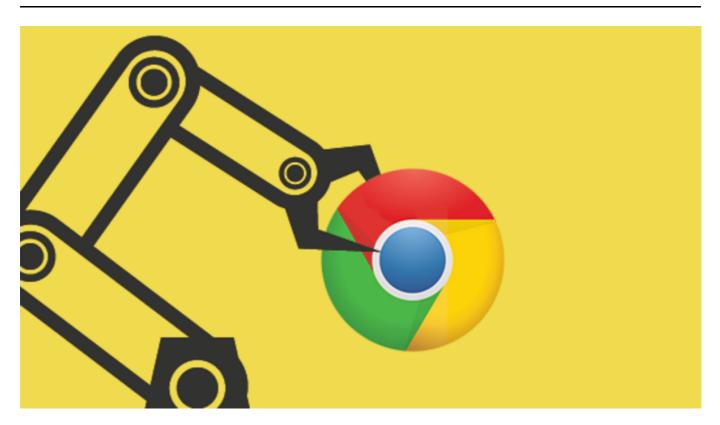
# 《Chrome V8源码》33. Lazy Compile 的技术细节



### 1摘要

本篇文章是 Builtin 专题的第八篇。本篇文章将跟踪 Bytecode 的执行过程,在该过程中讲解 Lazy Compile 的启动方式、工作流程以及重要的数据结构,同时也会介绍与 Lazy Compile 相关的 Builtin。

# 2 Lazy Compile 的启动

在进入 Lazy Compile 之前,先要了解 Bytecode 的执行过程,借助此过程来了解 Lazy Compile 的启动方式。源码如下:

```
14. . . . . VAR PROXY unallocated (0000016B96A17790) (mode = VAR, assigned =
true) "ignition"
15. . . . LITERAL "here we go!"//..........省略..........
     //.....分隔线.....
     0000025885361EAE @ 0 : 13 00
17.
                                             LdaConstant [0]
18.
     0000025885361EB0 @
                        2 : c2
                                            Star1
19.
     0000025885361EB1 @ 3 : 19 fe f8
                                            Mov <closure>, r2
     0000025885361EB4 @ 6 : 64 51 01 f9 02 CallRuntime [DeclareGlobals],
20.
r1-r2
21. 0000025885361EB9 @ 11 : 21 01 00
                                             LdaGlobal [1], [0]
22.
     0000025885361EBC @ 14 : c2
                                             Star1
     0000025885361EBD @ 15 : 13 02
23.
                                             LdaConstant [2]
24.
     0000025885361EBF @ 17 : c1
                                             Star2
25.
     0000025885361EC0 @ 18 : 0b f9
                                             Ldar r1
     0000025885361EC2 @ 20 : 68 f9 f8 01 02
                                             Construct r1, r2-r2, [2]
26.
27.
     0000025885361EC7 @ 25 : 23 03 04
                                             StaGlobal [3], [4]
28.
     0000025885361ECA @ 28 : 21 03 06
                                             LdaGlobal [3], [6]
     0000025885361ECD @ 31 : c1
29.
30.
     0000025885361ECE @ 32 : 2d f8 04 08
                                             LdaNamedProperty r2, [4], [8]
31.
     0000025885361ED2 @ 36 : c2
32. 0000025885361ED3 @ 37 : 5c f9 f8 0a
                                             CallProperty0 r1, r2, [10]
33. 0000025885361ED7 @ 41 : c3
                                             Star0
34. 0000025885361ED8 @ 42 : a8
                                             Return
36. - length: 5
          0: 0x02841b4e1d31 <FixedArray[2]>
37.
38.
           1: 0x02841b4e1c09 <String[8]: #ignition>
39.
          2: 0x02841b4e1c51 <String[11]: #here we go!>
40.
           3: 0x02841b4e1c39 <String[6]: #worker>
           4: 0x02841b4e1c71 <String[5]: #start>
41.
```

上述代码分为三部分,第一部分(1-6 行)是本文使用的测试代码,其中第 5 行会启动 Lazy Compile;第二部分(8-15 行)是测试代码的 AST;第三部分(17-41 行)是测试代码的Bytecode。我们从 Bytecode 讲起:

- (1) LdaGlobal [1], [0] (21 行)使用常量池[1]中的字符串作为 Key 获取全局对象,也就是获取 ignition 函数; Star1 (22 行)把 ignition 存入r1; Ldar r1 (25 行)从 r1 中取出 ignition 并存入累加寄存器;
- **(2)** LdaConstant [2] (23 行) 和 Star2 (24 行) 把字符串"here we go!"存入 r2。 Construct r1, r2-r2, [2] (26 行) 构造 ignition 函数时会启动 Compiler,源码如下:

```
RUNTIME FUNCTION(Runtime NewObject) {
     HandleScope scope(isolate);
2.
     DCHECK_EQ(2, args.length());
3.
     CONVERT ARG HANDLE CHECKED(JSFunction, target, ∅);
4.
     CONVERT_ARG_HANDLE_CHECKED(JSReceiver, new_target, 1);
     RETURN RESULT OR FAILURE(
7.
         isolate,
         JSObject::New(target, new target, Handle<AllocationSite>::null()));
8.
9. }
10. //.....分隔线......
11. int JSFunction::CalculateExpectedNofProperties(Isolate* isolate,
12.
                                                  Handle<JSFunction> function) {
13. int expected_nof_properties = 0;
```

```
14.
       for (PrototypeIterator iter(isolate, function, kStartAtReceiver);
15.
            !iter.IsAtEnd(); iter.Advance()) {
         Handle<JSReceiver> current =
16.
             PrototypeIterator::GetCurrent<JSReceiver>(iter);
17.
         if (!current->IsJSFunction()) break;
18.
         Handle<JSFunction> func = Handle<JSFunction>::cast(current);
19.
20.
         // The super constructor should be compiled for the number of expected
21.
         // properties to be available.
         Handle<SharedFunctionInfo> shared(func->shared(), isolate);
22.
        IsCompiledScope is_compiled_scope(shared->is_compiled_scope(isolate));
23.
24.
         if (is_compiled_scope.is_compiled() ||
25.
             Compiler::Compile(isolate, func, Compiler::CLEAR_EXCEPTION,
                               &is_compiled_scope)) {
26.
27.
        } else {
28.
         }
29.
       }
30. }
```

上述代码分为两部分,Runtime\_NewObject 中 New()(第 8 行)创建新对象,也就是创建 ignition 函数。 New() 中会调用第二部分代码(11-30 行)。第 24 行代码计算 ignition 的属性时会启动 Compiler 生成并执行字节码,源码如下:

```
00000258853621BE @ 0:82 00 04 CreateFunctionContext [0],
[4]
00000258853621C1 @ 3:1a f9 PushContext r1
//...省略......
00000258853621E7 @ 41:a8 Return
```

上述代码执行时不会启动 Compiler,所以 Return 指令会返回到测试代码并执行第32行 CallProperty0 r1, r2, [10],源码如下:

```
1. IGNITION_HANDLER(CallProperty0, InterpreterJSCallAssembler) {
2.
     JSCallN(0, ConvertReceiverMode::kNotNullOrUndefined);
3. }
void JSCallN(int arg_count, ConvertReceiverMode receiver_mode) {
       Comment("sea node1");
6.
7.
       const int kFirstArgumentOperandIndex = 1;
       const int kReceiverOperandCount = (receiver mode ==
ConvertReceiverMode::kNullOrUndefined) ? 0 : 1;
9.
       const int kReceiverAndArgOperandCount = kReceiverOperandCount + arg count;
10.
        const int kSlotOperandIndex = kFirstArgumentOperandIndex +
kReceiverAndArgOperandCount;
        TNode<Object> function = LoadRegisterAtOperandIndex(∅);
11.
12.
        LazyNode<Object> receiver = [=] {return receiver_mode ==
ConvertReceiverMode::kNullOrUndefined
                     ? UndefinedConstant() : LoadRegisterAtOperandIndex(1); };
13.
        TNode<UintPtrT> slot_id = BytecodeOperandIdx(kSlotOperandIndex);
14.
15.
        TNode<HeapObject> maybe_feedback_vector = LoadFeedbackVector();
```

```
16.
         TNode<Context> context = GetContext();
17.
         CollectCallFeedback(function, receiver, context, maybe_feedback_vector,
18.
                              slot id);
         switch (kReceiverAndArgOperandCount) {
19.
20.
21.
             CallJSAndDispatch(function, context, Int32Constant(arg_count),
                                receiver_mode);
22.
23.
             break;
24
           case 1:
25.
             CallJSAndDispatch(
                 function, context, Int32Constant(arg_count), receiver_mode,
26.
27
                 LoadRegisterAtOperandIndex(kFirstArgumentOperandIndex));
28.
             break;//....省略......
29.
           default:
             UNREACHABLE();
30.
31.
32.
33.
    };
```

上述代码中,r1 寄存器的值是 JSFunction start, r2 寄存器的值是 ignition map。第 2 行代码调用 JSCallN(); 第 9 行代码 kReceiverAndArgOperandCount 的值是2; 第 11 行代码 function 的值是 JSFunction start; 第 25 行代码 CallJSAndDlspatch() 会使用 TailCallN() 来完成函数的调用,最终进入 Lazy Compile。图 1 给出了此时的调用堆栈。

```
DCHECK_EQ(is_wrapped, arguments_for_wrapped_function != nullptr);
                                                      int pos = function_token_pos == kNoSourcePosition ? peek_position()
          2506
          2507
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         : function token pos;
          2508
                                                      DCHECK_NE(kNoSourcePosition, pos);
                           未找到相关问题
🕽 v8.dlll/v8::internal::Parser::ParseFunctionLiteral(const v8::internal::AstRawString * function_name, v8::internal::Scanner::Location function_name_location, v8::internal::FunctionNameVali
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    $
     v8.dlllv8::internal::Parsen:DoParseFunction(v8::internal::Isolate * isolate, v8::internal::Parselnfo * info, int start position, int end position, int function literal id, const v8::internal::AstRayv...
     v8.dlll\v8:internal::Parser::ParseFunction(v8::internal::Isolate * isolate, v8::internal::ParseInfo * info, v8::internal::Handle<v8::internal::Handle<v8::internal::SharedFunction(nfo> shared_info) 17 865
     v8.dll/v8::internal::parsing::ParseFunction(v8::internal::ParseInfo * info, v8::internal::Handle<v8::internal::SharedFunctionInfo> shared_info, v8::internal::Isolate * isolate, v8::internal::parsi...
     v8.dllliv8:internal::parsing::ParseAny(v8:internal::ParseInfo * info, v8:internal::Handle<v8:internal::SharedFunctionInfo> shared_info, v8:internal::lsolate * isolate, v8:internal::parsing::R...
      v8.dlllv8::internal::Compiler::Compile(v8::internal::Isolate * isolate, v8::internal::Handle<v8::internal::SharedFunctionInfo> shared_info, v8::internal::Compiler::ClearExceptionFlag flag, v8:.
     v8.dlll\v8::internal::Compiler::Compile(v8::internal::Isolate * isolate, v8::internal::ISFunction > function, v8::internal::Compiler::ClearExceptionFlag flag, v8::internal::Is...
     v8.dlllv8::internal::JSFunction::CalculateExpectedNofProperties(v8::internal::Isolate * isolate, v8::internal::Handle<v8::internal::JSFunction> function) 行 1022
     v8.dlllv8::internal::JSFunction::EnsureHasInitialMap(v8::internal::Handle<v8::internal::JSFunction> function) 行 494
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              C++
      v8.dll/v8:internal::J5Function::GetDerivedMap(v8:internal::J5Iolate * isolate, v8:internal::Handle<v8:internal::J5Function> constructor, v8:internal::Handle<v8:internal::J5Function>
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              C+
     v8.dlllv8::internal::JSObject::New(v8::internal::Handle<v8::internal::JSFunction> constructor, v8::internal::Handle<v8::internal::JSFunction> constructor, v8::internal::JSFunction> constructor, v8::internal::JSFun
     v8.dlllv8::internal::_RT_impl_Runtime_NewObject(v8::internal::Arguments<v8::internal::ArgumentsType::kRuntime> args, v8::internal::lsolate * isolate) 行 968
     v8.dlllv8::internal::Runtime_NewObject(int args_length, unsigned __int64 * args_object, v8::internal::Isolate * isolate) 行 963
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              C
      v8.dlll/v8::internal::GeneratedCode<unsigned long long,unsigned long long,unsigned long long,unsigned long long,unsigned long long,unsigned long long **>::Call(unsigne...
     v8.dlll\v8::internal::`anonymous namespace'::Invoke(v8::internal::lsolate * isolate, const v8::internal::`anonymous namespace'::InvokeParams & params) 行 383
     v8.dlll/v8:internal::Execution::Call(v8:internal::Isolate * isolate, v8:internal::Handle<v8::internal::Object> callable, v8::internal::Handle<v8::internal::Object> receiver, int argc, v8::internal::Disclare * isolate, v8::internal::Disclare * i
     v8.dll!v8::Script::Run(v8::Local<v8::Context> context) 行 2083
     d8.exelv8::Shell::ExecuteString(v8::Isolate * isolate, v8::Local<v8::String> source, v8::Local<v8::Value> name, v8::Shell::PrintResult print_result, v8::Shell::ReportExceptions report_exceptio.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              C++
     d8.exe!v8::SourceGroup::Execute(v8::Isolate * isolate) 行 3841
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              C++
     d8.exe!v8::Shell::RunMain(v8::Isolate * isolate, bool last_run) 行 4495
     d8.exe!v8::Shell::Main(int argc, char * * argv) 行 5250
     d8.exe!main(int argc, char * * argv) 行 5333
週用堆栈 断点 异常设置 命令窗□ 即时窗□
```

## 3 Lazy Compile

在测试代码中启动 Lazy Compile 的方式是 Runtime,源码如下:

```
RUNTIME FUNCTION(Runtime CompileLazy) {
2.
      HandleScope scope(isolate);
3.
      DCHECK_EQ(1, args.length());
      CONVERT_ARG_HANDLE_CHECKED(JSFunction, function, 0);
4.
      Handle<SharedFunctionInfo> sfi(function->shared(), isolate);
5.
6. #ifdef DEBUG
      if (FLAG_trace_lazy && !sfi->is_compiled()) {
7.
8.
        PrintF("[unoptimized: ");
       function->PrintName();
9.
10.
        PrintF("]\n");
11.
      }
12. #endif
       StackLimitCheck check(isolate);
13.
      if (check.JsHasOverflowed(kStackSpaceRequiredForCompilation * KB)) {
14.
15.
       return isolate->StackOverflow();
16.
       }
      IsCompiledScope is_compiled_scope;
17.
18.
      if (!Compiler::Compile(isolate, function, Compiler::KEEP_EXCEPTION,
                              &is_compiled_scope)) {
19.
20.
         return ReadOnlyRoots(isolate).exception();
21.
       }
       DCHECK(function->is_compiled());
22.
23.
       return function->code();
24. }
```

#### 上述代码第 3 行 function 的值是 JSFunction start; 第 18 行代码启动编译流程,源码如下:

```
bool Compiler::Compile(...省略....) {
1.
    Handle<Script> script(Script::cast(shared_info->script()), isolate);
2.
3.
    UnoptimizedCompileFlags flags =
         UnoptimizedCompileFlags::ForFunctionCompile(isolate, *shared_info);
4.
5.
     UnoptimizedCompileState compile state(isolate);
     ParseInfo parse_info(isolate, flags, &compile_state);
6.
7.
     LazyCompileDispatcher* dispatcher = isolate->lazy_compile_dispatcher();
8.
     if (dispatcher->IsEnqueued(shared_info)) {
9.
      }
10.
      if (shared_info->HasUncompiledDataWithPreparseData()) {
11.
       if (!parsing::ParseAny(&parse_info, shared_info, isolate,
12.
13.
                              parsing::ReportStatisticsMode::kYes)) {
14.
         return FailWithPendingException(isolate, script, &parse_info, flag);
15.
       }//.....省略......
       FinalizeUnoptimizedCompilationDataList
16.
17.
           finalize_unoptimized_compilation_data_list;
18.
       if (!IterativelyExecuteAndFinalizeUnoptimizedCompilationJobs(
19.
               isolate, shared_info, script, &parse_info, isolate->allocator(),
20.
               is_compiled_scope, &finalize_unoptimized_compilation_data_list,
21.
               nullptr)) {
         return FailWithPendingException(isolate, script, &parse_info, flag);
22.
23.
       FinalizeUnoptimizedCompilation(isolate, script, flags, &compile state,
24.
```

上述代码与之前讲的编译流程一致,请自行分析。**注意**: 第 27 行是 V8 新加入的编译组件,它的位置在 Ignition 和 Turbofan 之间。图 2 给出了此时的调用堆栈。



#### 技术总结

- (1) 本文涉及两次 Compile, 一次用于计算对象属性, 另一次是 Lazy Compile;
- (2) TailCallN() 用于在当前 Block的尾部添加 Node 并完成函数调用,详见 sea of nodes。

好了, 今天到这里, 下次见。

### 个人能力有限, 有不足与纰漏, 欢迎批评指正

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