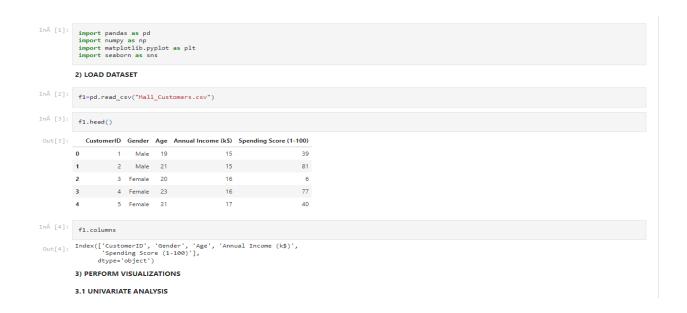
ASSIGNMENT – 4

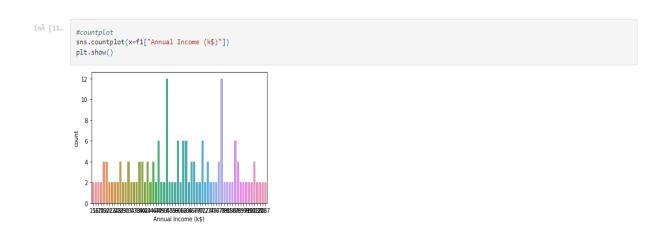
Assignment Date	28 october
Student Name	Ms. P.Swetha
Student Roll Number	913219106005
Maximum Marks	2 marks

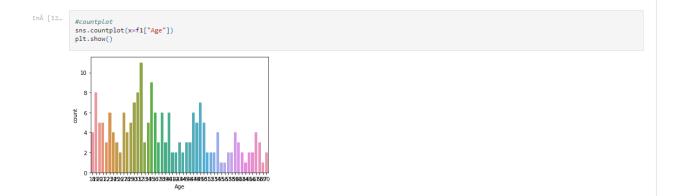


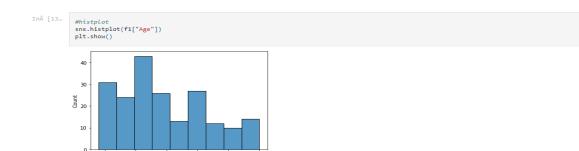


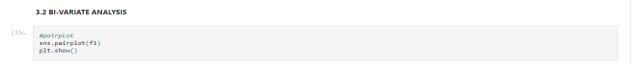


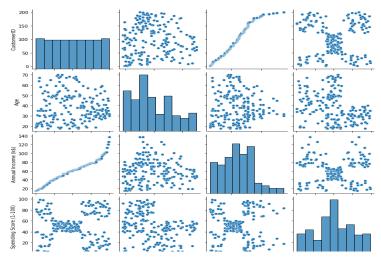


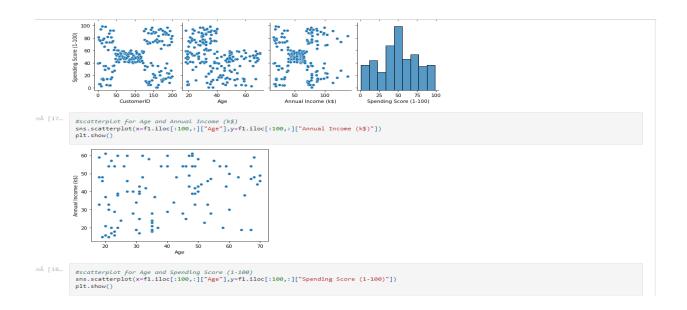


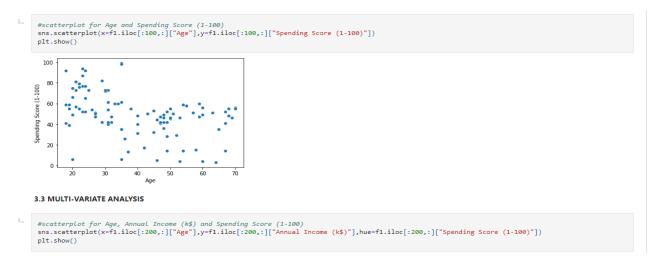






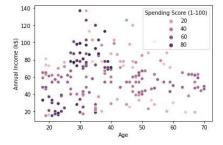






3.3 MULTI-VARIATE ANALYSIS

InA [19_ #scatterplot for Age, Annual Income (k\$) and Spending Score (1-100)
sns.scatterplot(x=f1.iloc[:200,:]["Age"],y=f1.iloc[:200,:]["Annual Income (k\$)"],hue=f1.iloc[:200,:]["Spending Score (1-100)"])
plt.show()



4) PERFORM DESCRIPTIVE STATISTICS ON THE DATASET

In [20... f1.describe()

Out[20]:

CustomerID Age Annual Income (k\$) Spending Score (1-100) count 200.000000 200.000000 200.000000 200.000000 60.560000 50.200000 mean 100.500000 38.850000 std 57.879185 13.969007 26.264721 25.823522 1.000000 min 1.000000 18.000000 15.000000 **25%** 50.750000 28.750000 41.500000 34.750000 **50**% 100.500000 36.000000 61.500000 50.000000 **75%** 150.250000 49.000000 78.000000 73.000000 max 200.000000 70.000000 137.000000 99.000000

	f1 mode(num	eri	_only=T	rue)	
	121mout (IIam				
[21]:	Custome	rID	Age Ar	nnual Income (k\$)	Spending Score (1-100)
	0	1	32.0	54.0	42.0
	1	2	NaN	78.0	NaN
	2	3	NaN	NaN	NaN
	3	4	NaN	NaN	NaN
	4	5	NaN	NaN	NaN
		122	744	7.00	
	195	196	NaN	NaN	NaN
	196	197	NaN	NaN	NaN
	197	198	NaN	NaN	NaN
	198	199	NaN	NaN	NaN
	199	200	NaN	NaN	NaN
2	200 rows ÃfÂ-	_ 4	columns		
22	f1.median(n	ume	ic_only	-True)	
	CustomerID			100.5	
	Age Annual Incom	ne ((\$)	36.0 61.5	
	Spending Sco dtype: float	ore	(1-100)	50.0	
	utype. 110ac	.04			
[23	f1.skew(nur	meri	c_only=1	True)	
	CustomerID			0.000000	
t[23]:	Age			0.485569	
	Annual Incom			0.321843	
	Spending Sco		(1-100)	-0.047220	
	dtype: floa	t64			
[24	f1.kurt(nur	meri	c only=1	(rua)	
	12. Kui C(iiui	iici 1	c_only-	irucy	
	CustomerID				
F[24]:	cas comer 10			-1.200000	
t[24]:	Age			-0.671573	
t[24]:	Age Annual Incom			-0.671573 -0.098487	
t[24]:	Age	ore		-0.671573 -0.098487	
t[24]:	Age Annual Incor Spending Sco dtype: fload	ore t64	(1-100)	-0.671573 -0.098487 -0.826629	
t[24]:	Age Annual Incor Spending Sco	ore t64	(1-100)	-0.671573 -0.098487 -0.826629	
	Age Annual Incor Spending Sco dtype: fload	ore t64	(1-100)	-0.671573 -0.098487 -0.826629	
[24]:	Age Annual Incompending Scottype: float 5) HANDLE I #find the I	ore t64 MIS:	(1-100) SING VA	-0.671573 -0.098487 -0.826629	
	Age Annual Inco Spending Sc dtype: floa 5) HANDLE I	ore t64 MIS:	(1-100) SING VA	-0.671573 -0.098487 -0.826629	
[25	Age Annual Incompending Scottype: float 5) HANDLE I #find the I	ore t64 MIS:	(1-100) SING VA	-0.671573 -0.098487 -0.826629	
	Age Annual Inco Spending Sc dtype: float 5) HANDLE I #find the r fl.isnull() CustomerID Gender	ore t64 MIS:	(1-100) SING VA	-0.671573 -0.098487 -0.826629	
[25	Age Annual Inco Spending Sc dtype: floa 5) HANDLE I #find the r f1.isnull() CustomerID Gender Age	ore t64 MIS: null).su	(1-100) SING VA column:	-0.671573 -0.098487 -0.826629 LUES	
[25	Age Annual Inco Spending Sc dtype: float 5) HANDLE I #find the r fl.isnull() CustomerID Gender	ore t64 MIS: null).su	(1-100) SING VA column: m()	-0.671573 -0.098487 -0.826629	

```
In [23... f1.skew(numeric_only=True)
 Out[23]: CustomerID 0.000000
Age 0.485569
Annual Income (k$) 0.321843
Spending Score (1-100) -0.047220
dtype: float64
 In [24... f1.kurt(numeric_only=True)
 Out[24]: CustomerID -1.200000
Age -0.671573
Annual Income (k$) -0.098487
Spending Score (1-100) -0.826629
dtype: float64
                      5) HANDLE MISSING VALUES
In [25... #find the null columns f1.isnull().sum()
 Out[25]: CustomerID
Gender
Age
Annual Income (k$)
Spending Score (1-100)
dtype: int64
                     6) FIND THE OUTLIERS AND REPLACE THE OUTLIERS
InA [36-
#find outliers-Annual Income (k$)
plt.boxplot(f1["Annual Income (k$)"])
plt.show()
                      140
                                                                            0
                      120
                      100
                        80
                        60
                        40
                        20
                       #handling outliers: InterQuartile Range(IQR)
Q3-np.percentile(f1["Annual Income (k$)"],75,interpolation-'midpoint')
Q1-np.percentile(f1["Annual Income (k$)"],25,interpolation-'midpoint')
IQR-Q3-Q1
print("Q1:", Q1)
print("Q1:", Q3)
print("IQR: ", IQR)
                      Q1: 41.0
Q3: 78.0
IQR: 37.0
  In [38…
                        upperOutlayers=Q3+1.5*IQR
lowerOutlayers=Q1-1.5*IQR
print(upperOutlayers)
print(lowerOutlayers)
                        #find outliers-Spending Score (1-100)
plt.boxplot(f1["Spending Score (1-100)"])
plt.show()
  In [40...
                       #handling outliers: InterQuartile Range(IQR)
Q3-np.percentile(f1["Annual Income (k$)"],75,interpolation='midpoint')
Q1-np.percentile(f1["Annual Income (k$)"],25,interpolation='midpoint')
IgR-Q3-Q1
print("Q1: ", Q1)
print("Q1: ", Q1)
print("IQR: ", IQR)
                      Q1: 41.0
Q3: 78.0
IQR: 37.0
                       upperOutlayers=Q3+1.5*IQR
lowerOutlayers=Q1-1.5*IQR
print(upperOutlayers)
print(lowerOutlayers)
                        f1.drop(np.where(f1["Annual Income (k$)"]>=upperOutlayers)[0],inplace=True) f1.drop(np.where(f1["Annual Income (k$)"]<=lowerOutlayers)[0],inplace=True)
                       #find outliers-Spending Score (1-100)
plt.boxplot(f1["Spending Score (1-100)"])
plt.show()
```

```
#find outliers-Age
plt.boxplot(f1["Age"])
plt.show()
```

7) CHECK FOR CATEGORICAL COLUMNS AND PERFORM ENCODING

```
In [43... from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder

encod=LabelEncoder()
f1('Spending Score (1-100)']=encod.fit_transform(f1['Spending Score (1-100)'])

In [48... print(f1["Spending Score (1-100)"].unique())

[29 66 4 63 30 62 78 1 58 12 82 13 11 65 27 54 23 81 59 3 67 25 51 24
71 2 76 15 20 61 28 22 53 45 37 32 42 50 44 35 31 40 36 41 46 49 38 39
43 34 47 48 33 75 79 9 7 26 57 72 5 8 77 10 80 60 17 74 16 14 73 0
64 68 21 52 70 56 19 55 69 18 6]
```

```
8) SCALING THE DATA
 {\rm In}\hat{\mathbb{A}} [49... from sklearn.preprocessing import scale
 In [50…
                x=f1.drop(columns=['Gender'],axis=1)
                x.head()
  Out[50]:
               CustomerID Age Annual Income (k$) Spending Score (1-100)
               0
                          1 19
                                                                                    29
               1 2 21 15
                                                                                    66
                                                                                     4
                            3 20
                                                16
               2
               3 4 23 16
                                                                                    63
                                             17
               4
                            5 31
                                                                                    30
In [52... x.mean()
 Out[52]: 1.570012358055777e-17
In [54... x.std()
 Out[54]: 1.0
              9) PERFORM CLUSTERING ALGORITHM
In [56... from sklearn.cluster import KMeans
               from sklearn.cluster import KMeans
wcss=[]
for i in range (1,11):
    kmeans-KMeans(n_clusters=i, init='k-means++',random_state=0)
    kmeans.fit(x)
    wcss.append(kmeans.inertia_)
In [57... wcss
Out[57]: [791.99999999998, 508.44874485439107, 368.58328094500737, 257.092939027723, 206.35125359279914, 156.94571620133905, 140.89593744774663, 125.07516278994356, 114.55898071571418, 101.0295653122749]
In [52... x.mean()
 Out[52]: 1.570012358055777e-17
In [54... x.std()
 Out[54]: 1.0
             9) PERFORM CLUSTERING ALGORITHM
In\hat{A} [56... from sklearn.cluster import KMeans
               wcss=[]
for i in range (1,11):
    kmeans=K/Means(n_clusters=i, init='k-means++',random_state=0)
kmeans.fit(x)
                 wcss.append(kmeans.inertia_)
In [57... wcss
 Out[57]: [791.999999999998, 508.44874485439107,
               368.58328054500737,
257.0929393027723,
               206.35125359279914,
156.94571620133905,
               140.89593744774663,
               125.07516278994356,
114.55898071571418,
101.0295653122749]
```

```
plt.scatter(x[y_kmeans==0,0],x[y_kmeans==0,1],s=100,c='red',label='Cluster 1')
plt.scatter(x[y_kmeans==1,0],x[y_kmeans==1,1],s=100,c='pink',label='Cluster 2')
plt.scatter(x[y_kmeans==2,0],x[y_kmeans==2,1],s=100,c='pink',label='Cluster 3')
plt.scatter(x[y_kmeans==3,0],x[y_kmeans==3,1],s=100,c='green',label='Cluster 4')
plt.scatter(x[y_kmeans==4,0],x[y_kmeans==4,1],s=100,c='orange',label='Cluster 5')
plt.scatter(x[y_kmeans==4,0],x[y_kmeans=-4,1],s=100,c='orange',label='Cluster 5')
plt.scatter(x[y_kmeans==4,0],x[y_kmeans.cluster_centers_[:, 1],s=300,c='black',label='Centroids')
plt.statter(x[y_kmeans==0,0],x[y_kmeans.cluster_centers_[:, 1],s=300,c='black',label='Centroids')
plt.scatter(x[y_kmeans==0,0],x[y_kmeans==0,1],s=100,c='orange',label='Cluster 5')
plt.scatter(x[y_kmeans=0,0],x[y_kmeans==0,1],s=100,c='orange',label='Cluster 5')
plt.scatter(x[y_kmeans=0,0],x[y_kmeans=0,0],x[y_kmeans=0,0],x[y_kmeans=0,0],x[y_kmeans=0,0],x[y_kmeans=0,0],x[y_kmeans=0,0],x[y_kmeans=0,0],x[y_kmeans=0,0],x[y_kmeans=0,0],x[y_kmeans=0,0],x[y_kmeans=0,0],x[y_kmeans=0,0],x[y_kmeans=0,0],x[y_kmeans=0,0],x[y_kmeans=0,0],x[y_kmeans=0,0],x[y_kmeans=0
```

