

# Assignment 2

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## What is Footprinting ?

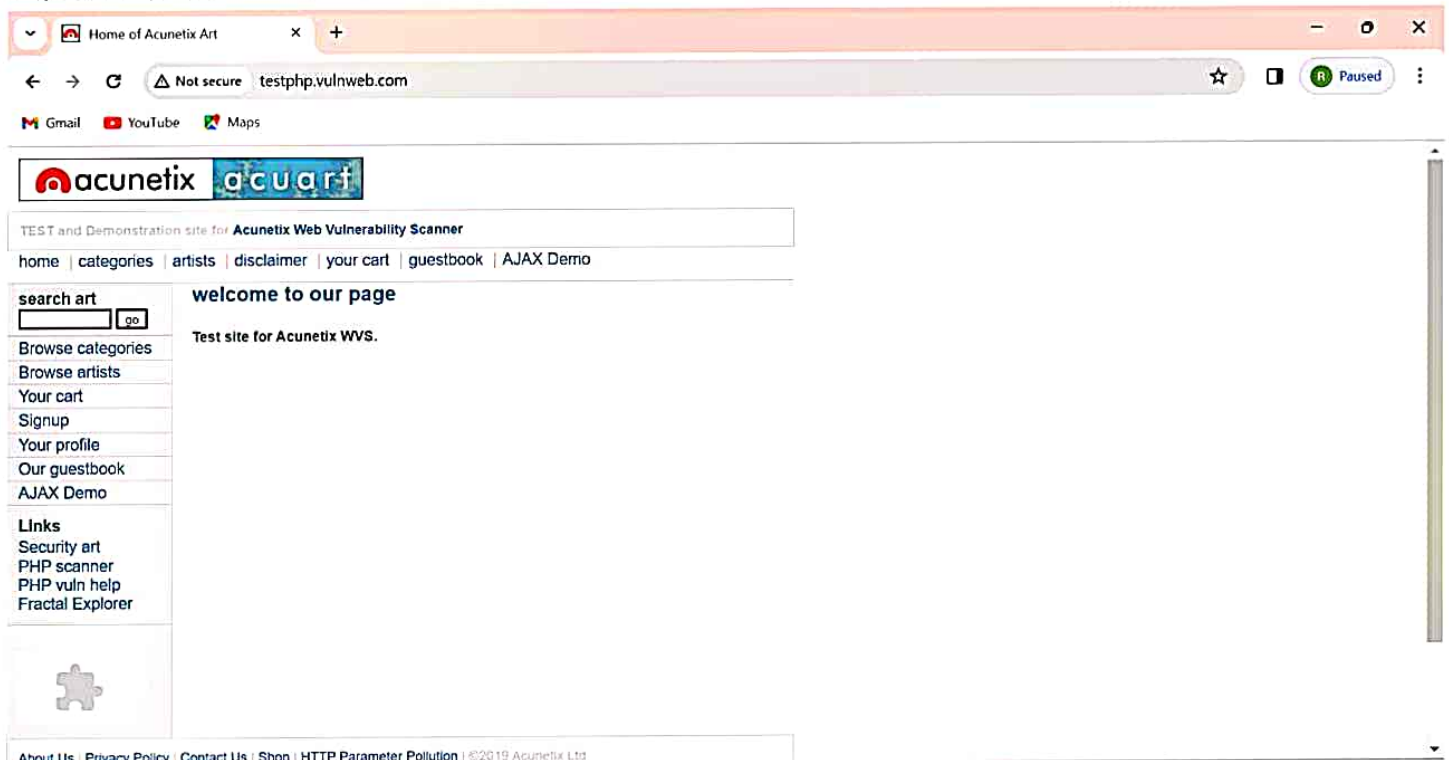
Footprinting is one of the most convenient ways for hackers to collect information about targets such as computer systems, devices, and networks. Using this method, hackers can unravel information on open ports of the target system, services running, and remote access probabilities

## What is Reconnaissance?

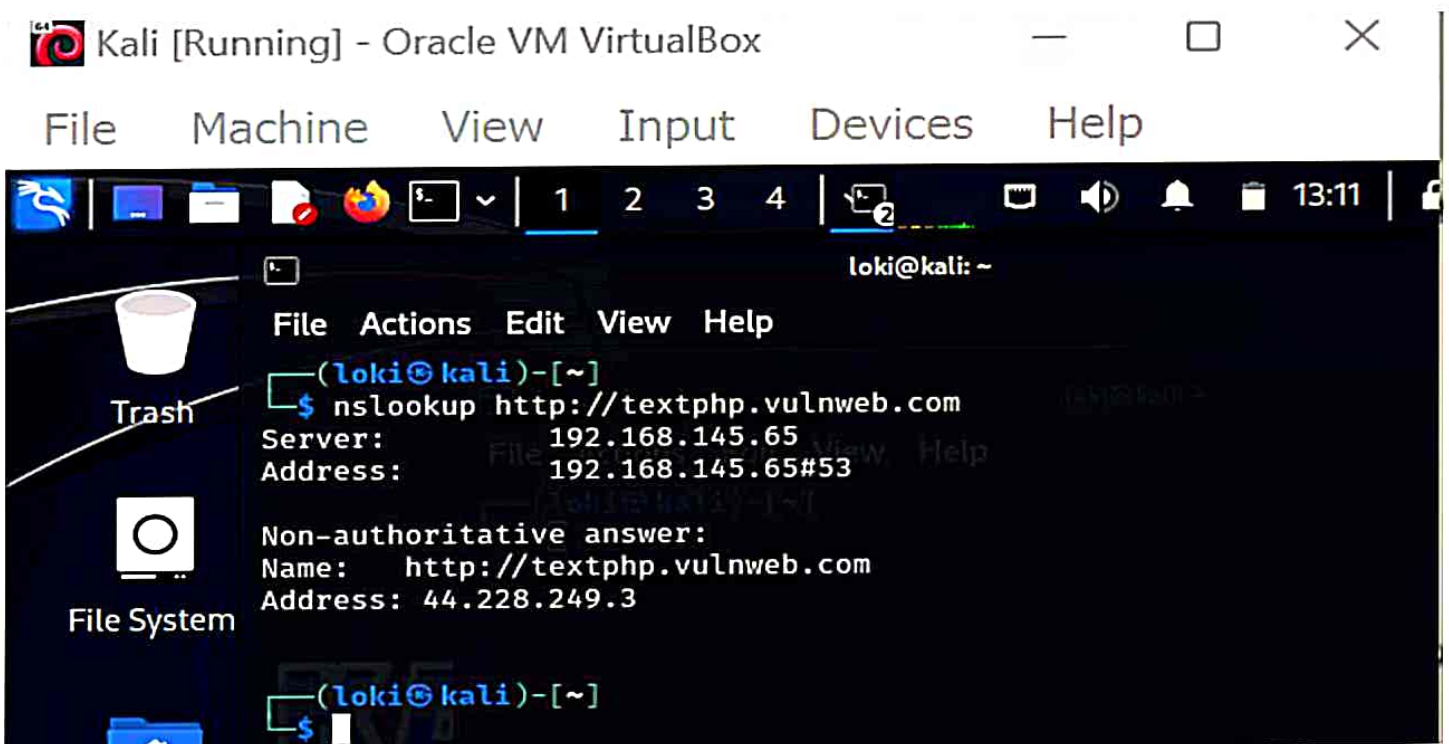
Reconnaissance's most common form involves scanning networks looking for vulnerabilities - such as email messages, websites, social media sites, messaging applications and a company's internal network looking for access to systems and computers running outdated software or security systems

# The Website to Perform Footprinting and Reconnaissance is -

<http://testphp.vulnweb.com/>



Step 1: open kali linux and change to root user to perform the task and use nslookup on the target for it



We got the server IP as shown above

Step 2: now use whois command to gather information for needs

Kali [Running] - Oracle VM VirtualBox

File Machine View Input Devices Help

1 2 3 4 5

loki@kali: ~

File Actions Edit View Help

Lock Screen

```
(loki@kali)-[~]
$ whois 192.168.145.65

#
# ARIN WHOIS data and services are subject to the Terms of Use
# available at: https://www.arin.net/resources/registry/whois/tou/
#
# If you see inaccuracies in the results, please report at
# https://www.arin.net/resources/registry/whois/inaccuracy\_reporting/
#
# Copyright 1997-2024, American Registry for Internet Numbers, Ltd.
#

NetRange: 192.168.0.0 - 192.168.255.255
CIDR: 192.168.0.0/16
NetName: PRIVATE-ADDRESS-CBLK-RFC1918-IANA-RESERVED
NetHandle: NET-192-168-0-0-1
Parent: NET192 (NET-192-0-0-0-0)
NetType: IANA Special Use
OriginAS:
Organization: Internet Assigned Numbers Authority (IANA)
RegDate: 1994-03-15
Updated: 2013-08-30
Comment: These addresses are in use by many millions of independently
operated networks, which might be as small as a single computer connected to
a home gateway, and are automatically configured in hundreds of millions of d
evices. They are only intended for use within a private context and traffic
```

Right Ctrl

Kali [Running] - Oracle VM VirtualBox

File Machine View Input Devices Help

1 2 3 4 5

loki@kali: ~

File Actions Edit View Help

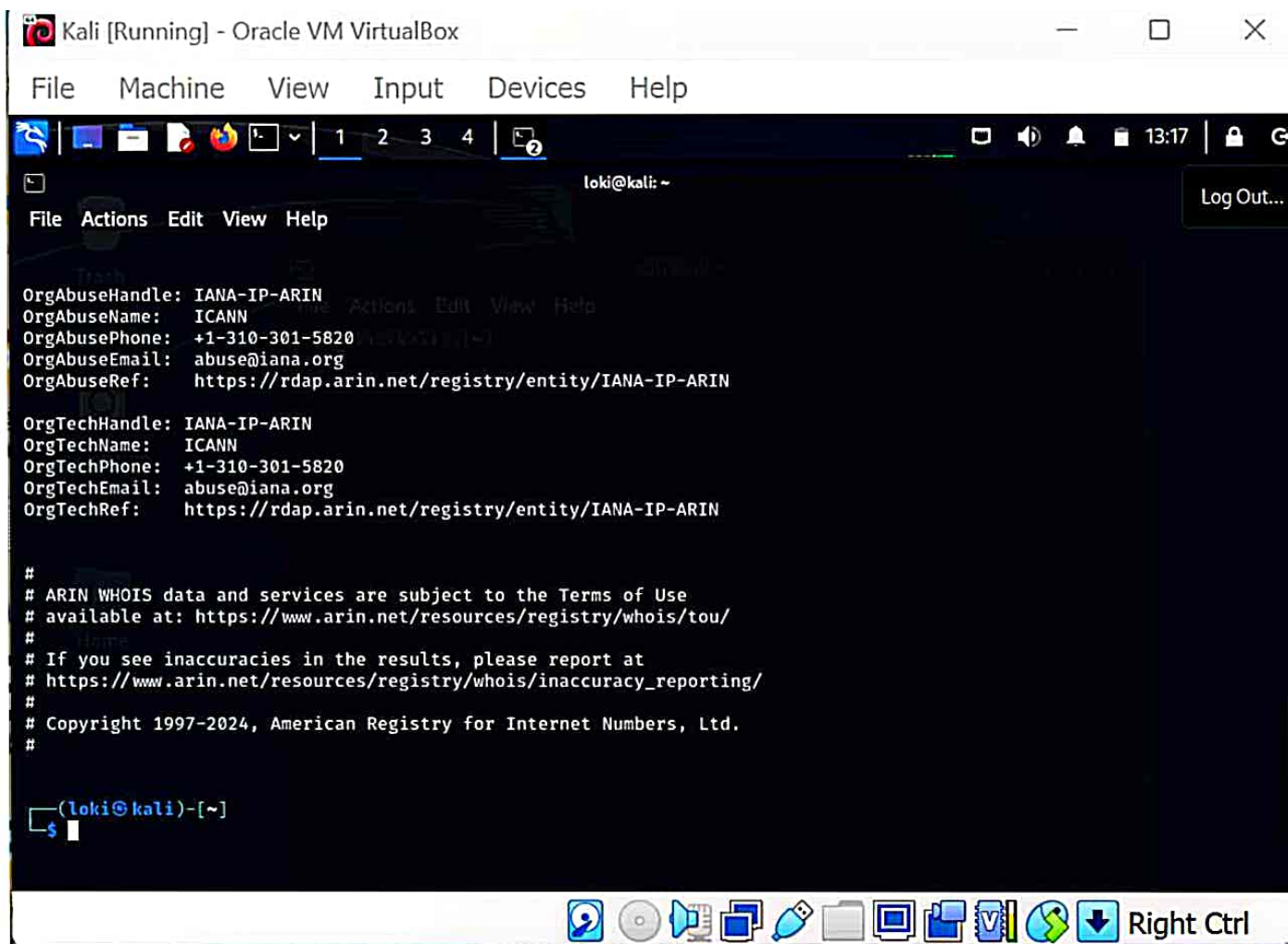
Log Out...

```
a home gateway, and are automatically configured in hundreds of millions of d
evices. They are only intended for use within a private context and traffic
that needs to cross the Internet will need to use a different, unique addres
s.
Comment:
Comment: These addresses can be used by anyone without any need to coo
rdinate with IANA or an Internet registry. The traffic from these addresses
does not come from ICANN or IANA. We are not the source of activity you may
see on logs or in e-mail records. Please refer to http://www.iana.org/abuse/
answers
Comment:
Comment: These addresses were assigned by the IETF, the organization t
hat develops Internet protocols, in the Best Current Practice document, RFC 1
918 which can be found at:
Comment: http://datatracker.ietf.org/doc/rfc1918
Ref: https://rdap.arin.net/registry/ip/192.168.0.0

OrgName: Internet Assigned Numbers Authority
OrgId: IANA
Address: 12025 Waterfront Drive
Address: Suite 300
City: Los Angeles
StateProv: CA
PostalCode: 90292
Country: US
RegDate:
Updated: 2012-08-31
```

Right Ctrl

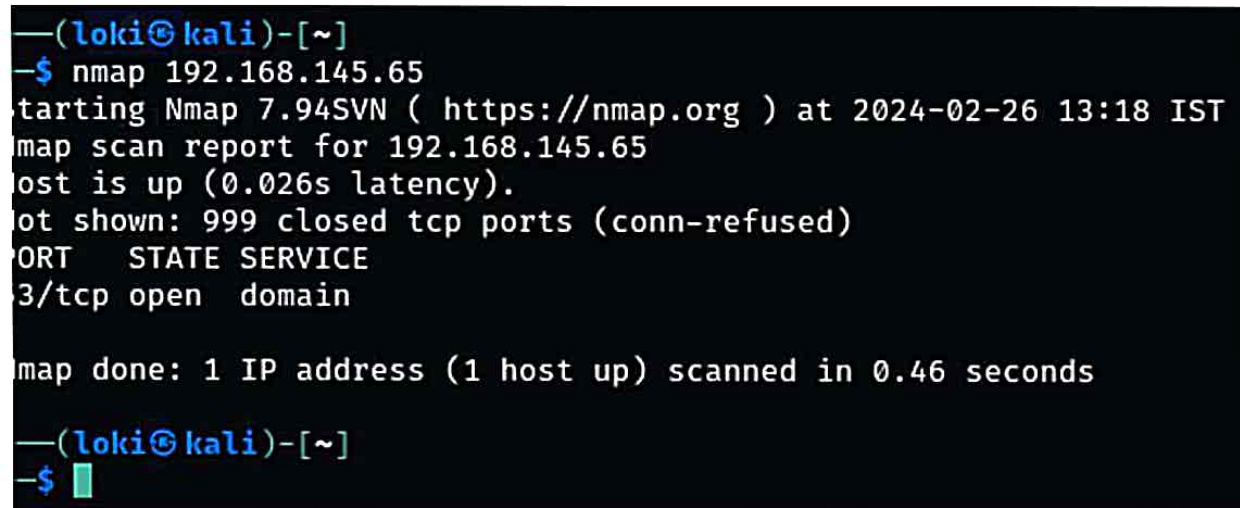




```
Kali [Running] - Oracle VM VirtualBox
File Machine View Input Devices Help
loki@kali: ~
File Actions Edit View Help
OrgAbuseHandle: IANA-IP-ARIN
OrgAbuseName: ICANN
OrgAbusePhone: +1-310-301-5820
OrgAbuseEmail: abuse@iana.org
OrgAbuseRef: https://rdap.arin.net/registry/entity/IANA-IP-ARIN
OrgTechHandle: IANA-IP-ARIN
OrgTechName: ICANN
OrgTechPhone: +1-310-301-5820
OrgTechEmail: abuse@iana.org
OrgTechRef: https://rdap.arin.net/registry/entity/IANA-IP-ARIN
#
# ARIN WHOIS data and services are subject to the Terms of Use
# available at: https://www.arin.net/resources/registry/whois/tou/
#
# If you see inaccuracies in the results, please report at
# https://www.arin.net/resources/registry/whois/inaccuracy_reporting/
#
# Copyright 1997-2024, American Registry for Internet Numbers, Ltd.
#
(loki@kali)-[~]
$
```

We have gathered enough info.

Step 3: Now let us use nmap command to find vulnerabilities



```
(loki@kali)-[~]
$ nmap 192.168.145.65
Starting Nmap 7.94SVN ( https://nmap.org ) at 2024-02-26 13:18 IST
map scan report for 192.168.145.65
Host is up (0.026s latency).
Not shown: 999 closed tcp ports (conn-refused)
PORT      STATE SERVICE
53/tcp    open  domain
80/tcp    open  http
443/tcp   open  https
Nmap done: 1 IP address (1 host up) scanned in 0.46 seconds
(loki@kali)-[~]
$
```

We have a open port 53

**PORT 53** : The standard port for DNS is port 53. DNS client applications use the DNS protocol to query and request information from DNS servers, and the server returns the results to the client using the same port. Port 53 is used for both TCP and UDP communication.

**Vulnerability** : An attacker may use this flaw to inject UDP packets to the remote hosts, in spite of the presence of a firewall. Impact: While using a source port equal to 53 UDP packets may be sent by passing the remote firewall, an attacker could inject UDP packets, in spite of the presence of a firewall.