E-Commerce Sales Analysis Project

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Project Introduction:

The aim of this project was to perform a complete sales and profitability analysis for an e-commerce business. The data was extracted from an online retail platform and analyzed using Python in Jupyter Notebook. This project simulates the work of a Data Analyst or Data Scientist in the e-commerce domain, providing decision-makers with data-driven insights to enhance business performance.

Objective of the Project:

The following business questions were addressed:

- 1. What are the monthly sales trends, and which months show peak and low sales?
- 2. Which product categories and sub-categories are performing best in terms of sales and profit?
- 3. Which month is most profitable?
- 4. What is the contribution of each customer segment to sales and profits?
- 5. What is the overall sales-to-profit conversion ratio, and where can efficiency be improved?

Tools & Technologies Used:

- Python (Pandas, NumPy, Plotly)
- Jupyter Notebook
- Data Cleaning & Preprocessing
- Visualization (Charts and Graphs for storytelling)

Data Cleaning & Preparation:

- Handled missing values and removed duplicates.
- Converted order dates into proper datetime formats.
- Created new columns for Month and Year to facilitate time-series analysis.
- Grouped data by Category, Sub-Category, Segment, and Date to calculate aggregates such as Total Sales and Profit.

Detailed Analysis & Key Insights:

1. Monthly Sales Trend:

- Sales showed strong seasonality.
- The **highest sales were recorded in [Insert Peak Month, e.g., November]**, likely due to holiday shopping.
- The **lowest sales occurred in [Insert Low Month, e.g., February]**, reflecting a common post-holiday slump.

2. Sales by Product Category & Sub-Category:

- The **Technology category** contributed the highest revenue, driven by strong sales in **Phones and Accessories**.
- Office Supplies showed moderate sales, with Binders and Paper as top performers.
- **Furniture** had lower sales overall, but items like **Chairs and Tables** had high unit profitability.
- **Sub-categories like Labels and Fasteners** generated minimal revenue and may require strategic review.

3. Monthly Profit Analysis:

- Despite high sales, profit margins varied.
- The most profitable month was [Insert Month, e.g., October], not necessarily the one with the highest sales, indicating higher-margin products or optimized operations.
- [Insert Least Profitable Month] showed poor profit due to either high discounts, returns, or low-margin items.

4. Customer Segment Analysis:

• The **Consumer segment** dominated in both sales and profit, showing strong brand loyalty and purchasing power.

- The **Corporate segment** showed consistent sales, making it a stable revenue source.
- The **Home Office segment** showed sporadic buying patterns but with occasional high-ticket purchases.

5. Sales to Profit Ratio:

- The overall sales-to-profit conversion ratio was around [Insert %, e.g., 12%], indicating that for every \$100 in sales, the company made \$12 in profit.
- Certain categories, especially **Furniture**, had high sales but poor profit ratios, suggesting a need to optimize costs or review pricing.

Conclusion:

This project provided a hands-on understanding of how data analytics can directly influence strategic decisions in e-commerce. By identifying top-performing products, peak sales periods, and customer preferences, this analysis offers actionable insights to improve profitability and operational efficiency.

Skills Demonstrated:

- Exploratory Data Analysis (EDA)
- Time-Series and Category-Based Analysis
- Profitability & Efficiency Evaluation
- Data Visualization & Storytelling
- Business Interpretation of Data