the application to determine if the compass is baring North, East, South or West.

- Drag a **switch** node from the function palette to the flow
- Wire the output of the change node that outputs the angle to the input of the switch node
- Double click on the switch node to open the configuration panel for the node



- Configure a set of is between ranges to determine the direction
 - 0 to 45 (N)
 - 315 to 360 (N)
 - 45 to 135 (E)
 - 135 to 225 (S)
 - 225 to 315 (W)
- Drop a **Template** node from the function palette onto the flow



- Wire the direction output 1 to the input of the template
- Edit the Template and set the template content to **North**
- Create a Template for **East**, **South** and **West**
- Wire up the select node outputs to the relevant template
- Drag a **Text** output widget from the dashboard palette
- Wire the 4 direction Templates to the input of the Text widget.
- Edit the **Text** widget and change the label to **Direction**
- **Deploy** the application
- As the BlueCoin is moved as well as displaying a compass with the value in degrees it will also display the compass baring of North, West, East or South.



Completed Compass Dashboard app

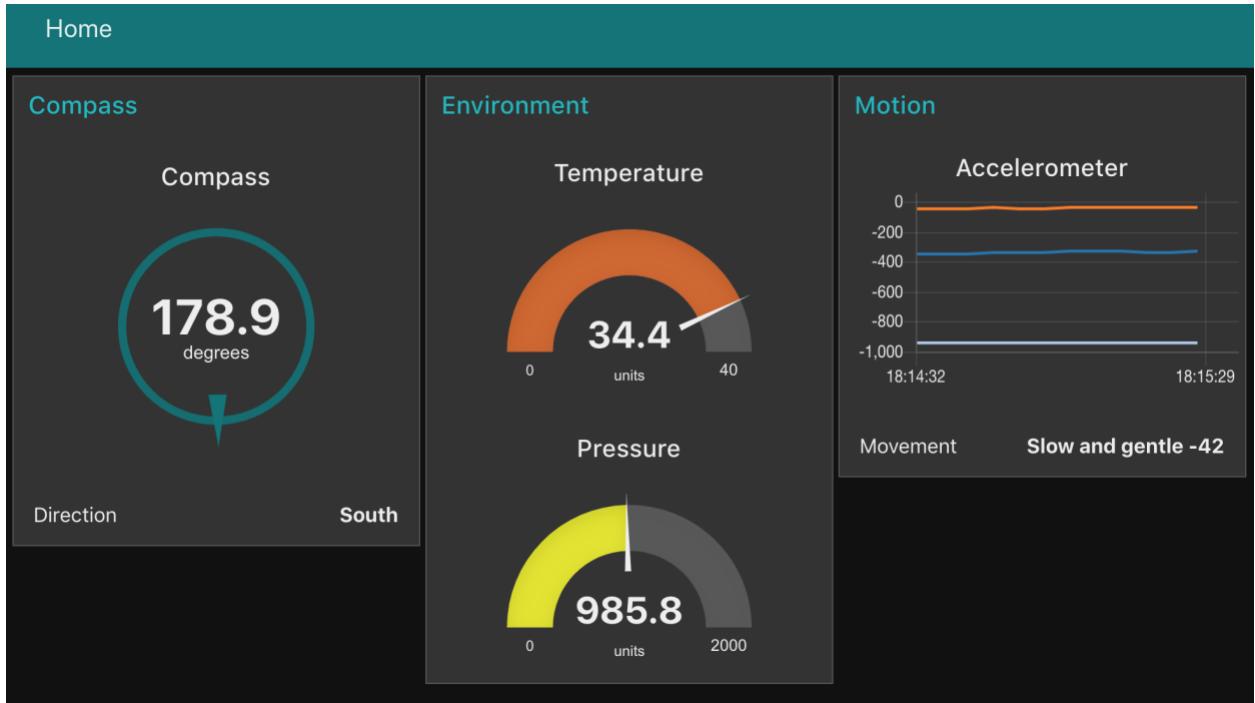
- For info, a completed version of the compass dashboard app can be found at <https://github.com/lockedj/BeamMeUpWatson/tree/master/Flows> as compassdashboard.flow

- This can be imported into Node-RED by copying the contents of the file to the clipboard. The clipboard can then be imported into a Node-RED flow using the Import Clipboard menu
- After importing the flow edit the ibmiot input node to use your device type and id

Rich Example Dashboard application

For info, a more sophisticated dashboard application is provided as an example that can optionally be loaded as part of the lab

- For ST BlueMS Cloud Logging page must be configured to send the following sensor data
 - Compass
 - Accelerometer
 - Temperature
 - Barometric Pressure
- WIoTP has a max inbound message rate. To ensure this is not exceeded, set the frequency / interval that the ST BlueMS application sends data to every 5 secs
- Import the dashboard from <https://github.com/lockedj/BeamMeUpWatson/tree/master/Flows> as richdashboard.flow
- **Deploy** the flow.
- The dashboard should now look like this: -



Section 6 Control a Game using the BlueCoin

In this section a space themed game will be loaded. The BlueCoin will be used as the game controller.

<TODO> add in instructions to load the game and control via compass</TODO>

Section 7 Invoke an External Service - Slack

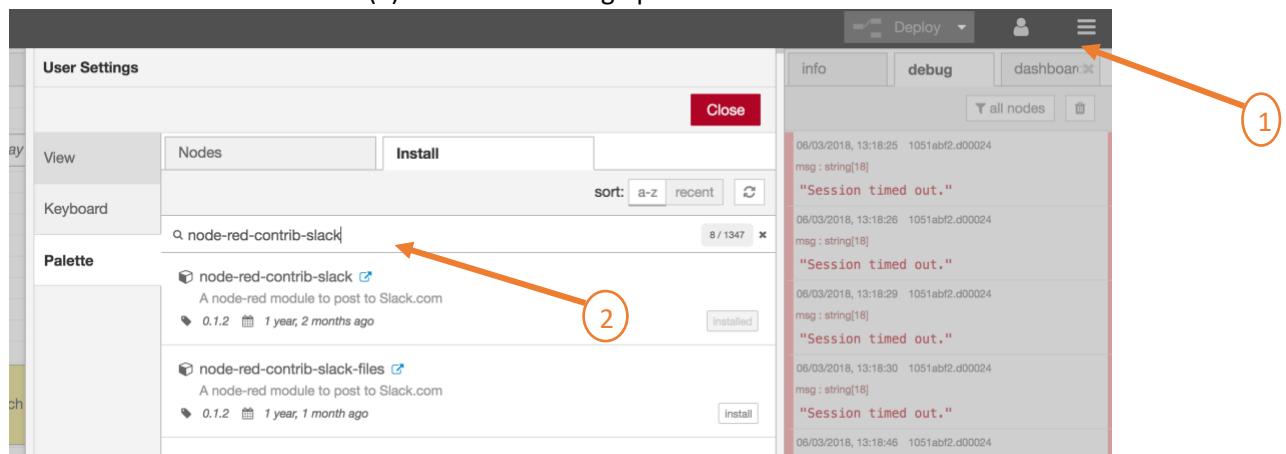
In this section we will enhance the application to talk to a service that is external to the IBM Cloud. This lab uses Slack as the external service. The application will be modified to receive and post messages to Slack. External services can be invoked from Node-RED in several ways. If the external service has a HTTP / RESTful API then the HTTP nodes can be used to directly call the external service. In many cases there will a Node-RED node that corresponds to the external service that makes it easier to integrate with the external service, this is the case for Slack.

For Think 2018 a slack channel called nodered_test has been setup. It has been configured to accept posts from a program (Node-RED) via a webhook and for a bot to receive messages. Once the Think conference has completed access to this slack channel will be disabled. To setup slack integration with your own channel follow the slack instructions for setting up a WebHook and a Bot.

Note: Testing has shown that the 256Mb available in an IBM Lite account runs out of steam around this point. Installation of the Slack nodes may tip the memory use over the 256Mb limited. If possible use an account / org with more memory.

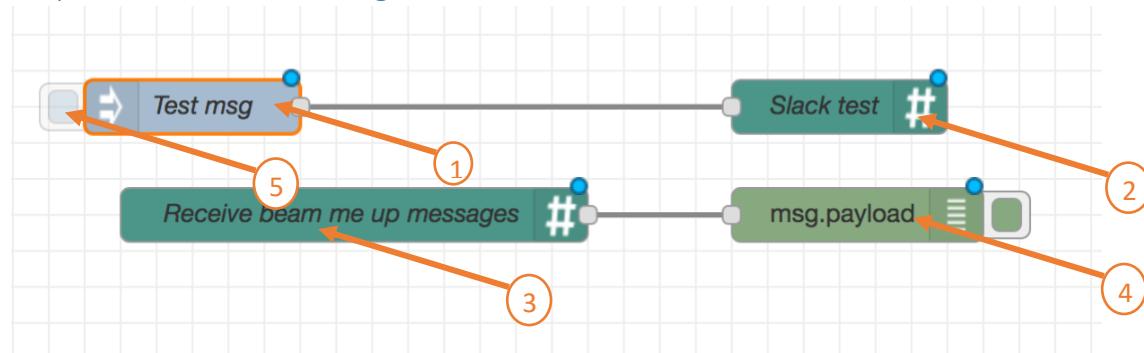
Step 7.1 Install a Slack Node-Red node

- Head to the Node-Red **Menu** (1) and select manage palette



- Enter “**node-red-contrib-slack**” into the search field (2)
- Install** the resulting node-red-contrib-slack node
- Three slack nodes will now be visible in the Social category in the palette

Step 7.2 Post a test message to Slack



- Create a new flow called Slack
- Drop an **inject node (1)** onto the Flow and configure it to send a String – make the message in the String something that you will recognize as the message is going to a shared slack channel
- Drop a **slack (2)** node onto the flow and wire the output of the inject node to the input of the slack node.
- Configure the slack node setting the **WebHook URL to**
`https://hooks.slack.com/services/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` Put your name in the Posting UserName
- Drop a **slack bot in (3)** node onto the flow
- Configure the node setting
 - **Bot API Token** to a single concatenated string made up of the following components
`xox
b-327821318
007-2B3vA7m
JsqcFK7ehigd
m1NKM`
 - The 5 parts of the string need to be concatenated together into a single string starting with x and ending with M
 - **Channel** to `nodered_test`
- Drop a **debug (4)** node onto the flow
- Wire the output of the slackbot in node to the input of the debug node.
- The flow is now set to receive all messages that are published to the `nodered_test` channel and to publish a test message to the channel
- To publish a test message press the button on the left hand side of the **inject node (5)**
- Your test message will be displayed in the debug tab.

Step 7.3 Post the highest score from the game to slack

<TODO>Once game is complete post high score to slack with a name.

Completed Slack Flow

- For info, a completed version of the slack flow can be found at
<https://github.com/lockedj/BeamMeUpWatson/tree/master/Flows>
as Slack.flow
- This can be imported into Node-RED by copying the contents of the file to the clipboard. The clipboard can then be imported into a Node-RED flow using the Import Clipboard menu
- The api token contained in the imported flow may not be valid. If this is during the Think 2018 conference, the token in the section above can be copy and pasted into the SlackBot input node.

Section 8 Transcribe Speech from the BlueCoin to Text

So far in the workshop all of the data that has been used is structured data. In this section unstructured data in the form of voice will be used. The voice data collected by the microphone on the BlueCoin will be connected to the Speech to Text service in the IBM Cloud. The transcribed text will be delivered back to the mobile application to display.

Step 8.1 Configure the IBM Cloud Speech to Text Service

- Head to the IBM Cloud **catalog** and search for speech
- Select the **Speech to Text** service

The screenshot shows the 'Speech to Text' service configuration page. On the left, there's a sidebar with options like 'Getting started', 'Manage', 'Service credentials' (circled with orange arrow 1), 'Plan', and 'Connections'. The main area has fields for 'Service name' (set to 'Speech to Text-wt'), 'Choose a region/location to deploy in' (set to 'US South'), 'Choose an organization' (set to 'instructor0300@ibmlearning.org'), and 'Choose a space' (set to 'dev'). Below these are 'Features' sections for 'Available Languages' (English (US), English (UK), Japanese) and 'Metadata' (Receive a metadata object in the JSON). A 'Create' button is at the bottom right. An orange arrow points from the 'Service credentials' link in the sidebar to the 'Service credentials' section in the main content area. Another orange arrow points from the 'New credential' button in the 'Service credentials' section to the 'New credential' button in the second 'Service credentials' section.

Service name: Speech to Text-wt

Choose a region/location to deploy in: US South

Choose an organization: instructor0300@ibmlearning.org

Choose a space: dev

Features

- Available Languages English (US) English (UK) Japanese
- Metadata Receive a metadata object in the JSON

Need Help? Contact IBM Cloud Sales

Estimate Monthly Cost Cost Calculator

Create

Watson /

Speech to Text-wt

Location: US South Org: instructor0300@ibmlearning.org Space: dev

Service credentials

Credentials are provided in JSON format. The JSON snippet lists credentials, such as the API key and secret, as well as connection information for the service.

View More

New credential +

Click New credentials to create a set of credentials for this instance

- Select **Service Credentials (1)**
- Select **New Credential (2)**

Add new credential

Name:
bluecoin

Add Inline Configuration Parameters (Optional): ?

Add

- Give the credential a **name** (1) like **bluecoin**
- Select **Add** (2)
- On the resulting screen select **View Credentials**

Speech to Text-wt

Location: US South Org: instructor0300@ibmlearning.org Space: dev

KEY NAME	DATE CREATED	ACTIONS
bluecoin	Mar 4, 2018 - 06:51:53	View credentials Delete

```
{  
  "url": "https://stream.watsonplatform.net/speech-to-text/api",  
  "username": "ae070230-8ac5-4cf6-a63d-3a3fe01e0edd",  
  "password": "HRdyC6CMlbJr"  
}
```

- Note the username and password as they will be entered into the ST BlueMS mobile application

Step 8.2 Configure the BlueMS mobile app to talk to the cloud S2T service

- Open the ST BlueMS application on you phone and connect to the BlueCoin
- Select the **SpeechToText** page
- Hit **SELECT** and choose **IBM Watson**
- The choose **English US** or **UK** depending on you accent
- Select **SET KEY**
- Enter the username and password from the cloud speech to text view credentials page ensuring they are entered exactly as displayed.

Step 8.3 Test the Speech to Text

- To enable the BlueCoin to start listening for voice and the voice to be sent to the speech to text service double tap the BlueCoin. The double click wakes up the BlueCoin, once awake 4 red LEDs will flash alternatively if beamforming is on only one LED will flash.
 - Once awake speak to the BlueCoin and shortly after the transcribed text will be displayed in the mobile app. Results will vary based on background noise and other factors.

Section 9 Using Voice interaction in the Cloud Application

In section 7 the voice was sent from the BlueCoin to the Speech to Text Service in IBM Cloud and the transcribed text was sent back and displayed on the mobile app. In this section the Node-RED cloud application will be updated to make use of the transcribed text.

This section will use the transcribed text to interact with the IBM Watson Assistant (WA) service. WA enables the creation of digital assistants for personalized and engaging experiences for consumers. It is designed to be easily customizable and integrated into devices, mobile apps, cars, rooms and other connected objects. It knows who it is talking to and understands context from history and real-world sources to enable a delightful conversation and truly helpful recommendations.

WA is currently in beta, more info can be found here :- <https://developer.ibm.com/iot/watson-assistant/> Access has been provided for use during the Think 2018 conference. Once the conference finishes follow the link to request access to the WA service.

Step 9.1 Bind the Speech to Text service to the Cloud Application

In IBM Cloud a service can be bound / connected to an application. This enables the application to securely interact with the service. The speech to text service needs to be bound to our application.

- In IBM Cloud Dashboard select the application

The screenshot shows the IBM Cloud Dashboard with the 'bluecoin-djl' application selected. The 'Connections' menu item is highlighted with an orange arrow pointing to a circled '1' on the 'Logs' link. On the right, there is a table titled 'CONNECTION NAME' with two rows: 'bluecoin-djl-cloudantNoSQLDB' (Cloudant NoSQL DB) and 'bluecoin-djl-iotf-service' (Internet of Things Platform). A 'Create connection' button is located at the top right of the table, with an orange arrow pointing to a circled '2' on its right side.

CONNECTION NAME	TYPE
bluecoin-djl-cloudantNoSQLDB	Cloudant NoSQL DB
bluecoin-djl-iotf-service	Internet of Things Platform

- Select **Connections (1)**
- Select **Create Connection (2)**

- Select the speech to text service created in Section 7

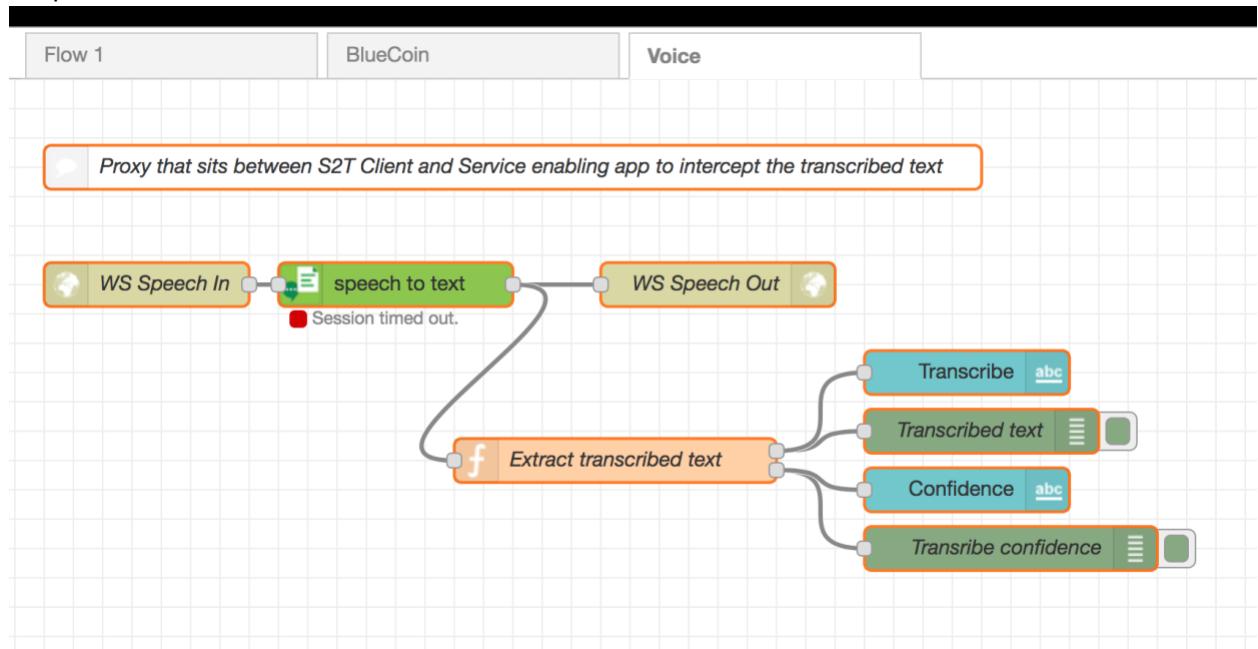
The screenshot shows the 'Connections' section of the IBM Cloud console. On the left, there's a sidebar with links like 'Getting started', 'Overview', 'Runtime', 'Connections' (which is selected), 'Logs', 'Monitoring', and 'API Management'. The main area is titled 'Connect Existing Compatible Service' and contains a search bar and a table. The table has columns: SERVICES, RESOURCE GROUP, PLAN, and SERVICE OFFERING. One row is visible for 'Speech to Text-wt' with a 'Connect' button highlighted with a blue border. An orange arrow points from a circled '1' to this 'Connect' button.

- Select **Connect (1)** to bind the service to the application
- A dialog will pop up, select **Restage**. It will take a few mins to restage the application

Step 9.2 Setup the Speech to Text Proxy

Until now the transcribed text has been sent to the mobile application, this does not allow the cloud application to use it. A speech to text proxy will be introduced into the Node-RED application that enables the transcribed text to be used in Node-RED in addition to being delivered to the mobile application.

- In Node-RED create a new flow called **Voice** and select the flow
- Copy the contents of file `Speech2TextProxy.flow` at <https://github.com/lockedj/BeamMeUpWatson/tree/master/Flows> to the clipboard
- In Node-RED open the menu (3 horizontal bars) and select Import -> Clipboard
- Paste the contents of the clipboard into the paste nodes here text input field and then select **Import**
- Drop the nodes onto the **Voice** flow. It should look like



- Deploy** the flows

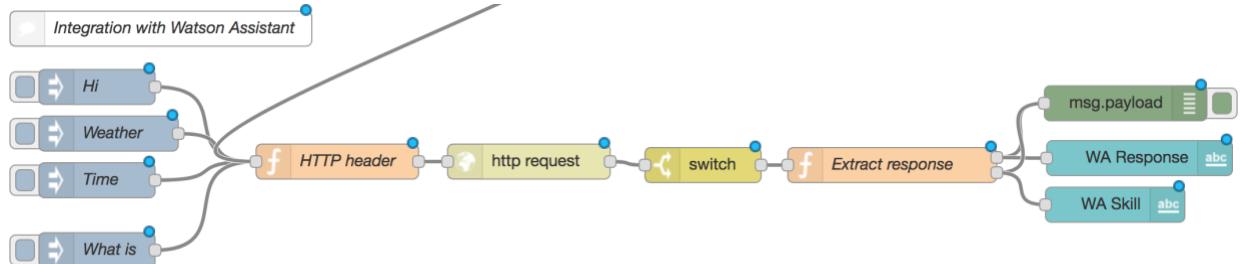
Step 9.3 Change BlueMS mobile app to point at the Speech to Text Proxy

- On the smart phone open the BlueMS app and select the **SpeechToText** page
- Select **SET KEY**
- Change the **Api Endpoint** to <https://bluecoin-djl.mybluemix.net/ws/stt> where *bluecoin-djl* is the name of your application
 - Test the speech to text as in Step 7.3. The transcribed text will appear in the Node-RED debug tab and also in the Dashboard. Results will vary based on background noise and other factors.

Step 9.4 Get started with Watson Assistant

At the time the lab was created there was no Node-RED node specific to Watson Assistant (WA). WA has an HTTP based programming interface so the standard Node-RED http request node can be used to invoke the WA service.

- Drop an **inject** node onto the Voice flow



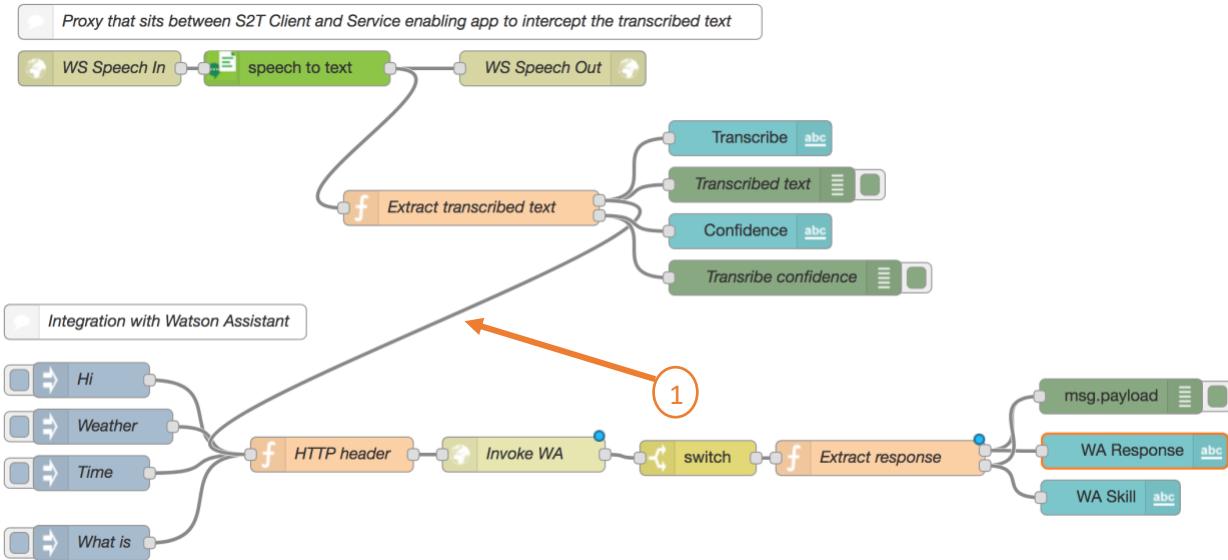
- Configure the **payload** parameter of the node to send a string of **Hi**
- Drop a **function** node onto the flow. A function node enables snippets of Javascript to be injected into the Node-RED application. This function node will be used to set some properties for use in the HTTP request.
- Configure the function node with the following code:

```
msg.headers={"accept": "application/json"};
msg.payload = { "text": msg.payload, "language": "en-US", "userID": "application-14c", "deviceType": "phone",
"additionalInformation": { "context": {} } };
return msg;
```
- Wire the output of the inject node to the input of the function node.
- Drop an **http request** node from the function category onto the flow. This is used to invoke WA
- Configure the node :-
 - **Method** to **Post**
 - **URL** to https://watson-personal-assistant-toolkit.mybluemix.net/v2/api/converse?api_key=d8f9e35f-24fe-4641-8bee-fb7cb5f36456
 - **Return to a parsed JSON object**
- Wire the output of the function node to the input of the http request node
- Drop a switch node and configure it to select if **msg.payload.reject** is **false**. The node will only send a response through its output if WA has successfully responded to a request.
- Wire the output of the http request node to the input of the switch node

- Drop another **function** node and set it to
`return [{payload:msg.payload.speech.text},{payload:msg.payload.skill.name}];`
 - This will return the response from WA and the skill that was used to determine the response
- Wire the output of the switch node to the input of the function node
- Add nodes so that response from WA is displayed in both the Debug Tab and the Dashboard / User Interface.
 - Drop a **debug** node and wire the 2 outputs of the function node to the input of the debug node
 - Drop a **text output** dashboard node and configure it to group voice (home). Wire the top output of the function node to the input of the text output node which will display the text response from WA
 - Drop a **text output** dashboard node and configure it to group voice (home). Wire the bottom output of the function node to the input of the text output node which will display the skill used by WA
- **Deploy** the flow. WA can now be tested
- Select the left-hand side of the inject node to send the string Hi through the flow. The debug tab and dashboard will show the result of "How can I help" (or similar)
- Optionally create other inject nodes with other strings to send to WA such as
 - Tell me the time
 - Tell me the weather in las vegas
 - What is a car
 - What is IBM

Step 9.5 Use voice from BlueCoin to interact with WA

The voice flow has two parts. The first enables the transcribed text to be intercepted and used in the cloud app. The second invokes the WA and displays the result of the request. Joining these two parts together will allow the voice sent via the BlueCoin to be transcribed and passed to WA.



- Wire output 1 (transcribed text) of the function node in the proxy part of the flow to the input of the first function node in the WA part of the flow (1).
- The flow is now complete and can be tested
 - Ensure the Smart MS application is open and configured to send voice data to the proxy
 - Wake up and put the BlueCoin into listening mode (double tap)
 - Talk to the BlueCoin and watch the results. Results will vary based on background noise and other factors.

Completed Voice Flow

- For info, a completed version of the slack flow can be found at <https://github.com/lockedj/BeamMeUpWatson/tree/master/Flows> as Voice.flow
- This can be imported into Node-RED by copying the contents of the file to the clipboard. The clipboard can then be imported into a Node-RED flow using the Import Clipboard menu
- The api token for WA contained in the imported flow may not be valid. The token is valid during the Think 2018 conference, once the conference finishes a token can be requested from the WA page <https://developer.ibm.com/iot/watson-assistant/>

Summary

In completing the lab, you have built an end to end application using the core building blocks of all IoT solutions

- Sensors.
 - The BlueCoin with its sensors enabled both structured data such as motion and environmental data and unstructured data in the form of voice to be collected
- IoT Gateway
 - Your smart device (phone or tablet) enabled the sensor data to be processed locally and for pertinent data to be sent to the cloud.

- Cloud
 - The IBM Cloud provided a environment to host the cloud half of the application and a set of high value services for use by the application developer
- Managed Services
 - The IBM Cloud provided a set of managed services for the solution / application developer to integrate into their application. Services used in the lab include Cloudant, Watson IoT Platform, Speech to Text and Watson Assistant
- Application Development
 - Used an environment for quickly developing the cloud half of a solution. IBM Cloud supports a wide variety of programming languages but to speed up development technologies like Node-RED were used in this lab

The knowledge garnered in this lab provides a solid grounding in the principles of IoT, enabling a rich and more diverse set projects to be undertaken. The set of links below relate to the topics in the lab and provide ideas for IoT projects

Useful links and Ideas for more fun

- IBM
 - IBM Cloud <https://bluemix.net>
 - Watson Assistant <https://developer.ibm.com/iot/watson-assistant/>
 - IBM IoT <https://www.ibm.com/internet-of-things>
 - WIoTP Getting Started Guides
<https://console.bluemix.net/docs/services/IoT/index.html#gettingstartedtemplate>
 - Recipes <https://developer.ibm.com/recipes/>
 - IBM Code, IoT patterns and projects <https://developer.ibm.com/code/technologies/iot/>
- ST
 - BlueCoin <http://www.st.com/bluecoin>
 - BlueCoin Getting Started Guide
https://www.st.com/resource/en/user_manual/dm00405843.pdf
 - Home page http://www.st.com/content/st_com/en.html
 - Discovery Kits and Boards <http://www.st.com/en/evaluation-tools/stm32-mcu-eval-tools.html?querycriteria=productId=SS1532>

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