

Recursive Augmented Reality Image Processing System

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December 10, 2011

Abstract

We have implemented an augmented reality system that can overlay a digital image on a video stream of a real world environment. We read NTSC video data from a video camera and store it in external ZBT memory. A picture frame with colored markers on the corners is held in front of the camera. We then perform chroma-based object recognition to locate the coordinates of the corners. Using these coordinates, we apply a projective transformation to project an image onto the dimensions of the picture frame. From this, we generate a VGA output signal, display the original captured image, with the processed image overlaid on top of the picture frame. By using the previously displayed video frame as the image to be projected on the next frame, the system becomes “recursive.”

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1 Overview

The augmented reality image processing system, or `augreal`, was inspired by the recursive feedback effects created by pointing a video source at its own display. Unfortunately, in doing this in the real world, there is significant loss in image quality in each successive generation of recursion. Performing the same operation in digital logic provides the opportunity to achieve the same effect, in real time at a high frame rate, with minimal image quality loss. We also chose to implement object tracking functionality, to simulate the effect of moving the video monitor around within the camera's field of view. The final output of `augreal` is shown in Figure 1.



Figure 1: *A screen capture of the video output of the augmented reality image processing system.*

The `augreal` system uses a four stage buffered image processing pipeline. Images from a video camera are captured into a memory buffer, which on the next frame is partially overwritten by skewed, scaled, and rotated pixels from the last image buffer that was displayed on the VGA output. On the next frame, this overwritten buffer becomes the video output. There are seven primary modules of this system.

The `clock_gen` module is responsible for creating and phase synchronizing the clocks used by the rest of the system. Because we require a specific video clock frequency, and because of the amount of computation and memory accesses we must perform, it is necessary for `augreal` to use three distinct clock domains: a video capture clock, at approximately 27 MHz, generated externally by the video camera, a memory clock at 50 MHz, and a video output clock at 25 MHz.

The `memory_interface` module handles reading and writing from the ZBT memory, abstracting these operations away from the other modules. This module is responsible for “shifting” the buffers as described above.

Raw video is read from the video camera by the `ntsc_capture` module, which also finds recognizes pixels that match the colors of the corners of the target frame. These pixels are read by the `object_recognition` module which finds the weighted center of mass of the frame corners. The LPF module sends each pixel to the `projective_transform` module which then sends that pixel's value and new coordinates to the `memory_interface` module to be written to memory. The `vga_write` module reads and transmits the VGA data to be generated by the video DAC.

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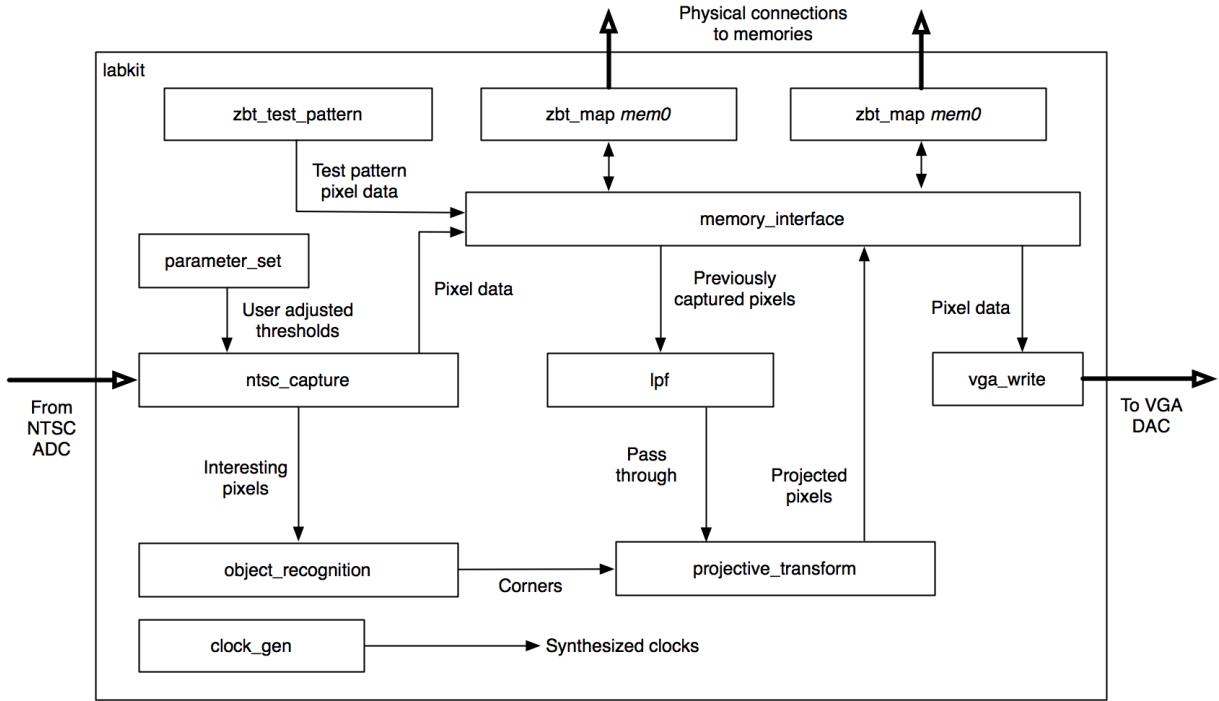


Figure 2: An overview block diagram of the augmented reality system.

2 Description

2.1 ntsc_capture (Logan)

The `ntsc_capture` module decodes NTSC Composite video using an Analog Devices ADV7185 video ADC and sends pixels in luminance/chrominance color space to `memory_interface` to be written into a ZBT memory frame buffer. Additionally, `ntsc_capture` is responsible for recognizing colors that matches the

corner targets (blue, green, pink, and orange).

`ntsc_capture` has three submodules, none of which were written by our team. They are described here with specific attention to their relation to the primary `ntsc_capture` module.

`adv7185init` This module initializes the ADV7185 video ADC. It selects the video source (in our case, the composite video input), and wires the data streams to the `labkit` module. This module was written by the 6.111 staff.

`ntsc_decode` This module takes the incoming data stream from the ADV7185, and decodes it into individual pixels. It also generates flags that indicate when its data output is valid, when the NTSC stream is in horizontal sync, when the NTSC stream is in vertical sync, and whether the current frame is an odd or even field. (Because NTSC video data is interlaced, each frame alternates even and odd lines of video.) This module was written by the 6.111 staff.

`ntf` The `ntsc_capture` module generates data at the speed of the external video clock, which is 27 Mhz. This creates problems with processing that data in modules that operate at the RAM clock speed of 50 Mhz. To solve this problem, `ntf` is a dual clock domain FIFO register, generated by the Xilinx Core Generator utility. Data is written to it on the video clock domain, and read from it on the RAM clock domain. In this way, flags and pixels are synchronized correctly before being processed by `memory_interface`.

`ntsc_capture` itself uses x and y iterator registers to tell `memory_interface` where to write the incoming pixels to. The x iterator variable increments every time the data valid output of `ntsc_decode` goes high. When x is even, the incoming pixel is stored in a buffer, and when it is odd, both the current incoming pixel and the previously buffered pixel are sent to `memory_interface`. When a horizontal sync is detected, the y iterator variable increments by two, because of the interlacing of the video stream. When a vertical sync is detected, the x iterator variable resets to 0, but the y iterator variable resets to the current field value, in order to “seed” the y iterator as even or odd. `ntsc_capture` ignores the first 23 lines of video input, and the first 10 pixels of each line, as it was found in testing that those pixels are always blanked.

In both states, comparisons are also made with threshold parameters in luminance and chrominance to check for “interesting” colors. When detected, a flag and the color detected are sent to `object_recognition` through the `ntf` FIFO memory. The threshold values for detection can be adjusted using the buttons on the labkit. These values are generated and stored by the `parameter_set` module.

2.2 `memory_interface` (José)

The `memory_interface` module handles the interactions between all of the other modules and the two ZBT Memory blocks, which house the four images that the modules use for capturing, displaying, and processing. Ideally, BRAM would have been used, but the number of pixels that we would like to store vastly exceeds BRAM capacity. Unlike BRAM, each ZBT memory block can only handle one read or write operation per cycle, causing memory access to be the main bottleneck of our system. As such, we store only 8 bits of luminance and 5 bits of each chrominance per pixel, allowing us to store two pixels per address and to reduce the number of memory accesses in our system by a factor of two. The number of required memory

acceses per module and the distribution of the images in the RAM necessitates a minimum clock frequency of 35MHz.

The inputs to `memory_interface` are (1) `frame_flag`, which signals when to shift; (2) `ntsc_pixel`, the two pixels from `ntsc_capture`; (3) four (x,y) pairs; (4) one pixel from `projective_transform`; and (5) request flags. The outputs from `memory_interface` are (1) done flags; (2) a pixel pair to `vga_write`; and (3) two pixels to LPF.

`memory_interface` allocates two images per memory block. These four images are (1) *capture*, the image being captured from NTSC; (2) *display*, the image being displayed in the VGA; (3) *processing*, the image that is processed by LPF; and (4) *next_display*, the image to which `projective_transform` writes and the next image that will be displayed. Every image refresh (1/30 seconds), the previous *next_display*, *display*, *capture*, and *processing* image locations become the next *display*, *processing*, *next_display*, and *capture* image locations, respectively. These location shifts are transparent to the other modules. Read and write requests from `vga_write` and `ntsc_capture` will be given priority over requests from other modules.

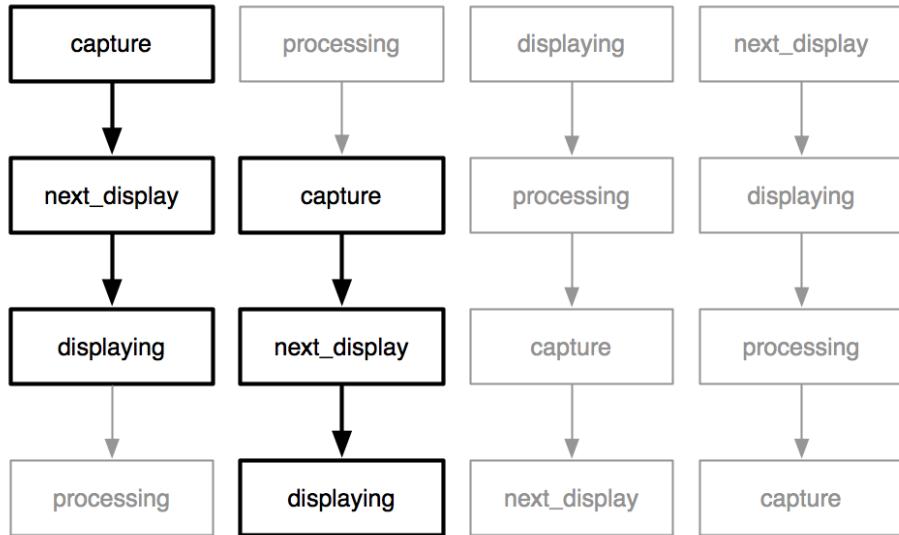


Figure 3: *The progression seen in memory locations as `frame_flag` is asserted. Two complete pathways from image capture to image display are highlighted.*

Due to the two-cycle latency of the ZBT RAM, care was taken in `memory_interface` to wait two cycles before assigning an output to the module that made a request. `zbt_map` is used to delay the write data to the RAM by two cycles. `zbt_map` also allows for `memory_interface` to request partial bit write enables, which proved to be necessary for the operation of `projective_transform`.

2.3 `object_recognition` (Logan)

The `object_recognition` module collects “interesting” pixels located by the `ntsc_capture` module, and calculates the center of mass of each color, to find the location of the corners of the picture frame.

It takes as inputs (1) the color of a detected pixel, (2) a flag that goes high for one clock cycle when a pixel is detected, (3) the X/Y coordinates of the pixel, and (4) a flag that goes high when a new frame is

beginning. It produces as output four sets of X/Y coordinates, one for the center of mass of each color.

Instead of performing a linear average of interesting pixels received in each color, we chose to implement a weighted average, in order to make the module more resistant to video noise and interference from background objects. When `object_recognition` receives a flag from `ntsc_capture`, it multiplies that pixel's coordinates proportionally to their distance from the center of mass generated in the last frame. These modified coordinates are accumulated in separate registers for each color. Upon receipt of a `frame_flag`, the module initializes the divide operation to perform the averaging. (The functionality of the `divider` submodule is described in detail in the `projective_transform` section below.)

After the completion of this division operation, the `object_recognition` module calculates the minimum side length in the horizontal and vertical direction. These distances were intended to be used by `lpf` for generating downsampling coefficients, but this functionality was not implemented.

2.4 LPF (José)

The warping of images carried out by `projective_transform` aliases the image, resulting in undesired “junk” pixels. Initially, LPF was devised as a way to lowpass filter the pixel data and avoid aliasing. Unfortunately, due to time constraints and unforeseen, extensive issues in getting video capture, memory interfacing, and video display to work, an LPF module that lowpasses pixel data was not written. The intended operation of LPF was to apply a lowpass filter to the *processing* image so as to avoid aliasing when `projective_transform` skews the image. Instead a simple LPF module was written that fetches pixels from memory when `projective_transform`'s `request` is asserted high, and four cycles later, pulses `pixel_flag` and outputs one pixel. LPF pulses its `lpf_flag` once every two pixels, that is, only on even pixel requests.

The inputs to LPF are (1) `frame_flag`, which indicates the start of a new cycle; (2) `done_lpf`, which indicates that the module's memory request was processed; (3) `lpf_pixel_read`, the pixels from `memory_interface`; and (4) `request` from `projective_transform`. The outputs from LPF to `memory_interface` are (1) `lpf_flag`, and (2) `lpf_x` and `lpf_y`, the (x,y) coordinates of the leftmost pixel. The outputs from LPF to `projective_transform` are (1) `pixel_flag`, which signals when a new pixel is available, and (2) `pixel`.

2.5 `projective_transform` (Logan)

The inputs to `projective_transform` are (1) the pixel value last produced by LPF, (2) a flag signal held high for one clock signal when LPF has processed a new pixel, (3) the four coordinates of the corners of the frame provided by the `object_recognition` module, and (4) a signal when a new frame is beginning.

The outputs from `projective_transform` are (1) a request to LPF for a new pixel, (2) the X/Y coordinates of the transformed pixel, (3) the transformed pixel value, and (4) a flag indicating that a new pixel is to be written.

This function maps the original rectangular image to any convex quadrilateral, provided that all sides of the destination quadrilateral are shorter than the original, which is inherent in the overall system. A graphic representation of the transformation is shown in Figure 4.

Mathematically, the algorithm works as follows:

1. Create two “iterator points,” point I_A and I_B initially located at A' and B' .
2. Create a third iterator point, I_C at the location I_A .

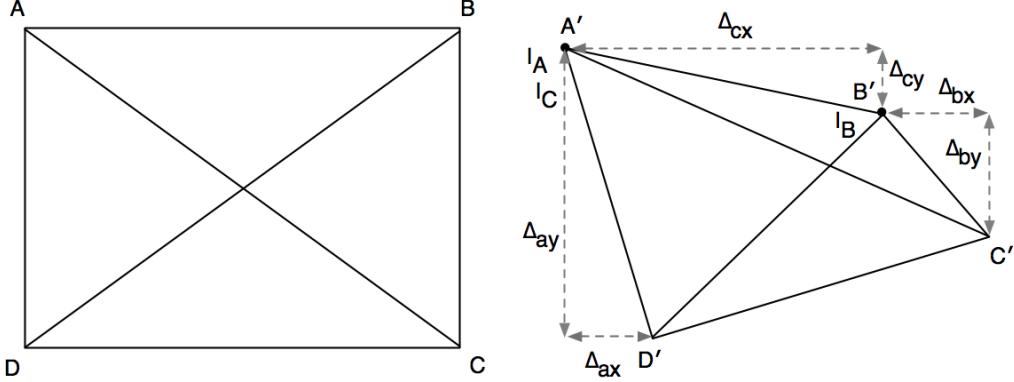


Figure 4: A visual representation of the result of the `projective_transform` module. Input is on the left, a possible output, for four coordinates A' , B' , C' , and D' is on the right.

3. Let $o_x = 0$ and $o_y = 0$
4. Calculate the normalized incrementor value, $\text{delta_a_x} = \Delta_{ax}/480$.
5. Calculate the normalized incrementor value, $\text{delta_a_y} = \Delta_{ay}/480$.
6. Repeat steps 4 and 5 for delta_b_x and delta_b_y .
7. Calculate the normalized incrementor value, $\text{delta_c_x} = \Delta_{cx}/640$.
8. Calculate the normalized incrementor value, $\text{delta_c_y} = \Delta_{cy}/640$.
9. Assign the pixel value of I_C to pixel (o_x, o_y) in the original image.
10. Increment the coordinate of I_C by $(\text{delta_c_x}, \text{delta_c_y})$.
11. Increment o_x .
12. Repeat steps 9–11 until $I_C = I_B$.
13. Increment the coordinate of I_A by $(\text{delta_a_x}, \text{delta_a_y})$.
14. Increment the coordinate of I_B by $(\text{delta_b_x}, \text{delta_b_y})$.
15. Increment o_y .
16. Repeat steps 7–15 until $I_A = D'$ and $I_B = C'$.

The Verilog implementation of this module has two types of submodules. The algorithm requires no multiplications, but several divisions. To perform divisions, a divider module, named `divider`, was used that implemented a simple restoring division algorithm. [1] This algorithm takes N clock cycles to complete, where N is the width of the dividend and divisor.

The `LPF` module, which sends pixel data to the `projective_transform` module, has a five clock cycle delay on transmitted pixels. Therefore, up to five pixels can arrive at `projective_transform` while it is unable to write to memory, even after `pt` has told `lpf` to stop sending new data. Because of this, it was necessary to create a buffer to hold pixel data until it was able to be written to `memory_interface`. The `shift18` module accomplishes this by using 18 `SRL16E` 16 bit shift register primitive elements to create an 18 bit wide shift register. By setting the address of the multiplexer associated with each `SRL16E` element, the length of the shift register can be expanded and contracted easily.

The `projective_transform` module itself is a state machine with three states, `WAIT_FOR_CORNERS`, `WAIT_FOR_DIVIDERS`, and `WAIT_FOR_PIXEL`. The module initializes itself to the `WAIT_FOR_CORNERS` state, where

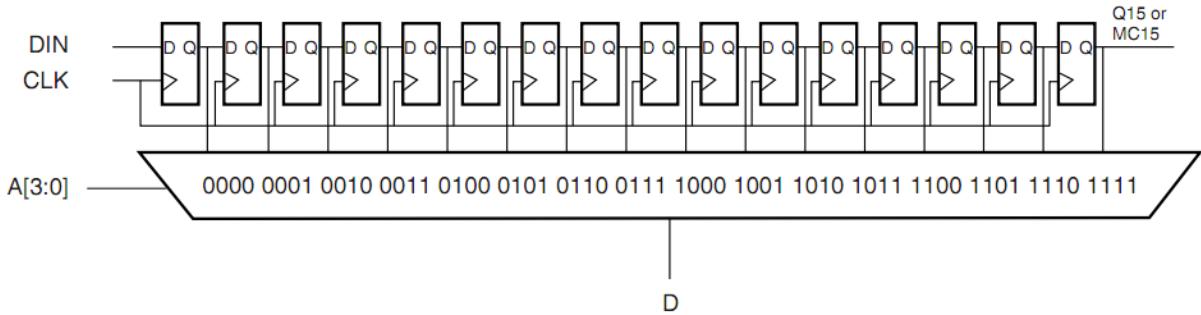


Figure 5: *The SRL16E primitive shift register element. By setting A[3:0], the length of the buffer can be adjusted dynamically.*

it stays until `object_recognition` indicates with `corners.flag` that it has finished calculating the location of the four corners of the frame in the image. When this flag is received, `projective_transform` initializes the divisors and dividends of each of the six dividers, and sends a signal for the dividers to begin their operation. Then, the machine advances to the `WAIT_FOR_DIVIDERS` state.

In this state, the module waits until all of the dividers have finished their computation. When this occurs, the results of each computation are saved in the delta registers. This corresponds to steps 4–6, and the first iteration of 7–8 in the algorithm outlined above. Then the module advances to the `WAIT_FOR_PIXEL` state, where the bulk of the algorithm, steps 7–15, is implemented.

In this state, for every clock cycle in which `memory_interface` indicates that it can accept new data, `projective_transform` outputs a pixel and a coordinate from its buffer. If `memory_interface` cannot accept new data (because of a conflict with `ntsc_capture` or `vga_display`), the module tells `1pf` to stop sending new data. If `projective_transform` receives a new pixel from `1pf`, it buffers it into `shift18`. When $o_x = 500$, `projective_transform` begins the division operators in steps 7 and 8 for the next line of the image. In this way, the divisions are pipelined so that there is no delay due to `divider`. Without this pipelining, there would be a 42 cycle delay at the beginning of each line of output. When `projective_transform` has iterated through the complete original image, it resets its iterator registers to zero and its state to `WAIT_FOR_CORNERS`.

2.6 `clock_gen` (José)

Clock synthesis is carried in the `clock_gen` module. Initially, we assumed that clocking would not be much of an issue. However, as we tested our modules, we realized that improper clock generation created persistent and pervasive setup and hold time issues. After much trial and error, we settled on using a DCM to generate a reference clock at 50MHz, using this clock to generate the `ram_clocks` and the system clock, and using the `CLKDV` output to obtain a clock for VGA video at half the frequency of the system clock, 25 Mhz. The DCM that synthesizes the system clocks and RAM clocks is located in the `ramclock` module, which is an adapted version of the module provided to us by the 6.111 staff. In the output DCM of `ramclock`, the parameter `CLKDV_DIVIDE` had to be set to 2, the parameter `CLKOUT_PHASE_SHIFT` was changed to “`FIXED`”, and the parameter `PHASE_SHIFT` was set to 0. Setting these parameters to their respective values provided us consistent locking.

25MHz was chosen as our video display frequency because it is close to the required 25.175MHz frequency

for 640x480x60Hz display. 50MHz was chosen as our system frequency because it met our minimal frequency requirement and because 0-phase locking with the 25MHz signal could be achieved, as 50MHz is an even multiple of 25MHz. This simplified considerably the design of the `vga_display` module, which has to transfer data between these two clock domains.

2.7 vga_write (José)

This module reads data from `memory_interface` and displays this data on the screen. Housed inside this module are (1) `xvga`, which generates the VGA control signals necessary to display data on the screen, and (2) `ycrcb2rgb_lut`, which converts the fetched 18-bit YCrCb values to 24-bit RGB values suitable for display.

`vga_write` “flags” `memory_interface` and provides the interface with the (x, y) coordinates of the pixel to be displayed, which correspond to the `hcount` and `vcount` variables being output from the `xvga` submodule. Because the `xvga` module is clocked at 25MHz and `memory_interface` is clocked at 50MHz, care must be taken when requesting and reading pixels. Due to the implicit four-cycle delay of `memory_interface`, the outputs of `xvga` must be delayed by two video clock cycles, so that the pixels that are output to the monitor correspond to the control signals at the moment of “flagging”.

The fetched data consists of 36 bits, totalling two pixels. Every video clock cycle, the bits converted using `ycrcb2rgb` are alternated between the higher-order 18 bits and the lower order 18 bits. The higher order 18 bits correspond to even pixels and the lower order 18 bits correspond to odd pixels. This set of control signals and pixel values is then pipelined, so that on the next rising edge these values are fed to the VGA chip. The clock assigned to the VGA chip (`vga_out_clock`) is an inverted copy of the onboard 25MHz clock, due to the long path propagation delay from the FPGA to the VGA DAC.

`xvga` This submodule is an adapted version of the submodule used in the 6.111 Pong Lab. The changes include adjusting when the vsync, hsync, blank, and reset signals trigger based on the change of resolution from 1024x768 to 640x480. Operation involves a few basic steps: (1) Increment `hcount` by one every clock cycle, modulo 800. (2) Increment `vcount` by 1 when `hcount` has reached 799, modulo 524. (3) Pulse blank when either $hcount \geq 640$ or $vcount \geq 480$. (4) Pulse hsync when $656 \leq hcount \leq 752$. (5) Pulse vsync when $491 \leq vcount \leq 493$. [2]

`ycrcb2rgb_lut` This submodule maps a YCrCb pixel to an RGB pixel. The mapping from YCrCb to RGB is summarized by the following set of equations: [3]

$$\begin{aligned} R' &= 1.164(Y' - 16) + 1.596(Cr - 128) \\ G' &= 1.164(Y' - 16) - 0.813(Cr - 128) - 0.392(Cb - 128) \\ B' &= 1.164(Y' - 16) + 2.017(Cb - 128) \end{aligned}$$

The luminance and chrominances have bitwidths of 8, 5, and 5, respectively. Initially, an approach with multipliers and adders was attempted. However, even with single and dual stage pipelining, we observed setup time violations due to the comparisons necessary to account for overflow and underflow caused by

rounding error. As such, we opted to use look-up-tables to weigh Y, Cr, and Cb values and then to sum these weighted values to form the three different pixels. Because the contribution from luminance is identical for all colors, one lookup table with 2^8 entries was used for this factor. Lookup tables with 2^5 entries were used for the contributions from the chrominance values. Finally, adders were instantiated for adding all of these weighted factors.

3 Debugging and Testing

Debugging and testing Verilog-defined hardware is complicated by extremely lengthy synthesis and implementation times. Because of this, we performed as much testing as possible in the ModelSim simulation environment. While ModelSim proved very fast and effective for ensuring that behavioral logic was correct, it failed to help us determine the source of many physical timing bugs, such as setup and hold time violations on communications with the external ZBT memories.

3.1 The Video Pathway

Our testing and integration procedures began by testing that pixels could be read by `ntsc_capture`, written into memory by `memory_interface`, and finally displayed by `vga_write`.

Because the operation of `ntsc_capture` depends greatly on external input (the video camera), our testing procedure for this module began on the labkit. Initially, the logic analyzer was simply set to probe the generated pixel values and ensure that they were generating output that seemed reasonable. When the camera lens was covered for example, the magnitude of pixels generated decreased, which seemed reasonable.

However, after connecting `ntsc_capture` to `memory_interface` and to `vga_write`, we noticed severe distortion in the output video. This was ultimately caused by the aforementioned setup and hold time violation issues, both in writing and reading from ZBT memory, and in writing to the VGA output DAC. Through extensive amounts of timing analysis on the logic analyzer, pipelining of modules, and replacing multipliers by lookup ROMs, these timing problems were ultimately eliminated. As described in `clock_gen` above, adding timing constraints on our clock signals to the Xilinx UCF file helped significantly, as it told Xilinx ISE to generate useful timing reports for finding critical paths through our logic.

After the black and white video output was displayed clearly, other features, such as color processing and color recognition, were added incrementally. We avoided making large changes all at once, as it was often difficult to be certain what effects they would have on the timing of the synthesized logic.

3.2 `memory_interface`

`memory_interface` was tested in stages. Initially, this module was written and tested extensively using testbenches. The first testbench tested whether done flags pulsed two cycles after the request had been fed to the RAM. The second testbench tested whether priority was given to NTSC and VGA. The third testbench tested whether the switching of locations and blocks in memory was carried out effectively. Subsequent testbenches became progressively more complicated, combining several of these scenarios.

In lab, `memory_interface` was debugged by sending test sequences into the RAM, placing requests on the (x,y) coordinates corresponding to the locations that were directly written to, and viewing the result

on the logic analyzer. Once adequate functionality was ensured, this module was tested in conjunction with `vga_display` and `ntsc_capture`. Undesired behavior was seen in the output of `memory_interface` through `vga_display` until the clocks were synthesized correctly and the timing constraints were added to the constraints file. When the constraints were added, the ISE informed us of several critical pathways in `memory_interface`, which we were then able to pipeline, resulting in a delay of four cycles, instead of the original two. However, this new `memory_interface` could now be run at frequencies much higher than the intended 50MHz.

A very subtle bug was introduced when we edited `zbt_6111` and changed it into `zbt_map`: When writing to the RAM, the data was being delayed by one clock cycle, instead of two. This problem manifested itself in very minor distortions in the video output, which we were able to ignore until the end of the development process. Once that typo was fixed, the pathway from `ntsc_capture` to `vga_display` was completely correct.

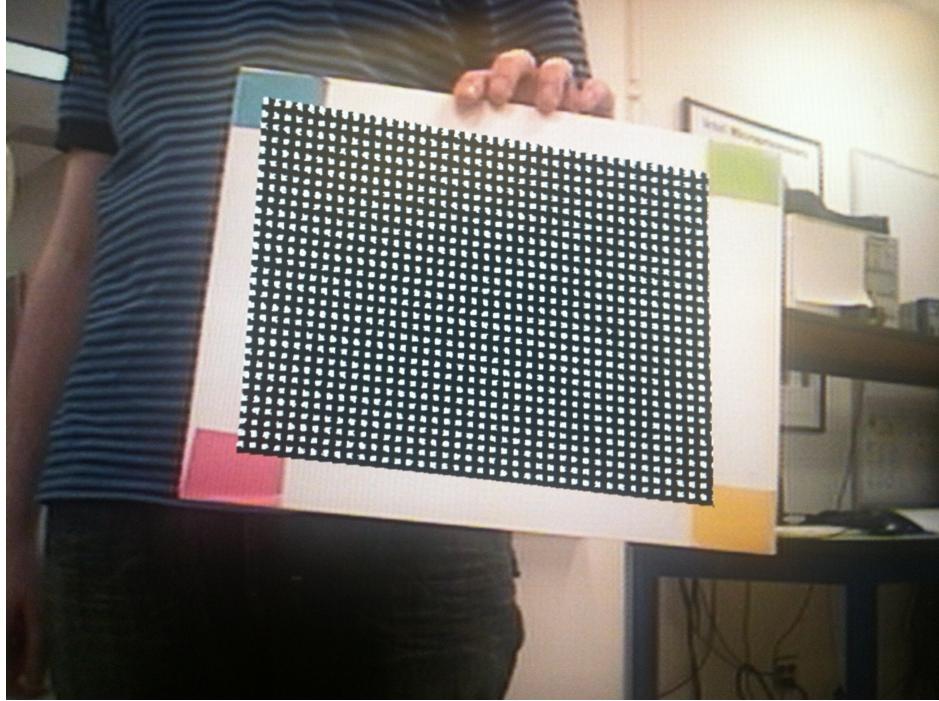


Figure 6: *Processing a test pattern instead of real image data, to decouple lpf from memory_interface, and to make bugs in projecting_transform easier to recognize and diagnose.*

3.3 vga_display

`vga_display` went through many iterations as the needs and structure of the project changed. When we settled on using 25MHz and 50MHz clocks, the structure of `vga_display` matured to its current state. While we were considering clocks whose positive edges were not in phase, FIFOs were considered. However, writing a `vga_display` with two FIFOs proved to be very difficult, especially in guaranteeing constant throughput that is required by the video IC.

The `xvga` module was not tested because it had been written and tested by 6.111 staff, and because all that needed to be changed was the bounds on the sync and blank regions, which are clearly defined for our

resolution and refresh rate. [2] Initially, `vga_display` was tested with a test pattern fed directly into the `vga_display` module, based on flag requests and the `hcount` and `vcount` variables. Once this test pattern was displayed appropriately, we linked the module to `memory_interface` and fed a test pattern through the RAM and into `vga_display`. When issues arose, we used the logic analyzer to discern what exactly was happening. YCrCb to RGB conversion was implemented using lookup tables, and resulted in working color almost immediately after writing the LUTs.

3.4 Corner Recognition

Initially, the behavior of `object_recognition` was tested in a simulated testbench in ModelSim. This was a straightforward process, as most of the problems found were due to mistakes in the behavior logic. Once synthesized, the majority of the modifications that needed to be made to corner recognition involved adjusting the thresholding values used in `ntsc_capture` to detect colors. To facilitate this process, we implemented several features.

The module `parameter_set` allows the thresholding parameters to be adjusted in real time, without recompiling the Verilog source code. Color highlighting was added to `ntsc_recognition` so that pixels identified as a certain color would stand out from the rest of the image, and parameters could be tuned to balance the amount of extraneous detection with the intensity of intended detections. Finally, a crosshair display was added to `vga_write`, showing the calculated corner positions on the video output.

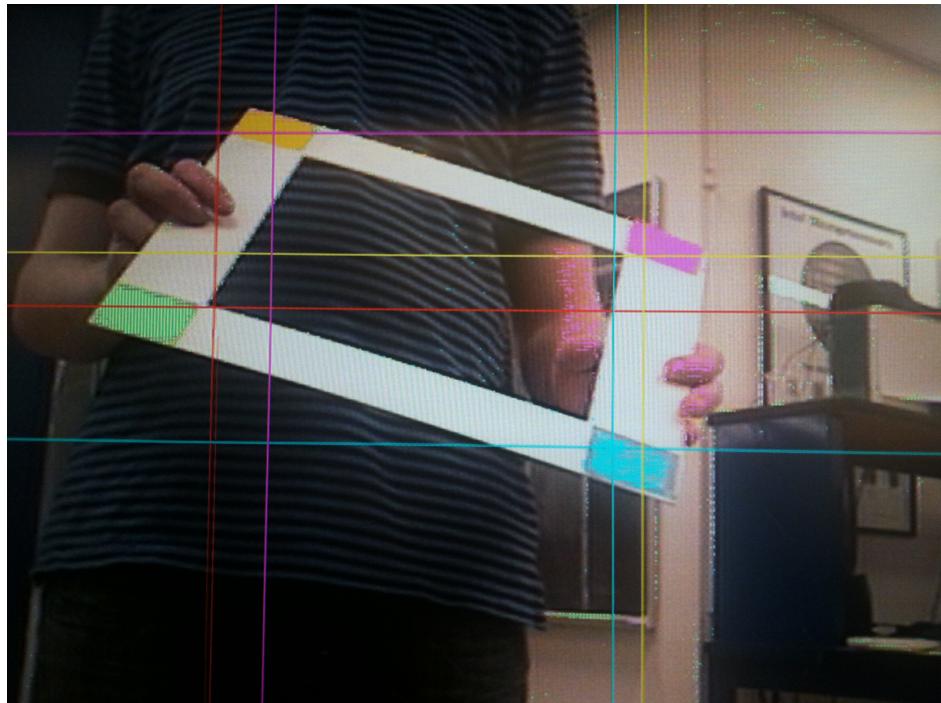


Figure 7: *Highlighting recognized colors, and displaying crosshairs on corners, so that color detection thresholds could be set more precisely.*

3.5 projective_transform

To test `projective_transform`, a test jig was developed that provided the module with a list of input pixels, of linearly increasing luminance. The test jig also took the output of `projective_transform`, and saved it into an external file, along with the x and y coordinates of each output pixel. A MATLAB script was then used to display the results of `projective_transform`, along with the original image. The result of this MATLAB script is shown below. In this way, the algorithm used by `projective_transform` to distort the image was known to be correct.

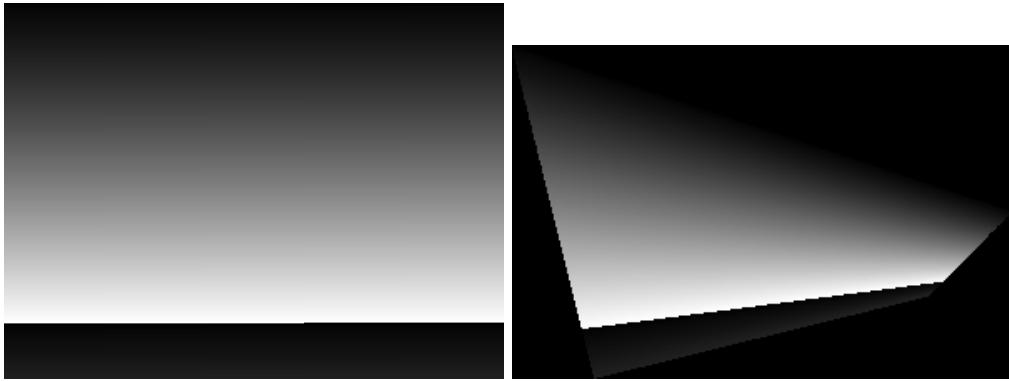


Figure 8: *On the left, the sample input image used to test `projective_transform`. On the right, the output image from the testbench.*

However, this behavioral simulation did not locate several problems that we had encountered with propagation delays on the signals that `projective_transform` transmits to `memory_interface`. In order to more easily diagnose these issues, we created a mode where `lpf` sent a test pattern to `projective_transform` instead of real image data. With this mode enabled, it became very clear what the pattern of misplaced and miswritten pixels was.

The logic analyzer also proved quite helpful for discovering these timing violations. However, we occasionally noticed that connecting a wire to the logic analyzer outputs was sufficient to change the behavior of the synthesized hardware, as it changed the synthesized routing path, and thus the routing delay. For this reason, using techniques such as the test pattern above for inferring the sources of bugs was necessary.

4 Conclusion

The Recursive Augmented Reality Image Processing System used digital logic to scale, skew, rotate, and translate a video image to specific coordinates in real time. It was also able to precisely locate the corners of a frame in the image by looking for specific hues. While we did not have time to implement the planned low pass filter, the output of `augreal` was already of an acceptably high quality.

Possible improvements include adding the aforementioned low pass filter, allowing arbitrary image files to be displayed, and improving object recognition to use algorithms that do not rely on hue markers. However, because `augreal` already has a very high throughput of 79 MiB of data per second, and a relatively fast clock frequency of 50 MHz, adding these modification would require extending the length of the image processing pipeline beyond four frame buffers, which would require additional RAM logic.

Overall, we were very pleased with the smoothness of the frame rate, the reliability of the corner recognition, the success of our use of ZBT memory, the appearance of the image projection, and the overall “wow” and “fun” of the system.

References

- [1] Malek, Miroslaw. 2002. *Division algorithms*. Available: http://devel-rok.informatik.hu-berlin.de/svn/TI2/2006/folien/pdf/eng_ca12.pdf
- [2] Ickes, Nathan. 2007. *VGA Video Output* Available: <http://www-mtl.mit.edu/Courses/6.111/labkit/vga.shtml>
- [3] Pillai, Latha. 2001. *XAPP283: Color Space Converter* Available: <http://www-mtl.mit.edu/Courses/6.111/labkit/appnotes/xapp283.pdf>

A Project Source Code

A.1 labkit.v

```
1 `default_nettype none
2 `include "params.v"
3
4 ///////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////
5 //
6 // 6.111 FPGA Labkit --- Toplevel Module
7 //
8 // For Labkit Revision 004
9 //
10 //
11 // Created: October 31, 2004, from revision 003 file
12 // Author: Nathan Ickes
13 //
14 //
15 ///////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////
16 //
17 // CHANGES FOR BOARD REVISION 004
18 //
19 // 1) Added signals for logic analyzer pods 2-4.
20 // 2) Expanded "tv_in_ycrcb" to 20 bits.
21 // 3) Renamed "tv_out_data" to "tv_out_i2c_data" and "tv_out_sclk" to
22 //     "tv_out_i2c_clock".
23 // 4) Reversed disp_data_in and disp_data_out signals, so that "out" is an
24 //     output of the FPGA, and "in" is an input.
25 //
26 // CHANGES FOR BOARD REVISION 003
27 //
28 // 1) Combined flash chip enables into a single signal, flash_ce_b.
29 //
30 // CHANGES FOR BOARD REVISION 002
31 //
32 // 1) Added SRAM clock feedback path input and output
33 // 2) Renamed "mousedata" to "mouse_data"
34 // 3) Renamed some ZBT memory signals. Parity bits are now incorporated into
35 //     the data bus, and the byte write enables have been combined into the
36 //     4-bit ram#_bwe_b bus.
37 // 4) Removed the "systemace_clock" net, since the SystemACE clock is now
38 //     hardwired on the PCB to the oscillator.
39 //
40 ///////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////
41 //
42 // Complete change history (including bug fixes)
43 //
44 // 2006-Mar-08: Corrected default assignments to "vga_out_red", "vga_out_green"
45 //               and "vga_out_blue". (Was 10'h0, now 8'h0.)
46 //
47 // 2005-Sep-09: Added missing default assignments to "ac97_sdata_out",
//               "disp_data_out", "analyzer[2-3]_clock" and
```

```

//           "analyzer[2-3]-data".
49
//           //
50
// 2005-Jan-23: Reduced flash address bus to 24 bits, to match 128Mb devices
51
//           actually populated on the boards. (The boards support up to
52
//           256Mb devices, with 25 address lines.)
53
//
54
// 2004-Oct-31: Adapted to new revision 004 board.
55
//
56
// 2004-May-01: Changed "disp_data_in" to be an output, and gave it a default
57
//           value. (Previous versions of this file declared this port to
58
//           be an input.)
59
//
60
// 2004-Apr-29: Reduced SRAM address busses to 19 bits, to match 18Mb devices
61
//           actually populated on the boards. (The boards support up to
62
//           72Mb devices, with 21 address lines.)
63
//
64
// 2004-Apr-29: Change history started
65
//
66
////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////
67
module labkit(beep, audio_reset_b, ac97_sdata_out, ac97_sdata_in, ac97_synch,
68
               ac97_bit_clock,
69
               vga_out_red, vga_out_green, vga_out_blue, vga_out_sync_b,
70
               vga_out_blank_b, vga_out_pixel_clock, vga_out_hsync,
71
               vga_out_vsync,
72
               tv_out_ycrcb, tv_out_reset_b, tv_out_clock, tv_out_i2c_clock,
73
               tv_out_i2c_data, tv_out_pal_ntsc, tv_out_hsync_b,
74
               tv_out_vsync_b, tv_out_blank_b, tv_out_subcar_reset,
75
               tv_in_ycrcb, tv_in_data_valid, tv_in_line_clock1,
76
               tv_in_line_clock2, tv_in_aef, tv_in_hff, tv_in_aff,
77
               tv_in_i2c_clock, tv_in_i2c_data, tv_in_fifo_read,
78
               tv_in_fifo_clock, tv_in_iso, tv_in_reset_b, tv_in_clock,
79
               ram0_data, ram0_address, ram0_adv_ld, ram0_clk, ram0_cen_b,
80
               ram0_ce_b, ram0_oe_b, ram0_we_b, ram0_bwe_b,
81
               ram1_data, ram1_address, ram1_adv_ld, ram1_clk, ram1_cen_b,
82
               ram1_ce_b, ram1_oe_b, ram1_we_b, ram1_bwe_b,
83
               clock_feedback_out, clock_feedback_in,
84
               flash_data, flash_address, flash_ce_b, flash_oe_b, flash_we_b,
85
               flash_reset_b, flash_sts, flash_byte_b,
86
               rs232_txd, rs232_rxd, rs232_rts, rs232_cts,
87
               mouse_clock, mouse_data, keyboard_clock, keyboard_data,
88
               clock_27mhz, clock1, clock2,
89
               
```

```

101      disp_blank , disp_data_out , disp_clock , disp_rs , disp_ce_b ,
103      disp_reset_b , disp_data_in ,
105
107      button0 , button1 , button2 , button3 , button_enter , button_right ,
109      button_left , button_down , button_up ,
111
113      switch ,
115
117      led ,
119
121      user1 , user2 , user3 , user4 ,
123
125      daughtercard ,
127
129      systemace_data , systemace_address , systemace_ce_b ,
131      systemace_we_b , systemace_oe_b , systemace_irq , systemace_mpbrdy ,
133
135      analyzer1_data , analyzer1_clock ,
137      analyzer2_data , analyzer2_clock ,
139      analyzer3_data , analyzer3_clock ,
141      analyzer4_data , analyzer4_clock );
143
145      output beep , audio_reset_b , ac97_synch , ac97_sdata_out ;
147      input ac97_bit_clock , ac97_sdata_in ;
149
151      output [7:0] vga_out_red , vga_out_green , vga_out_blue ;
153      output vga_out_sync_b , vga_out_blank_b , vga_out_pixel_clock ,
155      vga_out_hsync , vga_out_vsync ;
157
159      output [9:0] tv_out_ycrcb ;
161      output tv_out_reset_b , tv_out_clock , tv_out_i2c_clock , tv_out_i2c_data ,
163      tv_out_pal_ntsc , tv_out_hsync_b , tv_out_vsync_b , tv_out_blank_b ,
165      tv_out_subcar_reset ;
167
169      input [19:0] tv_in_ycrcb ;
171      input tv_in_data_valid , tv_in_line_clock1 , tv_in_line_clock2 , tv_in_aef ,
173      tv_in_hff , tv_in_aff ;
175      output tv_in_i2c_clock , tv_in_fifo_read , tv_in_fifo_clock , tv_in_iso ,
177      tv_in_reset_b , tv_in_clock ;
179      inout tv_in_i2c_data ;
181
183      inout [35:0] ram0_data ;
185      output [18:0] ram0_address ;
187      output ram0_adv_ld , ram0_clk , ram0_cen_b , ram0_ce_b , ram0_oe_b , ram0_we_b ;
189      output [3:0] ram0_bwe_b ;
191
193      inout [35:0] ram1_data ;
195      output [18:0] ram1_address ;
197      output ram1_adv_ld , ram1_clk , ram1_cen_b , ram1_ce_b , ram1_oe_b , ram1_we_b ;
199      output [3:0] ram1_bwe_b ;

```

```

153      input          clock_feedback_in ;
154      output         clock_feedback_out ;

155      inout [15:0]   flash_data ;
156      output [23:0]   flash_address ;
157      output          flash_ce_b , flash_oe_b , flash_we_b , flash_reset_b , flash_byte_b ;
158      input           flash_sts ;

159      output          rs232_txd , rs232_rts ;
160      input           rs232_rxd , rs232_cts ;

161      input           mouse_clock , mouse_data , keyboard_clock , keyboard_data ;

162      input           clock_27mhz , clock1 , clock2 ;

163      output          disp_blank , disp_clock , disp_rs , disp_ce_b , disp_reset_b ;
164      input           disp_data_in ;
165      output          disp_data_out ;

166      input           button0 , button1 , button2 , button3 , button_enter , button_right ,
167                      button_left , button_down , button_up ;
168      input [7:0]      switch ;
169      output [7:0]     led ;

170      inout [31:0]   user1 , user2 , user3 , user4 ;

171      inout [43:0]   daughtercard ;

172      inout [15:0]   systemace_data ;
173      output [6:0]    systemace_address ;
174      output          systemace_ce_b , systemace_we_b , systemace_oe_b ;
175      input           systemace_irq , systemace_mpbrdy ;

176      output [15:0]   analyzer1_data , analyzer2_data , analyzer3_data ,
177                      analyzer4_data ;
178      output          analyzer1_clock , analyzer2_clock , analyzer3_clock , analyzer4_clock ;

179      ///////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////
180      //
190      // Clock Assignments
191      //
192      ///////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////
193      wire           clock_50mhz , clock_50mhz_90 , clock_50mhz_270 ;
194      wire           clock_25mhz , locked_ram , locked_25mhz ;
195      clock_gen cgen(.reset_button(button0) , .clock_27mhz(clock_27mhz) ,
196                      .clock_feedback_in(clock_feedback_in) ,
197                      .clock_feedback_out(clock_feedback_out) ,
198                      .clock_50mhz(clock_50mhz) , .clock_25mhz(clock_25mhz) ,
199                      .clock_50mhz_90(clock_50mhz_90) ,
200                      .clock_50mhz_270(clock_50mhz_270) ,
201                      .ram0_clk(ram0_clk) , .ram1_clk(ram1_clk) ,
202                      .locked_ram(locked_ram) , .locked_25mhz(locked_25mhz)) ;
203

```

```

205      assign led[0] = ~locked_ram;
206      assign led[1] = ~locked_25mhz;

207      //////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////
208      //
209      // I/O Assignments
210      //
211      //////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////

213      // Audio Input and Output
214      assign beep= 1'b0;
215      assign audio_reset_b = 1'b0;
216      assign ac97_synch = 1'b0;
217      assign ac97_sdata_out = 1'b0;
218      // ac97_sdata_in is an input

219      // Video Output
220      assign tv_out_ycrcb = 10'h0;
221      assign tv_out_reset_b = 1'b0;
222      assign tv_out_clock = 1'b0;
223      assign tv_out_i2c_clock = 1'b0;
224      assign tv_out_i2c_data = 1'b0;
225      assign tv_out_pal_ntsc = 1'b0;
226      assign tv_out_hsync_b = 1'b1;
227      assign tv_out_vsync_b = 1'b1;
228      assign tv_out_blank_b = 1'b1;
229      assign tv_out_subcar_reset = 1'b0;

230      // SRAMs
231      // clock_feedback_in is an input

234      // Flash ROM
235      assign flash_data = 16'hZ;
236      assign flash_address = 24'h0;
237      assign flash_ce_b = 1'b1;
238      assign flash_oe_b = 1'b1;
239      assign flash_we_b = 1'b1;
240      assign flash_reset_b = 1'b0;
241      assign flash_byte_b = 1'b1;
242      // flash_sts is an input

243      // RS-232 Interface
244      assign rs232_txd = 1'b1;
245      assign rs232_rts = 1'b1;
246      // rs232_rxd and rs232_cts are inputs

247      // PS/2 Ports
248      // mouse_clock, mouse_data, keyboard_clock, and keyboard_data are inputs

249      // Buttons, Switches, and Individual LEDs
250      assign led[7:2] = 6'b111111;

```

```

// button0 , button1 , button2 , button3 , button_enter , button_right ,
257 // button_left , button_down , button_up , and switches are inputs

259 // User I/Os
assign user1 = 32'hZ;
261 assign user2 = 32'hZ;
assign user3 = 32'hZ;
263 assign user4 = 32'hZ;

265 // Daughtercard Connectors
assign daughtercard = 44'hZ;
267

269 // SystemACE Microprocessor Port
assign systemace_data = 16'hZ;
assign systemace_address = 7'h0;
271 assign systemace_ce_b = 1'b1;
assign systemace_we_b = 1'b1;
273 assign systemace_oe_b = 1'b1;
// systemace_irq and systemace_mpbrdy are inputs
275

277 /////////////////////////////////
278 //
279 // Reset Generation
280 //
281 // A shift register primitive is used to generate an active-high reset
282 // signal that remains high for 16 clock cycles after configuration finishes
283 // and the FPGA's internal clocks begin toggling.
284 //
285 /////////////////////////////////
286 wire reset;
SRL16 reset_sr (.D(1'b0) , .CLK(clock_27mhz) , .Q(reset) ,
287 .A0(1'b1) , .A1(1'b1) , .A2(1'b1) , .A3(1'b1));
defparam reset_sr.INIT = 16'hFFFF;
288

290 /////////////////////////////////
291 //
292 // OUR MODULES: ntsc_capture
293 // memory_interface
294 // lpf
295 // projective_transform ,
296 //
297 /////////////////////////////////

299 wire frame_flag;
300 wire done_ntsc;
301 wire done_pt;
302 wire done_lpf;
303 wire done_vga;
304 wire ntsc_flag;
305 wire pt_flag;
306 wire lpf_flag;
307 wire vga_flag;

```

```

309   wire [35:0] ntsc_pixels;
310   wire [35:0] vga_pixel;
311   wire vwr;

311
312   /***** NTSC BLOCK *****/
313   ****
314   ****
315
316   assign tv_in_fifo_read = 1'b0;
317   assign tv_in_fifo_clock = 1'b0;
318   assign tv_in_iso = 1'b0;
319   assign tv_in_clock = clock_27mhz;

320
321   wire dv;
322   wire [2:0] fvh;
323   wire [9:0] nx;
324   wire [8:0] ny;

325
326   wire ntsc_flag_cleaned;
327   wire frame_flag_cleaned;
328   wire debug_state;

329
330   wire [9:0] ntsc_x;
331   wire [8:0] ntsc_y;

332
333   wire [3:0] nr;
334   wire [9:0] midcr, midcb, midy;
335   wire [1:0] color;
336   wire i_flag;
337   wire nwr;

338
339   // PARAMETER SELECTION AND SETTING
340   wire [9:0] GREEN_LUM_MAX;
341   wire [9:0] GREEN_LUM_MIN;
342   wire [9:0] GREEN_CR_MAX;
343   wire [9:0] GREEN_CR_MIN;
344   wire [9:0] GREEN_CB_MAX;
345   wire [9:0] GREEN_CB_MIN;

346
347   wire [9:0] ORANGE_LUM_MAX;
348   wire [9:0] ORANGE_LUM_MIN;
349   wire [9:0] ORANGE_CR_MAX;
350   wire [9:0] ORANGE_CR_MIN;
351   wire [9:0] ORANGE_CB_MAX;
352   wire [9:0] ORANGE_CB_MIN;

353
354   wire [9:0] PINK_LUM_MAX;
355   wire [9:0] PINK_LUM_MIN;
356   wire [9:0] PINK_CR_MAX;
357   wire [9:0] PINK_CR_MIN;
358   wire [9:0] PINK_CB_MAX;
359   wire [9:0] PINK_CB_MIN;

```

```

361   wire [9:0]      BLUE.LUM.MAX;
362   wire [9:0]      BLUE.LUM.MIN;
363   wire [9:0]      BLUE.CR.MAX;
364   wire [9:0]      BLUE.CR.MIN;
365   wire [9:0]      BLUE.CB.MAX;
366   wire [9:0]      BLUE.CB.MIN;
367
368   wire [63:0]     hex_output;
369
370   parameter_set pset(
371     .clock(clock_50mhz), .reset(reset),
372     .switch(switch[7:3]), .hex_output(hex_output),
373     .GREEN.LUM.MAX(GREEN.LUM.MAX),
374     .GREEN.LUM.MIN(GREEN.LUM.MIN),
375     .GREEN.CR.MAX(GREEN.CR.MAX),
376     .GREEN.CR.MIN(GREEN.CR.MIN),
377     .GREEN.CB.MAX(GREEN.CB.MAX),
378     .GREEN.CB.MIN(GREEN.CB.MIN),
379
380     .ORANGE.LUM.MAX(ORANGE.LUM.MAX),
381     .ORANGE.LUM.MIN(ORANGE.LUM.MIN),
382     .ORANGE.CR.MAX(ORANGE.CR.MAX),
383     .ORANGE.CR.MIN(ORANGE.CR.MIN),
384     .ORANGE.CB.MAX(ORANGE.CB.MAX),
385     .ORANGE.CB.MIN(ORANGE.CB.MIN),
386
387     .PINK.LUM.MAX(PINK.LUM.MAX),
388     .PINK.LUM.MIN(PINK.LUM.MIN),
389     .PINK.CR.MAX(PINK.CR.MAX),
390     .PINK.CR.MIN(PINK.CR.MIN),
391     .PINK.CB.MAX(PINK.CB.MAX),
392     .PINK.CB.MIN(PINK.CB.MIN),
393
394     .BLUE.LUM.MAX(BLUE.LUM.MAX),
395     .BLUE.LUM.MIN(BLUE.LUM.MIN),
396     .BLUE.CR.MAX(BLUE.CR.MAX),
397     .BLUE.CR.MIN(BLUE.CR.MIN),
398     .BLUE.CB.MAX(BLUE.CB.MAX),
399     .BLUE.CB.MIN(BLUE.CB.MIN));
400
401   display_16hex ds(reset, clock_27mhz, hex_output,
402                     disp_blank, disp_clock, disp_rs, disp_ce_b,
403                     disp_reset_b, disp_data_out);
404   // END PARAMETER_SET
405
406   wire           enable_highlighting_and_xhairs;
407   debounce db6(
408     .clock(clock_50mhz), .reset(reset), .noisy(switch[2]),
409     .clean(enable_highlighting_and_xhairs));
410
411

```

```

ntsc_capture ntsc(
    .clock_50mhz(clock_50mhz_90),
    .clock_27mhz(clock_27mhz),
    .reset(reset),
    .tv_in_reset_b(tv_in_reset_b),
    .tv_in_i2c_clock(tv_in_i2c_clock),
    .tv_in_i2c_data(tv_in_i2c_data),
    .tv_in_line_clock1(tv_in_line_clock1),
    .tv_in_ycrcb(tv_in_ycrcb),
    .ntsc_pixels(ntsc_pixels),
    .ntsc_flag(ntsc_flag_cleaned),
    .o_frame_flag(frame_flag_cleaned),
    .o_x(ntsc_x),
    .o_y(ntsc_y),
    .read_state_out(wr_ack),
    .wr_en(wr_en),
    .empty(empty),
    .ntsc_raw(nr),
    .midcr(midcr),
    .midcb(midcb),
    .midy(midy),
    .o_i_flag(i_flag),
    .o_color(color),
    .ntsc_will_request(nwr),
    .GREEN_LUM_MAX(GREEN_LUM_MAX),
    .GREEN_LUM_MIN(GREEN_LUM_MIN),
    .GREEN_CR_MAX(GREEN_CR_MAX),
    .GREEN_CR_MIN(GREEN_CR_MIN),
    .GREEN_CB_MAX(GREEN_CB_MAX),
    .GREEN_CB_MIN(GREEN_CB_MIN),

    .ORANGE_LUM_MAX(ORANGE_LUM_MAX),
    .ORANGE_LUM_MIN(ORANGE_LUM_MIN),
    .ORANGE_CR_MAX(ORANGE_CR_MAX),
    .ORANGE_CR_MIN(ORANGE_CR_MIN),
    .ORANGE_CB_MAX(ORANGE_CB_MAX),
    .ORANGE_CB_MIN(ORANGE_CB_MIN),

    .PINK_LUM_MAX(PINK_LUM_MAX),
    .PINK_LUM_MIN(PINK_LUM_MIN),
    .PINK_CR_MAX(PINK_CR_MAX),
    .PINK_CR_MIN(PINK_CR_MIN),
    .PINK_CB_MAX(PINK_CB_MAX),
    .PINK_CB_MIN(PINK_CB_MIN),

    .BLUE_LUM_MAX(BLUE_LUM_MAX),
    .BLUE_LUM_MIN(BLUE_LUM_MIN),
    .BLUE_CR_MAX(BLUE_CR_MAX),
    .BLUE_CR_MIN(BLUE_CR_MIN),
    .BLUE_CB_MAX(BLUE_CB_MAX),
    .BLUE_CB_MIN(BLUE_CB_MIN)
);

```

```

465   /**************************************************************************
466   ***** OBJECT RECOGNITION BLOCK *****
467   **************************************************************************/
468
469   wire [9:0]      a_x, b_x, c_x, d_x;
470   wire [8:0]      a_y, b_y, c_y, d_y;
471   wire            corners_flag;
472
473   object_recognition objr(
474     .clk(clock_50mhz),
475     .reset(reset),
476     .color(color),
477     .interesting_x(ntsc_x),
478     .interesting_y(ntsc_y),
479     .frame_flag(frame_flag_cleaned),
480     .interesting_flag(i_flag),
481     .a_x(a_x), .a_y(a_y),
482     .b_x(b_x), .b_y(b_y),
483     .c_x(c_x), .c_y(c_y),
484     .d_x(d_x), .d_y(d_y),
485     .corners_flag(corners_flag));
486
487   /**************************************************************************
488   ***** LPF & PT BLOCK *****
489   **************************************************************************/
490
491   wire          lpf_wr;
492   wire [LOG_WIDTH-1:0] lpf_x;
493   wire [LOG_HEIGHT-1:0] lpf_y;
494   wire [LOG_MEM-1:0]    lpf_pixel_write;
495   wire [LOG_MEM-1:0]    lpf_pixel_read;
496
497   wire [LOG_TRUNC-1:0]  pixel_out_lpf;
498   wire                  pixel_flag;
499   wire                  request;
500   wire [LOG_TRUNC-1:0]  pt_pixel;
501   wire [LOG_WIDTH-1:0]  pt_x;
502   wire [LOG_HEIGHT-1:0]  pt_y;
503   wire                  pt_wr;
504   wire                  ready_pt;
505
506   // for writing the test pattern
507   wire          lpf_testing;
508   debounce db4(
509     .clock(clock_50mhz), .reset(reset), .noisy(~switch[0]),
510     .clean(lpf_testing));
511
512   lpf_dlpf(
513     .clock(clock_50mhz),
514     .reset(reset),
515     .frame_flag(frame_flag_cleaned),

```

```

517     .done_lpf(done_lpf),
518     .lpf_flag(lpf_flag),
519     .lpf_wr(lpf_wr),
520     .lpf_x(lpf_x),
521     .lpf_y(lpf_y),
522     .lpf_pixel_write(lpf_pixel_write),
523     .lpf_pixel_read(lpf_pixel_read),
524     .request(request),
525     .pixel(pixel_out_lpf),
526     .pixel_flag(pixel_flag),
527     .testing(lpf_testing));
528
529 projective_transform_srl pt(
530     .clk(clock_50mhz),
531     .frame_flag(frame_flag_cleaned),
532     .pixel(pixel_out_lpf),
533     .pixel_flag(pixel_flag),
534     .done_pt(done_pt),
535     .a_x(a_x), .a_y(a_y),
536     .b_x(b_x), .b_y(b_y),
537     .c_x(c_x), .c_y(c_y),
538     .d_x(d_x), .d_y(d_y),
539     .corners_flag(corners_flag),
540     .ptflag(ready_pt),
541     .pt_pixel_write(pt_pixel),
542     .pt_x(pt_x), .pt_y(pt_y),
543     .pt_wr(pt_wr),
544     .request_pixel(request));
545
546 /**
547 **** MEMORY INTERFACE BLOCK ****
548 ****
549 */
550
551 // default values
552 assign ram0_ce_b = 1'b0;
553 assign ram0_oe_b = 1'b0;
554 assign ram0_adv_ld = 1'b0;
555
556 assign ram1_ce_b = 1'b0;
557 assign ram1_oe_b = 1'b0;
558 assign ram1_adv_ld = 1'b0;
559
560 // memory-interface
561 wire mem0_wr;
562 wire mem1_wr;
563 wire [3:0] mem0_bwe;
564 wire [3:0] mem1_bwe;
565 wire ['LOG_ADDR-1:0] mem0_addr;
566 wire ['LOG_ADDR-1:0] mem1_addr;
567 wire ['LOG_MEM-1:0] mem0_read;
568 wire ['LOG_MEM-1:0] mem1_read;

```

```

569   wire ['LOG_MEM-1:0]      mem0_write;
570   wire ['LOG_MEM-1:0]      mem1_write;
571   wire [7:0]              debug_locs;
572   wire [3:0]              debug_blocks;

573   wire ['LOG_HCOUNT-1:0]   hcount;
574   wire ['LOG_VCOUNT-1:0]   vcount;

575   wire                   mem0_wrt, mem1_wrt, mem0_wrr, mem1_wrr;
576   wire [3:0]              mem0_bwer;
577   wire [3:0]              mem1_bwer;
578   wire [35:0]             mem0_writet, mem1_writet, mem0_writer, mem1_writer;
579   wire ['LOG_ADDR-1:0]    mem0_addr, mem1_addr, mem0_addr, mem1_addr;

580   wire                   enable_lpf_pt;
581
582   debounce db5(
583     .clock(clock_50mhz), .reset(reset), .noisy(~switch[1]),
584     .clean(enable_lpf_pt));

585
586   memory_interface mi(
587     .clock(clock_50mhz), .reset(reset),
588     .frame_flag(frame_flag_cleaned), .ntsc_flag(ntsc_flag_cleaned),
589     .ntsc_pixel(ntsc_pixels), .done_ntsc(done_ntsc),
590     .vga_flag(vga_flag), .done_vga(done_vga), .vga_pixel(vga_pixel),
591     .vcnt(vcnt), .hcnt(hcount), .vsync(vga_out_vsync),
592     .mem0_addr(mem0_addr), .mem1_addr(mem1_addr),
593     .mem0_read(mem0_read), .mem1_read(mem1_read),
594     .mem0_write(mem0_writer), .mem1_write(mem1_writer),
595     .mem0_wr(mem0_wrr), .mem1_wr(mem1_wrr),
596     .mem0_bwe(mem0_bwer), .mem1_bwe(mem1_bwer),
597     .ntsc_x(ntsc_x), .ntsc_y(ntsc_y),
598     .ready_pt(ready_pt),
599     .lpf_flag(lpf_flag & enable_lpf_pt), .lpf_wr(lpf_wr),
600     .lpf_pixel_read(lpf_pixel_read),
601     .lpf_pixel_write(lpf_pixel_write),
602     .done_lpf(done_lpf),
603     .lpf_x(lpf_x), .lpf_y(lpf_y),
604     .pt_x(pt_x), .pt_y(pt_y),
605     .pt_flag(pt_wr & enable_lpf_pt), .pt_pixel(pt_pixel),
606     .nwr(nwr), .vwr(vwr), .done_pt(done_pt));

607
608   wire                   enter_clean;
609   debounce db3(
610     .clock(clock_50mhz), .reset(reset), .noisy(~button_enter),
611     .clean(enter_clean));

612
613 // TEST PATTERN FOR TESTING MEMORY_INTERFACE AND OTHER MODULES
614
615   zbt_test_pattern ztp(
616     .clock(clock_50mhz), .reset(reset), .start(enter_clean),
617     .mem0_addr(mem0_addr), .mem1_addr(mem1_addr),
618     .mem0_write(mem0_writet), .mem1_write(mem1_writet),
619     .mem0_wr(mem0_wrt), .mem1_wr(mem1_wrt));

```

```

621 assign mem0_wr = (enter_clean) ? mem0_wrt : mem0_wrr;
622 assign mem0_bwe = (enter_clean) ? 4'b1111 : mem0_bwer;
623 assign mem0_addr = (enter_clean) ? mem0_addr : mem0_addr;
624 assign mem0_write = (enter_clean) ? mem0_writet : mem0_writer;
625 assign mem1_wr = (enter_clean) ? mem1_wrt : mem1_wrr;
626 assign mem1_bwe = (enter_clean) ? 4'b1111 : mem1_bwer;
627 assign mem1_addr = (enter_clean) ? mem1_addr : mem1_addr;
628 assign mem1_write = (enter_clean) ? mem1_writet : mem1_writer;
629
630 zbt_map mem0(
631     .clock(clock_50mhz), .cen(1'b1),
632     .we(mem0_wr), .bwe(mem0_bwe), .addr(mem0_addr),
633     .write_data(mem0_write), .read_data(mem0_read),
634     .ram_we_b(ram0_we_b), .ram_bwe_b(ram0_bwe_b),
635     .ram_address(ram0_address), .ram_data(ram0_data),
636     .ram_cen_b(ram0_cen_b));
637
638 zbt_map mem1(
639     .clock(clock_50mhz), .cen(1'b1),
640     .we(mem1_wr), .bwe(mem1_bwe), .addr(mem1_addr),
641     .write_data(mem1_write), .read_data(mem1_read),
642     .ram_we_b(ram1_we_b), .ram_bwe_b(ram1_bwe_b),
643     .ram_address(ram1_address), .ram_data(ram1_data),
644     .ram_cen_b(ram1_cen_b));
645
646 **** VGA BLOCK ****
647 ****
648 vga_write vga(
649     .clock(clock_50mhz), .vclock(clock_25mhz),
650     .reset(reset), .frame_flag(frame_flag_cleaned),
651     .vga_pixel(vga_pixel),
652     .done_vga(done_vga), .vga_flag(vga_flag),
653     .vga_out_red(vga_out_red),
654     .vga_out_green(vga_out_green),
655     .vga_out_blue(vga_out_blue),
656     .vga_out_sync_b(vga_out_sync_b),
657     .vga_out_blank_b(vga_out_blank_b),
658     .vga_out_pixel_clock(vga_out_pixel_clock),
659     .vga_out_hsync(vga_out_hsync),
660     .vga_out_vsync(vga_out_vsync),
661     .clocked_hcount(hcount),
662     .clocked_vcount(vcount),
663     .a_x(a_x), .a_y(a_y),
664     .b_x(b_x), .b_y(b_y),
665     .c_x(c_x), .c_y(c_y),
666     .d_x(d_x), .d_y(d_y),
667     .vga_will_request(vwr),
668     .enable_xhairs(enable_highlighting_and_xhairs));
669
670 ****

```

```

***** LOGIC_ANALYZER *****/
673 ***** */

675 assign analyzer1_clock = 1'b1;
assign analyzer2_clock = 1'b1;
677 assign analyzer3_clock = 1'b1;
assign analyzer4_clock = 1'b1;
679 assign analyzer1_data = 16'h0;
assign analyzer2_data = 16'h0;
681 assign analyzer3_data = 16'h0;
assign analyzer4_data = 16'h0;
683 endmodule

685 module debounce (input reset , clock , noisy ,
                    output reg clean);
687
  reg [19:0]           count;
689  reg                  new;

691 always @(posedge clock)
  if (reset) begin new <= noisy; clean <= noisy; count <= 0; end
693 else if (noisy != new) begin new <= noisy; count <= 0; end
  else if (count == 650000) clean <= new;
  else count <= count+1;
695
697 endmodule

```

A.2 ntsc_capture.v

```

1 `default_nettype none
// comment out when testing
3 `include "params.v"

5 module ntsc_capture(
6   input          clock_50mhz , // the main system clock
7   input          clock_27mhz ,
8   input          reset , // reset line
9
10  output         tv_in_reset_b , // these are all labkit wires
11  output         tv_in_i2c_clock , // |
12  inout          tv_in_i2c_data , // |
13  input          tv_in_line_clock1 , // |
14  input [19:0]    tv_in_ycrcb , // |
15
16  // outputs two sets of pixels in Y/Cr/Cb/Y/Cr/Cb format
17  output reg [35:0] ntsc_pixels ,
18  // a flag that goes high when a pixel is being output
19  output reg      ntsc_flag ,
20  // these outputs are for object_recognition. this indicates the color
21  // of the recognized pixel
22  output reg [1:0] o_color ,

```

```

23          // a flag that indicates the data is good
24          output reg      o_i_flag ,
25          output reg      o_frame_flag ,
26          output reg [9:0] o_x ,
27          output reg [8:0] o_y ,
28
29          // indicates that ntsc will request
30          // to write on the next clock cycle
31          output reg      ntsc_will_request ,
32
33          // thresholding parameters
34          input [9:0]       GREEN_LUM_MAX,
35          input [9:0]       GREEN_LUM_MIN,
36          input [9:0]       GREEN_CR_MAX,
37          input [9:0]       GREEN_CR_MIN,
38          input [9:0]       GREEN_CB_MAX,
39          input [9:0]       GREEN_CB_MIN,
40
41          input [9:0]       ORANGE_LUM_MAX,
42          input [9:0]       ORANGE_LUM_MIN,
43          input [9:0]       ORANGE_CR_MAX,
44          input [9:0]       ORANGE_CR_MIN,
45          input [9:0]       ORANGE_CB_MAX,
46          input [9:0]       ORANGE_CB_MIN,
47
48          input [9:0]       PINK_LUM_MAX,
49          input [9:0]       PINK_LUM_MIN,
50          input [9:0]       PINK_CR_MAX,
51          input [9:0]       PINK_CR_MIN,
52          input [9:0]       PINK_CB_MAX,
53          input [9:0]       PINK_CB_MIN,
54
55          input [9:0]       BLUE_LUM_MAX,
56          input [9:0]       BLUE_LUM_MIN,
57          input [9:0]       BLUE_CR_MAX,
58          input [9:0]       BLUE_CR_MIN,
59          input [9:0]       BLUE_CB_MAX,
60          input [9:0]       BLUE_CB_MIN
61      ); // a flag that indicates when a new frame begins
62
63      // initialize the adv7185 video ADC
64      adv7185init adv7185(.reset(reset), .clock_27mhz(clock_27mhz), .source(1'b0),
65                  .tv_in_reset_b(tv_in_reset_b),
66                  .tv_in_i2c_clock(tv_in_i2c_clock),
67                  .tv_in_i2c_data(tv_in_i2c_data));
68
69      // this module decodes the data and outputs the ycrcb pair
70      ntsc_decode decode(.clk(tv_in_line_clock1), .reset(reset),
71                      .tv_in_ycrcb(tv_in_ycrcb[19:10]), .ycrcb(ycrcb),
72                      .v(fvh[1]), .h(fvh[0]), .data_valid(dv), .f(fvh[2]));
73
74      // variables for communicating with ntsc decode

```

```

    wire [29:0]                      ycrcb;
75   wire [2:0]                      fvh;
    wire                           dv;

77   // variables for communicating with the fifo
79   reg  [63:0]                      din;
    reg                           wr_en = 0;
81   wire                           rd_en;
    wire [63:0]                      dout;
    wire                           full, valid;

83   reg  [17:0]                      pixel_buffer;

87   reg                           read_state;

89   // this is a FIFO module for sending data between the 27 mhz video
90   // clock domain and the 50 mhz ram clock domain
91   ntf n2f(.din(din), .rd_clk(clock_50mhz), .rd_en(rd_en),
92           .rst(reset), .wr_clk(tv_in_line_clock1), .wr_en(wr_en),
93           .dout(dout), .empty(empty), .full(full), .valid(valid)
94           );
95

96   reg                           state = 0;
97   reg  [9:0]                      x = 0;
98   reg  [8:0]                      y = 0;

99

100  reg                           sv;
101  reg                           sh;
102  reg                           rh;
103  reg                           rv;

104

105  reg                           pulseonce;

106

107  // create some convenience variables
108  wire [9:0]                      cr, cb, lum;
109  wire                           f, v, h;

110

111  assign cr = ycrcb[19:10];
112  assign cb = ycrcb[9:0];
113  assign lum = ycrcb[29:20];

114

115  assign f = fvh[2];
116  assign v = fvh[1];
117  assign h = fvh[0];

118

119  wire [8:0]                      corrected_y;
120  wire [9:0]                      corrected_x;

121

122  // create some corrected variables for output coordinates
123  assign corrected_y = y - 23;
124  assign corrected_x = x - 10;
125

```

```

reg orange_match, green_match, pink_match, blue_match;
127
// latches very short hsync and vsync flags
129 always @(*) begin
    sh <= (~rh & sh) | h;
131    sv <= (~rv & sv) | v;
end
133
133 always @(posedge tv_in_line_clock1) begin
135    if (dv) begin
        // assign match variables based on current chrominance
137        // and luminance data
        orange_match <= ((cb < ORANGE_CB_MAX) &
139            (cr > ORANGE_CR_MIN) &
            (lum > ORANGE_LUM_MIN));
141
        green_match <= ((lum < GREEN_LUM_MAX) &
143            (lum > GREEN_LUM_MIN) &
            (cr > GREEN_CR_MIN) &
            (cr < GREEN_CR_MAX) &
            (cb > GREEN_CB_MIN) &
            (cb < GREEN_CB_MAX) &
            (y < 480));
149
        blue_match <= ((cb > BLUE_CB_MIN) &
151            (cr < BLUE_CR_MAX) &
            (lum > BLUE_LUM_MIN));
153
        pink_match <= ((cb > PINK_CB_MIN) &
155            (cr > PINK_CR_MIN) &
            (lum > PINK_LUM_MIN));
157
    end else if (sh | sv) begin // if (dv)
159        orange_match <= 0;
        green_match <= 0;
161        blue_match <= 0;
        pink_match <= 0;
163    end // else: !if(dv)
end // always @ (posedge tv_in_line_clock1)

165
// synchronize to the external video line clock
167 always @ (posedge tv_in_line_clock1) begin

169    // on hsync, increment y by two (because of interlacing) and reset
    // the x variable
171    if (sh) begin
        y <= y + 2;
        x <= 0;
173        rh <= 1; // reset the latch
175    end else if (x > 1) begin
        rh <= 0;
    end
177

```

```

179 // on vsync, set the seed y value to the current field (even or odd)
180 // reset x
181 if (sv) begin
182     y <= f;
183     x <= 0;
184     rv <= 1;
185 end else if (y > 1) begin
186     rv <= 0;
187 end

188 // at the end of every other frame (interlacing), send a frame_flag
189 if (((y > 502) | sv) & f & ~pulseonce) begin
190     din[26] <= 1;
191     din[27] <= 0;

192     wr_en <= 1;

194     pulseonce <= 1;
195 end else begin
196     wr_en <= 0;
197 end

198 // set a state variable so that we don't send multiple frame flags
199 if (~f) begin
200     pulseonce <= 0;
201 end

202 if (dv) begin
203     if (y >= 23 && y < 503 && x < 650 && x > 9) begin // above 480 lines are blanked
204         if (state == 0) begin
205
206             // ORANGE
207             if (orange_match) begin
208                 // we have detected a pixel, so spit out an interesting flag, and
209                 // the current coordinates
210                 din[27] <= 0; // ntsc_flag
211                 din[4] <= 1; // interesting_flag
212                 din[6:5] <= 2'b00; // color
213                 din[25:16] <= corrected_x;
214                 din[15:7] <= corrected_y;
215                 wr_en <= 1; // and write it into the FIFO
216
217             // GREEN (same as above)
218             end else if (green_match) begin
219                 din[27] <= 0;
220                 din[4] <= 1;
221                 din[6:5] <= 2'b11;
222                 din[25:16] <= corrected_x;
223                 din[15:7] <= corrected_y;
224                 wr_en <= 1;
225
226
227
228
229

```

```

// PINK (same as above)
231  end else if (pink_match) begin
232      din[27] <= 0;
233      din[4] <= 1;
234      din[6:5] <= 2'b01;
235      din[25:16] <= corrected_x;
236      din[15:7] <= corrected_y;
237      wr_en <= 1;

239  // BLUE (same as above)
240  end else if (blue_match) begin
241      din[27] <= 0;
242      din[4] <= 1;
243      din[6:5] <= 2'b10;
244      din[25:16] <= corrected_x;
245      din[15:7] <= corrected_y;
246      wr_en <= 1;

247  end else begin
248      // we only output on state 0 if interesting pixels have been
249      // detected
250
251      wr_en <= 0;

253      // if we didn't detect a pixel, don't write anything
254      // in this state
255  end

257  // save this pixel to be written in the next state
258  pixel_buffer[17:10] <= ycrcb[29:22];
259  pixel_buffer[9:5] <= ycrcb[19:15];
260  pixel_buffer[4:0] <= ycrcb[9:5];
261  state <= 1; // advance the state
262

265  end else begin
266      state <= 0;
267
268      din[63:46] <= pixel_buffer;

271  // ORANGE
272  if (orange_match) begin
273      din[4] <= 1; // output an interesting flag if an interesting
274      din[6:5] <= 2'b00; // color is detected
275

277  // GREEN
278  end else if (green_match) begin
279      din[4] <= 1;
280      din[6:5] <= 2'b11;

281  // PINK

```

```

283         end else if (pink_match) begin
284             din [4] <= 1;
285             din [6:5] <= 2'b01;
286
287             // BLUE
288             end else if (blue_match) begin
289                 din [4] <= 1;
290                 din [6:5] <= 2'b10;
291
292             end else begin // if ((cb > BLUE_CB_MIN) &...
293                 din [6:5] <= 2'b00;
294                 din [4] <= 1'b0;
295
296             end // else : !if((cb > BLUE_CB_MIN) &...
297
298             din [45:38] <= ycrcb [29:22];
299             din [37:33] <= ycrcb [19:15];
300             din [32:28] <= ycrcb [9:5];
301             din [27] <= 1; // ntsc_flag
302             din [26] <= 0;
303             din [25:16] <= corrected_x;
304             din [15:7] <= corrected_y;
305
306             wr_en <= 1;
307
308         end // else : !if(state == 0)
309
310         end // if (y < 480 && x < 640)
311
312         x <= x + 1; // increment the x variable
313
314     end // if (dv)
315
316
317     if (reset) begin // on reset
318         state <= 0; // reset everything
319         x<= 0;
320         y <= 0;
321     end
322
323 end // always @ (posedge tv_in_line_clock1)
324
325
326     // read from the FIFO whenever it is not empty
327     assign rd_en = ~empty;
328
329
330     // Synchronize outputs to main system clock
331     always @ (posedge clock_50mhz) begin
332         ntsc_will_request <= 0;
333
334         // if the FIFO is not empty
335         if (rd_en) begin
336             read_state <= 1;
337             ntsc_will_request <= 1;

```

```

    end else begin
      read_state <= 0;
    end
  337
    // we have data
  339  if (read_state) begin
    340    ntsc_pixels <= dout[63: 28];
    341    ntsc_flag <= dout[27];
    342    o_frame_flag <= dout[26];
    343    o_x <= dout[25:16];
    344    o_y <= dout[15:7];
    345    o_color <= dout[6:5];
    346    o_i_flag <= dout[4];
    347    ntsc_will_request <= 1;
  348
    end else begin
      ntsc_pixels <= 0;
      ntsc_flag <= 0;
      o_frame_flag <= 0;
      o_x <= 0;
      o_y <= 0;
      o_color <= 0;
      o_i_flag <= 0;
    end
  357
end // always @ (posedge clock_50mhz)
  359
endmodule // ntsc_capture
  361
// These modules are used to grab input NTSC video data from the RCA
  363 // phono jack on the right hand side of the 6.111 labkit (connect
    // the camera to the LOWER jack).
  365 //
  367 /////////////////////////////////
  368 //
  369 // NTSC decode - 16-bit CCIR656 decoder
    // By Javier Castro
  371 // This module takes a stream of LLC data from the adv7185
    // NTSC/PAL video decoder and generates the corresponding pixels,
  373 // that are encoded within the stream, in YCrCb format.
  375 // Make sure that the adv7185 is set to run in 16-bit LLC2 mode.
  377 module ntsc_decode(clk, reset, tv_in_ycrcb, ycrcb, f, v, h, data_valid);
  378
    // clk - line-locked clock (in this case, LLC1 which runs at 27Mhz)
    // reset - system reset
  379
    // tv_in_ycrcb - 10-bit input from chip. should map to pins [19:10]
    // ycrcb - 24 bit luminance and chrominance (8 bits each)
  380
    // f - field: 1 indicates an even field, 0 an odd field
    // v - vertical sync: 1 means vertical sync
  381
    // h - horizontal sync: 1 means horizontal sync
  382

```

```

387  input clk;
388  input reset;
389  input [9:0] tv_in_ycrcb; // modified for 10 bit input - should be P[19:10]
390  output [29:0] ycrcb;
391  output f;
392  output v;
393  output h;
394  output data_valid;
395  // output [4:0] state;

397  parameter SYNC_1 = 0;
398  parameter SYNC_2 = 1;
399  parameter SYNC_3 = 2;
400  parameter SAV_f1_cb0 = 3;
401  parameter SAV_f1_y0 = 4;
402  parameter SAV_f1_cr1 = 5;
403  parameter SAV_f1_y1 = 6;
404  parameter EAV_f1 = 7;
405  parameter SAV_VBI_f1 = 8;
406  parameter EAV_VBI_f1 = 9;
407  parameter SAV_f2_cb0 = 10;
408  parameter SAV_f2_y0 = 11;
409  parameter SAV_f2_cr1 = 12;
410  parameter SAV_f2_y1 = 13;
411  parameter EAV_f2 = 14;
412  parameter SAV_VBI_f2 = 15;
413  parameter EAV_VBI_f2 = 16;

415

417  // In the start state, the module doesn't know where
418  // in the sequence of pixels, it is looking.

421  // Once we determine where to start, the FSM goes through a normal
422  // sequence of SAV process_YCrCb EAV... repeat

423

425  // The data stream looks as follows
426  // SAV_FF | SAV_00 | SAV_00 | SAV_XY | Cb0 | Y0 | Cr1 | Y1 | Cb2 | Y2 | ... | EAV
427  // sequence
428  // There are two things we need to do:
429  // 1. Find the two SAV blocks (stands for Start Active Video perhaps?)
430  // 2. Decode the subsequent data

431  reg [4:0] current_state = 5'h00;
432  reg [9:0] y = 10'h000; // luminance
433  reg [9:0] cr = 10'h000; // chrominance
434  reg [9:0] cb = 10'h000; // more chrominance

435  //assign state = current_state;

```

```

437  always @ (posedge clk)
438    begin
439      if (reset)
440        begin
441          end
442        else
443          begin
444            // these states don't do much except allow us to know where we are in the
445            // stream.
446            // whenever the synchronization code is seen, go back to the sync_state before
447            // transitioning to the new state
448            case (current_state)
449              SYNC_1: current_state <= (tv_in_ycrcb == 10'h000) ? SYNC_2 : SYNC_1;
450              SYNC_2: current_state <= (tv_in_ycrcb == 10'h000) ? SYNC_3 : SYNC_1;
451              SYNC_3: current_state <= (tv_in_ycrcb == 10'h200) ? SAV_f1_cb0 :
452                (tv_in_ycrcb == 10'h274) ? EAV_f1 :
453                (tv_in_ycrcb == 10'h2ac) ? SAV_VBI_f1 :
454                (tv_in_ycrcb == 10'h2d8) ? EAV_VBI_f1 :
455                (tv_in_ycrcb == 10'h31c) ? SAV_f2_cb0 :
456                (tv_in_ycrcb == 10'h368) ? EAV_f2 :
457                (tv_in_ycrcb == 10'h3b0) ? SAV_VBI_f2 :
458                (tv_in_ycrcb == 10'h3c4) ? EAV_VBI_f2 : SYNC_1;
459
460              SAV_f1_cb0: current_state <= (tv_in_ycrcb == 10'h3ff) ? SYNC_1 : SAV_f1_y0;
461              SAV_f1_y0: current_state <= (tv_in_ycrcb == 10'h3ff) ? SYNC_1 : SAV_f1_cr1;
462              SAV_f1_cr1: current_state <= (tv_in_ycrcb == 10'h3ff) ? SYNC_1 : SAV_f1_y1;
463              SAV_f1_y1: current_state <= (tv_in_ycrcb == 10'h3ff) ? SYNC_1 : SAV_f1_cb0;
464
465              SAV_f2_cb0: current_state <= (tv_in_ycrcb == 10'h3ff) ? SYNC_1 : SAV_f2_y0;
466              SAV_f2_y0: current_state <= (tv_in_ycrcb == 10'h3ff) ? SYNC_1 : SAV_f2_cr1;
467              SAV_f2_cr1: current_state <= (tv_in_ycrcb == 10'h3ff) ? SYNC_1 : SAV_f2_y1;
468              SAV_f2_y1: current_state <= (tv_in_ycrcb == 10'h3ff) ? SYNC_1 : SAV_f2_cb0;
469
470              // These states are here in the event that we want to cover these signals
471              // in the future. For now, they just send the state machine back to SYNC_1
472              EAV_f1: current_state <= SYNC_1;
473              SAV_VBI_f1: current_state <= SYNC_1;
474              EAV_VBI_f1: current_state <= SYNC_1;
475              EAV_f2: current_state <= SYNC_1;
476              SAV_VBI_f2: current_state <= SYNC_1;
477              EAV_VBI_f2: current_state <= SYNC_1;
478
479            endcase
480          end
481        end // always @ (posedge clk)
482
483        // implement our decoding mechanism
484
485        wire y_enable;
486        wire cr_enable;
487        wire cb_enable;

```

```

489 // if y is coming in, enable the register
490 // likewise for cr and cb
491 assign y_enable = (current_state == SAV_f1_y0) ||
492             (current_state == SAV_f1_y1) ||
493             (current_state == SAV_f2_y0) ||
494             (current_state == SAV_f2_y1);
495 assign cr_enable = (current_state == SAV_f1_cr1) ||
496             (current_state == SAV_f2_cr1);
497 assign cb_enable = (current_state == SAV_f1_cb0) ||
498             (current_state == SAV_f2_cb0);

499 // f, v, and h only go high when active
500 assign {v,h} = (current_state == SYNC_3) ? tv_in_ycrcb[7:6] : 2'b00;

503 // data is valid when we have all three values: y, cr, cb
504 assign data_valid = y_enable;
505 assign ycrcb = {y,cr,cb};

507 reg f = 0;

509 always @ (posedge clk)
510     begin
511         y <= y_enable ? tv_in_ycrcb : y;
512         cr <= cr_enable ? tv_in_ycrcb : cr;
513         cb <= cb_enable ? tv_in_ycrcb : cb;
514         f <= (current_state == SYNC_3) ? tv_in_ycrcb[8] : f;
515     end

517 endmodule

519

521 //////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////
522 //
523 // 6.111 FPGA Labkit --- ADV7185 Video Decoder Configuration Init
524 //
525 // Created:
526 // Author: Nathan Ickes
527 //
528 //////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////
529 //
530 // Register 0
531 //////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////
532 //
533 'define INPUT_SELECT 4'h0
534 // 0: CVBS on AIN1 (composite video in)
535 // 7: Y on AIN2, C on AIN5 (s-video in)
536 // (These are the only configurations supported by the 6.111 labkit hardware)
537 'define INPUT_MODE 4'h0
538 // 0: Autodetect: NTSC or PAL (BGHID), w/o pedestal

```

```

// 1: Autodetect: NTSC or PAL (BGHID), w/ pedestal
541 // 2: Autodetect: NTSC or PAL (N), w/o pedestal
// 3: Autodetect: NTSC or PAL (N), w/ pedestal
543 // 4: NTSC w/o pedestal
// 5: NTSC w/ pedestal
545 // 6: NTSC 4.43 w/o pedestal
// 7: NTSC 4.43 w/ pedestal
547 // 8: PAL BGHID w/o pedestal
// 9: PAL N w/ pedestal
549 // A: PAL M w/o pedestal
// B: PAL M w/ pedestal
551 // C: PAL combination N
// D: PAL combination N w/ pedestal
553 // E-F: [Not valid]

555 #define ADV7185_REGISTER_0 {'INPUT_MODE, 'INPUT_SELECT}

557 //////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////
// Register 1
559 //////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////

561 #define VIDEO_QUALITY 2'h0
// 0: Broadcast quality
563 // 1: TV quality
// 2: VCR quality
565 // 3: Surveillance quality
#define SQUARE_PIXEL_IN_MODE 1'b0
// 0: Normal mode
// 1: Square pixel mode
569 #define DIFFERENTIAL_INPUT 1'b0
// 0: Single-ended inputs
571 // 1: Differential inputs
#define FOUR_TIMES_SAMPLING 1'b0
// 0: Standard sampling rate
// 1: 4x sampling rate (NTSC only)
575 #define BETACAM 1'b0
// 0: Standard video input
// 1: Betacam video input
#define AUTOMATIC_STARTUP_ENABLE 1'b1
// 0: Change of input triggers reacquire
// 1: Change of input does not trigger reacquire

581 #define ADV7185_REGISTER_1 {'AUTOMATIC_STARTUP_ENABLE, 1'b0, 'BETACAM, 'FOUR_TIMES_SAMPLING,
    'DIFFERENTIAL_INPUT, 'SQUARE_PIXEL_IN_MODE, 'VIDEO_QUALITY}

583 //////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////
585 // Register 2
//////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////

587 #define Y_PEAKING_FILTER 3'h4
589 // 0: Composite = 4.5dB, s-video = 9.25dB
// 1: Composite = 4.5dB, s-video = 9.25dB

```

```

591 // 2: Composite = 4.5dB, s-video = 5.75dB
592 // 3: Composite = 1.25dB, s-video = 3.3dB
593 // 4: Composite = 0.0dB, s-video = 0.0dB
594 // 5: Composite = -1.25dB, s-video = -3.0dB
595 // 6: Composite = -1.75dB, s-video = -8.0dB
596 // 7: Composite = -3.0dB, s-video = -8.0dB
597 #define CORING 2'h0
598 // 0: No coring
599 // 1: Truncate if Y < black+8
600 // 2: Truncate if Y < black+16
601 // 3: Truncate if Y < black+32

603 #define ADV7185_REGISTER_2 {3'b000, 'Coring, 'Y_PEEKING_FILTER}

605 /////////////////////////////////
606 // Register 3
607 /////////////////////////////////

609 #define INTERFACE_SELECT 2'h0
610 // 0: Philips-compatible
611 // 1: Broktree API A-compatible
612 // 2: Broktree API B-compatible
613 // 3: [Not valid]
614 #define OUTPUT_FORMAT 4'h0
615 // 0: 10-bit @ LLC, 4:2:2 CCIR656
616 // 1: 20-bit @ LLC, 4:2:2 CCIR656
617 // 2: 16-bit @ LLC, 4:2:2 CCIR656
618 // 3: 8-bit @ LLC, 4:2:2 CCIR656
619 // 4: 12-bit @ LLC, 4:1:1
620 // 5-F: [Not valid]
621 // (Note that the 6.111 labkit hardware provides only a 10-bit interface to
622 // the ADV7185.)
623 #define TRISTATE_OUTPUT_DRIVERS 1'b0
624 // 0: Drivers tristated when ~OE is high
625 // 1: Drivers always tristated
626 #define VBLEnable 1'b0
627 // 0: Decode lines during vertical blanking interval
628 // 1: Decode only active video regions

630 #define ADV7185_REGISTER_3 {'VBLEnable, 'TRISTATE_OUTPUT_DRIVERS, 'OUTPUT_FORMAT,
631 'INTERFACE_SELECT}

632 ///////////////////////////////
633 // Register 4
634 ///////////////////////////////

636 #define OUTPUT_DATA_RANGE 1'b0
637 // 0: Output values restricted to CCIR-compliant range
638 // 1: Use full output range
639 #define BT656_TYPE 1'b0
640 // 0: BT656-3-compatible
641 // 1: BT656-4-compatible

```

```

643 '#define ADV7185_REGISTER_4 {'BT656_TYPE, 3'b000, 3'b110, 'OUTPUT_DATA_RANGE}

645 //////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////
// Register 5
647 //////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////

649 '#define GENERAL_PURPOSE_OUTPUTS          4'b0000
651 '#define GPO_0_1_ENABLE                   1'b0
// 0: General purpose outputs 0 and 1 tristated
653 // 1: General purpose outputs 0 and 1 enabled
654 '#define GPO_2_3_ENABLE                   1'b0
// 0: General purpose outputs 2 and 3 tristated
// 1: General purpose outputs 2 and 3 enabled
656 '#define BLANK_CHROMA_IN_VBI            1'b1
// 0: Chroma decoded and output during vertical blanking
658 // 1: Chroma blanked during vertical blanking
659 '#define HLOCK_ENABLE                  1'b0
// 0: GPO 0 is a general purpose output
// 1: GPO 0 shows HLOCK status

663 '#define ADV7185_REGISTER_5 {'HLOCK_ENABLE, 'BLANK_CHROMA_IN_VBI, 'GPO_2_3_ENABLE,
664     'GPO_0_1_ENABLE, 'GENERAL_PURPOSE_OUTPUTS}

665 //////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////
667 // Register 7
668 //////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////

669 '#define FIFO_FLAG_MARGIN              5'h10
671 // Sets the locations where FIFO almost-full and almost-empty flags are set
672 '#define FIFO_RESET                   1'b0
// 0: Normal operation
// 1: Reset FIFO. This bit is automatically cleared
674 '#define AUTOMATIC_FIFO_RESET         1'b0
// 0: No automatic reset
676 // 1: FIFO is automatically reset at the end of each video field
677 '#define FIFO_FLAG_SELF_TIME          1'b1
// 0: FIFO flags are synchronized to CLKIN
679 // 1: FIFO flags are synchronized to internal 27MHz clock

681 '#define ADV7185_REGISTER_7 {'FIFO_FLAG_SELF_TIME, 'AUTOMATIC_FIFO_RESET, 'FIFO_RESET,
682     'FIFO_FLAG_MARGIN}

683 //////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////
685 // Register 8
686 //////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////

687 '#define INPUT_CONTRAST_ADJUST        8'h80
688 '#define ADV7185_REGISTER_8 {'INPUT_CONTRAST_ADJUST}

689

```

```

693 // Register 9
694 /////////////////////////////////////////////////
695
696 #define INPUT_SATURATION_ADJUST           8'h8C
697
698 #define ADV7185_REGISTER_9 {'INPUT_SATURATION_ADJUST'}
699
700 // Register A
701 /////////////////////////////////////////////////
702
703 #define INPUT_BRIGHTNESS_ADJUST          8'h00
704
705 #define ADV7185_REGISTER_A {'INPUT_BRIGHTNESS_ADJUST'}
706
707 // Register B
708 /////////////////////////////////////////////////
709
710 #define INPUT_HUE_ADJUST                8'h00
711
712 #define ADV7185_REGISTER_B {'INPUT_HUE_ADJUST'}
713
714 // Register C
715 /////////////////////////////////////////////////
716
717 #define DEFAULT_VALUE_ENABLE            1'b0
718 // 0: Use programmed Y, Cr, and Cb values
719 // 1: Use default values
720
721 #define DEFAULT_VALUE_AUTOMATIC_ENABLE 1'b0
722 // 0: Use programmed Y, Cr, and Cb values
723 // 1: Use default values if lock is lost
724
725 #define DEFAULT_Y_VALUE                6'h0C
726 // Default Y value
727
728
729 #define ADV7185_REGISTER_C {'DEFAULT_Y_VALUE, 'DEFAULT_VALUE_AUTOMATIC_ENABLE,
730 // 'DEFAULT_VALUE_ENABLE}
731
732 // Register D
733 /////////////////////////////////////////////////
734
735 #define DEFAULT_CR_VALUE               4'h8
736 // Most-significant four bits of default Cr value
737
738 #define DEFAULT_CB_VALUE               4'h8
739 // Most-significant four bits of default Cb value
740
741 #define ADV7185_REGISTER_D {'DEFAULT_CB_VALUE, 'DEFAULT_CR_VALUE'}
742
743 /////////////////////////////////////////////////

```

```

743 // Register E
744 ///////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////
745 `define TEMPORALDECIMATION_ENABLE 1'b0
746 // 0: Disable
747 // 1: Enable
748 `define TEMPORALDECIMATION_CONTROL 2'h0
749 // 0: Supress frames, start with even field
750 // 1: Supress frames, start with odd field
751 // 2: Supress even fields only
752 // 3: Supress odd fields only
753 `define TEMPORALDECIMATION_RATE 4'h0
754 // 0-F: Number of fields/frames to skip
755
756 `define ADV7185_REGISTER_E {1'b0, `TEMPORALDECIMATION_RATE, `TEMPORALDECIMATION_CONTROL,
757 `TEMPORALDECIMATION_ENABLE}
758
759 ///////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////
760 // Register F
761 ///////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////
762
763 `define POWERSAVE_CONTROL 2'h0
764 // 0: Full operation
765 // 1: CVBS only
766 // 2: Digital only
767 // 3: Power save mode
768 `define POWERDOWN_SOURCE_PRIORITY 1'b0
769 // 0: Power-down pin has priority
770 // 1: Power-down control bit has priority
771 `define POWERDOWN_REFERENCE 1'b0
772 // 0: Reference is functional
773 // 1: Reference is powered down
774 `define POWERDOWNLLC_GENERATOR 1'b0
775 // 0: LLC generator is functional
776 // 1: LLC generator is powered down
777 `define POWERDOWNCHIP 1'b0
778 // 0: Chip is functional
779 // 1: Input pads disabled and clocks stopped
780 `define TIMING_REACQUIRE 1'b0
781 // 0: Normal operation
782 // 1: Reacquire video signal (bit will automatically reset)
783 `define RESET_CHIP 1'b0
784 // 0: Normal operation
785 // 1: Reset digital core and I2C interface (bit will automatically reset)
786
787 `define ADV7185_REGISTER_F {'RESET_CHIP, `TIMING_REACQUIRE, `POWERDOWNCHIP,
788 `POWERDOWNLLC_GENERATOR, `POWERDOWN_REFERENCE, `POWERDOWN_SOURCE_PRIORITY,
789 `POWERSAVE_CONTROL}
790
791 ///////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////
792 // Register 33
793 ///////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////

```

```

793 '#define PEAK_WHITE_UPDATE           1'b1
794 // 0: Update gain once per line
795 // 1: Update gain once per field
796 '#define AVERAGE_BRIGHTNESS_LINES 1'b1
797 // 0: Use lines 33 to 310
798 // 1: Use lines 33 to 270
799 '#define MAXIMUM_IRE            3'h0
800 // 0: PAL: 133, NTSC: 122
801 // 1: PAL: 125, NTSC: 115
802 // 2: PAL: 120, NTSC: 110
803 // 3: PAL: 115, NTSC: 105
804 // 4: PAL: 110, NTSC: 100
805 // 5: PAL: 105, NTSC: 100
806 // 6-7: PAL: 100, NTSC: 100
807 '#define COLOR_KILL             1'b1
808 // 0: Disable color kill
809 // 1: Enable color kill

811 '#define ADV7185_REGISTER_33 {1'b1, 'COLOR_KILL, 1'b1, 'MAXIMUM_IRE,
812     'AVERAGE_BRIGHTNESS_LINES, 'PEAK_WHITE_UPDATE}

813 '#define ADV7185_REGISTER_10 8'h00
814 '#define ADV7185_REGISTER_11 8'h00
815 '#define ADV7185_REGISTER_12 8'h00
816 '#define ADV7185_REGISTER_13 8'h45
817 '#define ADV7185_REGISTER_14 8'h18
818 '#define ADV7185_REGISTER_15 8'h60
819 '#define ADV7185_REGISTER_16 8'h00
820 '#define ADV7185_REGISTER_17 8'h01
821 '#define ADV7185_REGISTER_18 8'h00
822 '#define ADV7185_REGISTER_19 8'h10
823 '#define ADV7185_REGISTER_1A 8'h10
824 '#define ADV7185_REGISTER_1B 8'hF0
825 '#define ADV7185_REGISTER_1C 8'h16
826 '#define ADV7185_REGISTER_1D 8'h01
827 '#define ADV7185_REGISTER_1E 8'h00
828 '#define ADV7185_REGISTER_1F 8'h3D
829 '#define ADV7185_REGISTER_20 8'hD0
830 '#define ADV7185_REGISTER_21 8'h09
831 '#define ADV7185_REGISTER_22 8'h8C
832 '#define ADV7185_REGISTER_23 8'hE2
833 '#define ADV7185_REGISTER_24 8'h1F
834 '#define ADV7185_REGISTER_25 8'h07
835 '#define ADV7185_REGISTER_26 8'hC2
836 '#define ADV7185_REGISTER_27 8'h58
837 '#define ADV7185_REGISTER_28 8'h3C
838 '#define ADV7185_REGISTER_29 8'h00
839 '#define ADV7185_REGISTER_2A 8'h00
840 '#define ADV7185_REGISTER_2B 8'hA0
841 '#define ADV7185_REGISTER_2C 8'hCE
842 '#define ADV7185_REGISTER_2D 8'hF0

```

```

843 'define ADV7185_REGISTER_2E 8'h00
844 'define ADV7185_REGISTER_2F 8'hF0
845 'define ADV7185_REGISTER_30 8'h00
846 'define ADV7185_REGISTER_31 8'h70
847 'define ADV7185_REGISTER_32 8'h00
848 'define ADV7185_REGISTER_34 8'h0F
849 'define ADV7185_REGISTER_35 8'h01
850 'define ADV7185_REGISTER_36 8'h00
851 'define ADV7185_REGISTER_37 8'h00
852 'define ADV7185_REGISTER_38 8'h00
853 'define ADV7185_REGISTER_39 8'h00
854 'define ADV7185_REGISTER_3A 8'h00
855 'define ADV7185_REGISTER_3B 8'h00

857 'define ADV7185_REGISTER_44 8'h41
858 'define ADV7185_REGISTER_45 8'hBB
859
860 'define ADV7185_REGISTER_F1 8'hEF
861 'define ADV7185_REGISTER_F2 8'h80

863
864 module adv7185init (reset , clock_27mhz , source , tv_in_reset_b ,
865                                tv_in_i2c_clock , tv_in_i2c_data );
866
867     input reset ;
868     input clock_27mhz ;
869     output tv_in_reset_b; // Reset signal to ADV7185
870     output tv_in_i2c_clock; // I2C clock output to ADV7185
871     output tv_in_i2c_data; // I2C data line to ADV7185
872     input source; // 0: composite , 1: s-video
873
874     initial begin
875         $display ("ADV7185_Initialization_values:");
876         $display ("Register_0: " , 'ADV7185_REGISTER_0);
877         $display ("Register_1: " , 'ADV7185_REGISTER_1);
878         $display ("Register_2: " , 'ADV7185_REGISTER_2);
879         $display ("Register_3: " , 'ADV7185_REGISTER_3);
880         $display ("Register_4: " , 'ADV7185_REGISTER_4);
881         $display ("Register_5: " , 'ADV7185_REGISTER_5);
882         $display ("Register_7: " , 'ADV7185_REGISTER_7);
883         $display ("Register_8: " , 'ADV7185_REGISTER_8);
884         $display ("Register_9: " , 'ADV7185_REGISTER_9);
885         $display ("Register_A: " , 'ADV7185_REGISTER_A);
886         $display ("Register_B: " , 'ADV7185_REGISTER_B);
887         $display ("Register_C: " , 'ADV7185_REGISTER_C);
888         $display ("Register_D: " , 'ADV7185_REGISTER_D);
889         $display ("Register_E: " , 'ADV7185_REGISTER_E);
890         $display ("Register_F: " , 'ADV7185_REGISTER_F);
891         $display ("Register_33: " , 'ADV7185_REGISTER_33);
892     end
893
894     //

```

```

895 // Generate a 1MHz for the I2C driver (resulting I2C clock rate is 250kHz)
896 //
897
898 reg [7:0] clk_div_count, reset_count;
899 reg clock_slow;
900 wire reset_slow;
901
902 initial
903 begin
904     clk_div_count <= 8'h00;
905     // synthesis attribute init of clk_div_count is "00";
906     clock_slow <= 1'b0;
907     // synthesis attribute init of clock_slow is "0";
908 end
909
910 always @(posedge clock_27mhz)
911 if (clk_div_count == 26)
912 begin
913     clock_slow <= ~clock_slow;
914     clk_div_count <= 0;
915 end
916 else
917     clk_div_count <= clk_div_count+1;
918
919 always @(posedge clock_27mhz)
920 if (reset)
921     reset_count <= 100;
922 else
923     reset_count <= (reset_count==0) ? 0 : reset_count -1;
924
925 assign reset_slow = reset_count != 0;
926
927 //
928 // I2C driver
929 //
930
931 reg load;
932 reg [7:0] data;
933 wire ack, idle;
934
935 i2c i2c(.reset(reset_slow), .clock4x(clock_slow), .data(data), .load(load),
936         .ack(ack), .idle(idle), .scl(tv_in_i2c_clock),
937         .sda(tv_in_i2c_data));
938
939 //
940 // State machine
941 //
942
943 reg [7:0] state;
944 reg tv_in_reset_b;
945 reg old_source;

```

```

947  always @(posedge clock_slow)
948    if (reset_slow)
949      begin
950        state <= 0;
951        load <= 0;
952        tv_in_reset_b <= 0;
953        old_source <= 0;
954      end
955    else
956      case (state)
957        8'h00:
958          begin
959            // Assert reset
960            load <= 1'b0;
961            tv_in_reset_b <= 1'b0;
962            if (!ack)
963              state <= state+1;
964            end
965        8'h01:
966          state <= state+1;
967        8'h02:
968          begin
969            // Release reset
970            tv_in_reset_b <= 1'b1;
971            state <= state+1;
972          end
973        8'h03:
974          begin
975            // Send ADV7185 address
976            data <= 8'h8A;
977            load <= 1'b1;
978            if (ack)
979              state <= state+1;
980          end
981        8'h04:
982          begin
983            // Send subaddress of first register
984            data <= 8'h00;
985            if (ack)
986              state <= state+1;
987          end
988        8'h05:
989          begin
990            // Write to register 0
991            data <= 'ADV7185_REGISTER_0 | {5'h00, {3{source}}};
992            if (ack)
993              state <= state+1;
994          end
995        8'h06:
996          begin
997            // Write to register 1

```

```

999      if (ack)
1000         state <= state+1;
1001     end
1002   8'h07:
1003     begin
1004       // Write to register 2
1005       data <= 'ADV7185_REGISTER_2;
1006       if (ack)
1007         state <= state+1;
1008     end
1009   8'h08:
1010     begin
1011       // Write to register 3
1012       data <= 'ADV7185_REGISTER_3;
1013       if (ack)
1014         state <= state+1;
1015     end
1016   8'h09:
1017     begin
1018       // Write to register 4
1019       data <= 'ADV7185_REGISTER_4;
1020       if (ack)
1021         state <= state+1;
1022     end
1023   8'h0A:
1024     begin
1025       // Write to register 5
1026       data <= 'ADV7185_REGISTER_5;
1027       if (ack)
1028         state <= state+1;
1029     end
1030   8'h0B:
1031     begin
1032       // Write to register 6
1033       data <= 8'h00; // Reserved register, write all zeros
1034       if (ack)
1035         state <= state+1;
1036     end
1037   8'h0C:
1038     begin
1039       // Write to register 7
1040       data <= 'ADV7185_REGISTER_7;
1041       if (ack)
1042         state <= state+1;
1043     end
1044   8'h0D:
1045     begin
1046       // Write to register 8
1047       data <= 'ADV7185_REGISTER_8;
1048       if (ack)
1049         state <= state+1;
1050     end

```

```

1051      8'h0E:
1052      begin
1053          // Write to register 9
1054          data <= 'ADV7185_REGISTER_9;
1055          if (ack)
1056              state <= state+1;
1057      end
1058      8'h0F: begin
1059          // Write to register A
1060          data <= 'ADV7185_REGISTER_A;
1061          if (ack)
1062              state <= state+1;
1063      end
1064      8'h10:
1065      begin
1066          // Write to register B
1067          data <= 'ADV7185_REGISTER_B;
1068          if (ack)
1069              state <= state+1;
1070      end
1071      8'h11:
1072      begin
1073          // Write to register C
1074          data <= 'ADV7185_REGISTER_C;
1075          if (ack)
1076              state <= state+1;
1077      end
1078      8'h12:
1079      begin
1080          // Write to register D
1081          data <= 'ADV7185_REGISTER_D;
1082          if (ack)
1083              state <= state+1;
1084      end
1085      8'h13:
1086      begin
1087          // Write to register E
1088          data <= 'ADV7185_REGISTER_E;
1089          if (ack)
1090              state <= state+1;
1091      end
1092      8'h14:
1093      begin
1094          // Write to register F
1095          data <= 'ADV7185_REGISTER_F;
1096          if (ack)
1097              state <= state+1;
1098      end
1099      8'h15:
1100      begin
1101          // Wait for I2C transmitter to finish
1102          load <= 1'b0;

```

```

1103      if (idle)
1104          state <= state+1;
1105      end
1106      8'h16:
1107      begin
1108          // Write address
1109          data <= 8'h8A;
1110          load <= 1'b1;
1111          if (ack)
1112              state <= state+1;
1113      end
1114      8'h17:
1115      begin
1116          data <= 8'h33;
1117          if (ack)
1118              state <= state+1;
1119      end
1120      8'h18:
1121      begin
1122          data <= 'ADV7185_REGISTER_33;
1123          if (ack)
1124              state <= state+1;
1125      end
1126      8'h19:
1127      begin
1128          load <= 1'b0;
1129          if (idle)
1130              state <= state+1;
1131      end

1132      8'h1A: begin
1133          data <= 8'h8A;
1134          load <= 1'b1;
1135          if (ack)
1136              state <= state+1;
1137      end
1138      8'h1B:
1139      begin
1140          data <= 8'h33;
1141          if (ack)
1142              state <= state+1;
1143      end
1144      8'h1C:
1145      begin
1146          load <= 1'b0;
1147          if (idle)
1148              state <= state+1;
1149      end
1150      8'h1D:
1151      begin
1152          load <= 1'b1;
1153          data <= 8'h8B;

```

```

1155      if (ack)
1156          state <= state+1;
1157      end
1158      8'h1E:
1159      begin
1160          data <= 8'hFF;
1161          if (ack)
1162              state <= state+1;
1163      end
1164      8'h1F:
1165      begin
1166          load <= 1'b0;
1167          if (idle)
1168              state <= state+1;
1169      end
1170      8'h20:
1171      begin
1172          // Idle
1173          if (old_source != source) state <= state+1;
1174          old_source <= source;
1175      end
1176      8'h21: begin
1177          // Send ADV7185 address
1178          data <= 8'h8A;
1179          load <= 1'b1;
1180          if (ack) state <= state+1;
1181      end
1182      8'h22: begin
1183          // Send subaddress of register 0
1184          data <= 8'h00;
1185          if (ack) state <= state+1;
1186      end
1187      8'h23: begin
1188          // Write to register 0
1189          data <= 'ADV7185_REGISTER_0 | {5'h00, {3{source}}};
1190          if (ack) state <= state+1;
1191      end
1192      8'h24: begin
1193          // Wait for I2C transmitter to finish
1194          load <= 1'b0;
1195          if (idle) state <= 8'h20;
1196      end
1197  endcase
1198 endmodule
1199
1200 // i2c module for use with the ADV7185
1201
1202 module i2c (reset, clock4x, data, load, idle, ack, scl, sda);
1203
1204     input reset;
1205     input clock4x;

```

```

1207  input [7:0] data;
1208  input load;
1209  output ack;
1210  output idle;
1211  output scl;
1212  output sda;
1213
1214  reg [7:0] ldata;
1215  reg ack, idle;
1216  reg scl;
1217  reg sdai;
1218
1219  reg [7:0] state;
1220
1221  assign sda = sdai ? 1'bZ : 1'b0;
1222
1223  always @(posedge clock4x)
1224      if (reset)
1225          begin
1226              state <= 0;
1227              ack <= 0;
1228          end
1229      else
1230          case (state)
1231              8'h00: // idle
1232                  begin
1233                      scl <= 1'b1;
1234                      sdai <= 1'b1;
1235                      ack <= 1'b0;
1236                      idle <= 1'b1;
1237                      if (load)
1238                          begin
1239                              ldata <= data;
1240                              ack <= 1'b1;
1241                              state <= state+1;
1242                          end
1243                  end
1244                  8'h01: // Start
1245                      begin
1246                          ack <= 1'b0;
1247                          idle <= 1'b0;
1248                          sdai <= 1'b0;
1249                          state <= state+1;
1250                      end
1251                  8'h02:
1252                      begin
1253                          scl <= 1'b0;
1254                          state <= state+1;
1255                      end
1256                  8'h03: // Send bit 7
1257                      begin
1258                          ack <= 1'b0;

```

```

1259      sdai <= ldata [ 7 ];
1260      state <= state+1;
1261  end
1262  8'h04:
1263  begin
1264      scl <= 1'b1;
1265      state <= state+1;
1266  end
1267  8'h05:
1268  begin
1269      state <= state+1;
1270  end
1271  8'h06:
1272  begin
1273      scl <= 1'b0;
1274      state <= state+1;
1275  end
1276  8'h07:
1277  begin
1278      sdai <= ldata [ 6 ];
1279      state <= state+1;
1280  end
1281  8'h08:
1282  begin
1283      scl <= 1'b1;
1284      state <= state+1;
1285  end
1286  8'h09:
1287  begin
1288      state <= state+1;
1289  end
1290  8'h0A:
1291  begin
1292      scl <= 1'b0;
1293      state <= state+1;
1294  end
1295  8'h0B:
1296  begin
1297      sdai <= ldata [ 5 ];
1298      state <= state+1;
1299  end
1300  8'h0C:
1301  begin
1302      scl <= 1'b1;
1303      state <= state+1;
1304  end
1305  8'h0D:
1306  begin
1307      state <= state+1;
1308  end
1309  8'h0E:
1310  begin

```

```

1311      scl <= 1'b0;
1312      state <= state+1;
1313  end
1314  8'h0F:
1315  begin
1316      sdai <= ldata[4];
1317      state <= state+1;
1318  end
1319  8'h10:
1320  begin
1321      scl <= 1'b1;
1322      state <= state+1;
1323  end
1324  8'h11:
1325  begin
1326      state <= state+1;
1327  end
1328  8'h12:
1329  begin
1330      scl <= 1'b0;
1331      state <= state+1;
1332  end
1333  8'h13:
1334  begin
1335      sdai <= ldata[3];
1336      state <= state+1;
1337  end
1338  8'h14:
1339  begin
1340      scl <= 1'b1;
1341      state <= state+1;
1342  end
1343  8'h15:
1344  begin
1345      state <= state+1;
1346  end
1347  8'h16:
1348  begin
1349      scl <= 1'b0;
1350      state <= state+1;
1351  end
1352  8'h17:
1353  begin
1354      sdai <= ldata[2];
1355      state <= state+1;
1356  end
1357  8'h18:
1358  begin
1359      scl <= 1'b1;
1360      state <= state+1;
1361  end
1362  8'h19:

```

```

1363      begin
1364          state <= state+1;
1365      end
1366      8'h1A:
1367          begin
1368              scl <= 1'b0;
1369              state <= state+1;
1370          end
1371      8'h1B:
1372          begin
1373              sdai <= ldata[1];
1374              state <= state+1;
1375          end
1376      8'h1C:
1377          begin
1378              scl <= 1'b1;
1379              state <= state+1;
1380          end
1381      8'h1D:
1382          begin
1383              state <= state+1;
1384          end
1385      8'h1E:
1386          begin
1387              scl <= 1'b0;
1388              state <= state+1;
1389          end
1390      8'h1F:
1391          begin
1392              sdai <= ldata[0];
1393              state <= state+1;
1394          end
1395      8'h20:
1396          begin
1397              scl <= 1'b1;
1398              state <= state+1;
1399          end
1400      8'h21:
1401          begin
1402              state <= state+1;
1403          end
1404      8'h22:
1405          begin
1406              scl <= 1'b0;
1407              state <= state+1;
1408          end
1409      8'h23: // Acknowledge bit
1410          begin
1411              state <= state+1;
1412          end
1413      8'h24:
1414          begin

```

```

1415         scl <= 1'b1;
1416         state <= state+1;
1417     end
1418     8'h25:
1419     begin
1420         state <= state+1;
1421     end
1422     8'h26:
1423     begin
1424         scl <= 1'b0;
1425         if (load)
1426             begin
1427                 ldata <= data;
1428                 ack <= 1'b1;
1429                 state <= 3;
1430             end
1431         else
1432             state <= state+1;
1433     end
1434     8'h27:
1435     begin
1436         sdai <= 1'b0;
1437         state <= state+1;
1438     end
1439     8'h28:
1440     begin
1441         scl <= 1'b1;
1442         state <= state+1;
1443     end
1444     8'h29:
1445     begin
1446         sdai <= 1'b1;
1447         state <= 0;
1448     end
1449 endcase
1450
1451 endmodule

```

A.3 memory_interface.v

```

1  `default_nettype none
// comment out when testing
3  `include "params.v"
// memory_interface
5  // handles EVERYTHING ram related
// actual ram modules are instantiated in top module
7
module memory_interface
(
    // STANDARD SIGNALS
    input clock,

```

```

13   input reset ,
14   // NTSC_CAPTURE
15   input frame_flag ,
16   input ntsc_flag ,
17   input [LOG_MEM-1:0] ntsc_pixel ,
18   output reg done_ntsc ,
19   input [LOG_WIDTH-1:0] ntsc_x ,
20   input [LOG_HEIGHT-1:0] ntsc_y ,
21   // LPF
22   input lpf_flag ,
23   input lpf_wr ,
24   input [LOG_WIDTH-1:0] lpf_x ,
25   input [LOG_HEIGHT-1:0] lpf_y ,
26   input [LOG_MEM-1:0] lpf_pixel_write ,
27   output reg done_lpf ,
28   output reg [LOG_MEM-1:0] lpf_pixel_read ,
29   // PROJECTIVE_TRANSFORM
30   input pt_flag ,
31   input [LOG_WIDTH-1:0] pt_x ,
32   input [LOG_HEIGHT-1:0] pt_y ,
33   input [LOG_TRUNC-1:0] pt_pixel ,
34   output reg done_pt ,
35   output reg ready_pt ,
36   // VGA_WRITE
37   input vga_flag ,
38   output reg done_vga ,
39   output reg [LOG_MEM-1:0] vga_pixel ,
40   input [LOG_VCOUNT-1:0] vcount ,
41   input [LOG_HCOUNT-1:0] hcount ,
42   input vsync ,
43   // MEMORY
44   // MEM ADDRESSES
45   output [LOG_ADDR-1:0] mem0_addr ,
46   output [LOG_ADDR-1:0] mem1_addr ,
47   // MEM READ
48   input [LOG_MEM-1:0] mem0_read ,
49   input [LOG_MEM-1:0] mem1_read ,
50   // MEM WRITE
51   output reg [LOG_MEM-1:0] mem0_write ,
52   output reg [LOG_MEM-1:0] mem1_write ,
53   // WR FLAGS
54   output reg mem0_wr ,
55   output reg mem1_wr ,
56   // BWE FLAGS
57   output reg [3:0] mem0_bwe ,
58   output reg [3:0] mem1_bwe ,

59   input nwr ,
60   input vwr ,
61   // TESTING
62   output [3:0] debug_blocks ,
63

```

```

65      output [7:0] debug_locs ,
66
67      output pt_conflict ,
68      output vga_lpf_conflict
69  );
70
71  /***** PARAMETERS *****/
72  // MODULE ORDINALS
73  parameter NTSC = 4'b1000;
74  parameter VGA = 4'b0100;
75  parameter LPF = 4'b0010;
76  parameter PT = 4'b0001;
77  parameter NONE = 4'b0000;
78  parameter LOG_ORD = 4;
79  /*****
80
81  // BLOCK OF SRAM IMAGE IS IN
82  reg capt_mem_block;
83  reg proc_mem_block;
84  reg nexd_mem_block;
85  reg disp_mem_block;
86
87  // LOCATIONS OF IMAGES IN EACH BLOCK
88  reg [1:0] capt_mem_loc;
89  reg [1:0] proc_mem_loc;
90  reg [1:0] nexd_mem_loc;
91  reg [1:0] disp_mem_loc;
92
93  // ADDRESSES
94  wire ['LOG_ADDR-1:0] ntsc_addr;
95  wire ['LOG_ADDR-1:0] vga_addr;
96  wire ['LOG_ADDR-1:0] lpf_addr;
97  wire ['LOG_ADDR-1:0] pt_addr;
98
99  // PARTIAL DONE FLAGS
100 reg [3:0] mem0_done;
101 reg [3:0] mem1_done;
102
103 // READ QUEUES
104 reg [LOG_ORD-1:0] mem0_read_queue;
105 reg [LOG_ORD-1:0] mem1_read_queue;
106 // ELEMENT TO BE OUTPUT FROM MEM AT NEXT CYCLE
107 reg [LOG_ORD-1:0] mem0_next_read;
108 reg [LOG_ORD-1:0] mem1_next_read;
109
110 // PREVIOUS LPF, VGA, AND PTF READ VALUES
111 // (for stable vga_pixel , lpf_pixel_read , and ptf_pixel_read)
112 reg ['LOG_MEM-1:0] prev_vga_pixel;
113 reg ['LOG_MEM-1:0] prev_lpf_pixel_read;
114
115 // DEBUG
116 assign debug_blocks = {capt_mem_block, proc_mem_block, nexd_mem_block, disp_mem_block};

```

```

117      assign debug_locs = {capt_mem_loc, proc_mem_loc, nexd_mem_loc, disp_mem_loc};
119
120      assign pt_conflict = (capt_mem_block == nexd_mem_block);
121
122      // ADDRESSING
123      wire [18:0] ntsc_loc_offset;
124      wire [18:0] ntsc_y_offset;
125      wire [18:0] ntsc_x_offset;
126
127      wire [18:0] vga_loc_offset;
128      wire [18:0] vga_y_offset;
129      wire [18:0] vga_x_offset;
130
131      wire [18:0] lpf_loc_offset;
132      wire [18:0] lpf_y_offset;
133      wire [18:0] lpf_x_offset;
134
135      wire [18:0] pt_loc_offset;
136      wire [18:0] pt_y_offset;
137      wire [18:0] pt_x_offset;
138
139      reg [18:0] mem0_loc_offset;
140      reg [18:0] mem0_y_offset;
141      reg [18:0] mem0_x_offset;
142
143      reg [18:0] mem1_loc_offset;
144      reg [18:0] mem1_y_offset;
145      reg [18:0] mem1_x_offset;
146
147      // get offsets (summands) from (x,y,loc)
148      offset_calculator ntsc_oc(
149          .x(ntsc_x), .y(ntsc_y), .loc(capt_mem_loc),
150          .x_offset(ntsc_x_offset),
151          .y_offset(ntsc_y_offset),
152          .loc_offset(ntsc_loc_offset));
153
154      offset_calculator vga_oc(
155          .x(hcount), .y(vcount), .loc(disp_mem_loc),
156          .x_offset(vga_x_offset),
157          .y_offset(vga_y_offset),
158          .loc_offset(vga_loc_offset));
159
160      offset_calculator lpf_oc(
161          .x(lpf_x), .y(lpf_y), .loc(proc_mem_loc),
162          .x_offset(lpf_x_offset),
163          .y_offset(lpf_y_offset),
164          .loc_offset(lpf_loc_offset));
165
166      offset_calculator pt_oc(
167          .x(pt_x), .y(pt_y), .loc(nexd_mem_loc),
168          .x_offset(pt_x_offset),
169          .y_offset(pt_y_offset),
170          .loc_offset(pt_loc_offset));
171
172      assign mem0_addr = mem0_loc_offset + mem0_x_offset + mem0_y_offset;

```

```

169      assign mem1_addr = mem1_loc_offset + mem1_x_offset + mem1_y_offset;
170
171      always @(posedge clock) begin
172          // set address & write & done flags
173          // assign write value to mem0 & mem1 based on who's writing
174          // FIRST BLOCK OF RAM
175          if (!capt_mem_block && ntsc_flag) begin
176              mem0_x_offset <= ntsc_x_offset;
177              mem0_y_offset <= ntsc_y_offset;
178              mem0_loc_offset <= ntsc_loc_offset;
179
180              mem0_write      <= ntsc_pixel;
181              mem0_wr        <= 1;
182              mem0_bwe       <= 4'b1111;
183              mem0_done      <= NTSC;
184
185          end
186          else if (!disp_mem_block && vga_flag) begin
187              mem0_x_offset <= vga_x_offset;
188              mem0_y_offset <= vga_y_offset;
189              mem0_loc_offset <= vga_loc_offset;
190
191              mem0_write      <= mem0_write;
192              mem0_wr        <= 0;
193              mem0_bwe       <= 4'b1111;
194              mem0_done      <= VGA;
195
196          end
197          else if (!proc_mem_block && lpf_flag) begin
198              mem0_x_offset <= lpf_x_offset;
199              mem0_y_offset <= lpf_y_offset;
200              mem0_loc_offset <= lpf_loc_offset;
201
202              mem0_write      <= lpf_pixel_write;
203              mem0_wr        <= lpf_wr;
204              mem0_bwe       <= 4'b1111;
205              mem0_done      <= LPF;
206
207          end
208          else if (!nexd_mem_block && pt_flag) begin
209              mem0_x_offset <= pt_x_offset;
210              mem0_y_offset <= pt_y_offset;
211              mem0_loc_offset <= pt_loc_offset;
212
213              mem0_done      <= PT;
214              mem0_wr        <= 1;
215              if (pt_x[0] == 1'b0) begin
216                  mem0_write      <= {pt_pixel, 18'd0};
217                  mem0_bwe       <= 4'b1100;
218
219              end
220              else begin // pt_x[0] == 1'b1
221                  mem0_write      <= {18'd0, pt_pixel};
222                  mem0_bwe       <= 4'b0011;
223
224              end
225
226          end
227
228      end

```

```

221      else begin // nothing's happening
222          mem0_x_offset <= mem0_x_offset;
223          mem0_y_offset <= mem0_y_offset;
224          mem0_loc_offset <= mem0_loc_offset;
225
226          mem0_write      <= 0;
227          mem0_wr        <= 0;
228          mem0_bwe       <= 4'b1111;
229          mem0_done      <= NONE;
230
231      end
232
233      // SECOND BLOCK OF RAM
234      if (capt_mem_block && ntsc_flag) begin
235          mem1_x_offset <= ntsc_x_offset;
236          mem1_y_offset <= ntsc_y_offset;
237          mem1_loc_offset <= ntsc_loc_offset;
238
239          mem1_write      <= ntsc_pixel;
240          mem1_wr        <= 1;
241          mem1_bwe       <= 4'b1111;
242          mem1_done      <= NTSC;
243
244      end
245      else if (disp_mem_block && vga_flag) begin
246          mem1_x_offset <= vga_x_offset;
247          mem1_y_offset <= vga_y_offset;
248          mem1_loc_offset <= vga_loc_offset;
249
250          mem1_write      <= mem1_write;
251          mem1_wr        <= 0;
252          mem1_bwe       <= 4'b1111;
253          mem1_done      <= VGA;
254
255      end
256      else if (proc_mem_block && lpf_flag) begin
257          mem1_x_offset <= lpf_x_offset;
258          mem1_y_offset <= lpf_y_offset;
259          mem1_loc_offset <= lpf_loc_offset;
260
261          mem1_write      <= lpf_pixel_write;
262          mem1_wr        <= lpf_wr;
263          mem1_bwe       <= 4'b1111;
264          mem1_done      <= LPF;
265
266      end
267      else if (nexd_mem_block && pt_flag) begin
268          mem1_x_offset <= pt_x_offset;
269          mem1_y_offset <= pt_y_offset;
270          mem1_loc_offset <= pt_loc_offset;
271
272          mem1_done      <= PT;
273          mem1_wr        <= 1;
274          if (pt_x[0] == 1'b0) begin
275              mem1_write      <= {pt_pixel, 18'd0};
276              mem1_bwe       <= 4'b1100;
277
278      end

```

```

        end
      else begin // pt_x[0] == 1'b1
        mem1_write    <= {18'd0, pt_pixel};
        mem1_bwe     <= 4'b0011;
      end
    end
  else begin // nothing's happening
    mem1_x_offset <= mem1_x_offset;
    mem1_y_offset <= mem1_y_offset;
    mem1_loc_offset <= mem1_loc_offset;

    mem1_write    <= 0;
    mem1_wr       <= 0;
    mem1_bwe     <= 4'b1111;
    mem1_done     <= NONE;
  end

  // add new queue members, if any
  if (mem0_done == VGA) mem0_read_queue[LOG_ORD-1:0] <= VGA;
  else if (mem0_done == LPF && !lpf_wr) mem0_read_queue[LOG_ORD-1:0] <= LPF;
  else mem0_read_queue[LOG_ORD-1:0] <= NONE;
  if (mem1_done == VGA) mem1_read_queue[LOG_ORD-1:0] <= VGA;
  else if (mem1_done == LPF && !lpf_wr) mem1_read_queue[LOG_ORD-1:0] <= LPF;
  else mem1_read_queue[LOG_ORD-1:0] <= NONE;

  // assign read value to corresponding member of queue
  mem0_next_read <= mem0_read_queue[LOG_ORD-1:0];
  mem1_next_read <= mem1_read_queue[LOG_ORD-1:0];

  // LPF's turn in the queue
  if (mem0_next_read == LPF) lpf_pixel_read <= mem0_read;
  else if (mem1_next_read == LPF) lpf_pixel_read <= mem1_read;
  //else lpf_pixel_read <= prev_lpf_pixel_read;

  // VGA's turn
  if (mem0_next_read == VGA) vga_pixel <= mem0_read;
  else if (mem1_next_read == VGA) vga_pixel <= mem1_read;
  //else vga_pixel <= prev_vga_pixel;
  // this should be it
end

always @(*) begin
  // set done flags
  done_ntsc = (mem0_done == NTSC) || (mem1_done == NTSC);
  done_vga  = (mem0_done == VGA)  || (mem1_done == VGA);
  done_lpf   = (mem0_done == LPF)  || (mem1_done == LPF);
  done_pt    = (mem0_done == PT)   || (mem1_done == PT);

  if (nexd_mem_block == capt_mem_block) ready_pt = ~nwr;
  else if (nexd_mem_block == disp_mem_block) ready_pt = ~vwr;
  else ready_pt = 1'b0;

```

```

        end

325    always @(posedge clock) begin
327        // update blocks and locations of images in RAM
328        if (reset) begin
329            capt_mem_block <= 1'b0;
330            capt_mem_loc <= 2'b00;
331            proc_mem_block <= 1'b0;
332            proc_mem_loc <= 2'b01;
333            nexd_mem_block <= 1'b1;
334            nexd_mem_loc <= 2'b00;
335            disp_mem_block <= 1'b1;
336            disp_mem_loc <= 2'b01;
337        end
338        else if (frame_flag) begin
339            capt_mem_block <= proc_mem_block;
340            capt_mem_loc <= proc_mem_loc;
341            proc_mem_block <= disp_mem_block;
342            proc_mem_loc <= disp_mem_loc;
343            nexd_mem_block <= capt_mem_block;
344            nexd_mem_loc <= capt_mem_loc;
345            disp_mem_block <= nexd_mem_block;
346            disp_mem_loc <= nexd_mem_loc;
347        end
348        else begin
349            capt_mem_block <= capt_mem_block;
350            capt_mem_loc <= capt_mem_loc;
351            proc_mem_block <= proc_mem_block;
352            proc_mem_loc <= proc_mem_loc;
353            nexd_mem_block <= nexd_mem_block;
354            nexd_mem_loc <= nexd_mem_loc;
355            disp_mem_block <= disp_mem_block;
356            disp_mem_loc <= disp_mem_loc;
357        end
358
359        // retain previous output pixel values
360        prev_vga_pixel <= vga_pixel;
361        prev_lpf_pixel_read <= lpf_pixel_read;
362    end
363 endmodule
364
365 // maps outputs of memory interface to the inputs, outputs, and inouts
366 // of the ram modules themselves
367 // delays we, write_data, and bwe by 2 clock cycles
368 // modified version of zbt_6111
369 module zbt_map(
370     input clock, // system clock
371     input cen, // clock enable
372     input we, // write enable (active HIGH)
373     input [3:0] bwe, // byte write enable (active HIGH)
374     input [18:0] addr, // memory address
375     input [35:0] write_data, // data to write

```

```

    output [35:0] read_data, // data read from memory
377   output ram_we_b, // physical line to ram we_b
    output [3:0] ram_bwe_b, // physical line to ram bwe_b
379   output [18:0] ram_address, // physical line to ram address
    inout [35:0] ram_data, // physical line to ram data
381   output ram_cen_b); // physical line to ram clock enable

383   // to memory_interface
384   assign read_data = ram_data;

385   // delaying of signals associated to writing
386   reg [71:0] delayed_write_data;
387   reg [1:0] delayed_we;

389   always @(posedge clock) begin
390     delayed_write_data[71:36] <= delayed_write_data[35:0];
391     delayed_write_data[35:0] <= write_data[35:0];
392     delayed_we[1] <= delayed_we[0];
393     delayed_we[0] <= we;
394   end

396   // to ram itself
397   assign ram_cen_b = ~cen;
398   assign ram_address = addr;
399   assign ram_we_b = ~we;
400   assign ram_bwe_b[3:0] = ~bwe[3:0];

402   // delay write data
403   assign ram_data = delayed_we[1] ? delayed_write_data[71:36] : {36{1'bZ}};
404 endmodule

406 module offset_calculator(
407   input ['LOG_WIDTH-1:0] x,
408   input ['LOG_HEIGHT-1:0] y,
409   input [1:0] loc,
410   output [18:0] x_offset,
411   output [18:0] y_offset,
412   output [18:0] loc_offset
413 );
414
415   assign x_offset[18:0] = {9'd0, x['LOG_WIDTH-1:1]};
416   loc_lut llut(.loc(loc), .addr_off(loc_offset));
417   wire [17:0] y_off_trunc;
418   y_lut ylut(.y(y), .addr_off(y_off_trunc));
419   assign y_offset[18:0] = {1'b0, y_off_trunc[17:0]};
420 endmodule

422 module loc_lut(
423   input [1:0] loc,
424   output reg [18:0] addr_off
425 );
426

```

```

    always @(*) begin
        case (loc)
            2'd0: addr_off = 19'd0;
            2'd1: addr_off = 19'd153600;
            2'd2: addr_off = 19'd307200;
            default: addr_off = 19'd0;
        endcase
    end
endmodule

module y_lut(
    input [8:0] y,
    output reg [17:0] addr_off
);

    always @(*) begin
        case (y)
            9'd0: addr_off = 18'd0;
            9'd1: addr_off = 18'd320;
            9'd2: addr_off = 18'd640;
            9'd3: addr_off = 18'd960;
            9'd4: addr_off = 18'd1280;
            9'd5: addr_off = 18'd1600;
            9'd6: addr_off = 18'd1920;
            9'd7: addr_off = 18'd2240;
            9'd8: addr_off = 18'd2560;
            9'd9: addr_off = 18'd2880;
            9'd10: addr_off = 18'd3200;
            9'd11: addr_off = 18'd3520;
            9'd12: addr_off = 18'd3840;
            9'd13: addr_off = 18'd4160;
            9'd14: addr_off = 18'd4480;
            9'd15: addr_off = 18'd4800;
            9'd16: addr_off = 18'd5120;
            9'd17: addr_off = 18'd5440;
            9'd18: addr_off = 18'd5760;
            9'd19: addr_off = 18'd6080;
            9'd20: addr_off = 18'd6400;
            9'd21: addr_off = 18'd6720;
            9'd22: addr_off = 18'd7040;
            9'd23: addr_off = 18'd7360;
            9'd24: addr_off = 18'd7680;
            9'd25: addr_off = 18'd8000;
            9'd26: addr_off = 18'd8320;
            9'd27: addr_off = 18'd8640;
            9'd28: addr_off = 18'd8960;
            9'd29: addr_off = 18'd9280;
            9'd30: addr_off = 18'd9600;
            9'd31: addr_off = 18'd9920;
            9'd32: addr_off = 18'd10240;
            9'd33: addr_off = 18'd10560;
            9'd34: addr_off = 18'd10880;
        endcase
    end

```

```

481      9'd35: addr_off = 18'd11200;
483      9'd36: addr_off = 18'd11520;
485      9'd37: addr_off = 18'd11840;
487      9'd38: addr_off = 18'd12160;
489      9'd39: addr_off = 18'd12480;
491      9'd40: addr_off = 18'd12800;
493      9'd41: addr_off = 18'd13120;
495      9'd42: addr_off = 18'd13440;
497      9'd43: addr_off = 18'd13760;
499      9'd44: addr_off = 18'd14080;
501      9'd45: addr_off = 18'd14400;
503      9'd46: addr_off = 18'd14720;
505      9'd47: addr_off = 18'd15040;
507      9'd48: addr_off = 18'd15360;
509      9'd49: addr_off = 18'd15680;
511      9'd50: addr_off = 18'd16000;
513      9'd51: addr_off = 18'd16320;
515      9'd52: addr_off = 18'd16640;
517      9'd53: addr_off = 18'd16960;
519      9'd54: addr_off = 18'd17280;
521      9'd55: addr_off = 18'd17600;
523      9'd56: addr_off = 18'd17920;
525      9'd57: addr_off = 18'd18240;
527      9'd58: addr_off = 18'd18560;
529      9'd59: addr_off = 18'd18880;
531      9'd60: addr_off = 18'd19200;
      9'd61: addr_off = 18'd19520;
      9'd62: addr_off = 18'd19840;
      9'd63: addr_off = 18'd20160;
      9'd64: addr_off = 18'd20480;
      9'd65: addr_off = 18'd20800;
      9'd66: addr_off = 18'd21120;
      9'd67: addr_off = 18'd21440;
      9'd68: addr_off = 18'd21760;
      9'd69: addr_off = 18'd22080;
      9'd70: addr_off = 18'd22400;
      9'd71: addr_off = 18'd22720;
      9'd72: addr_off = 18'd23040;
      9'd73: addr_off = 18'd23360;
      9'd74: addr_off = 18'd23680;
      9'd75: addr_off = 18'd24000;
      9'd76: addr_off = 18'd24320;
      9'd77: addr_off = 18'd24640;
      9'd78: addr_off = 18'd24960;
      9'd79: addr_off = 18'd25280;
      9'd80: addr_off = 18'd25600;
      9'd81: addr_off = 18'd25920;
      9'd82: addr_off = 18'd26240;
      9'd83: addr_off = 18'd26560;
      9'd84: addr_off = 18'd26880;
      9'd85: addr_off = 18'd27200;
      9'd86: addr_off = 18'd27520;

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```

533      9'd87: addr_off = 18'd27840;
535      9'd88: addr_off = 18'd28160;
537      9'd89: addr_off = 18'd28480;
539      9'd90: addr_off = 18'd28800;
541      9'd91: addr_off = 18'd29120;
543      9'd92: addr_off = 18'd29440;
545      9'd93: addr_off = 18'd29760;
547      9'd94: addr_off = 18'd30080;
549      9'd95: addr_off = 18'd30400;
551      9'd96: addr_off = 18'd30720;
553      9'd97: addr_off = 18'd31040;
555      9'd98: addr_off = 18'd31360;
557      9'd99: addr_off = 18'd31680;
559      9'd100: addr_off = 18'd32000;
561      9'd101: addr_off = 18'd32320;
563      9'd102: addr_off = 18'd32640;
565      9'd103: addr_off = 18'd32960;
567      9'd104: addr_off = 18'd33280;
569      9'd105: addr_off = 18'd33600;
571      9'd106: addr_off = 18'd33920;
573      9'd107: addr_off = 18'd34240;
575      9'd108: addr_off = 18'd34560;
577      9'd109: addr_off = 18'd34880;
579      9'd110: addr_off = 18'd35200;
581      9'd111: addr_off = 18'd35520;
583      9'd112: addr_off = 18'd35840;
585      9'd113: addr_off = 18'd36160;
587      9'd114: addr_off = 18'd36480;
589      9'd115: addr_off = 18'd36800;
591      9'd116: addr_off = 18'd37120;
593      9'd117: addr_off = 18'd37440;
595      9'd118: addr_off = 18'd37760;
597      9'd119: addr_off = 18'd38080;
599      9'd120: addr_off = 18'd38400;
601      9'd121: addr_off = 18'd38720;
603      9'd122: addr_off = 18'd39040;
605      9'd123: addr_off = 18'd39360;
607      9'd124: addr_off = 18'd39680;
609      9'd125: addr_off = 18'd40000;
611      9'd126: addr_off = 18'd40320;
613      9'd127: addr_off = 18'd40640;
615      9'd128: addr_off = 18'd40960;
617      9'd129: addr_off = 18'd41280;
619      9'd130: addr_off = 18'd41600;
621      9'd131: addr_off = 18'd41920;
623      9'd132: addr_off = 18'd42240;
625      9'd133: addr_off = 18'd42560;
627      9'd134: addr_off = 18'd42880;
629      9'd135: addr_off = 18'd43200;
631      9'd136: addr_off = 18'd43520;
633      9'd137: addr_off = 18'd43840;
635      9'd138: addr_off = 18'd44160;

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585      9'd139: addr_off = 18'd44480;
587      9'd140: addr_off = 18'd44800;
589      9'd141: addr_off = 18'd45120;
591      9'd142: addr_off = 18'd45440;
593      9'd143: addr_off = 18'd45760;
595      9'd144: addr_off = 18'd46080;
597      9'd145: addr_off = 18'd46400;
599      9'd146: addr_off = 18'd46720;
601      9'd147: addr_off = 18'd47040;
603      9'd148: addr_off = 18'd47360;
605      9'd149: addr_off = 18'd47680;
607      9'd150: addr_off = 18'd48000;
609      9'd151: addr_off = 18'd48320;
611      9'd152: addr_off = 18'd48640;
613      9'd153: addr_off = 18'd48960;
615      9'd154: addr_off = 18'd49280;
617      9'd155: addr_off = 18'd49600;
619      9'd156: addr_off = 18'd49920;
621      9'd157: addr_off = 18'd50240;
623      9'd158: addr_off = 18'd50560;
625      9'd159: addr_off = 18'd50880;
627      9'd160: addr_off = 18'd51200;
629      9'd161: addr_off = 18'd51520;
631      9'd162: addr_off = 18'd51840;
633      9'd163: addr_off = 18'd52160;
635      9'd164: addr_off = 18'd52480;
635      9'd165: addr_off = 18'd52800;
635      9'd166: addr_off = 18'd53120;
635      9'd167: addr_off = 18'd53440;
635      9'd168: addr_off = 18'd53760;
635      9'd169: addr_off = 18'd54080;
635      9'd170: addr_off = 18'd54400;
635      9'd171: addr_off = 18'd54720;
635      9'd172: addr_off = 18'd55040;
635      9'd173: addr_off = 18'd55360;
635      9'd174: addr_off = 18'd55680;
635      9'd175: addr_off = 18'd56000;
635      9'd176: addr_off = 18'd56320;
635      9'd177: addr_off = 18'd56640;
635      9'd178: addr_off = 18'd56960;
635      9'd179: addr_off = 18'd57280;
635      9'd180: addr_off = 18'd57600;
635      9'd181: addr_off = 18'd57920;
635      9'd182: addr_off = 18'd58240;
635      9'd183: addr_off = 18'd58560;
635      9'd184: addr_off = 18'd58880;
635      9'd185: addr_off = 18'd59200;
635      9'd186: addr_off = 18'd59520;
635      9'd187: addr_off = 18'd59840;
635      9'd188: addr_off = 18'd60160;
635      9'd189: addr_off = 18'd60480;
635      9'd190: addr_off = 18'd60800;

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637      9'd191: addr_off = 18'd61120;
639      9'd192: addr_off = 18'd61440;
641      9'd193: addr_off = 18'd61760;
643      9'd194: addr_off = 18'd62080;
645      9'd195: addr_off = 18'd62400;
647      9'd196: addr_off = 18'd62720;
649      9'd197: addr_off = 18'd63040;
651      9'd198: addr_off = 18'd63360;
653      9'd199: addr_off = 18'd63680;
655      9'd200: addr_off = 18'd64000;
657      9'd201: addr_off = 18'd64320;
659      9'd202: addr_off = 18'd64640;
661      9'd203: addr_off = 18'd64960;
663      9'd204: addr_off = 18'd65280;
665      9'd205: addr_off = 18'd65600;
667      9'd206: addr_off = 18'd65920;
669      9'd207: addr_off = 18'd66240;
671      9'd208: addr_off = 18'd66560;
673      9'd209: addr_off = 18'd66880;
675      9'd210: addr_off = 18'd67200;
677      9'd211: addr_off = 18'd67520;
679      9'd212: addr_off = 18'd67840;
681      9'd213: addr_off = 18'd68160;
683      9'd214: addr_off = 18'd68480;
685      9'd215: addr_off = 18'd68800;
687      9'd216: addr_off = 18'd69120;
9'd217: addr_off = 18'd69440;
9'd218: addr_off = 18'd69760;
9'd219: addr_off = 18'd70080;
9'd220: addr_off = 18'd70400;
9'd221: addr_off = 18'd70720;
9'd222: addr_off = 18'd71040;
9'd223: addr_off = 18'd71360;
9'd224: addr_off = 18'd71680;
9'd225: addr_off = 18'd72000;
9'd226: addr_off = 18'd72320;
9'd227: addr_off = 18'd72640;
9'd228: addr_off = 18'd72960;
9'd229: addr_off = 18'd73280;
9'd230: addr_off = 18'd73600;
9'd231: addr_off = 18'd73920;
9'd232: addr_off = 18'd74240;
9'd233: addr_off = 18'd74560;
9'd234: addr_off = 18'd74880;
9'd235: addr_off = 18'd75200;
9'd236: addr_off = 18'd75520;
9'd237: addr_off = 18'd75840;
9'd238: addr_off = 18'd76160;
9'd239: addr_off = 18'd76480;
9'd240: addr_off = 18'd76800;
9'd241: addr_off = 18'd77120;
9'd242: addr_off = 18'd77440;

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689      9'd243: addr_off = 18'd77760;
691      9'd244: addr_off = 18'd78080;
693      9'd245: addr_off = 18'd78400;
695      9'd246: addr_off = 18'd78720;
697      9'd247: addr_off = 18'd79040;
699      9'd248: addr_off = 18'd79360;
701      9'd249: addr_off = 18'd79680;
703      9'd250: addr_off = 18'd80000;
705      9'd251: addr_off = 18'd80320;
707      9'd252: addr_off = 18'd80640;
709      9'd253: addr_off = 18'd80960;
711      9'd254: addr_off = 18'd81280;
713      9'd255: addr_off = 18'd81600;
715      9'd256: addr_off = 18'd81920;
717      9'd257: addr_off = 18'd82240;
719      9'd258: addr_off = 18'd82560;
721      9'd259: addr_off = 18'd82880;
723      9'd260: addr_off = 18'd83200;
725      9'd261: addr_off = 18'd83520;
727      9'd262: addr_off = 18'd83840;
729      9'd263: addr_off = 18'd84160;
731      9'd264: addr_off = 18'd84480;
733      9'd265: addr_off = 18'd84800;
735      9'd266: addr_off = 18'd85120;
737      9'd267: addr_off = 18'd85440;
739      9'd268: addr_off = 18'd85760;
9'd269: addr_off = 18'd86080;
9'd270: addr_off = 18'd86400;
9'd271: addr_off = 18'd86720;
9'd272: addr_off = 18'd87040;
9'd273: addr_off = 18'd87360;
9'd274: addr_off = 18'd87680;
9'd275: addr_off = 18'd88000;
9'd276: addr_off = 18'd88320;
9'd277: addr_off = 18'd88640;
9'd278: addr_off = 18'd88960;
9'd279: addr_off = 18'd89280;
9'd280: addr_off = 18'd89600;
9'd281: addr_off = 18'd89920;
9'd282: addr_off = 18'd90240;
9'd283: addr_off = 18'd90560;
9'd284: addr_off = 18'd90880;
9'd285: addr_off = 18'd91200;
9'd286: addr_off = 18'd91520;
9'd287: addr_off = 18'd91840;
9'd288: addr_off = 18'd92160;
9'd289: addr_off = 18'd92480;
9'd290: addr_off = 18'd92800;
9'd291: addr_off = 18'd93120;
9'd292: addr_off = 18'd93440;
9'd293: addr_off = 18'd93760;
9'd294: addr_off = 18'd94080;

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741      9'd295: addr_off = 18'd94400;
742      9'd296: addr_off = 18'd94720;
743      9'd297: addr_off = 18'd95040;
744      9'd298: addr_off = 18'd95360;
745      9'd299: addr_off = 18'd95680;
746      9'd300: addr_off = 18'd96000;
747      9'd301: addr_off = 18'd96320;
748      9'd302: addr_off = 18'd96640;
749      9'd303: addr_off = 18'd96960;
750      9'd304: addr_off = 18'd97280;
751      9'd305: addr_off = 18'd97600;
752      9'd306: addr_off = 18'd97920;
753      9'd307: addr_off = 18'd98240;
754      9'd308: addr_off = 18'd98560;
755      9'd309: addr_off = 18'd98880;
756      9'd310: addr_off = 18'd99200;
757      9'd311: addr_off = 18'd99520;
758      9'd312: addr_off = 18'd99840;
759      9'd313: addr_off = 18'd100160;
760      9'd314: addr_off = 18'd100480;
761      9'd315: addr_off = 18'd100800;
762      9'd316: addr_off = 18'd101120;
763      9'd317: addr_off = 18'd101440;
764      9'd318: addr_off = 18'd101760;
765      9'd319: addr_off = 18'd102080;
766      9'd320: addr_off = 18'd102400;
767      9'd321: addr_off = 18'd102720;
768      9'd322: addr_off = 18'd103040;
769      9'd323: addr_off = 18'd103360;
770      9'd324: addr_off = 18'd103680;
771      9'd325: addr_off = 18'd104000;
772      9'd326: addr_off = 18'd104320;
773      9'd327: addr_off = 18'd104640;
774      9'd328: addr_off = 18'd104960;
775      9'd329: addr_off = 18'd105280;
776      9'd330: addr_off = 18'd105600;
777      9'd331: addr_off = 18'd105920;
778      9'd332: addr_off = 18'd106240;
779      9'd333: addr_off = 18'd106560;
780      9'd334: addr_off = 18'd106880;
781      9'd335: addr_off = 18'd107200;
782      9'd336: addr_off = 18'd107520;
783      9'd337: addr_off = 18'd107840;
784      9'd338: addr_off = 18'd108160;
785      9'd339: addr_off = 18'd108480;
786      9'd340: addr_off = 18'd108800;
787      9'd341: addr_off = 18'd109120;
788      9'd342: addr_off = 18'd109440;
789      9'd343: addr_off = 18'd109760;
790      9'd344: addr_off = 18'd110080;
791      9'd345: addr_off = 18'd110400;
792      9'd346: addr_off = 18'd110720;

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793      9'd347: addr_off = 18'd111040;
795      9'd348: addr_off = 18'd111360;
797      9'd349: addr_off = 18'd111680;
799      9'd350: addr_off = 18'd112000;
801      9'd351: addr_off = 18'd112320;
803      9'd352: addr_off = 18'd112640;
805      9'd353: addr_off = 18'd112960;
807      9'd354: addr_off = 18'd113280;
809      9'd355: addr_off = 18'd113600;
811      9'd356: addr_off = 18'd113920;
813      9'd357: addr_off = 18'd114240;
815      9'd358: addr_off = 18'd114560;
817      9'd359: addr_off = 18'd114880;
819      9'd360: addr_off = 18'd115200;
821      9'd361: addr_off = 18'd115520;
823      9'd362: addr_off = 18'd115840;
825      9'd363: addr_off = 18'd116160;
827      9'd364: addr_off = 18'd116480;
829      9'd365: addr_off = 18'd116800;
831      9'd366: addr_off = 18'd117120;
833      9'd367: addr_off = 18'd117440;
835      9'd368: addr_off = 18'd117760;
837      9'd369: addr_off = 18'd118080;
839      9'd370: addr_off = 18'd118400;
841      9'd371: addr_off = 18'd118720;
843      9'd372: addr_off = 18'd119040;
9'd373: addr_off = 18'd119360;
9'd374: addr_off = 18'd119680;
9'd375: addr_off = 18'd120000;
9'd376: addr_off = 18'd120320;
9'd377: addr_off = 18'd120640;
9'd378: addr_off = 18'd120960;
9'd379: addr_off = 18'd121280;
9'd380: addr_off = 18'd121600;
9'd381: addr_off = 18'd121920;
9'd382: addr_off = 18'd122240;
9'd383: addr_off = 18'd122560;
9'd384: addr_off = 18'd122880;
9'd385: addr_off = 18'd123200;
9'd386: addr_off = 18'd123520;
9'd387: addr_off = 18'd123840;
9'd388: addr_off = 18'd124160;
9'd389: addr_off = 18'd124480;
9'd390: addr_off = 18'd124800;
9'd391: addr_off = 18'd125120;
9'd392: addr_off = 18'd125440;
9'd393: addr_off = 18'd125760;
9'd394: addr_off = 18'd126080;
9'd395: addr_off = 18'd126400;
9'd396: addr_off = 18'd126720;
9'd397: addr_off = 18'd127040;
9'd398: addr_off = 18'd127360;

```

```

845      9'd399: addr_off = 18'd127680;
847      9'd400: addr_off = 18'd128000;
9'd401: addr_off = 18'd128320;
9'd402: addr_off = 18'd128640;
9'd403: addr_off = 18'd128960;
9'd404: addr_off = 18'd129280;
9'd405: addr_off = 18'd129600;
9'd406: addr_off = 18'd129920;
9'd407: addr_off = 18'd130240;
9'd408: addr_off = 18'd130560;
9'd409: addr_off = 18'd130880;
9'd410: addr_off = 18'd131200;
9'd411: addr_off = 18'd131520;
9'd412: addr_off = 18'd131840;
9'd413: addr_off = 18'd132160;
9'd414: addr_off = 18'd132480;
9'd415: addr_off = 18'd132800;
9'd416: addr_off = 18'd133120;
9'd417: addr_off = 18'd133440;
9'd418: addr_off = 18'd133760;
9'd419: addr_off = 18'd134080;
9'd420: addr_off = 18'd134400;
9'd421: addr_off = 18'd134720;
9'd422: addr_off = 18'd135040;
9'd423: addr_off = 18'd135360;
9'd424: addr_off = 18'd135680;
9'd425: addr_off = 18'd136000;
9'd426: addr_off = 18'd136320;
9'd427: addr_off = 18'd136640;
9'd428: addr_off = 18'd136960;
9'd429: addr_off = 18'd137280;
9'd430: addr_off = 18'd137600;
9'd431: addr_off = 18'd137920;
9'd432: addr_off = 18'd138240;
9'd433: addr_off = 18'd138560;
9'd434: addr_off = 18'd138880;
9'd435: addr_off = 18'd139200;
9'd436: addr_off = 18'd139520;
9'd437: addr_off = 18'd139840;
9'd438: addr_off = 18'd140160;
9'd439: addr_off = 18'd140480;
9'd440: addr_off = 18'd140800;
9'd441: addr_off = 18'd141120;
9'd442: addr_off = 18'd141440;
9'd443: addr_off = 18'd141760;
9'd444: addr_off = 18'd142080;
9'd445: addr_off = 18'd142400;
9'd446: addr_off = 18'd142720;
9'd447: addr_off = 18'd143040;
9'd448: addr_off = 18'd143360;
9'd449: addr_off = 18'd143680;
9'd450: addr_off = 18'd144000;

```

```

897         9'd451: addr_off = 18'd144320;
898         9'd452: addr_off = 18'd144640;
899         9'd453: addr_off = 18'd144960;
900         9'd454: addr_off = 18'd145280;
901         9'd455: addr_off = 18'd145600;
902         9'd456: addr_off = 18'd145920;
903         9'd457: addr_off = 18'd146240;
904         9'd458: addr_off = 18'd146560;
905         9'd459: addr_off = 18'd146880;
906         9'd460: addr_off = 18'd147200;
907         9'd461: addr_off = 18'd147520;
908         9'd462: addr_off = 18'd147840;
909         9'd463: addr_off = 18'd148160;
910         9'd464: addr_off = 18'd148480;
911         9'd465: addr_off = 18'd148800;
912         9'd466: addr_off = 18'd149120;
913         9'd467: addr_off = 18'd149440;
914         9'd468: addr_off = 18'd149760;
915         9'd469: addr_off = 18'd150080;
916         9'd470: addr_off = 18'd150400;
917         9'd471: addr_off = 18'd150720;
918         9'd472: addr_off = 18'd151040;
919         9'd473: addr_off = 18'd151360;
920         9'd474: addr_off = 18'd151680;
921         9'd475: addr_off = 18'd152000;
922         9'd476: addr_off = 18'd152320;
923         9'd477: addr_off = 18'd152640;
924         9'd478: addr_off = 18'd152960;
925         9'd479: addr_off = 18'd153280;
926         default: addr_off = 18'd0;
927     endcase
928 end
929 endmodule
/* FOR REFERENCE
   // SRAMs
930 assign ram0_data = 36'hZ;
931 assign ram0_address = 19'h0;
932 assign ram0_adv_ld = 1'b0;
933 assign ram0_clk = 1'b0;
934 assign ram0_cen_b = 1'b1;
935 assign ram0_ce_b = 1'b1;
936 assign ram0_oe_b = 1'b1;
937 assign ram0_we_b = 1'b1;
938 assign ram0_bwe_b = 4'hF;
939 assign ram1_data = 36'hZ;
940 assign ram1_address = 19'h0;
941 assign ram1_adv_ld = 1'b0;
942 assign ram1_clk = 1'b0;
943 assign ram1_cen_b = 1'b1;
944 assign ram1_ce_b = 1'b1;
945 assign ram1_oe_b = 1'b1;
946 assign ram1_we_b = 1'b1;
947

```

```

949      assign ram1_bwe_b = 4'hF;
      assign clock_feedback_out = 1'b0;
*/

```

A.3.1 memory_interface_testbench.v

```

// STANDARD SIGNALS
2   reg clock;
  reg reset;
4   // NTSC_CAPTURE
  reg frame_flag;
6   reg ntsc_flag;
  reg [LOG.MEM-1:0] ntsc_pixel;
8   wire done_ntsc;
// LPF
10  reg lpf_flag;
  reg lpf_wr;
12  reg [LOG.WIDTH-1:0] lpf_x;
  reg [LOG.HEIGHT-1:0] lpf_y;
14  reg [LOG.MEM-1:0] lpf_pixel_write;
  wire done_lpf;
16  wire [LOG.MEM-1:0] lpf_pixel_read;
// PROJECTIVE_TRANSFORM
18  reg pt_flag;
  reg pt_wr;
20  reg [LOG.WIDTH-1:0] pt_x;
  reg [LOG.HEIGHT-1:0] pt_y;
22  reg [LOG.TRUNC-1:0] pt_pixel_write;
  wire done_pt;
// VGA_WRITE
24  reg vga_flag;
  wire done_vga;
  wire [LOG.FULL-1:0] vga_pixel;
28  // MEMORY
// MEM ADDRESSES
30  wire [LOG.ADDR-1:0] mem0_addr;
  wire [LOG.ADDR-1:0] mem1_addr;
32  // MEM READ
  wire [LOG.MEM-1:0] mem0_read;
  wire [LOG.MEM-1:0] mem1_read;
// MEM WRITE
36  wire [LOG.MEM-1:0] mem0_write;
  wire [LOG.MEM-1:0] mem1_write;
38  // WR FLAGS
  wire mem0_wr;
  wire mem1_wr;

42  memory_interface mem_int (
    .clock          (clock),
    .reset          (reset),
44    .frame_flag    (frame_flag),

```

```

46      . ntsc_flag          ( ntsc_flag ) ,
48      . ntsc_pixel         ( ntsc_pixel ) ,
50      . done_ntsc          ( done_ntsc ) ,
52      . lpf_flag           ( lpf_flag ) ,
54      . lpf_wr              ( lpf_wr ) ,
56      . lpf_x               ( lpf_x ) ,
58      . lpf_y               ( lpf_y ) ,
60      . lpf_pixel_write    ( lpf_pixel_write ) ,
62      . done_lpf            ( done_lpf ) ,
64      . lpf_pixel_read     ( lpf_pixel_read ) ,
66      . pt_flag             ( pt_flag ) ,
68      . pt_wr               ( pt_wr ) ,
70      . pt_x                ( pt_x ) ,
72      . pt_y                ( pt_y ) ,
74      . pt_pixel_write      ( pt_pixel_write ) ,
76      . done_pt              ( done_pt ) ,
78      . vga_flag             ( vga_flag ) ,
80      . initial begin
81          clock = 0;
82          reset = 1;
83          #10 reset = 0;
84      end
86      initial begin
87          $dumpvars;
88      end
90      always #5 clock = !clock ;

```

```

1  `include "../params.v"
2  `include "../memory_interface.v"
3
4  module tb1;
5      `include "tb_template.v"
6
7      initial begin
8          frame_flag = 0;
9          #1000 frame_flag = 1;
10         #10 frame_flag = 0;
11     end

```

```

13     integer i;
14     initial begin
15         vga_flag = 0;
16         ntsc_flag = 0;
17         #100
18         for (i = 0; i < 150; i=i+1) begin
19             #10 vga_flag = ~vga_flag;
20             ntsc_flag = ~ntsc_flag;
21         end
22     end
23
24     initial #2000 $finish;
25 endmodule

```

```

1 `include "../params.v"
2 `include "../memory_interface.v"
3
4 module tb2;
5     `include "tb_template.v"
6
7     initial begin
8         frame_flag = 0;
9         #1000 frame_flag = 1;
10        #10 frame_flag = 0;
11        #1000000 frame_flag = 1;
12        #10 frame_flag = 0;
13    end
14
15    integer i;
16    integer j;
17    initial begin
18        lpf_x = 0;
19        lpf_y = 0;
20        pt_x = 0;
21        pt_y = 0;
22
23        for (i = 0; i < `IMAGE_HEIGHT; i = i+1) begin
24            for (j=0;j < `IMAGE_WIDTH; j = j+1) begin
25                #10
26                lpf_x = j;
27                lpf_y = i;
28                pt_x = j;
29                pt_y = i;
30            end
31        end
32    end
33
34    initial begin
35        #6000000 $stop;
36    end
37 endmodule

```

```

1 'include "../params.v"
2 'include "../memory_interface.v"
3
4 module tb3;
5   'include "tb_template.v"
6
7   dummy_zbt mem0(.clock(clock), .reset(reset), .wr(mem0_wr), .addr(mem0_addr), .write(
8     mem0_write), .data(mem0_read));
9   dummy_zbt mem1(.clock(clock), .reset(reset), .wr(mem1_wr), .addr(mem1_addr), .write(
10    mem1_write), .data(mem1_read));
11
12
13 integer i;
14 initial begin
15   frame_flag = 0;
16   ntsc_flag = 0;
17   ntsc_pixel = 0;
18   vga_flag = 0;
19   // continuous stream
20   for (i = 0; i < 2000; i=i+1) begin
21     #10
22     ntsc_pixel = i*7;
23     ntsc_flag = 1;
24   end
25
26   // non-continuous stream
27   for (i = 2000; i < 4000; i=i+1) begin
28     #10
29     ntsc_pixel = i*8;
30     ntsc_flag = 1;
31     #10
32     ntsc_flag = 0;
33   end
34   #10 frame_flag = 1;
35   #10 frame_flag = 0;
36   #10 frame_flag = 1;
37   #10 frame_flag = 0;
38   // capt pixels should now be disp pixels
39   // continuous stream
40   for (i = 0; i < 2000; i=i+1) begin
41     #10
42     vga_flag = 1;
43   end
44
45   // non-continuous stream
46   for (i = 2000; i < 4000; i=i+1) begin
47     #10
48     vga_flag = 1;
49     #10
50     vga_flag = 0;
51   end
52 end

```

```

51      initial begin
52          #100000 $stop ;
53      end
endmodule

```

```

`default_nettype none
1 `include "../params.v"
`include "../memory_interface.v"
2
3 module tb4;
4     // STANDARD SIGNALS
5     reg clock;
6     reg reset;
7     // NTSC_CAPTURE
8     reg frame_flag;
9     wire ntsc_flag;
10    wire [LOG.MEM-1:0] ntsc_pixel;
11    wire done_ntsc;
12
13    // LPF
14    reg lpf_flag;
15    reg lpf_wr;
16    reg [LOG.WIDTH-1:0] lpf_x;
17    reg [LOG.HEIGHT-1:0] lpf_y;
18    reg [LOG.MEM-1:0] lpf_pixel_write;
19    wire done_lpf;
20    wire [LOG.MEM-1:0] lpf_pixel_read;
21
22    // PROJECTIVE_TRANSFORM
23    wire pt_flag;
24    reg pt_wr;
25    wire [LOG.WIDTH-1:0] pt_x;
26    wire [LOG.HEIGHT-1:0] pt_y;
27    wire [LOG.TRUNC-1:0] pt_pixel_write;
28    wire done_pt;
29
30    // VGA_WRITE
31    reg vga_flag;
32    wire done_vga;
33    wire [LOG.FULL-1:0] vga_pixel;
34
35    // MEMORY
36    // MEM ADDRESSES
37    wire [LOG.ADDR-1:0] mem0_addr;
38    wire [LOG.ADDR-1:0] mem1_addr;
39
40    // MEM READ
41    wire [LOG.MEM-1:0] mem0_read;
42    wire [LOG.MEM-1:0] mem1_read;
43
44    // MEM WRITE
45    wire [LOG.MEM-1:0] mem0_write;
46    wire [LOG.MEM-1:0] mem1_write;
47
48    // WR FLAGS
49    wire mem0_wr;
50    wire mem1_wr;

```

```

48      memory_interface mem_int (
49          .clock                  (clock),
50          .reset                  (reset),
51          .frame_flag             (frame_flag),
52          .ntsc_flag               (ntsc_flag),
53          .ntsc_pixel              (ntsc_pixel),
54          .done_ntsc               (done_ntsc),
55          .lpf_flag                (lpf_flag),
56          .lpf_wr                 (lpf_wr),
57          .lpf_x                  (lpf_x),
58          .lpf_y                  (lpf_y),
59          .lpf_pixel_write         (lpf_pixel_write),
60          .done_lpf                (done_lpf),
61          .lpf_pixel_read           (lpf_pixel_read),
62          .pt_flag                 (pt_flag),
63          .pt_wr                  (pt_wr),
64          .pt_x                   (pt_x),
65          .pt_y                   (pt_y),
66          .pt_pixel_write          (pt_pixel_write),
67          .done_pt                 (done_pt),
68          .vga_flag                (vga_flag),
69          .done_vga                (done_vga),
70          .vga_pixel               (vga_pixel),
71          .mem0_addr               (mem0_addr),
72          .mem1_addr               (mem1_addr),
73          .mem0_read               (mem0_read),
74          .mem1_read               (mem1_read),
75          .mem0_write              (mem0_write),
76          .mem1_write              (mem1_write),
77          .mem0_wr                 (mem0_wr),
78          .mem1_wr                 (mem1_wr)
79      );
80
81      initial begin
82          clock = 0;
83          reset = 1;
84          #10 reset = 0;
85      end
86
87      initial begin
88          $dumpvars;
89      end
90
91      always #5 clock = !clock;
92
93          dummy_zbt mem0(.clock(clock),.reset(reset),.wr(mem0_wr),.addr(mem0_addr),.write(
94              mem0_write),.data(mem0_read));
95          dummy_zbt mem1(.clock(clock),.reset(reset),.wr(mem1_wr),.addr(mem1_addr),.write(
96              mem1_write),.data(mem1_read));

```

```

writer #(DELAY(2), .REPS(32'd1000), .START(32'd1), .DEL(1)) ntsc(.clock(clock), .
98   reset(reset), .start(start), .done(done_ntsc), .flag(ntsc_flag), .pixel(
      ntsc_pixel));
writer #(DELAY(3), .REPS(32'd1000), .START(32'd3000), .DEL(4)) pt(.clock(clock), .
  reset(reset), .start(start), .done(done_pt), .flag(pt_flag), .pixel(
    pt_pixel_write), .x(pt_x), .y(pt_y));

100  integer i;
101  initial begin
102    frame_flag = 0;
103    vga_flag = 0;
104    lpf_flag = 0;
105    pt_wr = 1;
106    #10 frame_flag = 1;
107    #10 frame_flag = 0;
108    #10 start = 1;
109    #10 start = 0;
110    #20000 frame_flag = 1;
111    #10 frame_flag = 0;
112    // capt pixels should now be disp pixels
113    // continuous stream
114    for (i = 0; i < 1500; i=i+1) begin
115      #10
116        vga_flag = 1;
117    end
118    #10 frame_flag = 1;
119    #10 frame_flag = 0;
120    for (i = 0; i < 1500; i=i+1) begin
121      #10
122        vga_flag = 1;
123    end
124  end

126  initial begin
127    #80000 $stop;
128  end
endmodule

130 module writer #(parameter DELAY=2,REPS=1000,START=1,DEL=1)
131   (
132     input clock,
133     input reset,
134     input start,
135     input done,
136     output reg flag,
137     output reg [LOG_MEM-1:0] pixel,
138     output reg [LOG_WIDTH-1:0] x,
139     output reg [LOG_HEIGHT-1:0] y
140   );
141
142   parameter IDLE      = 3'b001;
143   parameter WRITING   = 3'b010;

```

```

parameter COUNTING = 3'b100;
146
reg [2:0] state;
reg [31:0] count;
148 reg [31:0] rep_count;

150 always @(*) begin
    flag = (state == WRITING);
152 end

154 always @(posedge clock) begin
    if (reset) begin
        156     state <= IDLE;
        count <= 32'b0;
158     rep_count <= 0;
        pixel <= START;
160     x <= 0;
        y <= 0;
162 end
    else begin
        164     case (state)
            IDLE: begin
                166         if (start) state <= WRITING;
                else state <= state;
                count <= 0;
                rep_count <= 0;
                pixel <= START;
                x <= 0;
                y <= 0;
172             end
            WRITING: begin
                174         if (done) begin
                    state <= COUNTING;
                    count <= 1;
                    rep_count <= rep_count+1;
                    pixel <= pixel+DEL;
                    if (x == IMAGE_WIDTH-1) begin
                        x <= 0;
                        y <= y+1;
                    end
                    else begin
                        x <= x+1;
                        y <= y;
                    end
188                 end
                else begin
                    190                     state <= state;
                    count <= count;
                    rep_count <= rep_count;
                    pixel <= pixel;
                    x <= x;
                    y <= y;
196                 end
            end
        endcase
    end

```

```

198         end
199     COUNTING: begin
200         if (rep_count == REPS-1) begin
201             state <= IDLE;
202             count <= 0;
203         end
204         else if (count == DELAY-1) begin
205             state <= WRITING;
206             count <= 0;
207         end
208         else begin
209             state <= COUNTING;
210             count <= count+1;
211         end
212         rep_count <= rep_count;
213         pixel <= pixel;
214         x <= x;
215         y <= y;
216     end
217     default: begin
218         state <= state;
219         count <= count;
220         rep_count <= rep_count;
221         pixel <= pixel;
222         x <= x;
223         y <= y;
224     end
225 endcase
226 end
227 endmodule

```

```

1 `default_nettype none
2 `include "../params.v"
3 `include "../memory_interface.v"

5 module tb4;
    // STANDARD SIGNALS
7     reg clock;
8     reg vclock;
9     reg reset;
10    // NTSC_CAPTURE
11    reg frame_flag;
12    wire ntsc_flag;
13    wire [LOG_MEM-1:0] ntsc_pixel;
14    wire done_ntsc;
15    // LPF
16    reg lpf_flag;
17    reg lpf_wr;
18    reg [LOG_WIDTH-1:0] lpf_x;
19    reg [LOG_HEIGHT-1:0] lpf_y;
20    reg [LOG_MEM-1:0] lpf_pixel_write;

```

```

21   wire done_lpf;
22   wire [LOG_MEMORY-1:0] lpf_pixel_read;
23   // PROJECTIVE_TRANSFORM
24   wire pt_flag;
25   reg pt_wr;
26   wire [LOG_WIDTH-1:0] pt_x;
27   wire [LOG_HEIGHT-1:0] pt_y;
28   wire [LOG_TRUNC-1:0] pt_pixel_write;
29   wire done_pt;
30   // VGA_WRITE
31   wire vga_flag;
32   wire done_vga;
33   wire [LOG_MEMORY-1:0] vga_pixel;
34   // MEMORY
35   // MEM ADDRESSES
36   wire [LOG_ADDR-1:0] mem0_addr;
37   wire [LOG_ADDR-1:0] mem1_addr;
38   // MEM READ
39   wire [LOG_MEMORY-1:0] mem0_read;
40   wire [LOG_MEMORY-1:0] mem1_read;
41   // MEM WRITE
42   wire [LOG_MEMORY-1:0] mem0_write;
43   wire [LOG_MEMORY-1:0] mem1_write;
44   // WR FLAGS
45   wire mem0_wr;
46   wire mem1_wr;
47
48   memory_interface mem_int (
49     .clock                    (clock),
50     .reset                    (reset),
51     .frame_flag               (frame_flag),
52     .ntsc_flag                (ntsc_flag),
53     .ntsc_pixel               (ntsc_pixel),
54     .done_ntsc                (done_ntsc),
55     .lpf_flag                 (lpf_flag),
56     .lpf_wr                   (lpf_wr),
57     .lpf_x                    (lpf_x),
58     .lpf_y                    (lpf_y),
59     .lpf_pixel_write          (lpf_pixel_write),
60     .done_lpf                 (done_lpf),
61     .lpf_pixel_read           (lpf_pixel_read),
62     .pt_flag                  (pt_flag),
63     // .pt_wr                  (pt_wr),
64     .pt_x                     (pt_x),
65     .pt_y                     (pt_y),
66     .pt_pixel_write           (pt_pixel_write),
67     .done_pt                  (done_pt),
68     .vga_flag                 (vga_flag),
69     .done_vga                 (done_vga),
70     .vga_pixel                (vga_pixel),
71     .mem0_addr                (mem0_addr),
72     .mem1_addr                (mem1_addr),

```

```

73          .mem0_read      (mem0_read) ,
75          .mem1_read      (mem1_read) ,
77          .mem0_write     (mem0_write) ,
79          .mem1_write     (mem1_write) ,
81          .mem0_wr        (mem0_wr) ,
83          .mem1_wr        (mem1_wr)
85      );
87
89      initial begin
90          clock = 0;
92          vclock = 0;
94          reset = 1;
96          #15 reset = 0;
98      end
100
102      initial begin
103          $dumpvars;
104      end
106
108      always #5 clock = !clock;
110      always #10 vclock = !vclock;
112
114      dummy_zbt mem0(.clock(clock), .reset(reset), .wr(mem0_wr), .addr(mem0_addr), .write(
115          mem0_write), .data(mem0_read));
116      dummy_zbt mem1(.clock(clock), .reset(reset), .wr(mem1_wr), .addr(mem1_addr), .write(
117          mem1_write), .data(mem1_read));
119
121      reg start;
123
125      writer #(DELAY(2), .REPS(32'd1000), .START(32'd1), .DEL(1)) ntsc(.clock(clock), .
126          reset(reset), .start(start), .done(done_ntsc), .flag(ntsc_flag), .pixel(
127              ntsc_pixel));
128      // writer #(DELAY(3), .REPS(32'd1000), .START(32'd3000), .DEL(4)) pt(.clock(clock),
129          .reset(reset), .start(start), .done(done_pt), .flag(pt_flag), .pixel(
130              pt_pixel_write), .x(pt_x), .y(pt_y));
131      //
132      vga_write vga(.clock(clock), .vclock(vclock), .reset(reset), .frame_flag(frame_flag),
133          .vga_pixel(vga_pixel), .done_vga(done_vga), .vga_flag(vga_flag));
135
137      integer i;
139      initial begin
140          frame_flag = 0;
142          lpf_flag = 0;
144          pt_wr = 1;
146          #10 frame_flag = 1;
148          #10 frame_flag = 0;
150          #10 start = 1;
152          #10 start = 0;
154          #20000 frame_flag = 1;
156          #10 frame_flag = 0;
158          // capt pixels should now be disp pixels
160          // continuous stream

```

```

        end

119      initial begin
120          #80000 $stop ;
121      end
123 endmodule

125 module writer #(parameter DELAY=2,REPS=1000,START=1,DEL=1)
126 (
127     input  clock ,
128     input  reset ,
129     input  start ,
130     input  done ,
131     output reg flag ,
132     output reg [LOG_MEM-1:0] pixel ,
133     output reg [LOG_WIDTH-1:0] x ,
134     output reg [LOG_HEIGHT-1:0] y
135 );
136

137 parameter IDLE      = 3'b001;
138 parameter WRITING   = 3'b010;
139 parameter COUNTING = 3'b100;
140 reg [2:0] state;
141 reg [31:0] count;
142 reg [31:0] rep_count;
143

144 always @(*) begin
145     flag = (state == WRITING);
146 end

147
148 always @(posedge clock) begin
149     if (reset) begin
150         state <= IDLE;
151         count <= 32'b0;
152         rep_count <= 0;
153         pixel <= START;
154         x <= 0;
155         y <= 0;
156     end
157     else begin
158         case (state)
159             IDLE: begin
160                 if (start) state <= WRITING;
161                 else state <= state;
162                 count <= 0;
163                 rep_count <= 0;
164                 pixel <= START;
165                 x <= 0;
166                 y <= 0;
167             end
168             WRITING: begin
169                 if (done) begin

```

```

171                                     state <= COUNTING;
173                                     count <= 1;
175                                     rep_count <= rep_count+1;
177                                     pixel <= pixel+DEL;
179                                     if (x == IMAGE_WIDTH-1) begin
181                                         x <= 0;
183                                         y <= y+1;
185                                     end
187                                     else begin
189                                         x <= x+1;
191                                         y <= y;
193                                     end
195                                     end
197                                     COUNTING: begin
199                                         if (rep_count == REPS-1) begin
201                                             state <= IDLE;
203                                             count <= 0;
205                                         end
207                                         else if (count == DELAY-1) begin
209                                             state <= WRITING;
211                                             count <= 0;
213                                         end
215                                         else begin
217                                             state <= COUNTING;
219                                             count <= count+1;
221                                         end
223                                     end
225                                     endcase
227                                     end
229                                     endmodule

```

A.4 object_recognition.v

```
1 // Logan Williams
2
3 module object_recognition(
4     input          clk ,
5     input          reset ,
6     input [1:0]    color ,
7     input [9:0]   interesting_x ,
8     input [8:0]   interesting_y ,
9     input          interesting_flag ,
10    input          frame_flag ,
11
12    output reg [9:0] m_x,
13    output reg [8:0] m_y,
14    output reg [9:0] a_x ,
15    output reg [8:0] a_y ,
16    output reg [9:0] b_x ,
17    output reg [8:0] b_y ,
18    output reg [9:0] c_x ,
19    output reg [8:0] c_y ,
20    output reg [9:0] d_x ,
21    output reg [8:0] d_y ,
22    output reg      corners_flag );
23
24
25 // delayed registers for pipelining the weighting
26 reg [1:0]                      delayed_color;
27 reg [9:0]                      delayed_interesting_x;
28 reg [8:0]                      delayed_interesting_y;
29 reg                           delayed_interesting_flag;
30
31 // a state register
32 reg [1:0]                      state;
33
34 // accumulators
35 reg [63:0]                     sumx [0:3];
36 reg [63:0]                     sumy [0:3];
37 reg [63:0]                     num [0:3];
38 wire [63:0]                    averagex [0:3];
39 wire [63:0]                    averagey [0:3];
40
41 reg [20:0]                     top ;
42 reg [20:0]                     bottom;
43 reg [20:0]                     left ;
44 reg [20:0]                     right;
45
46 wire [10:0]                    topd;
47 wire [10:0]                    bottomd;
48 wire [10:0]                    leftd;
49 wire [10:0]                    rightd;
50
51 reg                           startdivs;
```

```

51   wire [7:0]                               divsready;
52   reg                                         calcdone;
53   wire [3:0]                               sqrtdone;
54   reg                                         sqrtstart;
55
56   // distance deltas
57   reg [9:0]                                dif_x [0:3];
58   reg [8:0]                                dif_y [0:3];
59
60   // STATE PARAMETERS
61   parameter COUNTING = 2'b00;
62   parameter WAITING_FOR_DIVS = 2'b01;
63   parameter STARTSQRTS = 2'b10;
64   parameter WAITING_FOR_SQRT = 2'b11;
65
66   // parallelized dividers
67   divider #(.(WIDTH(64))) diva (.clk(clk), .ready(divsready[0]), .dividend(sumx[0]),
68                                 .divider(num[0]), .quotient(averagex[0]), .sign(1'b0), .start(
69                                 startdivs));
70   divider #(.(WIDTH(64))) divb (.clk(clk), .ready(divsready[1]), .dividend(sumy[0]),
71                                 .divider(num[0]), .quotient(averagey[0]), .sign(1'b0), .start(
72                                 startdivs));
73   divider #(.(WIDTH(64))) divc (.clk(clk), .ready(divsready[2]), .dividend(sumx[1]),
74                                 .divider(num[1]), .quotient(averagex[1]), .sign(1'b0), .start(
75                                 startdivs));
76   divider #(.(WIDTH(64))) divd (.clk(clk), .ready(divsready[3]), .dividend(sumy[1]),
77                                 .divider(num[1]), .quotient(averagey[1]), .sign(1'b0), .start(
78                                 startdivs));
79   divider #(.(WIDTH(64))) dive (.clk(clk), .ready(divsready[4]), .dividend(sumx[2]),
80                                 .divider(num[2]), .quotient(averagex[2]), .sign(1'b0), .start(
81                                 startdivs));
82   divider #(.(WIDTH(64))) divf (.clk(clk), .ready(divsready[5]), .dividend(sumy[2]),
83                                 .divider(num[2]), .quotient(averagey[2]), .sign(1'b0), .start(
84                                 startdivs));
85   divider #(.(WIDTH(64))) divg (.clk(clk), .ready(divsready[6]), .dividend(sumx[3]),
86                                 .divider(num[3]), .quotient(averagex[3]), .sign(1'b0), .start(
87                                 startdivs));
88   divider #(.(WIDTH(64))) divh (.clk(clk), .ready(divsready[7]), .dividend(sumy[3]),
89                                 .divider(num[3]), .quotient(averagey[3]), .sign(1'b0), .start(
90                                 startdivs));
91
92   // parallelized square rooters
93   sqrt #(.(NBITS(21))) sqrta (.clk(clk), .start(sqrtstart), .data(top),
94                                 .answer(topd), .done(sqrtdone[0]));
95   sqrt #(.(NBITS(21))) sqrtb (.clk(clk), .start(sqrtstart), .data(bottom),
96                                 .answer(bottomd), .done(sqrtdone[1]));
97   sqrt #(.(NBITS(21))) sqrtc (.clk(clk), .start(sqrtstart), .data(left),
98                                 .answer(leftd), .done(sqrtdone[2]));
99   sqrt #(.(NBITS(21))) sqrtd (.clk(clk), .start(sqrtstart), .data(right),
100                                 .answer(rightd), .done(sqrtdone[3]));
101
102   always @(posedge clk) begin

```

```

95 // initialize output
corners_flag <= 0;
97 startdivs <= 0;
sqrtstart <= 0;
99
// on reset, reset accumulators, reset state to COUNTING
101 if (reset) begin
    sumx[0] <= 0;
103    sumy[0] <= 0;
    num[0] <= 0;
105    sumx[1] <= 0;
    sumy[1] <= 0;
107    num[1] <= 0;
    sumx[2] <= 0;
109    sumy[2] <= 0;
    num[2] <= 0;
111    sumx[3] <= 0;
    sumy[3] <= 0;
113    num[3] <= 0;
    state <= COUNTING;
115 end
117
119 case (state)
COUNTING: begin
    // reset corners flag
    corners_flag <= 0;
121
    // delay incoming flags, so that distance calculations are pipelined
    delayed_interesting_flag <= interesting_flag;
123    delayed_interesting_x <= interesting_x;
125    delayed_interesting_y <= interesting_y;
127    delayed_color <= color;
129
    // if a new pixel came in
    if (interesting_flag) begin
        // calculate distances between incoming pixels and the previously generated
        // pixel
131
        dif_x[0] <= (interesting_x > a_x) ? interesting_x-a_x : a_x - interesting_x;
        dif_y[0] <= (interesting_y > a_y) ? interesting_y-a_y : a_y - interesting_y;
133        dif_x[1] <= (interesting_x > b_x) ? interesting_x-b_x : b_x - interesting_x;
        dif_y[1] <= (interesting_y > b_y) ? interesting_y-b_y : b_y - interesting_y;
135        dif_x[2] <= (interesting_x > c_x) ? interesting_x-c_x : c_x - interesting_x;
        dif_y[2] <= (interesting_y > c_y) ? interesting_y-c_y : c_y - interesting_y;
137        dif_x[3] <= (interesting_x > d_x) ? interesting_x-d_x : d_x - interesting_x;
        dif_y[3] <= (interesting_y > d_y) ? interesting_y-d_y : d_y - interesting_y;
139
141 end
143
    // if a new pixel came in one clock cycle ago
    if (delayed_interesting_flag) begin

```

```

145 // weight this pixel based on its distance from the previously calculated
     center of mass

147 if (dif_x[ delayed_color ] < 16 && dif_y[ delayed_color ] < 16) begin
148     sumx[ delayed_color ] <= sumx[ delayed_color ] + {delayed_interesting_x , 5'b0};
149     sumy[ delayed_color ] <= sumy[ delayed_color ] + {delayed_interesting_y , 5'b0};
150     num[ delayed_color ] <= num[ delayed_color ] + 32;
151 end
152 else if (dif_x[ delayed_color ] < 32 && dif_y[ delayed_color ] < 32) begin
153     sumx[ delayed_color ] <= sumx[ delayed_color ] + {delayed_interesting_x , 3'b0};
154     sumy[ delayed_color ] <= sumy[ delayed_color ] + {delayed_interesting_y , 3'b0};
155     num[ delayed_color ] <= num[ delayed_color ] + 8;
156 end
157 else if (dif_x[ delayed_color ] < 64 && dif_y[ delayed_color ] < 64) begin
158     sumx[ delayed_color ] <= sumx[ delayed_color ] + {delayed_interesting_x , 2'b0};
159     sumy[ delayed_color ] <= sumy[ delayed_color ] + {delayed_interesting_y , 2'b0};
160     num[ delayed_color ] <= num[ delayed_color ] + 4;
161 end
162 else if (dif_x[ delayed_color ] < 128 && dif_y[ delayed_color ] < 128) begin
163     sumx[ delayed_color ] <= sumx[ delayed_color ] + {delayed_interesting_x , 1'b0};
164     sumy[ delayed_color ] <= sumy[ delayed_color ] + {delayed_interesting_y , 1'b0};
165     num[ delayed_color ] <= num[ delayed_color ] + 2;
166 end
167 else begin
168     sumx[ delayed_color ] <= sumx[ delayed_color ] + delayed_interesting_x ;
169     sumy[ delayed_color ] <= sumy[ delayed_color ] + delayed_interesting_y ;
170     num[ delayed_color ] <= num[ delayed_color ] + 1;
171 end
172 end
173
174 // if the frame is over, begin calculating the new center of mass
175 if (frame_flag) begin
176     startdivs <= 1;
177     state <= WAITING_FOR_DIVS;
178 end
179 end

180 WAITING_FOR_DIVS: begin
181     // if all of the dividers are done
182     if (&divsready) begin
183         // new center of mass = calculated center of mass * (1/4) + old center of mass
184         * (3/4)
185         a_x <= (averagex[0] >> 2) + (a_x >> 1) + (a_x >> 2);
186         b_x <= (averagex[1] >> 2) + (b_x >> 1) + (b_x >> 2);
187         c_x <= (averagex[2] >> 2) + (c_x >> 1) + (c_x >> 2);
188         d_x <= (averagex[3] >> 2) + (d_x >> 1) + (d_x >> 2);
189         a_y <= (averagey[0] >> 2) + (a_y >> 1) + (a_y >> 2);
190         b_y <= (averagey[1] >> 2) + (b_y >> 1) + (b_y >> 2);
191         c_y <= (averagey[2] >> 2) + (c_y >> 1) + (c_y >> 2);
192         d_y <= (averagey[3] >> 2) + (d_y >> 1) + (d_y >> 2);
193
194     // calculate distances squared

```

```

195    // sqrt does not begin here because of multiplier delay
196    top <= (averagex[1] - averagex[0]) * (averagex[1] - averagex[0]) + (averagey
197        [1] - averagey[0]) * (averagey[1] - averagey[0]);
198    bottom <= (averagex[2] - averagex[3]) * (averagex[2] - averagex[3]) +
199        averagey[2] - averagey[3]) * (averagey[2] - averagey[3]);
200    left <= (averagex[3] - averagex[0]) * (averagex[3] - averagex[0]) + (averagey
201        [3] - averagey[0]) * (averagey[3] - averagey[0]);
202    right <= (averagex[2] - averagex[1]) * (averagex[2] - averagex[1]) + (averagey
203        [2] - averagey[1]) * (averagey[2] - averagey[1]);
204
205    state <= STARTSQRTS;
206
207    end // if (&divsready)
208 end // case: WAITING_FOR_DIVS
209
210
211    STARTSQRTS: begin
212        // start the square rooters
213        sqrtstart <= 1;
214        state <= WAITING_FOR_SQRT;
215    end
216
217
218    WAITING_FOR_SQRT: begin
219        // if all sqrts are done;
220        if (&sqrtdone) begin
221            if (topd < bottomd) m_x <= topd;
222            else m_x <= bottomd;
223
224            if (leftd < rightd) m_y <= leftd ;
225            else m_y <= rightd ;
226
227            corners_flag <= 1;
228        end
229
230        // if the vsync is over
231        if (~frame_flag) begin
232            state <= COUNTING;
233
234            // reset accumulators
235            sumx[0] <= 0;
236            sumy[0] <= 0;
237            num[0] <= 0;
238            sumx[1] <= 0;
239            sumy[1] <= 0;
240            num[1] <= 0;
241            sumx[2] <= 0;
242            sumy[2] <= 0;
243            num[2] <= 0;
244            sumx[3] <= 0;
245            sumy[3] <= 0;
246            num[3] <= 0;
247        end
248    end // case: WAITING_FOR_SQRT

```

```

243     endcase // case state
244   end // always @ (posedge clk)
245 endmodule // object_recognition
246
247
248 // takes integer square root iteratively
249 module sqrt #(parameter NBITS = 8, // max 32
250                 MBITS = (NBITS+1)/2)
251   (input wire clk ,start ,
252    input wire [NBITS-1:0] data ,
253    output reg [MBITS-1:0] answer ,
254    output wire done);
255   reg busy;
256   reg [4:0] bit;
257   // compute answer bit-by-bit , starting at MSB
258   wire [MBITS-1:0] trial = answer | (1 << bit);
259   always @(posedge clk) begin
260     if (busy) begin
261       if (bit == 0) busy <= 0;
262       else bit <= bit - 1;
263       if (trial*trial <= data) answer <= trial;
264     end
265     else if (start) begin
266       busy <= 1;
267       answer <= 0;
268       bit <= MBITS - 1;
269     end
270   end
271   assign done = ~busy;
272 endmodule // sqrt

```

A.4.1 test_object_recognition.v

```

1 `include "object_recognition.v";
`include "divider.v";
3
4 module test_object_recognition();
5   reg clk;
6   reg [1:0] color;
7   reg [9:0] ix;
8   reg [8:0] iy;
9   reg int_flag;
10  reg frame_flag;
11
12  wire [9:0] m_x;
13  wire [8:0] m_y;
14  wire [9:0] a_x;
15  wire [8:0] a_y;
16  wire [9:0] b_x;
17  wire [8:0] b_y;

```

```

19   wire [9:0] c_x;
20   wire [8:0] c_y;
21   wire [9:0] d_x;
22   wire [8:0] d_y;
23   wire corners_flag;

24
25   integer i;
26   reg reset;

27   object_recognition obrec(.clk(clk), .color(color), .interesting_x(ix),
28                             .interesting_y(iy), .interesting_flag(int_flag),
29                             .frame_flag(frame_flag), .m_x(m_x), .m_y(m_y),
30                             .a_x(a_x), .a_y(a_y), .b_x(b_x), .b_y(b_y), .c_x(c_x),
31                             .c_y(c_y), .d_x(d_x), .d_y(d_y), .corners_flag(corners_flag), .
32                             reset(reset));

33   initial begin
34     clk = 0;
35     frame_flag = 0;
36     int_flag = 0;
37
38     forever #10 clk = ~clk;
39   end

40   initial begin
41     #20;
42
43     reset = 1;
44
45     #20
46
47     reset = 0;
48     frame_flag = 0;
49
50     #20;

51
52     for (i = 0; i < 20; i = i + 1) begin
53       int_flag = 1;
54       color = 0;
55       ix = i;
56       iy = i;
57
58       #20;
59
60       color = 1;
61       ix = i * 2;
62       iy = i * 2;
63
64       #20;
65
66     color = 2;
67

```

```

69      ix = i *3;
70      iy = i *3;
71
72      #20;
73
74      color = 3;
75
76      ix = i *4;
77      iy = i *4;
78
79      #20;
80  end // for (i = 0; i < 20; i = i + 1)
81
82      frame_flag = 1;
83
84      #1000;
85
86      $display("Average_values:");
87      $display("a_x:%d", a_x);
88      $display("a_y:%d", a_y);
89      $display("b_x:%d", b_x);
90      $display("b_y:%d", b_y);
91      $display("c_x:%d", c_x);
92      $display("c_y:%d", c_y);
93      $display("d_x:%d", d_x);
94      $display("d_y:%d", d_y);
95
96      $display("Min_distances:");
97      $display("m_x:%d", m_x);
98      $display("m_y:%d", m_y);
99  end // initial begin
endmodule // test_object_recognition

```

A.5 lpf.v

```

`default_nettype none
1 `include "params.v"

4 module dumb_lpf(
5     input clock,
6     input reset,
7     input frame_flag,
8     // memory_interface
9     input done_lpf,
10    output reg lpf_flag,
11    output lpf_wr,
12    output reg [`LOG_WIDTH-1:0] lpf_x,
13    output reg [`LOG_HEIGHT-1:0] lpf_y,
14    output [LOG_MEM-1:0] lpf_pixel_write,
15    input [LOG_MEM-1:0] lpf_pixel_read,
16    // projective_transform

```

```

18     input request ,
19     output reg [‘LOG_TRUNC-1:0] pixel ,
20     output [9:0] x_out ,
21     output [8:0] y_out ,
22     output pixel_flag ,
23     input testing
24 );
25
26     reg advanced_pixel_flag ;
27     reg [‘LOG_WIDTH-1:0] x ;
28     reg [‘LOG_HEIGHT-1:0] y ;
29     reg pixel_flag_odd ;
30
31     // never writing
32     assign lpf_wr = 1’b0 ;
33     assign lpf_pixel_write = ‘LOG_MEM’ d0 ;
34
35     always @(*) begin
36         // pulse lpf_flag only when x is even and a pixel is requested
37         lpf_flag = request & ~lpf_x[0] & ~done_lpf ;
38         // pulse pixel flag when done_lpf is high and x[0] is even
39         // or 1 cycle after request when lpf_x is odd
40         advanced_pixel_flag = done_lpf | pixel_flag_odd ;
41
42         // x and y are the next set of coordinates
43         if (reset || frame_flag) begin
44             x = 0 ;
45             y = 0 ;
46         end
47         else if (!advanced_pixel_flag) begin
48             x = lpf_x ;
49             y = lpf_y ;
50         end
51         else if (lpf_x == ‘IMAGE_WIDTH-1) begin
52             x = ‘LOG_WIDTH’ d0 ;
53             y = lpf_y +1 ;
54         end
55         else begin
56             x = lpf_x +1 ;
57             y = lpf_y ;
58         end
59     end
60
61     always @(posedge clock) begin
62         // update lpf_x and lpf_y
63         lpf_x <= x ;
64         lpf_y <= y ;
65         pixel_flag_odd <= (request & x[0]) ;
66     end
67
68     wire pixel_flag_temp ;

```

```

// delay lpf_x , lpf_y | module is located in vga-write-new.v
70 delay #(N(3) , .LOG(10)) dx(.clock(clock) , .reset(reset | frame_flag) , .x(lpf_x) , .y
    (x_out));
delay #(N(4) , .LOG(9)) dy(.clock(clock) , .reset(reset) , .x(lpf_y) , .y(y_out));
72 delay #(N(3) , .LOG(1)) df(.clock(clock) , .reset(reset | frame_flag) , .x(
    advanced_pixel_flag) , .y(pixel_flag_temp));
74
74 assign pixel_flag = pixel_flag_temp & !frame_flag;
76
76 always @(*) begin
    if (testing)
        pixel = (x_out[0] == 1'b0) ? lpf_pixel_read [LOG_MEM-1:LOG_TRUNC] :
            lpf_pixel_read [LOG_TRUNC-1:0];
    else
        pixel = {{8{x_out[3] & y_out[3]}} , 5'b10000 , 5'b10000};
    end
82 endmodule
84
84 module lpf(
    input clock ,
    input reset ,
    input frame_flag ,
    // memory-interface
    input done_lpf ,
    output reg lpf_flag ,
    output reg lpf_wr ,
    output reg [LOG_WIDTH-1:0] lpf_x ,
    output reg [LOG_HEIGHT-1:0] lpf_y ,
    output reg [LOG_MEM-1:0] lpf_pixel_write ,
    input [LOG_MEM-1:0] lpf_pixel_read ,
    // projective-transform
    input request ,
    output reg [LOG_TRUNC-1:0] pixel ,
    output reg [9:0] x_out ,
    output reg [8:0] y_out ,
    output reg pixel_flag
102 );
104
104 parameter FILTER_LENGTH=41;
105 parameter CENTERLOC = 9'd20;
106 parameter FILTER_COEFF_WIDTH=10;
107 reg [FILTER_LENGTH*FILTER_COEFF_WIDTH-1:0] col_coeffs ;
108 reg [FILTER_LENGTH*FILTER_COEFF_WIDTH-1:0] row_coeffs ;
109
110 reg [2:0] state;
111 parameter COLS = 3'd0;
112 parameter ROWS = 3'd4;
113
114 reg [FILTER_LENGTH*LOG_MEM-1:0] read_cols [0:3];
115
116 reg [(FILTER_LENGTH+8)*LOG_TRUNC-1:0] next_sample_cols;

```

```

118    reg ['LOG_WIDTH-1:0] request_x;
119    reg ['LOG_HEIGHT-1:0] request_y;
120    wire ['LOG_WIDTH-1:0] del_request_x;
121    wire ['LOG_HEIGHT-1:0] del_request_y;
122    reg ['LOG_WIDTH-1:0] read_x;
123    reg ['LOG_HEIGHT-1:0] read_y;
124    reg ['LOG_WIDTH-1:0] write_x;
125    reg ['LOG_HEIGHT-1:0] write_y;
126
127    wire del_done_lpf;
128    wire del_lpf_wr;
129    delay #(N(4)) dw(.clock(clock), .reset(reset), .x(lpf_wr), .y(del_lpf_wr));
130    delay #(N(3)) dp(.clock(clock), .reset(reset), .x(done_lpf), .y(del_done_lpf));
131    delay #(N(4), .LOG(LOG_WIDTH)) dx(.clock(clock), .reset(reset), .
132
133    // fetching pixels from RAM
134    always @(posedge clock) begin
135        if (!del_lpf_wr && del_done_lpf) begin
136            next_sample_cols <= {next_sample_cols[(FILTER_LENGTH+8)*LOG_TRUNC-1:2*LOG_TRUNC], lpf_pixel};
137            // TODO: update based on whether near the end
138            read_x <= read_x;
139            read_y <= read_y+2;
140        end
141        else begin
142            next_sample_cols <= next_sample_cols;
143            read_x <= read_x;
144            read_y <= read_y;
145        end
146    end
147
148    // carry out mirroring here
149    always @(posedge clock) begin
150    end
151
152    // decide whether to change states here
153    always @(posedge clock) begin
154    end
155
156    // decide whether to read, write, and request
157    always @(posedge clock) begin
158        case (state)
159            COLS: begin
160                // stall if memory-interface is busy
161                if (lpf_flag == 1'b1 && done_lpf == 1'b0) begin
162                    lpf_flag <= lpf_flag;
163                    lpf_wr <= lpf_wr;
164                    lpf_x <= lpf_x;
165                    lpf_y <= lpf_y;
166                    lpf_pixel_write <= lpf_pixel_write;
167                    write_y <= write_y;
168    
```

```

170           write_x <= write_x;
171           request_y <= request_y;
172           request_x <= request_x;
173       end
174       // write a pixel if ready
175       else if ((read_y-write_y) >= CENTERLOC) begin
176           lpf_flag <= 1;
177           lpf_wr <= 1;
178           lpf_x <= write_x;
179           lpf_y <= write_y;
180           lpf_pixel_write <= {next_sample_cols[;
181           write_y <= write_y+1;
182           write_x <= write_x;
183           request_y <= request_y;
184           request_x <= request_x;
185       end
186       // request a pixel if the buffer isn't full
187       else if ((request_y-read_y) < 8) begin
188           lpf_flag <= 1;
189           lpf_wr <= 0;
190           lpf_x <= request_x;
191           lpf_y <= request_y;
192           lpf_pixel_write <= lpf_pixel_write;
193           write_y <= write_y;
194           write_x <= write_x;
195           request_y <= request_y+2;
196           request_x <= request_x;
197       end
198       // doing nothing
199       else begin
200           lpf_flag <= 1'b0;
201           lpf_wr <= 1'b0;
202           lpf_x <= lpf_x;
203           lpf_y <= lpf_y;
204           lpf_pixel_write <= lpf_pixel_write;
205           write_y <= write_y;
206           write_x <= write_x;
207           request_y <= request_y;
208           request_x <= request_x;
209       end
210   end
211 ROWS: begin
212     // stall if memory-interface is busy
213     if (lpf_flag == 1'b1 && done_lpf == 1'b0) begin
214         lpf_flag <= lpf_flag;
215         lpf_wr <= lpf_wr;
216         lpf_x <= lpf_x;
217         lpf_y <= lpf_y;
218         lpf_pixel_write <= lpf_pixel_write;
219         write_y <= write_y;
220         write_x <= write_x;
221         request_y <= request_y;
222     end

```

```

222           request_x <= request_x;
223       end
224       // write a pixel if ready
225       else if ((read_x-write_x) >= CENTER_LOC) begin
226           lpf_flag <= 1;
227           lpf_wr <= 1;
228           lpf_x <= write_x;
229           lpf_y <= write_y;
230           lpf_pixel_write <= {next_sample_cols[;
231               write_y <= write_y;
232               write_x <= write_x+1;
233               request_y <= request_y;
234               request_x <= request_x;
235           end
236           // request a pixel if the buffer isn't full
237           else if ((request_x-read_x) < 8) begin
238               lpf_flag <= 1;
239               lpf_wr <= 0;
240               lpf_x <= request_x;
241               lpf_y <= request_y;
242               lpf_pixel_write <= lpf_pixel_write;
243               write_y <= write_y;
244               write_x <= write_x;
245               request_y <= request_y;
246               request_x <= request_x+2;
247           end
248           // doing nothing
249           else begin
250               lpf_flag <= 1'b0;
251               lpf_wr <= 1'b0;
252               lpf_x <= lpf_x;
253               lpf_y <= lpf_y;
254               lpf_pixel_write <= lpf_pixel_write;
255               write_y <= write_y;
256               write_x <= write_x;
257               request_y <= request_y;
258               request_x <= request_x;
259           end
260       endcase
261   end
262 endmodule

```

A.6 projective_transform.v

```

module projective_transform_srl(
    input          clk, // System clock (global ->)
    input          frame_flag, // New frame flag (ntsc_capture
                           ->)
    input [17:0]    pixel, // Pixel data input (lpf ->)
    input          pixel_flag, // New pixel received? (lpf ->)

```

```

6          input [9:0]           a_x , // coordinates of the corners
7          input [8:0]           a_y , // | (object_recognition ->)
8          input [9:0]           b_x , // |
9          input [8:0]           b_y , // |
10         input [9:0]           c_x , // |
11         input [8:0]           c_y , // |
12         input [9:0]           d_x , // |
13         input [8:0]           d_y , // |
14         input                 corners_flag , // (object_recognition ->)

16         input done_pt ,

18

20         input                  ptflag , // Okay to send new data (
21             memory_interface ->)
22         output reg [17:0] pt_pixel_write , // Pixel data output (->
23             memory_interface)
24         output reg [9:0]  pt_x , // Pixel output data location
25         output reg [8:0]  pt_y , // | (-> memory_interface)
26         output reg      pt_wr , // Want to write pixel flag (->
27             memory_interface)
28         output reg      request_pixel = 0 // request a pixel to
29             process (-> lpf)
30     ) ;

32         reg [1:0]           state = 0;

34

36         // signed numbers for computation with coordinates
37         wire signed [10:0]      sa_x ;
38         wire signed [10:0]      sa_y ;
39         wire signed [10:0]      sb_x ;
40         wire signed [10:0]      sb_y ;
41         wire signed [10:0]      sc_x ;
42         wire signed [10:0]      sc_y ;
43         wire signed [10:0]      sd_x ;
44         wire signed [10:0]      sd_y ;

46         assign sa_x = {1'b0 , a_x };
47         assign sa_y = {2'b0 , a_y };
48         assign sb_x = {1'b0 , b_x };
49         assign sb_y = {2'b0 , b_y };
50         assign sc_x = {1'b0 , c_x };
51         assign sc_y = {2'b0 , c_y };
52         assign sd_x = {1'b0 , d_x };
53         assign sd_y = {2'b0 , d_y };

55         // iterator coordinates for the three iterator points
56         // these all have 10 extra bits of resolution to simulate decimals
57         // (for example 1 is represented by 1 << 10)

```

```

54   reg [40:0]                                i_a_x ;
55   reg [40:0]                                i_a_y ;
56   reg [40:0]                                i_b_x ;
57   reg [40:0]                                i_b_y ;
58   reg [40:0]                                i_c_x ;
59   reg [40:0]                                i_c_y ;

60
61   // iterator incrementors
62   reg signed [41:0]                           delta_a_x ;
63   reg signed [41:0]                           delta_a_y ;
64   reg signed [41:0]                           delta_b_x ;
65   reg signed [41:0]                           delta_b_y ;
66   reg signed [41:0]                           delta_c_x ;
67   reg signed [41:0]                           delta_c_y ;
68   reg signed [41:0]                           delta_c_x_next ;
69   reg signed [41:0]                           delta_c_y_next ;

70
71   // wires/registers for diving
72   wire                                         rfd_a ;
73   wire                                         rfd_b ;
74   wire                                         rfd_c ;
75   wire                                         rfd_d ;
76   wire                                         rfd_e ;
77   wire                                         rfd_f ;

78
79   reg signed [41:0]                           dividend_a ;
80   reg signed [41:0]                           dividend_b ;
81   reg signed [41:0]                           dividend_c ;
82   reg signed [41:0]                           dividend_d ;
83   reg signed [41:0]                           dividend_e ;
84   reg signed [41:0]                           dividend_f ;

86
87   reg signed [41:0]                           divisor_a ;
88   reg signed [41:0]                           divisor_b ;
89   reg signed [41:0]                           divisor_c ;
90   reg signed [41:0]                           divisor_d ;
91   reg signed [41:0]                           divisor_e ;
92   reg signed [41:0]                           divisor_f ;

94
95   wire signed [41:0]                          quotient_a ;
96   wire signed [41:0]                          quotient_b ;
97   wire signed [41:0]                          quotient_c ;
98   wire signed [41:0]                          quotient_d ;
99   wire signed [41:0]                          quotient_e ;
100  wire signed [41:0]                          quotient_f ;

102
103  // coordinates iterators in the untransformed images
104  reg [9:0]                                    o_x ;
105  reg [8:0]                                    o_y ;

```

```

106 // create some registers for dealing with possible delays
107 // in memory-write
108 reg [17:0] pixel_save [0:15];
109 reg [3:0] waiting_for_write = 0;
110
111 parameter WAIT_FOR_CORNERS = 0;
112 parameter WAIT_FOR_DIVIDERS = 1;
113 parameter WAIT_FOR_PIXEL = 2;
114
115 // six dividers, for parallelization. these are used to calculate
116 // iteration "deltas"
117 divider #(WIDTH(42)) diva(.clk(clk), .ready(rfd_a), .dividend(dividend_a),
118 .divider(divisor_a), .quotient(quotient_a), .sign(1'b1), .
119 start(startdivs));
120
121 divider #(WIDTH(42)) divb(.clk(clk), .ready(rfd_b), .dividend(dividend_b),
122 .divider(divisor_b), .quotient(quotient_b), .sign(1'b1), .
123 start(startdivs));
124
125 divider #(WIDTH(42)) divc(.clk(clk), .ready(rfd_c), .dividend(dividend_c),
126 .divider(divisor_c), .quotient(quotient_c), .sign(1'b1), .
127 start(startdivs));
128
129 divider #(WIDTH(42)) divd(.clk(clk), .ready(rfd_d), .dividend(dividend_d),
130 .divider(divisor_d), .quotient(quotient_d), .sign(1'b1), .
131 start(startdivs));
132
133 divider #(WIDTH(42)) dive(.clk(clk), .ready(rfd_e), .dividend(dividend_e),
134 .divider(divisor_e), .quotient(quotient_e), .sign(1'b1), .
135 start(startdivs));
136
137 wire [17:0] buffered_pixel;
138
139 shift18 buffer(.clock(clk), .ce(pixel_flag), .dout(buffered_pixel), .length(
140 waiting_for_write),
141 .din(pixel));
142
143 always @(posedge clk) begin
144 case(state)
145 WAIT_FOR_CORNERS: begin
146 o_x <= 0;
147 o_y <= 0;
148
149 if (corners_flag) begin
150 i_a_x <= a_x << 30;
151 i_a_y <= a_y << 30;

```

```

152     i_b_x <= b_x << 30;
153     i_b_y <= b_y << 30;
154     i_c_x <= a_x << 30;
155     i_c_y <= a_y << 30;

156     //start dividers
157     dividend_a <= (sd_x - sa_x) << 30;
158     dividend_b <= (sd_y - sa_y) << 30;
159     dividend_c <= (sc_x - sb_x) << 30;
160     dividend_d <= (sc_y - sb_y) << 30;
161     dividend_e <= (sb_x - sa_x) << 30;
162     dividend_f <= (sb_y - sa_y) << 30;

164     divisor_a <= 480;
165     divisor_b <= 480;
166     divisor_c <= 480;
167     divisor_d <= 480;
168     divisor_e <= 640;
169     divisor_f <= 640;

170     startdivs <= 1;
171
172     // update state
173     state <= WAIT_FOR_DIVIDERS;

175     end // if (corners_flag)
176   end // case: WAIT_FOR_CORNERS
177
178   WAIT_FOR_DIVIDERS: begin
179     startdivs <= 0;

181     // if divider is done (divider delay = M + 4)
182     // M = dividend width = 20 in this case
183     if (rfd_a & rfd_b & rfd_c & rfd_d & rfd_e & rfd_f) begin
184       request_pixel <= 1;

186       delta_a_x <= quotient_a;
187       delta_a_y <= quotient_b;
188       delta_b_x <= quotient_c;
189       delta_b_y <= quotient_d;
190       delta_c_x <= quotient_e;
191       delta_c_y <= quotient_f;

193       // update state
194       state <= WAIT_FOR_PIXEL;
195     end
196   end
197
198   // This is the state where the bulk of the module is accomplished.
199   // This waits for LPF to send a new pixel value to projective_transform,
200   // then echoes that value and new coords to the memory management module.
201   // then it increments the iterators accordingly.

```

```

WAIT_FOR_PIXEL: begin
204
    // a new pixel has arrived, process accordingly
206    if (pixel_flag || (waiting_for_write)) begin
        if (ptflag) begin
208
            pt_pixel_write <= buffered_pixel;
210
            // if we just read a pixel out of the buffer, decrement the
            // buffer count
212            if (~pixel_flag) begin
                waiting_for_write <= waiting_for_write - 1;
            end
216
            // if there are less than 5 pixels in the buffer (LPF delay)
218            // request a new pixel now.
220            if (waiting_for_write < 5) begin
                request_pixel <= 1;
            end else begin
                request_pixel <= 0;
            end
224

226            pt_x <= (i_c_x >> 30);
228            pt_y <= (i_c_y >> 30);
            pt_wr <= 1;

            // increment iterators
            i_c_x <= i_c_x + delta_c_x;
            i_c_y <= i_c_y + delta_c_y;
            o_x <= o_x + 1;
234
            // we are getting close to the end of this line. begin calculating the
            // next lines deltas and distances.
236            if (o_x == 500) begin
                // start dividers
                divisor_a <= 640;
                divisor_b <= 640;

                dividend_a <= ((i_b_x + delta_b_x) - (i_a_x + delta_a_x));
                dividend_b <= ((i_b_y + delta_b_y) - (i_a_y + delta_a_y));

                startdivs <= 1;
244
            end else startdivs <= 0;
246
248            // the end of the line
250            if (o_x == 639 && o_y < 479) begin
                // increment iterators
                o_y <= o_y + 1;
                i_a_x <= i_a_x + delta_a_x;
                i_a_y <= i_a_y + delta_a_y;
254

```

```

256     i_b_x <= i_b_x + delta_b_x;
257     i_b_y <= i_b_y + delta_b_y;

258     // reset I_C to the new location of I_A
259     i_c_x <= i_a_x + delta_a_x;
260     i_c_y <= i_a_y + delta_a_y;

262     // update the deltas
263     delta_c_x <= delta_c_x_next;
264     delta_c_y <= delta_c_y_next;

266     // reset o_x
267     o_x <= 0;
268 end

270     // the end of the frame
271 if ((o_x == 639 && o_y == 479)) begin
272     // reset the iterator variables
273     o_x <= 0;
274     o_y <= 0;

276     // the other iterators will be reset when new corners arrive

278     // go back to waiting
279     state <= WAIT_FOR_CORNERS;
280     pt_wr <= 0;
281     request_pixel <= 0;

282 end
283 else begin // if (ptflag)
284     if (pixel_flag) begin
285         waiting_for_write <= waiting_for_write + 1; // set a flag
286     end

288     request_pixel <= 0; // memory-interface is delayed, we do not
289     // want to deal with new pixels right now

292     pt_wr <= 0;
293 end
294 else pt_wr <= 0; // if (pixel_flag || (waiting_for_write > 0))

296     // if the divider is done
297 if (rfd_a & rfd_b) begin
298     // save deltas
299     delta_c_x_next <= quotient_a;
300     delta_c_y_next <= quotient_b;
301 end

304     // reset iterators when a new frame arrives
305 if (frame_flag) begin
306     state <= WAIT_FOR_CORNERS;

```

```

308     pt_wr <= 0;
309     o_x <= 0;
310     o_y <= 0;
311   end
312
313   end // case: WAIT_FOR_PIXEL
314
315   endcase // case (state)
316 end // always @ (posedge clk)
endmodule // projective_transform
317
318
319 // The shift18 module provides a 18x16 shift register, to buffer pixel data
320 // that arrives from LPF. The length input selects how long the shift register is,
321 // i.e., what flip flop creates the output.
322 module shift18(input [17:0] din,
323                  input [3:0] length,
324                  output [17:0] dout,
325                  input clock,
326                  input ce);
327
328   SRL16E s1 (.CLK(clock), .CE(ce), .D(din[0]),
329               .A0(length[0]), .A1(length[1]),
330               .A2(length[2]), .A3(length[3]),
331               .Q(dout[0]));
332   SRL16E s2 (.CLK(clock), .CE(ce), .D(din[1]),
333               .A0(length[0]), .A1(length[1]),
334               .A2(length[2]), .A3(length[3]),
335               .Q(dout[1]));
336   SRL16E s3 (.CLK(clock), .CE(ce), .D(din[2]),
337               .A0(length[0]), .A1(length[1]),
338               .A2(length[2]), .A3(length[3]),
339               .Q(dout[2]));
340   SRL16E s4 (.CLK(clock), .CE(ce), .D(din[3]),
341               .A0(length[0]), .A1(length[1]),
342               .A2(length[2]), .A3(length[3]),
343               .Q(dout[3]));
344   SRL16E s5 (.CLK(clock), .CE(ce), .D(din[4]),
345               .A0(length[0]), .A1(length[1]),
346               .A2(length[2]), .A3(length[3]),
347               .Q(dout[4]));
348   SRL16E s6 (.CLK(clock), .CE(ce), .D(din[5]),
349               .A0(length[0]), .A1(length[1]),
350               .A2(length[2]), .A3(length[3]),
351               .Q(dout[5]));
352   SRL16E s7 (.CLK(clock), .CE(ce), .D(din[6]),
353               .A0(length[0]), .A1(length[1]),
354               .A2(length[2]), .A3(length[3]),
355               .Q(dout[6]));
356   SRL16E s8 (.CLK(clock), .CE(ce), .D(din[7]),
357               .A0(length[0]), .A1(length[1]),
358

```

```

360           .A2(length[2]), .A3(length[3]),
361           .Q(dout[7]));
362 SRL16E s9 (.CLK(clock), .CE(ce), .D(din[8]),
363             .A0(length[0]), .A1(length[1]),
364             .A2(length[2]), .A3(length[3]),
365             .Q(dout[8]));
366 SRL16E s10 (.CLK(clock), .CE(ce), .D(din[9]),
367               .A0(length[0]), .A1(length[1]),
368               .A2(length[2]), .A3(length[3]),
369               .Q(dout[9]));
370 SRL16E s11 (.CLK(clock), .CE(ce), .D(din[10]),
371               .A0(length[0]), .A1(length[1]),
372               .A2(length[2]), .A3(length[3]),
373               .Q(dout[10]));
374 SRL16E s12 (.CLK(clock), .CE(ce), .D(din[11]),
375               .A0(length[0]), .A1(length[1]),
376               .A2(length[2]), .A3(length[3]),
377               .Q(dout[11]));
378 SRL16E s13 (.CLK(clock), .CE(ce), .D(din[12]),
379               .A0(length[0]), .A1(length[1]),
380               .A2(length[2]), .A3(length[3]),
381               .Q(dout[12]));
382 SRL16E s14 (.CLK(clock), .CE(ce), .D(din[13]),
383               .A0(length[0]), .A1(length[1]),
384               .A2(length[2]), .A3(length[3]),
385               .Q(dout[13]));
386 SRL16E s15 (.CLK(clock), .CE(ce), .D(din[14]),
387               .A0(length[0]), .A1(length[1]),
388               .A2(length[2]), .A3(length[3]),
389               .Q(dout[14]));
390 SRL16E s16 (.CLK(clock), .CE(ce), .D(din[15]),
391               .A0(length[0]), .A1(length[1]),
392               .A2(length[2]), .A3(length[3]),
393               .Q(dout[15]));
394 SRL16E s17 (.CLK(clock), .CE(ce), .D(din[16]),
395               .A0(length[0]), .A1(length[1]),
396               .A2(length[2]), .A3(length[3]),
397               .Q(dout[16]));
398 SRL16E s18 (.CLK(clock), .CE(ce), .D(din[17]),
399               .A0(length[0]), .A1(length[1]),
400               .A2(length[2]), .A3(length[3]),
401               .Q(dout[17]));
402
403 endmodule // shift18

```

A.6.1 projective_transform_testbench.v

```

`timescale 1ns / 100ps
2
module projective_transform_test();
4   // registers and wires for connection to the PT module

```

```

6      reg clk ;
7      reg frame_flag ;
8      reg [17:0] pixel ;
9          pixel_flag ;
10     reg [9:0] a_x ;
11     reg [8:0] a_y ;
12     reg [9:0] b_x ;
13     reg [8:0] b_y ;
14     reg [9:0] c_x ;
15     reg [8:0] c_y ;
16     reg [9:0] d_x ;
17     reg [8:0] d_y ;
18     reg ptflag ;
19     reg cf ;

20    wire [17:0] pixel_output ;
21    wire [9:0] new_x ;
22    wire [8:0] new_y ;
23    wire wr ;
24    wire request_pixel ;

26    // instantiate the projective_transform module
27    projective_transform pt(.clk(clk), .frame_flag(frame_flag), .pixel(pixel),
28                           .pixel_flag(pixel_flag), .a_x(a_x), .a_y(a_y), .b_x(b_x),
29                           .b_y(b_y), .c_x(c_x), .c_y(c_y), .d_x(d_x), .d_y(d_y),
30                           .corners_flag(cf),
31                           .ptflag(ptflag), .pt_pixel_write(pixel_output),
32                           .pt_x(new_x), .pt_y(new_y), .pt_wr(wr),
33                           .request_pixel(request_pixel)) ;

34    integer fin , fout , code ;

36    initial begin
37        // open a file that contains a 640x480 image, stored linearly .
38        // it really contains :
39        // [0] [1] [2] [3] .... [639]
40        // [640][641][642][643] .... [1279]
41        //
42        // [44576] ..... [45055] (it has wrapped around after getting
43        // to 2^17, but it still linearly
44        // incrementing)
45        fin = $fopen("sample_image.image","r") ;

46        // create a file for output. this will contain the coordinates and pixel value
47        // of each processed input pixel. this file can be read by MATLAB and displayed
48        // to ensure that projective_transform is operating correctly .
49        fout = $fopen("sample_output.image","w") ;

52        if (fin == 0 || fout == 0) begin
53            $display("Can't open file .");
54            $stop ;
55        end

```

```

56      // set register default values
58      clk = 0;
59      frame_flag = 0;
60      pixel_flag = 0;
61      ptflag = 1;
62
63      #1000;
64
65      // send some made up frame values
66      a_x = 0;
67      a_y = 0;
68
69      b_x = 300;
70      b_y = 100;
71
72      c_x = 250;
73      c_y = 150;
74
75      d_x = 50;
76      d_y = 200;
77
78      #20;
79      // set a frame flag
80      frame_flag = 1;
81      cf = 1;
82
83  end // initial begin
84
85  // generate a 50 Mhz clock
86  always #10 clk = ~clk;
87
88  always @(posedge clk) begin
89      frame_flag <= 0;
90      cf <=0;
91
92      if (request_pixel) begin
93          code = $fscanf(fin , "%d" , pixel);
94          pixel_flag = 1;
95
96          if (code != 1) begin
97              $fclose(fout);
98              $stop;
99          end
100     end else begin
101         pixel_flag = 0;
102     end
103
104    if (wr) begin
105        $fdisplay(fout , "%d,%d,%d" , new_x, new_y, pixel_output);
106    end
107
108  end

```

108 | **endmodule** // projective_transform_test

A.7 divider.v

```

1 // The divider module divides one number by another. It
2 // produces a signal named "ready" when the quotient output
3 // is ready, and takes a signal named "start" to indicate
4 // the the input dividend and divider is ready.
5 //     sign == 0 for unsigned, 1 for twos complement
6
7 // It uses a simple restoring divide algorithm.
8 // http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Division_(digital)#Restoring_division
9 module divider #(parameter WIDTH = 8) (ready, start, quotient,
11                                         remainder, dividend,
12                                         divider, sign, clk);
13
14     input          clk;
15     input          sign;
16     input          start;
17     input [WIDTH-1:0] dividend, divider;
18     output [WIDTH-1:0] quotient, remainder;
19     output          ready;
20
21     reg [WIDTH-1:0]   quotient, quotient_temp;
22     reg [WIDTH*2-1:0] dividend_copy, divider_copy, diff;
23     reg              negative_output;
24
25     wire [WIDTH-1:0] remainder = (!negative_output) ?
26             dividend_copy[31:0] :
27             ~dividend_copy[31:0] + 1'b1;
28
29     reg [7:0]          bit;
30     reg               del_ready = 1;
31     wire              ready = (!bit) & ~del_ready;
32
33     wire [WIDTH-2:0]   zeros = 0;
34     initial bit = 0;
35     initial negative_output = 0;
36
37     always @(*(posedge clk)) begin
38         del_ready <= !bit;
39         if( start ) begin
40
41             bit = WIDTH;
42             quotient = 0;
43             quotient_temp = 0;
44             dividend_copy = (!sign || !dividend[WIDTH-1]) ?
45                             {1'b0, zeros, dividend} :
46                             {1'b0, zeros, ~dividend + 1'b1};
47
48         end
49     end
50
51 endmodule

```

```

47     divider_copy = (! sign || ! divider [WIDTH-1]) ?
48         {1'b0, divider ,zeros} :
49         {1'b0,~ divider + 1'b1,zeros};

51     negative_output = sign &&
52         ((divider [WIDTH-1] && ! dividend [WIDTH-1])
53          || (! divider [WIDTH-1] && dividend [WIDTH-1]));

55 end
56 else if ( bit > 0 ) begin
57
58     diff = dividend_copy - divider_copy;
59
60     quotient_temp = quotient_temp << 1;
61
62     if( ! diff [WIDTH*2-1] ) begin
63
64         dividend_copy = diff;
65         quotient_temp [0] = 1'd1;
66
67     end
68
69     quotient = (! negative_output) ?
70         quotient_temp :
71         ~quotient_temp + 1'b1;
72
73     divider_copy = divider_copy >> 1;
74     bit = bit - 1'b1;
75
76 end
77 end
78 endmodule

```

A.8 clock_gen.v

```

1 `default_nettype none
2
3 module clock_gen(
4     input reset_button ,
5     input clock_27mhz ,
6     input clock_feedback_in ,
7     output clock_feedback_out ,
8     output clock_50mhz ,
9     output clock_50mhz_90 ,
10    output clock_50mhz_270 ,
11    output clock_25mhz ,
12    output ram0_clk ,
13    output ram1_clk ,
14    output locked_ram ,
15    output locked_25mhz
16 );

```

```

17    wire reset_dcm;
18    debounce db_reset(.clock(clock_27mhz), .noisy(~reset_button), .clean(reset_dcm));

21    // generate 50 mhz clock
22    wire clock_50mhz_unbuf, clock_50mhz_buf;
23    DCM vclk1 (.CLKIN(clock_27mhz), .CLKFX(clock_50mhz_unbuf), .RST(reset_dcm));
24    // synthesis attribute CLKFX_DIVIDE of vclk1 is 15
25    // synthesis attribute CLKFX_MULTIPLY of vclk1 is 28
26    // synthesis attribute CLK_FEEDBACK of vclk1 is "NONE"
27    // synthesis attribute CLKIN_PERIOD of vclk1 is 37
28    BUFG vclk2 (.O(clock_50mhz_buf), .I(clock_50mhz_unbuf));

29
30    ramclock rc(.ref_clock(clock_50mhz_buf), .fpga_clock(clock_50mhz), .fpga_clock_d2(
31        clock_25mhz),
32        .fpga_clock_90(clock_50mhz_90), .fpga_clock_270(clock_50mhz_270),
33        .ram0_clock(ram0_clk), .ram1_clock(ram1_clk),
34        .clock_feedback_in(clock_feedback_in), .clock_feedback_out(
35            clock_feedback_out),
36        .locked(locked_ram));
37
38    assign locked_25mhz = locked_ram;
39 endmodule
40
41 // ramclock module
42 ///////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////
43 // 6.111 FPGA Labkit --- ZBT RAM clock generation
44 //
45 // Created: April 27, 2004
46 // Author: Nathan Ickes
47 //
48 ///////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////
49 //
50 // This module generates deskewed clocks for driving the ZBT SRAMs and FPGA
51 // registers. A special feedback trace on the labkit PCB (which is length
52 // matched to the RAM traces) is used to adjust the RAM clock phase so that
53 // rising clock edges reach the RAMs at exactly the same time as rising clock
54 // edges reach the registers in the FPGA.
55 //
56 // The RAM clock signals are driven by DDR output buffers, which further
57 // ensures that the clock-to-pad delay is the same for the RAM clocks as it is
58 // for any other registered RAM signal.
59 //
60 // When the FPGA is configured, the DCMs are enabled before the chip-level I/O
61 // drivers are released from tristate. It is therefore necessary to
62 // artificially hold the DCMs in reset for a few cycles after configuration.
63 // This is done using a 16-bit shift register. When the DCMs have locked, the
64 // <lock> output of this module will go high. Until the DCMs are locked, the
65 // output clock timings are not guaranteed, so any logic driven by the

```

```

// <fpga_clock> should probably be held inreset until <locked> is high.
67 //
68 //////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////
69
70 module ramclock( ref_clock , fpga_clock , fpga_clock_d2 , fpga_clock_90 , fpga_clock_270 ,
71   ram0_clock , ram1_clock ,
72     clock_feedback_in , clock_feedback_out , locked );
73
74   input ref_clock;           // Reference clock input
75   output fpga_clock;        // Output clock to drive FPGA logic
76   output fpga_clock_d2;
77   output fpga_clock_90;
78     output fpga_clock_270;
79   output ram0_clock , ram1_clock; // Output clocks for each RAM chip
80   input clock_feedback_in;    // Output to feedback trace
81   output clock_feedback_out;  // Input from feedback trace
82   output locked;           // Indicates that clock outputs are stable
83
84   wire ref_clk , fpga_clk , fpga_clk_d2 , fpga_clk_90 , fpga_clk_270 , ram_clk , fb_clk , lock1 ,
85   lock2 , dcm_reset , ram_clock;
86
87 //////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////
88
89   // IBUFG ref_buf (.O(ref_clk) , .I(ref_clock));
90   assign ref_clk = ref_clock;
91
92   BUFG int_buf (.O(fpga_clock) , .I(fpga_clk));
93   BUFG int_buf_d2 (.O(fpga_clock_d2) , .I(fpga_clk_d2));
94   BUFG int_buf_inv (.O(fpga_clock_90) , .I(fpga_clk_90));
95   BUFG int_buf_270 (.O(fpga_clock_270) , .I(fpga_clk_270));
96
97   DCM int_dcm (.CLKFB(fpga_clock) ,
98     .CLKIN(ref_clk) ,
99     .RST(dcm_reset) ,
100    .CLK0(fpga_clk) ,
101    .CLKDV(fpga_clk_d2) ,
102    .CLK90(fpga_clk_90) ,
103    .CLK180(fpga_clk_270) ,
104    .LOCKED(lock1));
105
106   // synthesis attribute DLL_FREQUENCY_MODE of int_dcm is "LOW"
107   // synthesis attribute DUTY_CYCLE_CORRECTION of int_dcm is "TRUE"
108   // synthesis attribute STARTUP_WAIT of int_dcm is "FALSE"
109   // synthesis attribute DFS_FREQUENCY_MODE of int_dcm is "LOW"
110   // synthesis attribute CLK_FEEDBACK of int_dcm is "1X"
111   // synthesis attribute CLKOUT_PHASE_SHIFT of int_dcm is "FIXED"
112   // synthesis attribute PHASE_SHIFT of int_dcm is 0
113   // synthesis attribute CLKDV_DIVIDE of int_dcm is 2
114
115   BUFG ext_buf (.O(ram_clock) , .I(ram_clk));
116
117   IBUFG fb_buf (.O(fb_clk) , .I(clock_feedback_in));
118
119 
```

```

117 DCM ext_dcm (.CLKFB(fb_clk) ,
118     .CLKIN(ref_clk) ,
119     .RST(dcm_reset) ,
120     .CLK0(ram_clk) ,
121     .LOCKED(lock2));
122 // synthesis attribute DLL_FREQUENCY_MODE of ext_dcm is "LOW"
123 // synthesis attribute DUTY_CYCLE_CORRECTION of ext_dcm is "TRUE"
124 // synthesis attribute STARTUP_WAIT of ext_dcm is "FALSE"
125 // synthesis attribute DFS_FREQUENCY_MODE of ext_dcm is "LOW"
126 // synthesis attribute CLK_FEEDBACK of ext_dcm is "1X"
127 // synthesis attribute CLKOUT_PHASE_SHIFT of ext_dcm is "NONE"
128 // synthesis attribute PHASE_SHIFT of ext_dcm is 0
129
130 SRL16 dcm_rst_sr (.D(1'b0) , .CLK(ref_clk) , .Q(dcm_reset) ,
131     .A0(1'b1) , .A1(1'b1) , .A2(1'b1) , .A3(1'b1));
132 // synthesis attribute init of dcm_rst_sr is "000F";
133
134
135 OFDDRSE ddr_reg0 (.Q(ram0_clock) , .C0(ram_clock) , .C1(~ram_clock) ,
136     .CE (1'b1) , .D0(1'b1) , .D1(1'b0) , .R(1'b0) , .S(1'b0));
137 OFDDRSE ddr_reg1 (.Q(ram1_clock) , .C0(ram_clock) , .C1(~ram_clock) ,
138     .CE (1'b1) , .D0(1'b1) , .D1(1'b0) , .R(1'b0) , .S(1'b0));
139 OFDDRSE ddr_reg2 (.Q(clock_feedback_out) , .C0(ram_clock) , .C1(~ram_clock) ,
140     .CE (1'b1) , .D0(1'b1) , .D1(1'b0) , .R(1'b0) , .S(1'b0));
141
142 assign locked = lock1 && lock2;
143

```

A.9 vga_write.v

```

1 `include "params.v"
2 `default_nettype none
3
4 module stupid_vga_write
5     (
6         // STANDARD INPUTS
7         input clock ,
8         input vclock ,
9         input reset ,
10        input frame_flag ,
11        // MEMORY_INTERFACE
12        input [LOG_MEM-1:0] vga_pixel ,
13        input done_vga ,
14        output reg vga_flag ,
15        // VGA
16        output reg [7:0] vga_out_red ,
17        output reg [7:0] vga_out_green ,
18        output reg [7:0] vga_out_blue ,
19        output vga_out_sync_b ,
20        output reg vga_out_blank_b ,

```

```

21      output vga_out_pixel_clock ,
22      output reg vga_out_hsync ,
23      output reg vga_out_vsync ,
24      // ADDRESSING
25      output reg [LOG_HCOUNT-1:0] clocked_hcount ,
26      output reg ['LOG_VCOUNT-1:0] clocked_vcount ,
27
28      input [9:0] a_x , b_x , c_x , d_x ,
29      input [8:0] a_y , b_y , c_y , d_y ,
30
31      output reg vga_will_request ,
32
33      input enable_xhairs
34  );
35
36      // generate hcount , vcount , syncs , and blank
37      wire ['LOG_HCOUNT-1:0] hcount ;
38      wire ['LOG_VCOUNT-1:0] vcount ;
39      wire hsync , vsync , blank ;
40      stupid_xvga xvga1(
41          .vclock(vclock) , .reset(reset) , .hcount(hcount) ,
42          .vcount(vcount) , .vsync(vsync) , .hsync(hsync) , .blank(blank));
43
44      // account for delay in memory
45      wire [9:0] del_hcount ;
46      wire [9:0] del_vcount ;
47      wire del_vsync , del_hsync , del_blank ;
48      parameter DELAY=2;
49      delay2 #(LOG(10)) dhc(.clock(vclock) , .reset(reset) , .x(hcount) , .y(del_hcount));
50      delay2 #(LOG(10)) dvc(.clock(vclock) , .reset(reset) , .x(vcount) , .y(del_vcount));
51      delay2 #(LOG(1)) dhs(.clock(vclock) , .reset(reset) , .x(hsync) , .y(del_hsync));
52      delay2 #(LOG(1)) dvs(.clock(vclock) , .reset(reset) , .x(vsync) , .y(del_vsync));
53      delay2 #(LOG(1)) db(.clock(vclock) , .reset(reset) , .x(blank) , .y(del_blank));
54
55      // assign color based on pixel fetched from memory
56      wire [7:0] r ;
57      wire [7:0] g ;
58      wire [7:0] b ;
59      reg [35:0] pixel ;
60      ycrcb_lut ycc(
61          .clock(vclock) ,
62          .ycrcb(del_hcount[0] ? pixel[35:18] : pixel[17:0]) ,
63          .r(r) , .g(g) , .b(b));
64
65      reg [1:0] count ;
66      always @(posedge clock) begin
67          // start count when both clock and vclock are rising (in sync)
68          if (count != 2'd0) count <= count+1;
69          else if (!vclock && hcount[0]) count <= 1;
70          else count <= 2'd0;
71
72          // grab pixel right before it changes

```

```

73      if (count == 2'd3) pixel <= vga_pixel;
    else pixel <= pixel;

75      // assign address of next pixel
77      // generate vga_flag 1 out of every 4 clock cycles
78      if (count == 2'd2) begin
79          vga_flag <= 1;
80          clocked_hcount[9:0] <= hcount[9:0];
81          clocked_vcount[9:0] <= vcount[9:0];
82      end
83      else begin
84          vga_flag <= 0;
85          clocked_hcount[9:0] <= clocked_hcount[9:0];
86          clocked_vcount[9:0] <= clocked_vcount[9:0];
87      end
88
89      vga_will_request <= (count == 2'd2);
90  end

91      // pipeline crosshair calculations
92      reg [3:0] pre_crosshairs;
93      reg [3:0] crosshairs;
94      always @(posedge vclock) begin
95          pre_crosshairs[0] <= enable_xhairs & (del_hcount == a_x | del_vcount == a_y)
96              ;
97          pre_crosshairs[1] <= enable_xhairs & (del_hcount == b_x | del_vcount == b_y)
98              ;
99          pre_crosshairs[2] <= enable_xhairs & (del_hcount == c_x | del_vcount == c_y)
100             ;
101         pre_crosshairs[3] <= enable_xhairs & (del_hcount == d_x | del_vcount == d_y)
102             ;
103         crosshairs <= pre_crosshairs;
104     end

105     // delay blank, hsync, vsync to account for r,g,b 2 cycle delay
106     wire out_hsync;
107     wire out_vsync;
108     wire out_blank;
109     delay2 #(LOG(1)) dhs0(.clock(vclock), .reset(reset), .x(del_hsync), .y(out_hsync));
110     delay2 #(LOG(1)) dvso(.clock(vclock), .reset(reset), .x(del_vsync), .y(out_vsync));
111     delay2 #(LOG(1)) dbo(.clock(vclock), .reset(reset), .x(del_blank), .y(out_blank));

112     // assign outputs to VGA chip
113     always @(posedge vclock) begin
114         if (out_blank) begin
115             vga_out_red[7:0] <= 8'd0;
116             vga_out_green[7:0] <= 8'd0;
117             vga_out_blue[7:0] <= 8'd0;
118         end else if (crosshairs[0]) begin
119             vga_out_red[7:0] <= 8'hFF;
120             vga_out_green[7:0] <= 8'h00;
121             vga_out_blue[7:0] <= 8'hFF;

```

```

121      end else if (crosshairs[1]) begin
122          vga_out_red[7:0] <= 8'hFF;
123          vga_out_green[7:0] <= 8'hFF;
124          vga_out_blue[7:0] <= 8'h00;
125      end else if (crosshairs[2]) begin
126          vga_out_red[7:0] <= 8'h00;
127          vga_out_green[7:0] <= 8'hFF;
128          vga_out_blue[7:0] <= 8'hFF;
129      end else if (crosshairs[3]) begin
130          vga_out_red[7:0] <= 8'hFF;
131          vga_out_green[7:0] <= 8'h00;
132          vga_out_blue[7:0] <= 8'h00;
133      end else begin
134          vga_out_red[7:0] <= r[7:0];
135          vga_out_green[7:0] <= g[7:0];
136          vga_out_blue[7:0] <= b[7:0];
137      end
138
139      vga_out_blank_b <= ~out_blank;
140      vga_out_hsync <= out_hsync;
141      vga_out_vsync <= out_vsync;
142  end
143 /*
144 // generate video clock
145 wire vga_out_pixel_clk;
146 wire lock_vga;
147 BUFG bufgv1 (.O(vga_out_pixel_clock), .I(vga_out_pixel_clk));
148 DCM vga_dcm (
149     .CLKIN(vclock),
150     .CLK180(vga_out_pixel_clk),
151     .LOCKED(lock_vga));
152
153 // synthesis attribute DLL_FREQUENCY_MODE of vga_dcm is "LOW"
154 // synthesis attribute DUTY_CYCLE_CORRECTION of vga_dcm is "TRUE"
155 // synthesis attribute STARTUP_WAIT of vga_dcm is "FALSE"
156 // synthesis attribute DFS_FREQUENCY_MODE of vga_dcm is "LOW"
157 // synthesis attribute CLK_FEEDBACK of vga_dcm is "NONE"
158 // synthesis attribute CLKOUT_PHASE_SHIFT of vga_dcm is "NONE"
159 // synthesis attribute PHASE_SHIFT of vga_dcm is 0
160 */
161 assign vga_out_pixel_clock = ~vclock;
162 assign vga_out_sync_b = 1'b1;
endmodule
163
164 //////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////
165 //
166 // xvga: Generate XVGA display signals (640 x 480 @ 60Hz)
167 //
168 //////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////
169 module stupid_xvga
170 (
    input vclock,
    input reset,

```

```

173     input frame_flag ,
174     output reg [LOG.HCOUNT-1:0] hcount, // pixel number on current line
175     output reg [LOG.VCOUNT-1:0] vcount, // line number
176     output reg vsync, hsync, blank
177   );
178
179   // horizontal: 800 pixels total
180   // display 640 pixels per line
181   reg hblank, vblank;
182   wire hsynccon, hsyncoff, hreset, hblankon;
183   assign hblankon = (hcount == 'VGA_HBLANKON);
184   assign hsynccon = (hcount == 'VGA_HSYNCON); // activated at end of front porch
185   assign hsyncoff = (hcount == 'VGA_HSYNCOFF); // activated at end of sync interval
186   assign hreset = (hcount == 'VGA_HRESET); // activated at end of
187   // vertical: 524 lines total
188   // display 480 lines
189   wire vsynccon, vsyncoff, vreset, vblankon;
190   assign vblankon = hreset & (vcount == 'VGA_VBLANKON);
191   assign vsynccon = hreset & (vcount == 'VGA_VSYNCON);
192   assign vsyncoff = hreset & (vcount == 'VGA_VSYNCOFF);
193   assign vreset = hreset & (vcount == 'VGA_VRESET);
194   // sync and blanking
195   wire next_hblank, next_vblank;
196   assign next_hblank = hreset ? 0 : hblankon ? 1 : hblank;
197   assign next_vblank = vreset ? 0 : vblankon ? 1 : vblank;
198
199   always @(posedge vclock) begin
200     // TODO: revise this section
201     // is it necessary?
202     if (reset) begin
203       hcount <= 0;
204       hblank <= 0;
205       hsync <= 1;
206
207       vcount <= 0;
208       vblank <= 0;
209       vsync <= 1;
210
211       blank <= 0;
212     end
213     else begin
214       hcount <= hreset ? 0 : hcount + 1;
215       hblank <= next_hblank;
216       hsync <= hsynccon ? 0 : hsyncoff ? 1 : hsync; // active low
217
218       vcount <= hreset ? (vreset ? 0 : vcount + 1) : vcount;
219       vblank <= next_vblank;
220       vsync <= vsynccon ? 0 : vsyncoff ? 1 : vsync; // active low
221
222       blank <= next_vblank | (next_hblank & ~hreset);
223     end
224   end

```

```

225 endmodule

227 module delay2 #(parameter LOG=1)
228   (
229     input clock ,
230     input reset ,
231     input [LOG-1:0] x ,
232     output reg [LOG-1:0] y
233   );
234
235   reg [LOG-1:0] d ;
236
237   always @(posedge clock) begin
238     if(reset) begin
239       d <= 0;
240       y <= 0;
241     end
242     else begin
243       d <= x;
244       y <= d;
245     end
246   end
247 endmodule

249 module delay #(parameter N=3, LOG=1)
250   (
251     input clock ,
252     input reset ,
253     input [LOG-1:0] x ,
254     output reg [LOG-1:0] y
255   );
256
257   reg [(N-1)*LOG-1:0] d ;
258
259   always @(posedge clock) begin
260     if (reset) begin
261       d <= 0;
262       y <= 0;
263     end
264     else begin
265       d[LOG-1:0] <= x[LOG-1:0];
266       d[(N-1)*LOG-1:LOG] <= d[(N-2)*LOG-1:0];
267       y[LOG-1:0] <= d[(N-1)*LOG-1:(N-2)*LOG];
268     end
269   end
270 endmodule

```

A.10 ycbcr2rgb.v

```

`default_nettype none
2

```

```

// converts YCrCb to RGB
4 module ycbcr2rgb
(
    input clock ,
    input reset ,
    input [7:0] y,
    input [7:0] cb ,
    input [7:0] cr ,
    output reg [7:0] r ,
    output reg [7:0] g ,
    output reg [7:0] b
);
14

16     reg signed [8:0] y_fixed , cb_fixed , cr_fixed ;

18 // fix y, cb, cr values, to ensure that they're in valid ranges
always @(*) begin
    if (y < 8'd16) y_fixed [8:0] = 9'sd16;
    else if (y > 8'd235) y_fixed [8:0] = 9'sd235;
    else y_fixed [8:0] = {1'b0, y};

    if (cb < 8'd16) cb_fixed [8:0] = 9'sd16;
    else if (cb > 8'd235) cb_fixed [8:0] = 9'sd235;
    else cb_fixed [8:0] = {1'b0, cb};

    if (cr < 8'd16) cr_fixed [8:0] = 9'sd16;
    else if (cr > 8'd235) cr_fixed [8:0] = 9'sd235;
    else cr_fixed [8:0] = {1'b0, cr};
end
32

// constants used in multiplication (*2^11)
34 parameter RGB_Y = 14'sd2383; // 1.164

36 parameter R_CR = 14'sd3269; // 1.596
parameter G_CR = 14'sd1665; // 0.813
38
parameter G_CB = 14'sd803; // 0.392
parameter B_CB = 14'sd4131; // 2.017

42 // outputs of multiplications bitwidth=14+9+1 due to possible overflow
reg signed [23:0] R_scaled;
reg signed [23:0] G_scaled;
reg signed [23:0] B_scaled;

46 reg signed [9:0] R_signed;
reg signed [9:0] G_signed;
reg signed [9:0] B_signed;

50 always @(*) begin
    // transformation
    R_scaled = RGB_Y*(y_fixed - 9'sd16) + R_CR*(cr_fixed - 9'sd128);

```

```

54     G_scaled = RGB.Y*(y_fixed - 9'sd16) - G.CR*(cr_fixed - 9'sd128) - G.CB*(cb_fixed
      - 9'sd128);
55     B_scaled = RGB.Y*(y_fixed - 9'sd16) + B.CB*(cb_fixed - 9'sd128);
56
57     // scaling down
58     R_signed = R_scaled >>> 11;
59     G_signed = G_scaled >>> 11;
60     B_signed = B_scaled >>> 11;
61   end
62
63   always @(posedge clock) begin
64     // saturation and assignment
65     if (reset || R_signed < 0) r <= 8'd0;
66     else if (R_signed > 255) r <= 8'd255;
67     else r <= R_signed[7:0];
68
69     if (reset || G_signed < 0) g <= 8'd0;
70     else if (G_signed > 255) g <= 8'd255;
71     else g <= G_signed[7:0];
72
73     if (reset || B_signed < 0) b <= 8'd0;
74     else if (B_signed > 255) b <= 8'd255;
75     else b <= B_signed[7:0];
76   end
77 endmodule
78
79 // 2 cycle delay
80 module ycrcb_lut(
81   input  clock ,
82   input [17:0] ycrcb ,
83   output reg [7:0] r ,
84   output reg [7:0] g ,
85   output reg [7:0] b
86 );
87
88   wire [7:0] y;
89   wire [4:0] cr;
90   wire [4:0] cb;
91
92   assign y = ycrcb[17:10];
93   assign cr = ycrcb[9:5];
94   assign cb = ycrcb[4:0];
95
96   reg signed [9:0] rgb_y;
97   reg signed [9:0] r_cr;
98   reg signed [9:0] g_cr;
99   reg signed [9:0] g_cb;
100  reg signed [9:0] b_cb;
101
102  reg signed [10:0] r_big;
103  reg signed [10:0] g_big;
104  reg signed [10:0] b_big;

```

```

106    always @(posedge clock) begin
107        r_big <= rgb_y + r_cr;
108        g_big <= rgb_y - g_cr - g_cb;
109        b_big <= rgb_y + b_cb;
110
111        if (r_big < 0) r <= 8'd0;
112        else if (r_big > 255) r <= 8'd255;
113        else r <= r_big[7:0];
114
115        if (g_big < 0) g <= 8'd0;
116        else if (g_big > 255) g <= 8'd255;
117        else g <= g_big[7:0];
118
119        if (b_big < 0) b <= 8'd0;
120        else if (b_big > 255) b <= 8'd255;
121        else b <= b_big[7:0];
122    end
123
124    always @(*) begin
125        case (y)
126            8'd0:  rgb_y = 10'sd0;
127            8'd1:  rgb_y = 10'sd0;
128            8'd2:  rgb_y = 10'sd0;
129            8'd3:  rgb_y = 10'sd0;
130            8'd4:  rgb_y = 10'sd0;
131            8'd5:  rgb_y = 10'sd0;
132            8'd6:  rgb_y = 10'sd0;
133            8'd7:  rgb_y = 10'sd0;
134            8'd8:  rgb_y = 10'sd0;
135            8'd9:  rgb_y = 10'sd0;
136            8'd10:  rgb_y = 10'sd0;
137            8'd11:  rgb_y = 10'sd0;
138            8'd12:  rgb_y = 10'sd0;
139            8'd13:  rgb_y = 10'sd0;
140            8'd14:  rgb_y = 10'sd0;
141            8'd15:  rgb_y = 10'sd0;
142            8'd16:  rgb_y = 10'sd0;
143            8'd17:  rgb_y = 10'sd1;
144            8'd18:  rgb_y = 10'sd2;
145            8'd19:  rgb_y = 10'sd3;
146            8'd20:  rgb_y = 10'sd5;
147            8'd21:  rgb_y = 10'sd6;
148            8'd22:  rgb_y = 10'sd7;
149            8'd23:  rgb_y = 10'sd8;
150            8'd24:  rgb_y = 10'sd9;
151            8'd25:  rgb_y = 10'sd10;
152            8'd26:  rgb_y = 10'sd12;
153            8'd27:  rgb_y = 10'sd13;
154            8'd28:  rgb_y = 10'sd14;
155            8'd29:  rgb_y = 10'sd15;
156            8'd30:  rgb_y = 10'sd16;

```

```

158      8'd31: rgb_y = 10'sd17;
160      8'd32: rgb_y = 10'sd19;
162      8'd33: rgb_y = 10'sd20;
164      8'd34: rgb_y = 10'sd21;
166      8'd35: rgb_y = 10'sd22;
168      8'd36: rgb_y = 10'sd23;
170      8'd37: rgb_y = 10'sd24;
172      8'd38: rgb_y = 10'sd26;
174      8'd39: rgb_y = 10'sd27;
176      8'd40: rgb_y = 10'sd28;
178      8'd41: rgb_y = 10'sd29;
180      8'd42: rgb_y = 10'sd30;
182      8'd43: rgb_y = 10'sd31;
184      8'd44: rgb_y = 10'sd33;
186      8'd45: rgb_y = 10'sd34;
188      8'd46: rgb_y = 10'sd35;
190      8'd47: rgb_y = 10'sd36;
192      8'd48: rgb_y = 10'sd37;
194      8'd49: rgb_y = 10'sd38;
196      8'd50: rgb_y = 10'sd40;
198      8'd51: rgb_y = 10'sd41;
200      8'd52: rgb_y = 10'sd42;
202      8'd53: rgb_y = 10'sd43;
204      8'd54: rgb_y = 10'sd44;
206      8'd55: rgb_y = 10'sd45;
208      8'd56: rgb_y = 10'sd47;

```

```

210      8'd83: rgb_y = 10'sd78;
211      8'd84: rgb_y = 10'sd79;
212      8'd85: rgb_y = 10'sd80;
213      8'd86: rgb_y = 10'sd81;
214      8'd87: rgb_y = 10'sd83;
215      8'd88: rgb_y = 10'sd84;
216      8'd89: rgb_y = 10'sd85;
217      8'd90: rgb_y = 10'sd86;
218      8'd91: rgb_y = 10'sd87;
219      8'd92: rgb_y = 10'sd88;
220      8'd93: rgb_y = 10'sd90;
221      8'd94: rgb_y = 10'sd91;
222      8'd95: rgb_y = 10'sd92;
223      8'd96: rgb_y = 10'sd93;
224      8'd97: rgb_y = 10'sd94;
225      8'd98: rgb_y = 10'sd95;
226      8'd99: rgb_y = 10'sd97;
227      8'd100: rgb_y = 10'sd98;
228      8'd101: rgb_y = 10'sd99;
229      8'd102: rgb_y = 10'sd100;
230      8'd103: rgb_y = 10'sd101;
231      8'd104: rgb_y = 10'sd102;
232      8'd105: rgb_y = 10'sd104;
233      8'd106: rgb_y = 10'sd105;
234      8'd107: rgb_y = 10'sd106;
235      8'd108: rgb_y = 10'sd107;
236      8'd109: rgb_y = 10'sd108;
237      8'd110: rgb_y = 10'sd109;
238      8'd111: rgb_y = 10'sd111;
239      8'd112: rgb_y = 10'sd112;
240      8'd113: rgb_y = 10'sd113;
241      8'd114: rgb_y = 10'sd114;
242      8'd115: rgb_y = 10'sd115;
243      8'd116: rgb_y = 10'sd116;
244      8'd117: rgb_y = 10'sd118;
245      8'd118: rgb_y = 10'sd119;
246      8'd119: rgb_y = 10'sd120;
247      8'd120: rgb_y = 10'sd121;
248      8'd121: rgb_y = 10'sd122;
249      8'd122: rgb_y = 10'sd123;
250      8'd123: rgb_y = 10'sd125;
251      8'd124: rgb_y = 10'sd126;
252      8'd125: rgb_y = 10'sd127;
253      8'd126: rgb_y = 10'sd128;
254      8'd127: rgb_y = 10'sd129;
255      8'd128: rgb_y = 10'sd130;
256      8'd129: rgb_y = 10'sd132;
257      8'd130: rgb_y = 10'sd133;
258      8'd131: rgb_y = 10'sd134;
259      8'd132: rgb_y = 10'sd135;
260      8'd133: rgb_y = 10'sd136;
261      8'd134: rgb_y = 10'sd137;

```

```

262      8'd135: rgb_y = 10'sd139;
263      8'd136: rgb_y = 10'sd140;
264      8'd137: rgb_y = 10'sd141;
265      8'd138: rgb_y = 10'sd142;
266      8'd139: rgb_y = 10'sd143;
267      8'd140: rgb_y = 10'sd144;
268      8'd141: rgb_y = 10'sd146;
269      8'd142: rgb_y = 10'sd147;
270      8'd143: rgb_y = 10'sd148;
271      8'd144: rgb_y = 10'sd149;
272      8'd145: rgb_y = 10'sd150;
273      8'd146: rgb_y = 10'sd151;
274      8'd147: rgb_y = 10'sd152;
275      8'd148: rgb_y = 10'sd154;
276      8'd149: rgb_y = 10'sd155;
277      8'd150: rgb_y = 10'sd156;
278      8'd151: rgb_y = 10'sd157;
279      8'd152: rgb_y = 10'sd158;
280      8'd153: rgb_y = 10'sd159;
281      8'd154: rgb_y = 10'sd161;
282      8'd155: rgb_y = 10'sd162;
283      8'd156: rgb_y = 10'sd163;
284      8'd157: rgb_y = 10'sd164;
285      8'd158: rgb_y = 10'sd165;
286      8'd159: rgb_y = 10'sd166;
287      8'd160: rgb_y = 10'sd168;
288      8'd161: rgb_y = 10'sd169;
289      8'd162: rgb_y = 10'sd170;
290      8'd163: rgb_y = 10'sd171;
291      8'd164: rgb_y = 10'sd172;
292      8'd165: rgb_y = 10'sd173;
293      8'd166: rgb_y = 10'sd175;
294      8'd167: rgb_y = 10'sd176;
295      8'd168: rgb_y = 10'sd177;
296      8'd169: rgb_y = 10'sd178;
297      8'd170: rgb_y = 10'sd179;
298      8'd171: rgb_y = 10'sd180;
299      8'd172: rgb_y = 10'sd182;
300      8'd173: rgb_y = 10'sd183;
301      8'd174: rgb_y = 10'sd184;
302      8'd175: rgb_y = 10'sd185;
303      8'd176: rgb_y = 10'sd186;
304      8'd177: rgb_y = 10'sd187;
305      8'd178: rgb_y = 10'sd189;
306      8'd179: rgb_y = 10'sd190;
307      8'd180: rgb_y = 10'sd191;
308      8'd181: rgb_y = 10'sd192;
309      8'd182: rgb_y = 10'sd193;
310      8'd183: rgb_y = 10'sd194;
311      8'd184: rgb_y = 10'sd196;
312      8'd185: rgb_y = 10'sd197;
313      8'd186: rgb_y = 10'sd198;

```

```

314      8'd187: rgb_y = 10'sd199;
315      8'd188: rgb_y = 10'sd200;
316      8'd189: rgb_y = 10'sd201;
317      8'd190: rgb_y = 10'sd203;
318      8'd191: rgb_y = 10'sd204;
319      8'd192: rgb_y = 10'sd205;
320      8'd193: rgb_y = 10'sd206;
321      8'd194: rgb_y = 10'sd207;
322      8'd195: rgb_y = 10'sd208;
323      8'd196: rgb_y = 10'sd210;
324      8'd197: rgb_y = 10'sd211;
325      8'd198: rgb_y = 10'sd212;
326      8'd199: rgb_y = 10'sd213;
327      8'd200: rgb_y = 10'sd214;
328      8'd201: rgb_y = 10'sd215;
329      8'd202: rgb_y = 10'sd217;
330      8'd203: rgb_y = 10'sd218;
331      8'd204: rgb_y = 10'sd219;
332      8'd205: rgb_y = 10'sd220;
333      8'd206: rgb_y = 10'sd221;
334      8'd207: rgb_y = 10'sd222;
335      8'd208: rgb_y = 10'sd223;
336      8'd209: rgb_y = 10'sd225;
337      8'd210: rgb_y = 10'sd226;
338      8'd211: rgb_y = 10'sd227;
339      8'd212: rgb_y = 10'sd228;
340      8'd213: rgb_y = 10'sd229;
341      8'd214: rgb_y = 10'sd230;
342      8'd215: rgb_y = 10'sd232;
343      8'd216: rgb_y = 10'sd233;
344      8'd217: rgb_y = 10'sd234;
345      8'd218: rgb_y = 10'sd235;
346      8'd219: rgb_y = 10'sd236;
347      8'd220: rgb_y = 10'sd237;
348      8'd221: rgb_y = 10'sd239;
349      8'd222: rgb_y = 10'sd240;
350      8'd223: rgb_y = 10'sd241;
351      8'd224: rgb_y = 10'sd242;
352      8'd225: rgb_y = 10'sd243;
353      8'd226: rgb_y = 10'sd244;
354      8'd227: rgb_y = 10'sd246;
355      8'd228: rgb_y = 10'sd247;
356      8'd229: rgb_y = 10'sd248;
357      8'd230: rgb_y = 10'sd249;
358      8'd231: rgb_y = 10'sd250;
359      8'd232: rgb_y = 10'sd251;
360      8'd233: rgb_y = 10'sd253;
361      8'd234: rgb_y = 10'sd254;
362      8'd235: rgb_y = 10'sd255;
363      8'd236: rgb_y = 10'sd255;
364      8'd237: rgb_y = 10'sd255;
365      8'd238: rgb_y = 10'sd255;

```

```

366      8'd239: rgb_y = 10'sd255;
368      8'd240: rgb_y = 10'sd255;
370      8'd241: rgb_y = 10'sd255;
372      8'd242: rgb_y = 10'sd255;
374      8'd243: rgb_y = 10'sd255;
376      8'd244: rgb_y = 10'sd255;
378      8'd245: rgb_y = 10'sd255;
380      8'd246: rgb_y = 10'sd255;
382      8'd247: rgb_y = 10'sd255;
384      8'd248: rgb_y = 10'sd255;
386      8'd249: rgb_y = 10'sd255;
388      8'd250: rgb_y = 10'sd255;
390      8'd251: rgb_y = 10'sd255;
392      8'd252: rgb_y = 10'sd255;
394      8'd253: rgb_y = 10'sd255;
396      8'd254: rgb_y = 10'sd255;
398      8'd255: rgb_y = 10'sd255;
400      default: rgb_y = 10'sd0;
402      endcase
404      case (cr)
406          5'd0: r_cr = -10'sd179;
408          5'd1: r_cr = -10'sd179;
410          5'd2: r_cr = -10'sd179;
412          5'd3: r_cr = -10'sd166;
414          5'd4: r_cr = -10'sd153;
416          5'd5: r_cr = -10'sd140;

```

```

418      5'd31: r_cr = 10'sd171;
419      default: r_cr = 10'sd0;
420
421      endcase
422
423      case (cr)
424          5'd0: g_cr = -10'sd91;
425          5'd1: g_cr = -10'sd91;
426          5'd2: g_cr = -10'sd91;
427          5'd3: g_cr = -10'sd85;
428          5'd4: g_cr = -10'sd78;
429          5'd5: g_cr = -10'sd72;
430          5'd6: g_cr = -10'sd65;
431          5'd7: g_cr = -10'sd59;
432          5'd8: g_cr = -10'sd52;
433          5'd9: g_cr = -10'sd46;
434          5'd10: g_cr = -10'sd39;
435          5'd11: g_cr = -10'sd33;
436          5'd12: g_cr = -10'sd26;
437          5'd13: g_cr = -10'sd20;
438          5'd14: g_cr = -10'sd13;
439          5'd15: g_cr = -10'sd7;
440          5'd16: g_cr = 10'sd0;
441          5'd17: g_cr = 10'sd7;
442          5'd18: g_cr = 10'sd13;
443          5'd19: g_cr = 10'sd20;
444          5'd20: g_cr = 10'sd26;
445          5'd21: g_cr = 10'sd33;
446          5'd22: g_cr = 10'sd39;
447          5'd23: g_cr = 10'sd46;
448          5'd24: g_cr = 10'sd52;
449          5'd25: g_cr = 10'sd59;
450          5'd26: g_cr = 10'sd65;
451          5'd27: g_cr = 10'sd72;
452          5'd28: g_cr = 10'sd78;
453          5'd29: g_cr = 10'sd85;
454          5'd30: g_cr = 10'sd87;
455          5'd31: g_cr = 10'sd87;
456          default: g_cr = 10'sd0;
457
458      endcase
459
460      case (cb)
461          5'd0: g_cb = -10'sd44;
462          5'd1: g_cb = -10'sd44;
463          5'd2: g_cb = -10'sd44;
464          5'd3: g_cb = -10'sd41;
465          5'd4: g_cb = -10'sd38;
466          5'd5: g_cb = -10'sd34;
467          5'd6: g_cb = -10'sd31;
468          5'd7: g_cb = -10'sd28;

```

```

470      5'd11: g_cb = -10'sd16;
471      5'd12: g_cb = -10'sd13;
472      5'd13: g_cb = -10'sd9;
473      5'd14: g_cb = -10'sd6;
474      5'd15: g_cb = -10'sd3;
475      5'd16: g_cb = 10'sd0;
476      5'd17: g_cb = 10'sd3;
477      5'd18: g_cb = 10'sd6;
478      5'd19: g_cb = 10'sd9;
479      5'd20: g_cb = 10'sd13;
480      5'd21: g_cb = 10'sd16;
481      5'd22: g_cb = 10'sd19;
482      5'd23: g_cb = 10'sd22;
483      5'd24: g_cb = 10'sd25;
484      5'd25: g_cb = 10'sd28;
485      5'd26: g_cb = 10'sd31;
486      5'd27: g_cb = 10'sd34;
487      5'd28: g_cb = 10'sd38;
488      5'd29: g_cb = 10'sd41;
489      5'd30: g_cb = 10'sd42;
490      5'd31: g_cb = 10'sd42;
491      default: g_cb = 10'sd0;
492
endcase
493
case (cb)
494      5'd0: b_cb = -10'sd226;
495      5'd1: b_cb = -10'sd226;
496      5'd2: b_cb = -10'sd226;
497      5'd3: b_cb = -10'sd210;
498      5'd4: b_cb = -10'sd194;
499      5'd5: b_cb = -10'sd177;
500      5'd6: b_cb = -10'sd161;
501      5'd7: b_cb = -10'sd145;
502      5'd8: b_cb = -10'sd129;
503      5'd9: b_cb = -10'sd113;
504      5'd10: b_cb = -10'sd97;
505      5'd11: b_cb = -10'sd81;
506      5'd12: b_cb = -10'sd65;
507      5'd13: b_cb = -10'sd48;
508      5'd14: b_cb = -10'sd32;
509      5'd15: b_cb = -10'sd16;
510      5'd16: b_cb = 10'sd0;
511      5'd17: b_cb = 10'sd16;
512      5'd18: b_cb = 10'sd32;
513      5'd19: b_cb = 10'sd48;
514      5'd20: b_cb = 10'sd65;
515      5'd21: b_cb = 10'sd81;
516      5'd22: b_cb = 10'sd97;
517      5'd23: b_cb = 10'sd113;
518      5'd24: b_cb = 10'sd129;
519      5'd25: b_cb = 10'sd145;
520      5'd26: b_cb = 10'sd161;

```

```

522      5'd27: b_cb = 10'sd177;
523      5'd28: b_cb = 10'sd194;
524      5'd29: b_cb = 10'sd210;
525      5'd30: b_cb = 10'sd216;
526      5'd31: b_cb = 10'sd216;
      default: b_cb = 10'sd0;
endcase
528 end
endmodule

```

A.11 parameter_set.v

```

1 // parameter_set
// used for setting the parameters used by NTSC
3 // in order to detect "interesting" pixels
module parameter_set(
5   input clock, reset,
6   input [4:0] switch,
7   output [63:0] hex_output,

9     output reg [9:0] GREEN_LUM_MAX,
10    output reg [9:0] GREEN_LUM_MIN,
11    output reg [9:0] GREEN_CR_MAX,
12    output reg [9:0] GREEN_CR_MIN,
13    output reg [9:0] GREEN_CB_MAX,
14    output reg [9:0] GREEN_CB_MIN,
15
16    output reg [9:0] ORANGE_LUM_MAX,
17    output reg [9:0] ORANGE_LUM_MIN,
18    output reg [9:0] ORANGE_CR_MAX,
19    output reg [9:0] ORANGE_CR_MIN,
20    output reg [9:0] ORANGE_CB_MAX,
21    output reg [9:0] ORANGE_CB_MIN,
22
23    output reg [9:0] PINK_LUM_MAX,
24    output reg [9:0] PINK_LUM_MIN,
25    output reg [9:0] PINK_CR_MAX,
26    output reg [9:0] PINK_CR_MIN,
27    output reg [9:0] PINK_CB_MAX,
28    output reg [9:0] PINK_CB_MIN,
29
30    output reg [9:0] BLUE_LUM_MAX,
31    output reg [9:0] BLUE_LUM_MIN,
32    output reg [9:0] BLUE_CR_MAX,
33    output reg [9:0] BLUE_CR_MIN,
34    output reg [9:0] BLUE_CB_MAX,
35    output reg [9:0] BLUE_CB_MIN
);
36
37   wire SELECT_LUM_MAX;
38   wire SELECT_LUM_MIN;
39

```

```

41   wire SELECT_CR_MAX;
42   wire SELECT_CR_MIN;
43   wire SELECT_CB_MAX;
44   wire SELECT_CB_MIN;

45   wire [2:0] SELECT;
46   reg [9:0] selected_parameter;
47   wire [1:0] selected_color;

48   reg [9:0] LUM_MAX;
49   reg [9:0] LUM_MIN;
50   reg [9:0] CR_MAX;
51   reg [9:0] CR_MIN;
52   reg [9:0] CB_MAX;
53   reg [9:0] CB_MIN;

54
55   wire b_clock;
56   counter #(PERIOD(2000000)) bclk(.clock(clock), .reset(reset),
57                                 .enable(b_clock));

58
59   debounce dbc1(.clock(clock), .reset(reset), .noisy(switch[4]), .clean(SELECT[2]));
60   debounce dbc2(.clock(clock), .reset(reset), .noisy(switch[3]), .clean(SELECT[1]));
61   debounce dbc3(.clock(clock), .reset(reset), .noisy(switch[2]), .clean(SELECT[0]));
62   debounce dbc4(.clock(clock), .reset(reset), .noisy(switch[1]), .clean(selected_color
63                           [1]));
64   debounce dbc5(.clock(clock), .reset(reset), .noisy(switch[0]), .clean(selected_color
65                           [0]));

66
67   assign hex_output = {2'd0, selected_color, 4'd0, 5'd0, SELECT, 6'd0,
68                      selected_parameter, 32'h0};

69
70   always @(*) begin
71     case (selected_color)
72       2'd0: begin
73         LUM_MAX = GREEN_LUM_MAX;
74         LUM_MIN = GREEN_LUM_MIN;
75         CR_MAX = GREEN_CR_MAX;
76         CR_MIN = GREEN_CR_MIN;
77         CB_MAX = GREEN_CB_MAX;
78         CB_MIN = GREEN_CB_MIN;
79       end
80       2'd1: begin
81         LUM_MAX = ORANGE_LUM_MAX;
82         LUM_MIN = ORANGE_LUM_MIN;
83         CR_MAX = ORANGE_CR_MAX;
84         CR_MIN = ORANGE_CR_MIN;
85         CB_MAX = ORANGE_CB_MAX;
86         CB_MIN = ORANGE_CB_MIN;
87       end
88     end

```

```

89      CR_MAX = PINK_CR_MAX;
90      CR_MIN = PINK_CR_MIN;
91      CB_MAX = PINK_CB_MAX;
92      CB_MIN = PINK_CB_MIN;
93
94  end
95  2'd3: begin
96      LUM_MAX = BLUE_LUM_MAX;
97      LUM_MIN = BLUE_LUM_MIN;
98      CR_MAX = BLUE_CR_MAX;
99      CR_MIN = BLUE_CR_MIN;
100     CB_MAX = BLUE_CB_MAX;
101     CB_MIN = BLUE_CB_MIN;
102
103    end
104  endcase
105
106  case (SELECT)
107    3'd7: selected_parameter = LUM_MAX;
108    3'd6: selected_parameter = LUM_MIN;
109    3'd5: selected_parameter = CR_MAX;
110    3'd4: selected_parameter = CR_MIN;
111    3'd3: selected_parameter = CB_MAX;
112    3'd2: selected_parameter = CB_MIN;
113    default: selected_parameter = 10'd0;
114  endcase
115
116  end
117
118  always @(posedge b_clock) begin
119    if (reset) begin
120        GREEN_LUM_MAX <= 'GREEN_LUM_MAX;
121        GREEN_LUM_MIN <= 'GREEN_LUM_MIN;
122        GREEN_CR_MAX <= 'GREEN_CR_MAX;
123        GREEN_CR_MIN <= 'GREEN_CR_MIN;
124        GREEN_CB_MAX <= 'GREEN_CB_MAX;
125        GREEN_CB_MIN <= 'GREEN_CB_MIN;
126
127        ORANGE_LUM_MAX <= 'ORANGE_LUM_MAX;
128        ORANGE_LUM_MIN <= 'ORANGE_LUM_MIN;
129        ORANGE_CR_MAX <= 'ORANGE_CR_MAX;
130        ORANGE_CR_MIN <= 'ORANGE_CR_MIN;
131        ORANGE_CB_MAX <= 'ORANGE_CB_MAX;
132        ORANGE_CB_MIN <= 'ORANGE_CB_MIN;
133
134        PINK_LUM_MAX <= 'PINK_LUM_MAX;
135        PINK_LUM_MIN <= 'PINK_LUM_MIN;
136        PINK_CR_MAX <= 'PINK_CR_MAX;
137        PINK_CR_MIN <= 'PINK_CR_MIN;
138        PINK_CB_MAX <= 'PINK_CB_MAX;
139        PINK_CB_MIN <= 'PINK_CB_MIN;
140
141        BLUE_LUM_MAX <= 'BLUE_LUM_MAX;
142        BLUE_LUM_MIN <= 'BLUE_LUM_MIN;
143        BLUE_CR_MAX <= 'BLUE_CR_MAX;

```

```

141      BLUE_CR_MIN <= 'BLUE_CR_MIN;
142      BLUE_CB_MAX <= 'BLUE_CB_MAX;
143      BLUE_CB_MIN <= 'BLUE_CB_MIN;
144
145      end
146      else if(~button_up) begin
147          case (selected_color)
148              2'd0:
149                  case (SELECT)
150                      3'd7: GREEN_LUM_MAX <= GREEN_LUM_MAX+4'b1000;
151                      3'd6: GREEN_LUM_MIN <= GREEN_LUM_MIN+4'b1000;
152                      3'd5: GREEN_CR_MAX <= GREEN_CR_MAX+4'b1000;
153                      3'd4: GREEN_CR_MIN <= GREEN_CR_MIN+4'b1000;
154                      3'd3: GREEN_CB_MAX <= GREEN_CB_MAX+4'b1000;
155                      3'd2: GREEN_CB_MIN <= GREEN_CB_MIN+4'b1000;
156                  endcase
157              2'd1:
158                  case (SELECT)
159                      3'd7: ORANGE_LUM_MAX <= ORANGE_LUM_MAX+4'b1000;
160                      3'd6: ORANGE_LUM_MIN <= ORANGE_LUM_MIN+4'b1000;
161                      3'd5: ORANGE_CR_MAX <= ORANGE_CR_MAX+4'b1000;
162                      3'd4: ORANGE_CR_MIN <= ORANGE_CR_MIN+4'b1000;
163                      3'd3: ORANGE_CB_MAX <= ORANGE_CB_MAX+4'b1000;
164                      3'd2: ORANGE_CB_MIN <= ORANGE_CB_MIN+4'b1000;
165                  endcase
166              2'd2:
167                  case (SELECT)
168                      3'd7: PINK_LUM_MAX <= PINK_LUM_MAX+4'b1000;
169                      3'd6: PINK_LUM_MIN <= PINK_LUM_MIN+4'b1000;
170                      3'd5: PINK_CR_MAX <= PINK_CR_MAX+4'b1000;
171                      3'd4: PINK_CR_MIN <= PINK_CR_MIN+4'b1000;
172                      3'd3: PINK_CB_MAX <= PINK_CB_MAX+4'b1000;
173                      3'd2: PINK_CB_MIN <= PINK_CB_MIN+4'b1000;
174                  endcase
175              2'd3:
176                  case (SELECT)
177                      3'd7: BLUE_LUM_MAX <= BLUE_LUM_MAX+4'b1000;
178                      3'd6: BLUE_LUM_MIN <= BLUE_LUM_MIN+4'b1000;
179                      3'd5: BLUE_CR_MAX <= BLUE_CR_MAX+4'b1000;
180                      3'd4: BLUE_CR_MIN <= BLUE_CR_MIN+4'b1000;
181                      3'd3: BLUE_CB_MAX <= BLUE_CB_MAX+4'b1000;
182                      3'd2: BLUE_CB_MIN <= BLUE_CB_MIN+4'b1000;
183                  endcase
184
185      end
186      else if(~button_down) begin
187          case (selected_color)
188              2'd0:
189                  case (SELECT)
190                      3'd7: GREEN_LUM_MAX <= GREEN_LUM_MAX-4'b1000;
191                      3'd6: GREEN_LUM_MIN <= GREEN_LUM_MIN-4'b1000;
192                      3'd5: GREEN_CR_MAX <= GREEN_CR_MAX-4'b1000;
193                      3'd4: GREEN_CR_MIN <= GREEN_CR_MIN-4'b1000;

```

```

193      3'd3 : GREEN_CB_MAX <= GREEN_CB_MAX-4'b1000 ;
194      3'd2 : GREEN_CB_MIN <= GREEN_CB_MIN-4'b1000 ;
195      endcase
196      2'd1 :
197      case (SELECT)
198      3'd7 : ORANGE_LUM_MAX <= ORANGE_LUM_MAX-4'b1000 ;
199      3'd6 : ORANGE_LUM_MIN <= ORANGE_LUM_MIN-4'b1000 ;
200      3'd5 : ORANGE_CR_MAX <= ORANGE_CR_MAX-4'b1000 ;
201      3'd4 : ORANGE_CR_MIN <= ORANGE_CR_MIN-4'b1000 ;
202      3'd3 : ORANGE_CB_MAX <= ORANGE_CB_MAX-4'b1000 ;
203      3'd2 : ORANGE_CB_MIN <= ORANGE_CB_MIN-4'b1000 ;
204      endcase
205      2'd2 :
206      case (SELECT)
207      3'd7 : PINK_LUM_MAX <= PINK_LUM_MAX-4'b1000 ;
208      3'd6 : PINK_LUM_MIN <= PINK_LUM_MIN-4'b1000 ;
209      3'd5 : PINK_CR_MAX <= PINK_CR_MAX-4'b1000 ;
210      3'd4 : PINK_CR_MIN <= PINK_CR_MIN-4'b1000 ;
211      3'd3 : PINK_CB_MAX <= PINK_CB_MAX-4'b1000 ;
212      3'd2 : PINK_CB_MIN <= PINK_CB_MIN-4'b1000 ;
213      endcase
214      2'd3 :
215      case (SELECT)
216      3'd7 : BLUE_LUM_MAX <= BLUE_LUM_MAX-4'b1000 ;
217      3'd6 : BLUE_LUM_MIN <= BLUE_LUM_MIN-4'b1000 ;
218      3'd5 : BLUE_CR_MAX <= BLUE_CR_MAX-4'b1000 ;
219      3'd4 : BLUE_CR_MIN <= BLUE_CR_MIN-4'b1000 ;
220      3'd3 : BLUE_CB_MAX <= BLUE_CB_MAX-4'b1000 ;
221      3'd2 : BLUE_CB_MIN <= BLUE_CB_MIN-4'b1000 ;
222      endcase
223  endcase
224 end
225 endmodule

```

A.12 params.v

```

// clock frequencies
2 `define FPGA_CLOCK 26'd60000000
`define VGA_CLOCK 26'd25175000
4 `define NTSC_CLOCK 25'd12587500

6 // bitwidth of clock frequencies
`define LOG_FPGA_CLOCK 26
8 `define LOG_VGA_CLOCK 26
`define LOG_NTSC_CLOCK 25
10

12 // image sizes
`define TOTAL_PIXELS 19'd307200
`define IMAGE_WIDTH 10'd640
14 `define IMAGE_WIDTH_D2 9'd320

```

```

16  '#define IMAGE_HEIGHT      9'd480
18 // bitwidth of image sizes
20 '#define LOG_TOTAL_PIXELS 19
22 // memory sizes
24 '#define IMAGE_LENGTH 153600
26 '#define MEMADDR      524288
28 // memory bitwidths
30 '#define LOG_IMAGE_ADDR 19
32 // pixel bitwidths
34 '#define LOG_TRUNC      18
36 // VGA (640x480@60Hz)
38 '#define VGA_HBLANKON 10'd639
40 '#define VGA_HSYNCON   10'd655
42 '#define VGA_HSYNCOFF  10'd751
44 '#define VGA_HRESET    10'd799
46 // VGA bitwidths
48 '#define LOG_HCOUNT    10
50 // hue recognition parameters
52 '#define GREEN_LUM_MAX 10'h338
54 '#define GREEN_LUM_MIN 10'h228
56 '#define GREEN_CR_MAX  10'h250
58 '#define GREEN_CR_MIN  10'h0B8
60 '#define GREEN_CB_MAX  10'h1A8
62 '#define GREEN_CB_MIN  10'h008
64 '#define ORANGE_LUM_MAX 10'h3FF
66 '#define ORANGE_LUM_MIN 10'h200
68 '#define ORANGE_CR_MAX  10'h3FF
70 '#define ORANGE_CR_MIN  10'h250
72 '#define ORANGE_CB_MAX  10'h190
74 '#define ORANGE_CB_MIN  10'h000
76 '#define PINK_LUM_MAX   10'h3FF
78 '#define PINK_LUM_MIN   10'h190

```

```

68  `define PINK_CR_MAX 10'h3FF
69  `define PINK_CR_MIN 10'h290
70  `define PINK_CB_MAX 10'h3FF
71  `define PINK_CB_MIN 10'h1E0

72  `define BLUE_LUM_MAX 10'h3EF
73  `define BLUE_LUM_MIN 10'h1D0
74  `define BLUE_CR_MAX 10'h1E8
75  `define BLUE_CR_MIN 10'h000
76  `define BLUE_CB_MAX 10'h3EF
77  `define BLUE_CB_MIN 10'h1E0

```

A.13 zbt_test_pattern.v

```

1  `include "params.v"

3  module address_calculator(
4      input [8:0] x,
5      input [9:0] y,
6      input [1:0] loc,
7      output [18:0] addr);

9      wire [18:0] of1, of2;

11     loc_lut ll(.loc(loc), .addr_off(of1));
12     y_lut yl(.y(y), .addr_off(of2));

13     assign addr = of1 + of2 + x;
15 endmodule

17 module zbt_test_pattern(
18     input clock,
19     input reset,
20     input start,
21     output reg ['LOG_ADDR-1:0] mem0_addr,
22     output reg ['LOG_ADDR-1:0] mem1_addr,
23     output reg ['LOG_MEM-1:0] mem0_write,
24     output reg ['LOG_MEM-1:0] mem1_write,
25     output reg mem0_wr,
26     output reg mem1_wr);

27     reg [1:0] state = 0;
28     reg [8:0] y;
29     reg [9:0] x;
30     wire [18:0] addr;
31     reg [1:0] loc;

33     address_calculator test_ac(
34         .x(x), .y(y),
35         .loc(loc), .addr(addr));
36
37

```

```

 39   always @(posedge clock) begin
 40     case (state)
 41       0: begin
 42         mem0_wr <= 0;
 43         mem1_wr <= 0;
 44
 45         if (start) begin
 46           state <= 1;
 47           x <= 0;
 48           y <= 0;
 49           loc <= 0;
 50         end
 51       end
 52
 53       1: begin
 54         mem0_addr <= addr;
 55         mem1_addr <= addr;
 56         mem0_wr <= 1;
 57         mem1_wr <= 1;
 58         if ((x[4] & ~y[4]) || (~x[4] & y[4])) begin
 59           mem0_write <= 36'b111111111000110001111111100011000;
 60           mem1_write <= 36'b111111110000100001111111000010000;
 61         end else begin
 62           mem0_write <= 36'b00000000100001000000000000001000010000;
 63           mem1_write <= 36'b00000000100001000000000000001000010000;
 64         end
 65
 66         if (y == 479 && x == 639) begin
 67           state <= 2;
 68           loc <= 1;
 69           mem0_wr <= 0;
 70           mem1_wr <= 0;
 71           x <= 0;
 72           y <= 0;
 73         end else if (x == 639) begin
 74           x <= 0;
 75           y <= y + 1;
 76         end else x <= x + 1;
 77       end // case: 1
 78
 79       2: begin
 80         mem0_addr <= addr;
 81         mem1_addr <= addr;
 82         mem0_wr <= 1;
 83         mem1_wr <= 1;
 84         if ((x[5] & ~y[5]) || (~x[5] & y[5])) begin
 85           mem0_write <= 36'b111111111000110001111111100011000;
 86           mem1_write <= 36'b111111110000100001111111000010000;
 87         end else begin
 88           mem0_write <= 36'b00000000100001000000000000001000010000;
 89           mem1_write <= 36'b00000000100001000000000000001000010000;
 90         end

```

```

91      if (y == 479 && x == 639) begin
93          state <= 0;
95          mem0_wr <= 0;
97          mem1_wr <= 0;
99          x <= 0;
101         y <= 0;
103     end else if (x == 639) begin
105         x <= 0;
107         y <= y + 1;
109     end else x <= x + 1;
111 end // case: 2

113     default: state <= 0;
115 endcase // case state
117 end // always @ (posedge clock)
119 endmodule // zbt-test-pattern

```