

Build a Provably Secure PRG(Code)

DEFINITION 3.14 Let $\ell(\cdot)$ be a polynomial and let G be a deterministic polynomial-time algorithm such that for any input $s \in \{0,1\}^n$, algorithm G outputs a string of length $\ell(n)$. We say that G is a pseudorandom generator if the following two conditions hold:

1. (Expansion:) For every n it holds that $\ell(n) > n$.
2. (Pseudorandomness:) For all probabilistic polynomial-time distinguishers D , there exists a negligible function negl such that:

$$|\Pr[D(r) = 1] - \Pr[D(G(s)) = 1]| \leq \text{negl}(n),$$

where r is chosen uniformly at random from $\{0,1\}^{\ell(n)}$, the seed s is chosen uniformly at random from $\{0,1\}^n$, and the probabilities are taken over the random coins used by D and the choice of r and s .

The function $\ell(\cdot)$ is called the expansion factor of G .

Designing single-bit expansion PRGs from Computational Hardness

□ One-way Functions

- Easy to compute, Hard to Invert
- Textbook definition:

DEFINITION 6.1 A function $f : \{0,1\}^* \rightarrow \{0,1\}^*$ is one-way if the following two conditions hold:

1. (Easy to compute:) There exists a polynomial-time algorithm M_f computing f ; that is, $M_f(x) = f(x)$ for all x .
2. (Hard to invert:) For every probabilistic polynomial-time algorithm A , there exists a negligible function negl such that

$$\Pr[\text{Invert}_{A,f}(n) = 1] \leq \text{negl}(n).$$

Utility functions:

discrete_log: DLP One way function GENERATOR = 8173 MOD = 65521

Performs $(\text{GENERATOR}^x) \% (\text{MOD})$

Args: x (int): seed value

Returns: one way function value and get_hardcore_bit(x)

So, it is basically a deterministic polynomial time algorithm G , which takes input of n bits

and outputs $l(n)$ bits where:

1. $l(n) > n$ and
2. Output of G is computationally indistinguishable from uniform distribution.

Now, let's figure out how to design a single-bit expansion PRGS from computational hardness.

HARDCORE PREDICATES

- ❑ Hardest bit of information about x to obtain from $f(x)$
- ❑ Textbook definition:

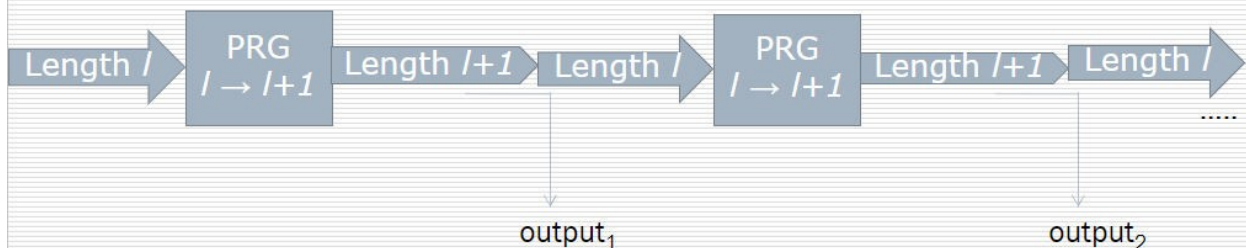
DEFINITION 6.5 A function $hc : \{0, 1\}^* \rightarrow \{0, 1\}$ is a hard-core predicate of a function f if (1) hc can be computed in polynomial time, and (2) for every probabilistic polynomial-time algorithm \mathcal{A} there exists a negligible function negl such that

$$\Pr_{x \leftarrow \{0,1\}^n} [\mathcal{A}(f(x)) = \text{hc}(x)] \leq \frac{1}{2} + \text{negl}(n),$$

where the probability is taken over the uniform choice of x in $\{0, 1\}^n$ and the random coin tosses of \mathcal{A} .

MSB(x) is a Hardcore predicate of Discrete Logarithm Problem

THEOREM 6.8 Assume that there exists a pseudorandom generator with expansion factor $\ell(n) = n + 1$. Then for any polynomial $p(\cdot)$, there exists a pseudorandom generator with expansion factor $\ell(n) = p(n)$.



1. Take the last bit from $l + 1$ length string for output
2. Apply l' times to get output of string l'