4) TeleCall uses 4 centers around the globe to process customer order forms. They audit a certain % of the customer order forms. Any error in order form renders it defective and has to be reworked before processing. The manager wants to check whether the defective % varies by centre. Please analyze the data at 5% significance level and help the manager draw appropriate inferences

In [1]:

```
import pandas as pd
from scipy import stats as stats
from scipy.stats import chi2_contingency
from scipy.stats import chi2
```

In [2]:

```
data= pd.read_csv('Costomer+OrderForm.csv')
data
```

Out[2]:

	Phillippines	Indonesia	Malta	India
0	Error Free	Error Free	Defective	Error Free
1	Error Free	Error Free	Error Free	Defective
2	Error Free	Defective	Defective	Error Free
3	Error Free	Error Free	Error Free	Error Free
4	Error Free	Error Free	Defective	Error Free
295	Error Free	Error Free	Error Free	Error Free
296	Error Free	Error Free	Error Free	Error Free
297	Error Free	Error Free	Defective	Error Free
298	Error Free	Error Free	Error Free	Error Free
299	Error Free	Defective	Defective	Error Free

300 rows × 4 columns

```
In [3]:
```

```
data.head(2)
```

```
Out[3]:
```

```
Phillippines
              Indonesia
                           Malta
                                     India
0
     Error Free
              Error Free
                        Defective
                                 Error Free
1
     Error Free Error Free
                                 Defective
In [4]:
print(data['Phillippines'].value_counts(),
      data['Indonesia'].value_counts(),
      data['Malta'].value_counts(),
      data['India'].value_counts())
Error Free
               271
Defective
                29
Name: Phillippines, dtype: int64 Error Free
                                                  267
Defective
Name: Indonesia, dtype: int64 Error Free
                                               269
Defective
Name: Malta, dtype: int64 Error Free
                                          280
Defective
                20
Name: India, dtype: int64
In [5]:
observed=([[271,267,269,280],[29,33,31,20]])
observed
Out[5]:
[[271, 267, 269, 280], [29, 33, 31, 20]]
In [6]:
stat, p, dof, expected = chi2_contingency([[271,267,269,280],[29,33,31,20]])
In [7]:
stat
Out[7]:
3.858960685820355
In [8]:
р
Out[8]:
```

0.2771020991233135

```
In [9]:
```

```
print('dof=%d' % dof)
print(expected)
dof=3
[[271.75 271.75 271.75 271.75]
 [ 28.25 28.25 28.25 28.25]]
In [14]:
alpha = 0.05
prob=1-alpha
critical = chi2.ppf(prob, dof)
print('probability=%.3f, critical=%.3f, stat=%.3f' % (prob, critical, stat))
if abs(stat) >= critical:
    print('Dependent (reject H0), variables are related')
else:
    print('Independent (fail to reject H0), variables are not related')
probability=0.950, critical=7.815, stat=3.859
Independent (fail to reject H0), variables are not related
In [11]:
print('significance=%.3f, p=%.3f' % (alpha, p))
if p <= alpha:</pre>
    print('Dependent (reject H0)')
else:
    print('Independent (fail to reject H0)')
significance=0.050, p=0.277
```

Independent (fail to reject H0)