



President Greet Children at School and Idaho Tech

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the executive of their wishes and the personification and concentration of their sentiments.

When the president had finished his speech and the horseshoe and other memorials given him, he got into the car which was waiting to receive him and the procession started down Harrison, moving at a moderate pace on up Lander and down Main street. During the progress along Main street, Bonneville and Arthur, the president continually smiled and bowed, while Mrs. Harding nodded and waved her bouquet.

CHILDREN GREETED AT HIGH SCHOOL

As the procession approached the high school grounds the cars were moving at a rate which enabled the president to arrive in the midst of the large gathering of children and parents even before the news that the procession was approaching the grounds had reached the extremities of the crowd. There was a great rush of little folks to the fence and walk to get a glimpse of the "foremost man in the country." Enthusiastic parents lifted blissfully ignorant babies above their heads and fairly waved them at the smiling figures in the car.

The president and Mrs. Harding both called out hearty greetings from their seats in the car, the president removing his hat in response to the excited requests of a hundred youngsters near the car.

Greetings on the part of the west side schools were tendered by the Misses Harriet and Sarah Jane Carothers, Geraldine and Dorothy Edgerton, and Mildred and Alice Fox. The girls presented large bouquets of flowers to Mrs. Harding and Mrs. Moore with appropriate compliments. The president and his wife thanked the girls and of their school mates, and shook hands with each of them.

During all this procedure, the president's face expressed the greatest sympathy and enjoyment of the occasion. Weighty matters of government were forgotten, and the reserve and gravity of his important and re-

sponsible position were cast to the winds. That was the other side.

As the procession moved the president turned and half rose in his seat, waving until the car had passed the corner. The parade moved uneventfully down Arthur Avenue to Gould, up Gould to Twelfth street, and then by an indirect route to the Tech.

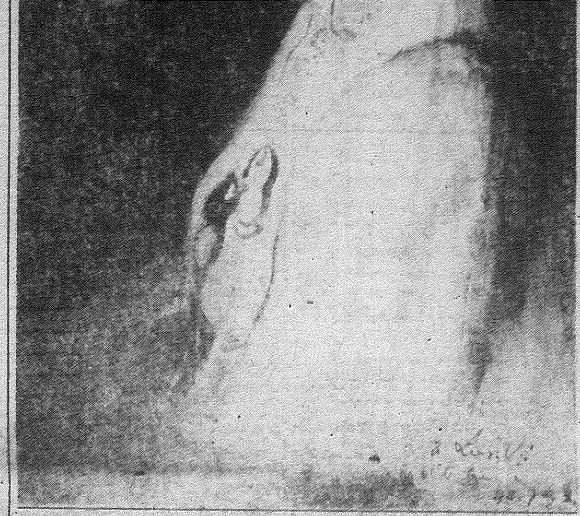
A merry circle for a great president to swing around was the throng of Pocatello school children gathered about the roped off horseshoe curve through the Tech campus. Long before the distinguished party came into sight the formation was being worked out by a corps of men students at the Tech who acted as special police for the occasion. Small youngsters leaned over the ropes, while taller ones formed "stair-steps" behind.

When the presidential car swung into the campus curve, an instantaneous hush fell over the juvenile group. Then Mrs. J. A. Damon sprang upon a chair and waved for the opening verse of "America."

The car had hardly stopped when a gorgeous bouquet of red and white peonies was passed to Mrs. Harding by Miss Odette Fincher, representing the Tech student body. Exclamations of delight at the beauty of the flowers were mingled with cries of "Oh, they hide his face!"

President Harding rose from his seat with a jolly greeting, and then said: "What finer welcome than this assembly itself! How fine it is for a boy or girl to be born in the United States of America! I greet you as a representative of the government. I thank you for remembering Mrs. Harding." The president resumed his seat, waving his hat all the while, as the car pulled away. Mrs. Harding turned and waved and called "Goody-bye" to the children until the party had passed out of the gate.

"What a good looking man he is!" was the most frequent ejaculation heard from the four hundred summer school girls and women massed on the Tech steps.



GOVERNOR MOORE WELCOMES THE NATION'S CHIEF TO IDAHO

President Harding was welcomed to Pocatello in particular and Idaho in general by Governor C. C. Moore. Governor Moore's speech of welcome and introduction typified the genuineness of the reception which has been accorded the president at every point on his western trip. The text of the governor's speech follows:

Mr. President, Honored Members of the President's Party, and Good People of the Whole Commonwealth of Idaho:

It becomes my most honored privilege to introduce to you the chief executive of all these United States. This is a rare occasion and I glory in the magnificent and wonderful demonstration of love and loyalty of the tens of thousands who assemble here today to do honor to our president. We bow no knees to any sovereign, we bend no heads to any kind of czar, but we raise our heads in the full knowledge of freedom to welcome with love in our hearts the chief executive of the land we love so well.

We greet this distinguished visitor, not as the head of party, but all creeds and all parties today in the state unite to honor him as the embodiment of the spirit of government which has made and will continue to make this country the great, free nation that it is.

The people of Idaho are solid in their love and support of the great principles set forth in the American Constitution. We believe in the representative form of government. We are not radical in any way and those who drift in who are radical soon find this is no place for treason or the inciting of rebellion against properly constituted authority. We do not favor any of the fails or fancies that would lead the people away from the solid American ideals of honesty and peaceful livelihood.

The people of Idaho, Mr. President, are with you 100 per cent in your efforts to bring out of this reaction stability and order to their proper place in the civic life of America. We are with you again when you refuse to recognize the radical and dangerous influences against free institution and demand foreign governments to come to the standard set by modern civilization. We commend you for not following into the dark by-ways of socialism and communism, for these can mean the dissolution of the republic for which so much precious blood has been spilled on the fields of battle.

Mr. President, we commend you for your efforts in the interest of world peace and your fight for disarmament and for a world court. The people of the state of Idaho are peace-loving and wish never again to see their sons tied to the wheels of the guns of war. Idaho did her bit in the last war and nobly did she pour forth her treasures, but none so precious as her sons and daughters who never came back. In the memory of these, Mr. President,

the people of Idaho ask you to stop forever the infernal business of war. We are with you in your attempt to stabilize the industries of the farmer and the producer through the means of a strong, sensible protective tariff. From this time on the East must depend more and more on the resources of the West. It is meet for both the East and West to change existing conditions so that the cost of production and transportation should be lowered in order that the producer may have a just compensation for his toil and so that the consumer does not bear too heavy a burden. If this adjustment is not made western producers must withdraw from their fields and a most serious condition will result.

Reclamation in the west means life and homes. Today you will see between here and Idaho Falls what miracles water has wrought—the Greater Port Hall project.

It is not I alone, Mr. President, who welcome you and your distinguished party today, but the half million men and women and boys and girls of a state carved but a few years since from the sagebrush plains and mountains of a new and wild country. You are standing today where the pioneers pushed forward to build an empire—you are on the Old Oregon Trail—the greatest highway of all times. These pioneers builded better than they knew and today a grateful people welcome you to their state, its hills, its rivers, its lakes, its fertile fields and cities—but most of all to their full hearts—full of the love for their peerless leader—Warren G. Harding.

The Light Along the Mountains that the Indians first called E-De-He again shines. Mr. President, in the glory of a new commonwealth for its chief executive, and in the people of the state of Idaho, I, as governor of the state and all this assembled populace, welcome you to Idaho—the Gem of the Mountains.

WOBBLES PLAN A COAST STRIKE

Portland, Ore., June 28 (AP)—Plans are being perfected by the Industrial Workers of the World on the Pacific coast and in the Pacific northwest for another strike within the next few weeks, especial attention being paid to the harvest fields, it was stated here today by S. Healy, local spokesman for the timber workers' section of the I. W. W.

Healy said the exact date for the walkout had not yet been set.

MOLLY WINS

Chantilly, France, June 28 (AP)—Miss Molly Gourlay, of Chamberley Heath, England, won the international women's golf championship today, defeating Miss Pauline de Bellet, of France, 3 to 2 in the final.

of the estimated crowd of twenty-five thousand to hear with ease the chief executive's message. The president's address at this point was entirely extemporaneous and dealt particularly with conditions relative to this particular section of the country.

But slight reference was made to matters of international importance such as had characterized the president's address in other cities during his present journey.

In opening his address the president stated that he was satisfied that he was addressing a one hundred per cent American audience. Reference was made of a trip to Pocatello some six years ago but on the previous trip the greeting accorded him was far lacking from the present huge reception. The president stated that he was greatly enjoying his trip through the west and that one of his regrets was that while occupied with official duties in the nation's capital, beautiful as it is, he did not receive the inspiration such as always came to him while visiting all portions of this great country.

One of the problems of the government, said President Harding, is that of transportation, for no matter what the production, it is in vain without ability to transport the excess to market. The problem of transportation is peculiarly acute in the west. He said, however, that he was greatly pleased to see that the western states were making efforts on their own behalf to solve this difficulty. One notable instance of this is manifest in the sugar industry and he stated that as long as he is president of the United States his whole hearted support would be given to the encouragement of the production of American sugar.

PRESIDENT ADDRESSES REMARKS TO SHOPMEN

Speaking directly to the hundreds of shop employees who had ceased their labors to hear the chief executive's address, President Harding stated that he was greatly pleased with the welcome accorded him by the men in overalls. He said that he is just as much concerned over the welfare of the laboring class as any other segment in the nation and that he considered it the most important class in American life. The president stated that he spoke the truth and that he firmly believed that men engaged in transportation should be paid the most highly paid and work under the most favorable conditions of any class engaged in public service. Employees in this line should have their hearts in their work, and referring specifically to all branches. President Harding showed how the lives of passengers hinge on the dependable continuity of the work of all concerned.

Reiterating that employees in transportation lines should be the best compensated in any public service, the president stated that such employees should also realize the importance of their work. He questioned the right of employees to suspend work and stated that there should be no dissent until the cause had been heard by the justices of the land. The interests of the country are mutual and no matter what may develop, all should work for a common good and not for the benefit of any individual or organization in disregard of the rights of other citizens.

The president spoke briefly of the amazing development of the United States, stating that in a century and a half its citizens have built the most wonderful republic on the face of the earth. It is inconceivable, said President Harding, that this great nation is founded on false principles as there can be no really free republic without the three great basic points on which the American nation is founded—civil, human and religious liberty. Referring to the rights of America's children he said that all should be afforded equal opportunities. The government owes an obligation in equipping the children to carry on with the republic. By keeping faith the nation may develop greater achievements beyond all realization.

PRESIDENT SPEAKS ON WORLD COURT

President Harding said that he cherished the goodness of America from the intrigue of the old world and that it was his desire to encourage peace throughout the universe. The recent tremendous upheaval should never have occurred and the great sacrifices entailed will require more than two centuries to overcome. The world may never be (Continued on Page Seven)