SPENDING MULTIPLIER WORKSHEET

Only taxes and spending.

The tax rate is		
1. The government spends	Some person of	r persons (group 1) earn
These people pay	in taxes.	
2. Group 1 spends	This is income for some	e other person or persons (group 2).
At this point, how much	has been added to aggreg	ate demand (and to GDP)?
Group 2's income is	, and they pay	in taxes.
3. Group 2 spends	_ which is income for som	e other person or persons (group 3).
At this point, how much	has been added to aggreg	ate demand (and to GDP)?
Group 3's income is	, and they pay	in taxes.
4. Group 3 spends	_ which is income for som	e other person or persons (group 4).
At this point, how much	has been added to aggreg	rate demand (and to GDP)?
This process will go on for many round	ds as the money cycles thro	ough the economy.
What is the formula for calculating the	spending multiplier when	money is only being removed through taxes?
What is the multiplier, and, when this p	process is complete, AD (a	nd GDP) will have increased by how much?

Taxes, saving, and spending.

The tax rate is	The MPS is	
1. The government spends	. Some person or persons (group 1) earn	·
Group 1 pays	in taxes. After paying taxes, they have	
They save		
2. Group 1 spends	This is income for some other person or persons (group 2).	
At this point, how	much has been added to aggregate demand (and to GDP)?	
Group 2's income is	, and they pay in taxes.	
After paying taxes, they have	They save (taxes + savings =).
3. Group 2 spends	which is income for some other person or persons (group 3).	
At this point, how	much has been added to aggregate demand (and to GDP)?	
This process will go on for many	rounds as the money cycles through the economy.	
What is the formula for calculat savings?	ng the spending multiplier when money is being removed through taxes and	i
What is the multiplier, and, who	n this process is complete, AD (and GDP) will have increased by how much?	?