SQL Queries for Target Selection For *Breakthrough Listen*'s MeerKAT Commensal Observing Campaign

Logan Pearce

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1 Introduction

This document is a compilation of the SQL and ADQL commands and methods I used to generate the BL MeerKAT 1-million star target list.

2 Example Queries

MySQL and BL databases

Connecting to the database through Python

Using the Python package MySQLdb

- For now the target lists are hosted in the "loganp" database
- "Read default file" sources the username, password, host address, and database to query from the .my/.cnf file. Username and password can be manually entered by using "user= " and "password= "
- "autocommit=True" allows all future cursor commands to be committed automatically without requiring a separate commit step
- "local infile = 1" allows commands referring to local files to be loaded correctly.

WysQL and DL databases

```
import MySQLdb
db = MySQLdb.connect
(
  read_default_file="~/.my.cnf",
  autocommit=True,
  local_infile = 1
)
```

Using the Python package MySQL Connector/Python

MySQL Connector/Python is a pure-python implementation created by Oracle, so it is typically considered the preferred method of connecting. Everything downstream of the connection behaves the same way whether connecting through MySQLdb or Connector/Python. This examples performs the same function as the MySQLdb example using the Connector/Python syntax.

```
import mysql.connector
db = mysql.connector.connect
(
  option_files='/Users/loganpearce/.my.cnf'
  allow_local_infile=True,
  autocommit=True
)
```

Sending generic SQL commands

You can send any SQL command to the server through use of a cursor.

Define cursor

cursor=db.cursor()
cursor.execute(COMMAND)

```
Create new table
                                 command =
                                 "CREATE TABLE new_table (
                                    column1 INT(8),
                                    column2 VARCHAR(255),
                                    column3 FLOAT,
                                );"
                                cursor.execute(command)
Create new table with the
same properties as another
                                 command =
table
                                 "CREATE TABLE '1M_target_list'
This will copy over all the columns
                                 LIKE master_gaia_database;"
from the old table without copying
                                cursor.execute(command)
the data. Useful if you have a lot
of columns or several similar tables to
make. These tables have 57 columns.
Copy all or some of the data
from one table into another
                                string = "INSERT INTO meerkat_gaiadr2_laduma
table
                                           SELECT * FROM master_gaia_database
This command copies only sources
                                           WHERE 'ra' BETWEEN 52.75 AND 53.375
from the master table that fall within
                                           AND 'decl' BETWEEN -28.0 AND -27.6;
a specified RA and Dec range.
                                cursor.execute(string)
Add a new column to exist-
ing table
                                 string = "ALTER TABLE '1M_target_list'
                                             ADD 'dist_c' FLOAT NOT NULL;"
                                cursor.execute(string)
Update a table entry with
new data
                                string = "UPDATE '1M_target_list'
This command sets the distance entry
                                             SET 'dist_c'=200
in the LADUMA table to a value of
                                             WHERE 'index' = 12;"
200 for the item in index 12
                                cursor.execute(string)
Drop a column from table
                                 string = "ALTER TABLE '1M_target_list'
                                             DROP COLUMN 'dist_c';"
                                cursor.execute(string)
Remove all data from table
but leave the table structure
                                 string = "DELETE FROM '1M_target_list'
intact
                                             WHERE 1;"
                                cursor.execute(string)
                           Querying database to return results
```

Use the cursor This method works, but it can be a bit tricky to get the results from the cursor object.	string="SELECT ra,decl FROM '1M_target_list' WHERE 'dist_c' > 100 " cursor.execute(string)	
Use Pandas Use the Pandas package to query the database and return the results in an easy to manipulate Pandas dataframe.	<pre>import pandas as pd string="SELECT * FROM '1M_target_list' WHERE 1 " df = pd.read_sql(string, con=db)</pre>	
Example queries		
Select all objects in an RA/Dec range	SELECT * FROM master_gaia_database WHERE ra BETWEEN 0.0 AND 90.0 AND decl BETWEEN -50.0 AND 20.0;	
Select all objects out to a certain distance range	SELECT * FROM master_gaia_database WHERE 'dist_c' < 100;	
Select only some columns	SELECT 'ra', 'decl', 'parallax', 'dist_c' FROM '1M_target_list' WHERE 'dist.c' < 100;	
Select all objects within a circle of radius 0.5 from a specified RA/Dec	<pre>SELECT * FROM '1M_target_list' WHERE POWER((ra-(15.0)),2) + POWER((decl - (-20.0)),2) < 0.25;</pre>	
Select all SpType G objects	SELECT * FROM '1M_target_list' WHERE 'sptype_c' LIKE '%G%'	
ADQL and Gaia databases		
Connecting to Gaia database through Astroquery TAP+	from astroquery.gaia import Gaia	

```
Launch asynchronous query
                               query = "SELECT TOP 10 * FROM gaiadr2.gaia_source
This query finds the top 10 high-
                                          WHERE parallax <= 800
est parallax objects in the Gaia
                                          ORDER BY parallax DESC"
DR2 source catalog with paral-
                               job = Gaia.launch_job_async
lax less than 800, and dumps the
results to a csv file.
                                      query=query, verbose=False,
                                      dump_to_file=True,
                                      output_format='csv'
                                      )
Perform query with "on the fly"
uploaded table
                               upload_resource = 'my_table.xml'
                                j = Gaia.launch_job(query="SELECT *
                                      FROM tap_upload.table_test",
                                      upload_resource=upload_resource,
                                      upload_table_name="table_test",
                                      verbose=True)
                               r = j.get_results()
Log in to query
                               Gaia.login(user='userName', password='userPassword')
                               Gaia.login(credentials_file='my_credentials_file')
                               Gaia.logout()
Get list of available public tables
                               tables = Gaia.load_tables(only_names=True)
                              Example queries unique to ADQL
Cone search around a specific
point with a 5 arcsecond search
                               SELECT *
         The syntax within
radius.
                               FROM gaiadr2.gaia_source
the CIRCLE condition is CIR-
                               WHERE CONTAINS (POINT (
CLE('coord sys',RA,Dec,Search
                                    'ICRS',gaiadr2.gaia_source.ra,
Radius), all in degrees.
                                    gaiadr2.gaia_source.dec),
                                    CIRCLE('ICRS', 0.004167, -19.498611, 0.0014))=1;
Object query
                                coord = SkyCoord(ra=280, dec=-60,
                                    unit=(u.degree, u.degree), frame='icrs')
                               width = u.Quantity(0.1, u.deg)
                               height = u.Quantity(0.1, u.deg)
                               r = Gaia.query_object_async(
                                    coordinate=coord, width=width, height=height)
```

AQDL query for high-quality sources in Gaia catalog	SELECT * FROM gaiadr2.gaia_source WHERE parallax_over_error > 20 AND phot_g_mean_flux_over_error>50 AND phot_rp_mean_flux_over_error>20 AND phot_bp_mean_flux_over_error>20 AND phot_bp_rp_excess_factor < 1.3+ 0.06*power(phot_bp_mean_mag-phot_rp_mean_mag,2) AND phot_bp_rp_excess_factor > 1.0+ 0.015*power(phot_bp_mean_mag-phot_rp_mean_mag,2) AND visibility_periods_used>=8 AND astrometric_chi2_al/(astrometric_n_good_obs_al-5) <1.44*greatest(1,exp(-0.4*(phot_g_mean_mag-19.5)))
	Other Astroquery Queries
Querying the NASA Exoplanet Archive	<pre>from astroquery.nasa_exoplanet_archive import NasaExoplanetArchive t = NasaExoplanetArchive.get_confirmed_planets_table() h = NasaExoplanetArchive.query_planet('HAT-P-11 b')</pre>
Querying the NASA Exoplanet Orbit Database	<pre>from astroquery.exoplanet_orbit_database import ExoplanetOrbitDatabase t = ExoplanetOrbitDatabase.get_table() h = ExoplanetOrbitDatabase.query_planet('HAT-P-11 b')</pre>
Query 1 object Query Messier objects 1-9 Cone search around an object Cone search around a coordinate Search just a specific catalog Query bibcode Retrieve all the names associated with an object Retrieve all the objects contained in an article	<pre>from astroquery.simbad import Simbad t = Simbad.query_object("GSC 6214-210") r = Simbad.query_object("m [1-9]", wildcard=True) import astropy.units as u r = Simbad.query_region("m81", radius=0.1 * u.deg) import astropy.coordinates as coord r = Simbad.query_region(coord.SkyCoord("05h35m17.3s</pre>
Astroquery "Gallery of Queries"	
https://astroquery.readthedocs.io/en/latest/gallery.html	
Astroquery list of available databases for queries https://astroquery.readthedocs.io/en/latest/index.html	