

# BOOTH'S ALGORITHM

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I am implementing Booth's algorithm for multiplying two No's. I am implementing this algorithm in **python** and register size of this algorithm is always one more than the maximum bits of the no which user entered to multiply. Here are the following list of functions and variables which are used in the Algorithm.

## 1. **global Variable:**

- check – Boolean value, True if only one no is negative otherwise False
- max\_no- Stores the maximum no
- max\_bit- Stores the bits of maximum no

## 2. **Functions:**

- **def main ():** Here is the main driver function to drive the algorithm its basically just to entering the no.

**Parameter:** Nothing

**Return:** Nothing

- **def booths\_multiplication :** Here is the main Function of this algorithm and all the calculation of the algorithm goes here.
- **max\_bit** – maximum no of bit of a binary no
- then it check according algorithm that  $Q_0[\text{last}] + Q_- = '01'$  or  $'10'$  or  $'11'$  or  $'00'$
- then it follows according to the algorithm

**Parameter:** string

**Return:** Nothing

- **def result() :** Its just for calculating the two's complementing the negative no.

**Parameter:** string

**Return:** string

- **def flipped() :** Its just for flipping the bits

**Parameter:** string

**Return:** string

- **def perform\_operation():** It perform the operation by comparing Q and Q-1.

**Parameter :** string

**Return :** string

- **def subtraction():** it calculates the subtraction of two binary no

**Parameter :** string

**Return :** string

- **def ASR() :** It performs the arithmetic shift toward right

**Parameter :** string

**Return:** string

- **def binAdd():** It calculates the addition of two binary no

**Parameter :** string

**Return :** string

- **def covert\_Dec\_to\_binary():** It converts decimal no to binary

**Parameter:** string

**Return:** string

- **def twos\_complement() :** It calculates the two's complement

**Parameter:** string

**Return:** string

- **def spacer() :** It provide the appropriate space for printing.

**Parameter:** string

**Return:** string

- **def product\_value ():** just for printing purposes.

**Parameter :** string

**Return :** string

#### **Note :-**

To make the algorithm more efficient, if one of the two no's is zero then it just print the zero.