Genetic Algorithm

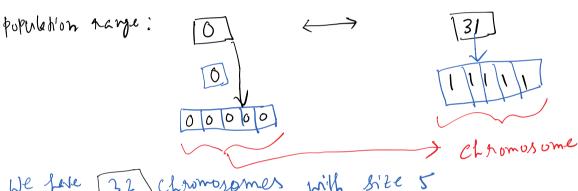
17 June 2021 09:42

Steps:

- 1. Select encoding type
- 2. Choose population size
- 3. Randomly choose initial population
- 4. Select parental chromosomes
- 5. Crossover and mutation
- 6. Evaluation of Offsprings
- 7. Set stopping criteria or go to step 4

Let us consider a fun $b(n) = n^2$ where $x \in [6,31]$ Population

Stepl: Encoling type



We have [32] Chromosomes with size 5

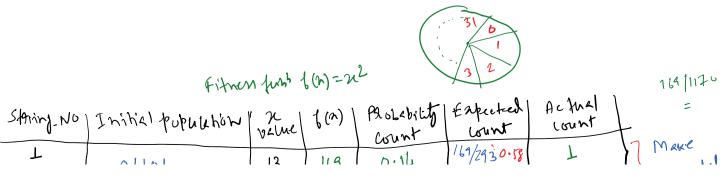
Step2: Chromosome population De consider n = 4 (chaomorome site)

Step 3: Initial population

[0-31] 13/24/8/19 Randomly De chouse

Step4: parental Chaomosomes

We choose Perent chromosomes by Roulette Wheel selection merhod



2 3 4	1 mina pupuluhow 0 10 11 0 0 0 2 km 0 7 0 1 0 0 0 1 0 0 1 1	13 24 8	169	0.14 0.49 0.05 0.31	169/2930.58 574/2931.97 64/2930.22 311/2930.22	count L 2 0 L	Make perented Chromotor Becording to knightly
4	Total Auseje	<u> </u>	1170	1	4	4	

Final Parental chromoses:

String: 11000 } parentel chromosomes

String: 01101 } parentel chromosomes

String: 11000 } parentel chromosomes

String: 10011 }

Steps: Enominer and mutchen: -

-> caossover point (randomly)

- crossover point (randomy)

Step 6: ENGluction of Buspaings

1 0 11 0 0 1 12 144 2 11 0 0 1 25 625	SIN'Y-NOI	M 572ing 1 1	\$ 2c]	(m)
3	1	611060	12	144
3 719	2	11001	25	625
4 11011 27	3 4	11011	27	729
10000 16 256		10000	16	256

Objective: To obtimize a using litness fun (1(2)= 22) 2 € [0,31]

Now the maximum reclue was of n was 24 h

[$\delta(n) = 576$]

Now the maximum velue of n = 27 4 [$\delta(n) = 729$]

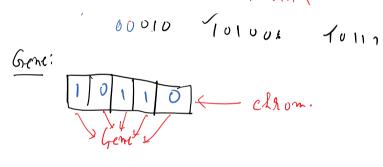
Generation 1

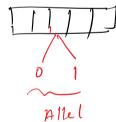
Charles :
0,1,2,4, --- 31

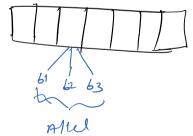
Initial topulation and be: $\kappa \delta(n) = 3$ $\kappa \delta(n) = 3$

00000, 00010, 00001, 00011 Paratal

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Blue ejet by black ejet be Brown ejet bs