Get Out of the Box

Team #26
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Homeless in Seattle #Vic

Income \$700/mo.
Lives in Angeline's center for homeless

Seattle housing is expensive Waitlist priority #1 but moved down; Wait time 1.5 years;

Doesn't have access to technology



Senior tenant #Mat Afalava

67 year old, disabled veteran Langdon & Anne Simons Senior Apt

Supported by onsite medical case manager

Renews lease every year

Used to live in the streets



Property owner says #Mat has a tendency to go back to streets

The median wait for a voucher was more than 2 years.

National Low Income Housing Coalition & U.S Interagency Council

For every 100 extremely low income (ELI) renter households, there are just 30 affordable and

to add 4.5 million units"

2013 National Low Income Housing Coalition

Only 69 percent of voucher recipients succeeded in finding such apartments and using the subsidy

Property owner #Kunjako

Runs a convenience store in FL

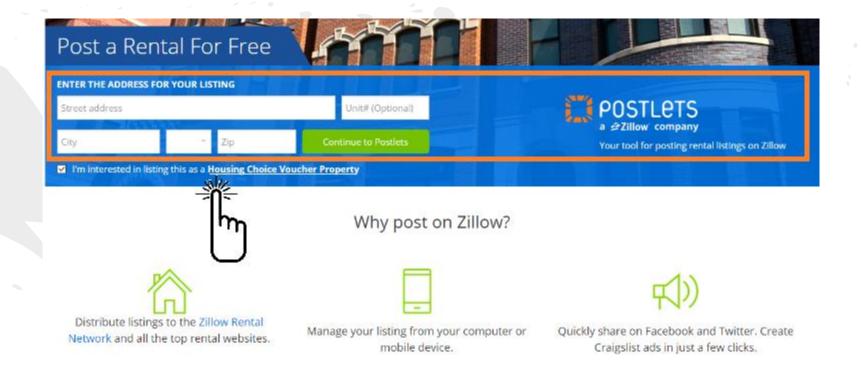
Likes the guaranteed income and tax credits

3 weeks - avg. 4hrs/day! \$1125 To find information, forms Get inspection and approval

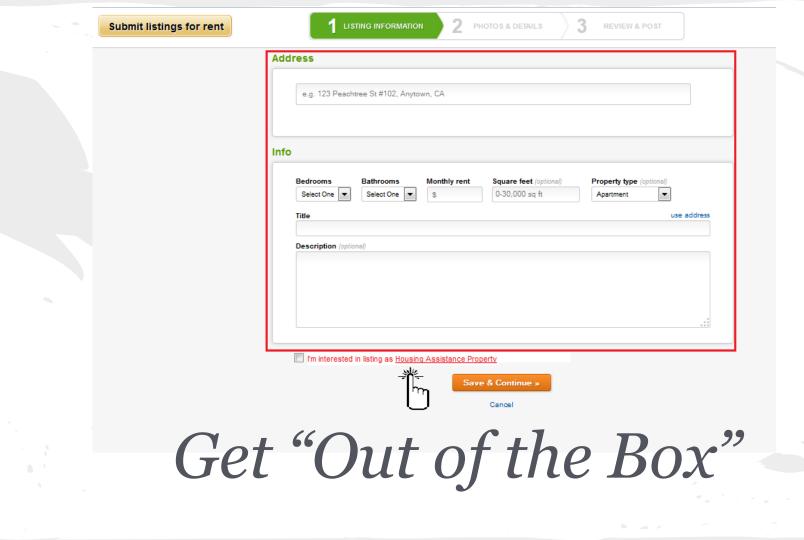
Took one month to find a tenant!



Had to create posters and listing on multiple section 8 sites



Get "Out of the Box"



Demo – how do you get out of the box

What's next?

- * Onboard volunteers
- * Investors section refurbished spaces

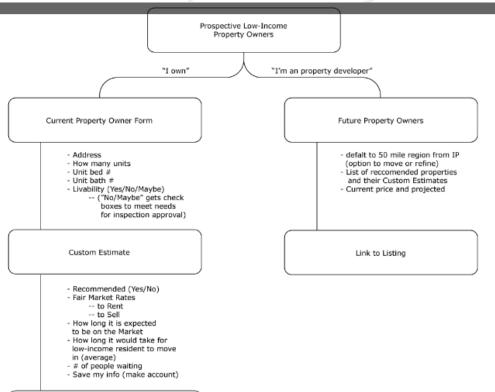
* Marketing partnership with Zillow, Redfin, etc.,

* API to expose our data to property portals

* Tech partners – Amazon, Microsoft

Appendix – Info architecture

Schedule Inspection or Volunteer Service



Appendix – Proposed theme

Rate/Value Estimate 1234 Main Street, Seattle WA 98103



Recommended for low-income housing:

YES

Eligibility for volunteer clean-up assistance: APPROVED

□ Floors

□ Windows

Outlets

Sinks

□ Food Areas

Submit to LHA

Estimate:

Does your property meet inspection standards?

Yes

□ No

Unsure

¬ Walls/Ceilings

□ Stove/Oven □ Refrigerator

□ Toilets

Bathtub/Shower

□ Ventilation

Unspoiled

ZillowUser1

Affordable Rental Supply Gaps: 2003-9

Thousands

	2003	2005	2007	2009
Extremely Low-Income Renters				
Households	9,403	10,429	9,249	10,442
Affordable Units	7,298	7,221	7,218	6,567
Affordable and Available Units	3,984	4,230	4,117	3,749
Affordable, Available, and Adequate Units	3,834	4,083	3,992	3,643
Supply Gap	5,569	6,346	5,258	6,799
Very Low-Income Renters				
Households	16,262	17,113	15,872	18,004
Affordable Units	19,881	19,705	17,616	17,914
Affordable and Available Units	12,425	12,825	11,361	11,935
Affordable, Available, and Adequate Units	12,005	12,357	11,011	11,587
Supply Gap	4,257	4,756	4,861	6,418

Notes: The supply gap is the difference between the number of renter households and the number of affordable, available, and adequate rental units. Extremely (very) low-income households have incomes up to 30% (up to 50%) of HUD-adjusted area median family income. Gross rent includes rent and tenant-paid utilities. Alfordable units have gross rents up to 30% of the household income threshold for the category. Available units are vacant or rented by households with incomes no more than the threshold for the category. Adequate units exclude occupied units that the American Housing Survey defines as severely inadequate and vacant units that lacf full plumbling. Gross rent for vacant units is estimated at 1.15 times the asking rent. Units rented but not yet occupied are excluded.

Source: JCHS tabulations of US Department of Housing and Urban Development, 2003-9 American Housing Surveys, using JCHS-adjusted weights.

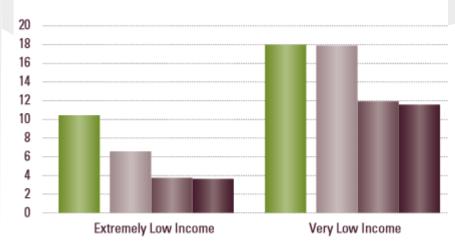
Out of Reach study - NHILC

Landlord Liaison project

NHTF – Home owner features

Low-Income Renters Far Outnumber Affordable, Available, and Adequate Units





Household Income Category

Renter Households in 2009

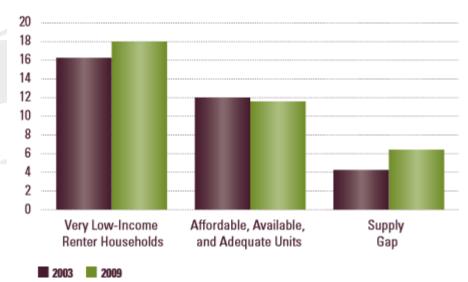
Affordable Units

Affordable and Available Units

Affordable, Available, and Adequate Units

With the Number of Very Low-Income Renters Rising and the Affordable Stock Shrinking, the Supply Gap Has Widened

Millions



Notes: Affordable units have gross rents that are no more than 30% of the very low-income threshold (50% of HUD-adjusted area median family income). Gross rent includes rent and tenant-paid utilities.

Available units are vacant or rented by households with incomes up to the very low-income threshold. Adequate units exclude occupied units that the AHS defines as severely inadequate and vacant units that lack full plumbing. Gross rent for vacant units is estimated at 1.15 times the asking rent. Units rented

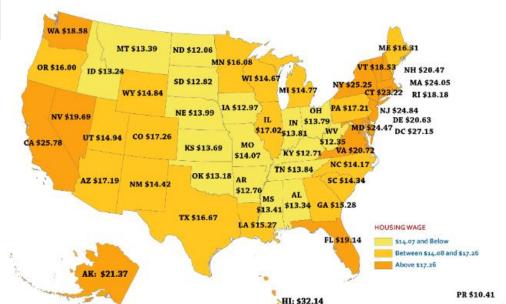
but not yet occupied are excluded.

Source: JCHS tabulations of US Department of Housing and Urban Development, 2009 American Housing Survey, using JCHS-adjusted weights.

Appendix 4

2013 TWO-BEDROOM RENTAL UNIT HOUSING WAGE

Represents the hourly wage that a household must earn (working 40 hours a week, 52 weeks a year) in order to afford the Fair Market Rent for a two-bedroom unit, without paying more than 30% of their income.



2013 - More than 1.5 million people were on waiting lists just for 134 PHAs

According to the 2009 American Housing Survey, 6.0 million (16 percent) of the nation's 38.6 million occupied rentals were subsidized, assisted through the Low Income Housing Tax Credit program, or occupied by tenants using vouchers to make up the difference between a fixed fraction of their incomes and the fair market rents.

!25% of low income renters receive assistance

The two major types of housing programs are property-based (subsidies or tax incentives directed to properties that are reserved for eligible low-income tenants) and tenant-based (vouchers that renters can use for any unit that meets program quality standards and accepts vouchers as a form of rent payment)

The research team was unable to locate 15 percent of new admits and 23 percent of applicants still on a waiting list. Rental assistance applicants are likely to be living in tenuous or transient living arrangements and, not surprisingly, many were no longer living at the address listed on the PHA's waiting list. - Get the housing quickly

Misc.

Only 69 percent of voucher recipients succeeded in finding such apartments and using the subsidy

A more recent HUD study also found that the voucher success rate related to whether local laws prohibited landlords from discriminating against tenants based on the source of income they relied on to make rental payments.