ASP.NET WEB API 2.1

Enable Cross-Origin Requests (CORS)

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Introduction

Cross Origin Resource Sharing (CORS) is a W3C standard that allows a server to relax the same-origin policy. Using CORS, a server can explicitly allow some cross-origin requests while rejecting others. CORS is safer and more flexible than earlier techniques such as JSONP

What is "same origin"?

- Two URLs have the same origin if they have identical schemes, hosts, and ports. (RFC 6454)
- These two URLs have the same origin:

```
http://example.com/foo.html http://example.com/bar.html
```

 These URLs have different origins than the previous two:

```
http://example.net - Different domain
http://www.example.com/foo.html - Different subdomain
https://example.com/foo.html - Different scheme
http://example.com:9000/foo.html - Different port
```

Enabling CORS in middleware

Modify Startup.ConfigureServices

Modify Startup.Configure

```
public void Configure(IApplicationBuilder app, IHostingEnvironment env)
{
    if (env.IsDevelopment())
    {
        app.UseDeveloperExceptionPage();
    }
    // Shows UseCors with named policy.
    app.UseCors("AllowSpecificOrigin");
    app.UseMvc();
}
```

Enabling CORS in Controller

To specify the CORS policy for a specific controller add the [EnableCors] attribute to the controller class. Specify the policy name.

```
C#

[Route("api/[controller]")]
[EnableCors("AllowSpecificOrigin")]
public class ValuesController : Controller
```

Disable CORS

To disable CORS for a controller or action, use the [DisableCors] attribute.

```
C#

[HttpGet("{id}")]
[DisableCors]
public string Get(int id)
{
    return "value";
}
```

CORS policy options

- Set the allowed origins
- Set the allowed HTTP methods
- Set the allowed request headers
- Set the exposed response headers
- Credentials in cross-origin requests
- Set the preflight expiration time

Set the allowed origins

```
c#

options.AddPolicy("AllowSpecificOrigins",
builder =>
{
   builder.WithOrigins("http://example.com", "http://www.contoso.com");
});
```

Set the allowed HTTP methods

Set the allowed request headers

Set the exposed response headers

- Cache-Control
- Content-Language
- Content-Type

- Expires
- Last-Modified
- Pragma

Credentials in cross-origin requests

Credentials require special handling in a CORS request.

By default, the browser doesn't send credentials with a cross-origin request.

Credentials include cookies and HTTP authentication schemes.

To send credentials with a cross-origin request, the client must set XMLHttpRequest.withCredentials to true.

```
$.ajax({
  type: 'get',
  url: 'https://www.example.com/home',
  xhrFields: {
    withCredentials: true
}
```

Set the preflight expiration time

The Access-Control-Max-Age header specifies how long the response to the preflight request can be cached

Example

Modify content in Startup.cs

```
public void ConfigureServices(IServiceCollection services)
    string connectionString = Configuration.GetConnectionString("DefaultConnection");
    services.AddDbContext<TodoContext>(options => options.UseSqlServer(connectionString));
    services.AddMvc();
    services.AddCors(options => {
        options.AddPolicy("AllowAllHeaders",
            builder =>
                builder.WithOrigins("*")
                       .AllowAnyHeader();
            });
    });
public void Configure(IApplicationBuilder app, IHostingEnvironment env)
    if (env.IsDevelopment())
        app.UseDeveloperExceptionPage();
    app.UseCors("AllowAllHeaders");
    app.UseMvc();
```

THE END