Lab Manual for Python Projects

1. ATM Money Distribution

Aim:

To simulate ATM cash withdrawal in different denominations.

Algorithm:

- 1. Input the withdrawal amount.
- 2. Calculate the number of ₹2000, ₹500, and ₹100 notes.
- 3. Output the count for each denomination.

Code:

```
amount = int(input("Enter amount to withdraw: "))
notes_2000 = amount // 2000
amount %= 2000
notes_500 = amount // 500
amount %= 500
notes_100 = amount // 100
print(f"2000s: {notes_2000}, 500s: {notes_500}, 100s: {notes_100}")
Output:
```

Enter amount to withdraw: 3700

2000s: 1, 500s: 3, 100s: 2

Result:

The program successfully simulates ATM money distribution.

2. Sequential Removal

To remove elements from a sequence based on specific rules.

Algorithm:

- 1. Input a sequence and the removal criteria.
- 2. Remove elements sequentially based on the rules.

3. Output the modified sequence.

Code:

```
sequence = input("Enter a sequence: ")
remove = input("Enter characters to remove: ")
for char in remove:
  sequence = sequence.replace(char, "")
```

print("Modified sequence:", sequence)

Output:

Enter a sequence: hello

Enter characters to remove: eo

Modified sequence: hll

Result:

The program successfully removes elements from the sequence based on rules.

3. String Validation II

Aim:

To validate a string for uppercase, digits, and special characters.

Algorithm:

- 1. Input a string.
- 2. Check if the string contains uppercase letters, digits, and special characters.
- 3. Output validation results.

Code:

import re

```
def validate_string(s):
    if re.search("[A-Z]", s) and re.search("[0-9]", s) and re.search("[!@#$%&*]", s):
        print("String is valid")
```

```
else:
```

```
print("String is invalid")
```

validate_string(input("Enter a string: "))

Output:

Enter a string: Hello123!

String is valid

Result:

The string validation is successfully performed.

4. Number Operations

Aim:

To perform basic arithmetic operations on user inputs.

Algorithm:

- 1. Input two numbers.
- 2. Perform addition, subtraction, multiplication, and division.
- 3. Output the results.

Code:

```
a = int(input("Enter first number: "))
b = int(input("Enter second number: "))
print(f"Addition: {a + b}")
print(f"Subtraction: {a - b}")
print(f"Multiplication: {a * b}")
print(f"Division: {a / b}")
```

Output:

Enter first number: 10

Enter second number: 5

Addition: 15

Subtraction: 5

Multiplication: 50

Division: 2.0

Result:

The program performs the basic arithmetic operations correctly.

5. Duplicate Number

Aim:

To find and handle duplicate numbers in a list.

Algorithm:

- 1. Input a list of numbers.
- 2. Identify and count duplicates.
- 3. Output the result.

Code:

```
nums = list(map(int, input("Enter numbers: ").split()))
```

duplicates = set([x for x in nums if nums.count(x) > 1])

print("Duplicates:", duplicates)

Output:

Enter numbers: 1 2 3 4 5 3 2

Duplicates: {2, 3}

Result:

The program identifies duplicate numbers successfully.

6. Intersection of Two Arrays

Aim:

To find common elements between two arrays.

Algorithm:

- 1. Input two arrays.
- 2. Find the intersection of both arrays.

3. Output the common elements.

```
Code:
```

```
arr1 = list(map(int, input("Enter first array: ").split()))
arr2 = list(map(int, input("Enter second array: ").split()))
intersection = set(arr1) & set(arr2)

print("Intersection:", intersection)

Output:
Enter first array: 1 2 3 4 5

Enter second array: 3 4 5 6 7

Intersection: {3, 4, 5}
```

The program correctly finds the intersection between two arrays.

7. First Unique Character

Aim:

Result:

To find the first non-repeating character in a string.

Algorithm:

- 1. Input a string.
- 2. Check each character for uniqueness.
- 3. Output the first unique character.

```
string = input("Enter a string: ")

for char in string:
   if string.count(char) == 1:
      print("First unique character:", char)
      break
```

Output:

Enter a string: swiss

First unique character: w

Result:

The program finds the first unique character successfully.

8. Reverse Vowels

Aim:

To reverse the vowels in a string.

Algorithm:

1. Input a string.

Modified string: holle

- 2. Identify and reverse the vowels.
- 3. Output the modified string.

```
def reverse_vowels(s):
    vowels = [c for c in s if c in "aeiouAEIOU"]
    result = []
    for c in s:
        if c in "aeiouAEIOU":
            result.append(vowels.pop())
        else:
            result.append(c)
        return ".join(result)

string = input("Enter a string: ")
print("Modified string:", reverse_vowels(string))
Output:
Enter a string: hello
```

Result:

The vowels are successfully reversed.

9. Twin Prime

Aim:

To find twin prime numbers (pairs of primes that differ by 2).

Algorithm:

- 1. Input a range.
- 2. Identify twin primes within the range.
- 3. Output the twin primes.

```
def is_prime(n):
  if n < 2:
    return False
  for i in range(2, int(n ** 0.5) + 1):
    if n % i == 0:
       return False
  return True
def find_twin_primes(start, end):
  for num in range(start, end):
    if is_prime(num) and is_prime(num + 2):
       print(num, num + 2)
start = int(input("Enter start: "))
end = int(input("Enter end: "))
find_twin_primes(start, end)
Output:
Enter start: 1
```

Enter end: 20

3 5

5 7

11 13

17 19

Result:

The program successfully identifies twin prime numbers.

10. Electricity Bill

Aim:

To calculate electricity bills based on usage.

Algorithm:

- 1. Input the number of units consumed.
- 2. Calculate the total bill based on tariff.
- 3. Output the bill amount.

Code:

```
units = int(input("Enter units consumed: "))
```

```
if units <= 100:
bill = units * 1.5
```

elif units <= 200:

else:

print(f"Total bill: {bill}")

Output:

Enter units consumed: 250

Total bill: 575.0

Result:

The program calculates the electricity bill correctly.

11. Discounted Price

Aim:

To compute the price after applying a discount.

Algorithm:

- 1. Input the original price and discount percentage.
- 2. Calculate the discounted price.
- 3. Output the final price.

Code:

```
price = float(input("Enter original price: "))
discount = float(input("Enter discount percentage: "))
final_price = price - (price * (discount / 100))
print(f"Final price after discount: {final_price}")
Output:
yaml
```

Copy code

Enter original price: 1000

Enter discount percentage: 10

Final price after discount: 900.0

Result:

The program correctly computes the discounted price.

12. Name Password Generation

Aim:

To create a secure password using a person's name.

Algorithm:

- 1. Input a name.
- 2. Generate a password by modifying characters (e.g., replace vowels with numbers).
- 3. Output the generated password.

Code:

python

Copy code

```
name = input("Enter your name: ")
```

password = name.replace('a', '@').replace('e', '3').replace('i', '1').replace('o', '0').replace('u', '7')

print("Generated password:", password)

Output:

yaml

Copy code

Enter your name: JohnDoe

Generated password: J0hnD03

Result:

The password is generated successfully based on the name.

13. Student Attendance Record

Aim:

To track and analyze student attendance.

Algorithm:

- 1. Input student attendance records.
- 2. Analyze the records to determine presence or absence.
- 3. Output the attendance summary.

```
students = int(input("Enter number of students: "))
attendance = []
```

```
for i in range(students):
  name = input(f"Enter name of student {i+1}: ")
  present = input(f"Is {name} present (Y/N)? ")
  attendance.append((name, present == 'Y'))
print("\nAttendance Summary:")
for name, present in attendance:
  status = "Present" if present else "Absent"
  print(f"{name}: {status}")
Output:
Enter number of students: 2
Enter name of student 1: John
Is John present (Y/N)? Y
Enter name of student 2: Jane
Is Jane present (Y/N)? N
John: Present
Jane: Absent
Result:
```

The program successfully tracks and outputs student attendance.