FLIP ROBO

MACHINE LEARNING

Q1 to Q12 have only one correct answer. Choose the correct option to answer your question.

1. Movie Recommendation systems are an example of:
   i) Classification
   ii) Clustering
   iii) Regression
   Options:
   a) 2 Only
   b) 1 and 2
   c) 1 and 3
   d) 2 and 3

2. Sentiment Analysis is an example of:
   i) Regression
   ii) Classification
   iii) Clustering
   iv) Reinforcement
   Options:
   a) 1 Only
   b) 1 and 2
   c) 1 and 3
   d) 1, 2 and 4

3. Can decision trees be used for performing clustering?
   a) True
   b) False

4. Which of the following is the most appropriate strategy for data cleaning before performing clustering analysis, given less than desirable number of data points:
   i) Capping and flooring of variables
   ii) Removal of outliers
   Options:
   a) 1 only
   b) 2 only
   c) 1 and 2
   d) None of the above

5. What is the minimum no. of variables/ features required to perform clustering?
   a) 0
   b) 1
   c) 2
   d) 3

6. For two runs of K-Mean clustering is it expected to get same clustering results?
   a) Yes
   b) No

7. Is it possible that Assignment of observations to clusters does not change between successive iterations in K-Means?
   a) Yes
   b) No
   c) Can't say
   d) None of these

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8. Which of the following can act as possible termination conditions in K-Means?
   i)   For a fixed number of iterations.
   ii) Assignment of observations to clusters does not change between iterations. Except for cases with a bad local minimum.
   iii) Centroids do not change between successive iterations.
   iv) Terminate when RSS falls below a threshold.
   Options:
   a) 1, 3 and 4
   b) 1, 2 and 3
   c) 1, 2 and 4
   d) All of the above ✓

9. Which of the following can act as possible termination conditions in K-Means?
   i)   K- Means clustering algorithm
   ii) Agglomerative clustering algorithm
   iii) Expectation-Maximization clustering algorithm
   iv) Diverse clustering algorithm
   Options:
   a) 1 only
   b) 2 and 3
   c) 2 and 4
   d) 1 and 3 ✓

10. Which of the following algorithms is most sensitive to outliers?
    a) K-means clustering algorithm ✓
    b) K-medians clustering algorithm
    c) K-modes clustering algorithm
    d) K-medoids clustering algorithm

11. How can Clustering (Unsupervised Learning) be used to improve the accuracy of Linear Regression model (Supervised Learning):
    i)   Creating different models for different cluster groups.
    ii) Creating an input feature for cluster ids as an ordinal variable.
    iii) Creating an input feature for cluster centroids as a continuous variable.
    iv) Creating an input feature for cluster size as a continuous variable.
    Options:
    a) 1 only
    b) 2 only
    c) 3 and 4
    d) All of the above ✓

12. What could be the possible reason(s) for producing two different dendrograms using agglomerative clustering algorithms for the same dataset?
    a) Proximity function used
    b) of data points used
    c) of variables used
    d) All of the above ✓

Q13 to Q15 are subjective answers type questions, Answers them in their own words briefly

13. Is K sensitive to outliers?
14. Why is K means better?
15. Is K means a deterministic algorithm?