#### What went wrong in the Duke analysis?

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There was a lack of transparency

What went wrong? transparency

## The data and code weren't reproducible

#### What went wrong? transparency

## There was a lack of cooperation

#### What happened

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From the article:

#### Cancer trial errors revealed

2006 Anil Potti, a cancer geneticist at Duke University in Durham, North Carolina, and others file patent applications on the idea of using gene-expression data to predict sensitivity to cancer drugs. Potti is first author on a paper in Nature Medicine.

2007 Potti is last author on a paper in the Journal of Clinical Oncology (JCO)<sup>2</sup>. Duke begins three clinical trials to test Potti's predictors in patients with breast or lung cancer.

SEPTEMBER 2009 Keith Baggerly and Kevin Coombes, statisticians at the University of Texas M. D. Anderson Cancer Centre in Houston, publish a paper in *Annals of Applied Statistics*<sup>3</sup> stating that they could not replicate Potti's claims. Duke suspends the trials and asks a review panel to investigate.

**NOVEMBER 2009** Potti places data underlying the *JCO* paper online. Baggerly writes to Sally Kornbluth, Duke vice-dean for research, and Michael Cuffe, Duke vice-president for medical affairs, to point out differences from raw data.

**DECEMBER 2009** An unredacted copy of the report by Duke's review panel, later obtained by *Nature*, shows that the panel replicated Potti's claims using his data, but were unaware that those data contained discrepancies.

JANUARY 2010 Duke restarts clinical trials.

**JULY 2010** The Cancer Letter reveals that Potti made false claims about his CV. Trials are suspended and an investigation begins. Harold Varmus, director of the National Cancer Institute in Bethesda, Maryland, asks the Institute of Medicine to review Duke's trials.

NOVEMBER 2010 JCO paper is retracted. Duke closes the trials permanently. Potti resigns.

DECEMBER 2010 Institute of Medicine study begins, but will now focus more generally on criteria for genomics predictor.

JANUARY 2011 Nature Medicine paper is retracted.

### There was a lack of expertise

What went wrong? expertise

### They used silly prediction rules

What went wrong? expertise

# They had study design problems

What went wrong? expertise

## Their predictions weren't locked down

### At the end of the day the Potti analysis was fully reproducible

The problem is that the analysis was wrong





### Opinion: Reproducible research can still be wrong: Adopting a prevention approach

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<sup>a</sup>Associate Professor of Biostatistics and Oncology and <sup>b</sup>Associate Professor of Biostatistics, Johns Hopkins University, Baltimore, MD computational tools such as knitr, iPython notebook, LONI, and Galaxy (8) have simplified the process of distributing reproducible data analyses.

