

Consider the following translation key:

$P_ : _$ is a pelican

$Q_ : _$ is a bird

$R_ : _$ is a mammal

$S__ : _$ flies higher than $_$

a: Petros

b: Polly

1. Match the sentences in English to their translation in predicate logic given the translation key above:

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|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| ◆ Petros is a bird. | ◆ $\neg\exists x(Rx \wedge Px)$ |
| ◆ Petros is not a mammal. | ◆ Sba |
| ◆ Every pelican is a bird. | ◆ $\neg Ra$ |
| ◆ No mammal is a pelican. | ◆ $\exists x(Qx \wedge Px)$ |
| ◆ Some birds are pelicans. | ◆ $\forall x(Px \rightarrow Qx)$ |
| ◆ Polly flies higher than Petros | ◆ Qa |

2. Determine which of the following are atomic formulas, non-atomic formulas, or neither:

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|------------------------------|---|
| (a) $\forall x\forall y Rxy$ | (d) $\exists x(Qa \rightarrow Pf)$ |
| (b) $\forall y_1 QRy_1$ | (e) $\forall(Px \rightarrow T_2x)$ |
| (c) Px | (f) $\forall x(Px \rightarrow \exists yTx)$ |

3. Mark the free variables in the following formulas:

(a) $\exists x(Py \vee Qy)$

(c) $\forall z\forall x_1(Rx_1z \rightarrow \exists xTxz)$

(b) $\forall y\exists xTxyza$

(d) $\exists z_1\forall x(Tx \supset S_4z_1) \rightarrow \exists x(T_1x \wedge S_4z_1)$

4. Which of the above are open formulas? Which are closed?

5. Translate the following sentences given the key above:

(a) Every pelican is a bird but not every bird is a pelican.

(b) Unless Petros is a mammal, all pelicans are birds.

(c) Something flies higher than something else.

(d) Nothing flies higher than itself.

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