# List 1

## Init and Dataset import

```
library(tidyverse)
library(jmv)
hand1994_babies <- read_csv("data/hand1994_babies.csv",
    col_types = cols(Survival = col_factor(levels = c("no", "yes"))))
hand1994_elderheight <- read_lines("data/hand1994_elderheight.csv") %>%
  str_split_fixed(" ", n = Inf) %>%
  as.numeric %>%
  na.omit()
hand1994_maternaldiet <- read_csv("data/hand1994_maternaldiet.csv")</pre>
```

## Question 1 - Slide 15

Make a Two-way table of the hand1994\_babies dataset.

```
hand1994_babies # Dataset used
```

```
## # A tibble: 50 x 2
##
     Weight Survival
      <dbl> <fct>
       1050 no
##
  1
##
       2500 no
  2
## 3
       1890 no
## 4
       1760 yes
## 5
       2830 yes
## 6
       1175 no
## 7
       1030 no
## 8
       1940 no
## 9
       1930 yes
## 10
       1410 yes
## # ... with 40 more rows
```

```
summary(hand1994_babies) # Dataset summary
```

```
Weight
                 Survival
##
  Min.
         :1030
                 no:27
## 1st Qu.:1432
                 yes:23
## Median :1855
## Mean
         :1975
## 3rd Qu.:2485
## Max. :3640
```

```
options(digits = 4)
result <- hand1994_babies %>%
  mutate(Weight = cut_interval(Weight, 5)) %>% # Bin Weight in 5 intervals
  count(Survival, Weight) %>%
  contTables(formula = n ~ Weight:Survival, pcRow = T) # Set Weight as exp. variable
result$freqs
```

# ## Contingency Tables ## -----

##

Weight		no	yes	Total
[1.03e+03,1.55e+03]	Observed	13	2	15
	% within row	86.67	13.33	100.00
(1.55e+03,2.07e+03]	Observed	7	8	15
	% within row	46.67	53.33	100.00
(2.07e+03,2.6e+03]	Observed	6	5	11
	% within row	54.55	45.45	100.00
(2.6e+03,3.12e+03]	Observed	1	5	6
	% within row	16.67	83.33	100.00
(3.12e+03,3.64e+03]	Observed	0	3	3
	% within row	0.00	100.00	100.00
Total	Observed	27	23	50
	% within row	54.00	46.00	100.00

# Question 4 - Slide 16

Analyze hand1994 elderheight dataset.

#### hand1994 elderheight # Dataset used

```
## [253] 163 163 163 163 163 163 163 163 163 164 164 164 164 164 164 164 164 164
## [271] 164 164 164 164 164 164 164 164 164 165 165 165 165 165 165 165 165 165
## [307] 166 166 167 167 167 167 167 167 168 168 168 168 168 168 169 169 169
## [343] 171 173 173 173 174 176 177 178 178
## attr(,"na.action")
## [1] 120 150 180 210 240 270 300 330 360
## attr(,"class")
## [1] "omit"
summary(hand1994_elderheight) # Dataset summary
##
     Min. 1st Qu.
                 Median
                         Mean 3rd Qu.
                                       Max.
##
      142
             156
                   160
                          160
                                 164
                                        178
length(hand1994_elderheight) # Total incidence
## [1] 351
hand1994 elderheight %>% # Binned incidence
 data.frame() %>%
 transmute(Height = cut_width(.,5)) %>% # Bin Height in 5 cm intervals
 count(Height)
##
      Height
              n
## 1 [138,142]
              1
## 2 (142,148]
              8
## 3 (148,152]
             27
## 4 (152,158]
             89
## 5 (158,162] 107
## 6 (162,168]
             83
## 7 (168,172]
             28
## 8 (172,178]
              6
## 9 (178,182]
              2
```

The Height distribution of the 351 subjects appears to have a normal-like distribution, with mean and median in 160 cm, which is inside the 158  $\mid$ – 162 (here, represented as (158, 162]) bin. The 5 cm interval bin appears to be sufficient to show the distribution.

#### Question 6 - Slide 18

Complete the prevalence two-way table of the hand1994\_maternaldiet dataset, with control and cases as exp. var. Analyze and discuss.

#### hand1994\_maternaldiet # Dataset used

```
## # A tibble: 3 x 3
     'Dieta materna' Casos Controles
##
##
     <chr>>
                      <dbl>
                                 <dbl>
## 1 Boa
                         34
                                    43
## 2 Razoavel
                                    48
                        110
## 3 Pobre
                                    32
                         100
```

```
results <- hand1994_maternaldiet %>%
  pivot_longer(-`Dieta materna`, names_to = "Exp_pop") %>%
  contTables(formula = value ~ Exp_pop:`Dieta materna`, pcRow = T)
results$freqs
```

#### ## ## Contingency Tables ## ## Boa Pobre Exp\_pop Razoavel Total ## 34 ## Casos Observed 100 110 244 ## % within row 13.93 40.98 45.08 100.00 ## ## Controles Observed 32 43 48 123 ## % within row 34.96 39.02 100.00 26.02 ## ## Total Observed 77 132 158 367 ## % within row 20.98 35.97 43.05 100.00 ##

The group of mothers of babies with spina bifida tend to have a poorer diet in comparison with the control group. However, the control group itself do not have any apparent tendency in diet quality.