The python debugger

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Slides and programs: github.com/loeiten/python_club





Short intro to the stack frame

Executing pdb

pdb commands

If you debug alot

More info

python **deb**ugger

An elegant way to debug (find mistakes in) your python code



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Short intro to the stack frame



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       result = abs_a_minus_b(a,b)
6
       print("The absolute value of {0}-{1} is {2}".format(a,b,result))
8
9
   def abs_a_minus_b(x,y):
       if x > y:
11
            z = x - y
12
       else:
13
            z = y - x
14
       return z
15
16
17
   if __name__ == '__main__':
       main()
19
```



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What is all this stack-frame fuzz? (freely after this reference)

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                                                              main()
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#!/usr/bin/env python

```
main()
                          →10
                          →55
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```
abs a minus b()
main()
                          →10
                          → 55
```



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Stack-frame

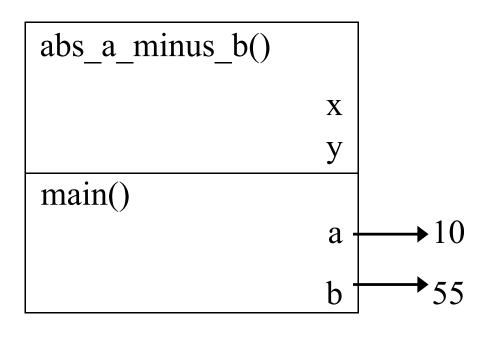
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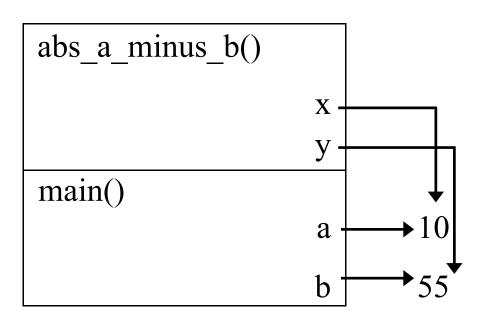
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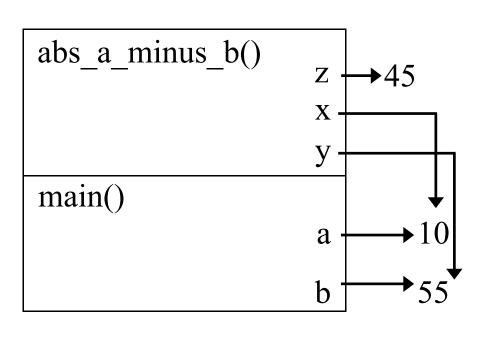
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```
abs a minus b()
main()
               result
                          →10
```



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Starting the debugger
Post mortem running as script

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Starting the debugger

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```
DTU
```

```
# From command line
python -m pdb my_debug_example.py
# Running script
import pdb
pdb.set_trace()
# In interpreter
import pdb
import my_debug_example
pdb.run('my_debug_example.main()')
# Post-mortem
>>> import pdb
>>> import my_debug_example_fail
>>> my_debug_example_fail.main()
>>> pdb.pm()
```

Post mortem running as script

```
pdb
```

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Source

```
import pdb, traceback, sys
2
  def bombs():
       a =
       print a[0]
5
6
   if __name__ == '__main__':
       try:
8
           bombs()
9
       except:
10
           type, value, tb = sys.exc_info()
11
           traceback.print_exc()
12
           pdb.post_mortem(tb)
13
```



Executing commands

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```
# Execute the statement
pdb.run(statement, globals=None, locals=None)
# As above, and returns the value of the expression
pdb.runeval(expression, globals=None, locals=None)
# Call a function
pdb.runcall(function, *args, **kwds)
# Hardcode a breakpoint
pdb.set_trace()
# Enter debugger at post mortem given the traceback
#if none is given it takes the current exception
pdb.post_mortem(traceback=None)
# Enters pdb of last found traceback
pdb.pm()
```

pdb.Pdb(completekey='tab', stdin=None, stdout=None, skip=None, nosigint=Falae)

Can also do all of this manually by

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Often used commands 1

Often used commands 2

Demonstration

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Even more functions

Last functions

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Often used commands 1

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```
# Step into first possible occasion (can step into functions)
s(tep)
# Go to next line of expression
n(ext)
# Execute until lineno OR end of frame OR to a greater line than the current
# Convenient in for loops
unt(il) [lineno]
# Continue until function returns
r(eturn)
# Continue, only stop if bp is hit
c(ont(inue))
```

Often used commands 2

```
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```
# Set next line to be executed (at the bottom most frame)
# Jump back and execute code again or skip part of code
# (Not always allowed)
j(ump) lineno
# List the source code around current line
l(ist) [first[, last]]
# List source for current function or frame
ll | longlist
# Print arguments of current function
a(rgs)
# Evaluate the expression, and print its value
# Similar to print(), but print() is a python function
p expression
# The same as above, but with prettyprinted function
pp expression
# Empty line: Previous command is repeated
```

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Play around with programs/my_debug_example.py file if you are at home, not attending the presentation

```
#!/usr/bin/env python

"""Example file to demonstrate pdb to debug a poorly written program"""
from a_random_function import foo

def main():
    """Main function to be executed"""

a_string = "I'm a string"
    a_dict = {'a_key':[1,2,3], 'another_key':'Hey, Macarena!'}
a_number = 10
```

More commands

```
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```
# Help and documentation
h(elp) [command]
# Print the stac trace (recent frame in bottom)
w(here)
# Move frames
d(own) [count]
u(p) [count]
# W/o arguments: List the breakpoints
# Make a breakpoint (where the debugger will stop)
# Honor the breakpoint if condition evaluates true
b(reak) [([filename:]lineno | function) [, condition]]
# Temporary breakpoint (removed when hit)
tbreak [([filename:]lineno | function) [, condition]]
# Clear breakpoints
cl(ear) [filename:lineno | bpnumber [bpnumber ...]]
# Disable breakpoints (can be re-enabled)
disable [bpnumber [bpnumber ...]]
```

Even more functions

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```
# Enable bp number
enable [bpnumber [bpnumber ...]]
# Ignore bp count times (if cout>0)
ignore bpnumber [count]
# Set new condition for the bp
condition bpnumber [condition]
# Specify commands for bpnumber (or the last)
# end ends the command
# silent disables info about bp reached
commands [bpnumber]
# Print type of expression
whatis expression
# Try to get the source for the given object
source expression
# Stop and display the value of the expression if changed
# Somewhat similar to watchpoints in qdb
display [expression]
# Stop displaying in current frame
```

undisplay [expression]

Last functions

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```
# Start interactive interpreter and load the globals and locals in the current
scope
# Stop with CTRL-D
interact
# Create an alias
alias [name [command]]
# Delete alias
unalias name
# Execute the (one-line) statement in the context of the current stack frame
# Exclamation point can be omitted unless the first word of the statement
# resembles a debugger command
! statement
# Execute from following
run [args ...]
# Restart
restart [args ...]
# Quit the debugger
q(uit)
```

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.pdbrc

Running with .pdbrc





.pdbrc

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.pdbrc

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For defeault commands when starting the pdb:

~/.pdbrc is read first, setting preferences for all debugging sessions.

```
# Show python help
alias ph !help(%1)
# Overridden alias
alias redefined p 'home definition'
```

. / . pdbrc is read from the current working directory, setting local preferences.

```
# Breakpoints
break 10
# Overridden alias
alias redefined p 'local definition'
```



Running with .pdbrc

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.pdbrc

Running with .pdbrc

```
$ python -m pdb pdb_function_arguments.py
Breakpoint 1 at .../pdb_function_arguments.py:10
> .../pdb_function_arguments.py(7)<module>()
-> import pdb
(Pdb) alias
ph = |!help(\%1)|
redefined = p 'local definition'
(Pdb) break
                 Disp Enb
Num Type
                            Where
    breakpoint
                            at .../pdb_function_arguments.py:10
                 keep yes
```



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Links



Links

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Documentation

https://docs.python.org/3.4/library/pdb.html

Basic about debugging

https://pythonconquerstheuniverse.wordpress.com/2009/09/

More indepth about debugging

http://pymotw.com/2/pdb/



Thank you for your attention!

