





Master's Thesis

Out-of-distribution detection in 3D semantic segmentation

Lokesh Veeramacheneni

Submitted to Hochschule Bonn-Rhein-Sieg,
Department of Computer Science
in partial fullfilment of the requirements for the degree
of Master of Science in Autonomous Systems

Supervised by

Prof. Dr. Paul G Plöger Dr. Matias Valdenegro Prof. Dr. Sebastian Houben

I, the undersigned below, de university and that it is, und		een submitted to this or any other
Date		Lokesh Veeramacheneni



Abstract

Your abstract



Acknowledgements

Thanks to \dots



Contents

1	Intr	roduction	1
	1.1	Motivation	2
		1.1.1	2
		1.1.2	3
	1.2	Challenges and Difficulties	3
		1.2.1	3
		1.2.2	4
		1.2.3	4
	1.3	Problem Statement	4
		1.3.1	4
		1.3.2	6
		1.3.3	6
	G.		7
2	2.1	te of the Art	•
	2.1	Limitations of previous work	7 7
	2.2	Limitations of previous work	'
3	Met	${f thodology}$	9
	3.1	Dataset benchmark formulation	9
		3.1.1 SemanticKITTI	9
		3.1.2 Stanford 3D Indoor Scene Dataset (S3DIS)	10
4	Solı	ution	11
•	4.1		11
	4.2		11
	1.2		
5	Eva	luation	13
6	Res	ults	15
	6.1	Use case 1	15
	6.2	Use case 2	15
	6.3	Use case 3	15
7	Cor	nclusions	17
•	7.1		17
	7.2		17
	•		17

8 Notes/Remarks				
	8.1	$Introduction-OOD/Anomaly/Distributional\ shift \ \dots \dots \dots \dots \dots \dots \dots \dots \dots \dots$	19	
	8.2	Related work - Datasets	20	
	8.3	Related work - Models	23	
$\mathbf{A}_{\mathbf{j}}$	Appendix A Design Details			
$\mathbf{A}_{\mathbf{j}}$	Appendix B Parameters			
$\mathbf{R}_{\mathbf{c}}$	efere	nces	29	

List of Figures

3.1	Classes in semanticKITTI datset and their distribution in dataset. The hatched bars means	
	a mying object where as solid bar means a non movable object. Image taken from [?]	10
3.2	Ground truth example of a scan in Semantic KITTI dataset depicting various classes $\ \ . \ \ .$	10
8.1	Illustration of distributional shift, anomaly and out of distribution examples using various	
	kind of ships. 8.1a represents the sail ship during 18th century. 8.1b depicts the current	
	training data. 8.1c, 8.1d represents the anamolous ship data and 8.1e, 8.1f represents the	
	OOD data. Images are taken from [25], [14], [17], [26], [8], and [3] respectively in the order	
	they appear	19
8.2	Illustration of anomaly and OOD with time series data as example. 8.2a depicts the	
	triaining data as sinusoidal wave. 8.2b represents the anomaly in the sinusoidal wave and	
	8.2c represents the square wave as OOD signal	20
8.3	Sequential mounted LiDAR for data collection of Lyft L5 dataset. Image from [15]	21
8.4	Terrestrial laser scanner in an industrial environment with the laser scanner mounted on a	
	yellow tripod in the left corner of the floor. Image taken from [22]	21
8.5	Illustration of a scene in synthetic dataset called SynthCity. Image taken from [11]	
8.6	Comparison of 3D semantic segmentation methods performance on SemanticKITTI dataset	
	against the number of parameters. Blue points represent point based methods and red	
	represented projection based methods	23



List of Tables

8.1 $\,$ 3D LiDAR datasets classified based on the acquisition type. Table updated from [7] $\,$. . . $\,$ 22



Introduction

Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetuer adipiscing elit. Ut purus elit, vestibulum ut, placerat ac, adipiscing vitae, felis. Curabitur dictum gravida mauris. Nam arcu libero, nonummy eget, consectetuer id, vulputate a, magna. Donec vehicula augue eu neque. Pellentesque habitant morbi tristique senectus et netus et malesuada fames ac turpis egestas. Mauris ut leo. Cras viverra metus rhoncus sem. Nulla et lectus vestibulum urna fringilla ultrices. Phasellus eu tellus sit amet tortor gravida placerat. Integer sapien est, iaculis in, pretium quis, viverra ac, nunc. Praesent eget sem vel leo ultrices bibendum. Aenean faucibus. Morbi dolor nulla, malesuada eu, pulvinar at, mollis ac, nulla. Curabitur auctor semper nulla. Donec varius orci eget risus. Duis nibh mi, congue eu, accumsan eleifend, sagittis quis, diam. Duis eget orci sit amet orci dignissim rutrum.

Nam dui ligula, fringilla a, euismod sodales, sollicitudin vel, wisi. Morbi auctor lorem non justo. Nam lacus libero, pretium at, lobortis vitae, ultricies et, tellus. Donec aliquet, tortor sed accumsan bibendum, erat ligula aliquet magna, vitae ornare odio metus a mi. Morbi ac orci et nisl hendrerit mollis. Suspendisse ut massa. Cras nec ante. Pellentesque a nulla. Cum sociis natoque penatibus et magnis dis parturient montes, nascetur ridiculus mus. Aliquam tincidunt urna. Nulla ullamcorper vestibulum turpis. Pellentesque cursus luctus mauris.

Nulla malesuada portitior diam. Donec felis erat, congue non, volutpat at, tincidunt tristique, libero. Vivamus viverra fermentum felis. Donec nonummy pellentesque ante. Phasellus adipiscing semper elit. Proin fermentum massa ac quam. Sed diam turpis, molestie vitae, placerat a, molestie nec, leo. Maecenas lacinia. Nam ipsum ligula, eleifend at, accumsan nec, suscipit a, ipsum. Morbi blandit ligula feugiat magna. Nunc eleifend consequat lorem. Sed lacinia nulla vitae enim. Pellentesque tincidunt purus vel magna. Integer non enim. Praesent euismod nunc eu purus. Donec bibendum quam in tellus. Nullam cursus pulvinar lectus. Donec et mi. Nam vulputate metus eu enim. Vestibulum pellentesque felis eu massa.

Quisque ullamcorper placerat ipsum. Cras nibh. Morbi vel justo vitae lacus tincidunt ultrices. Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetuer adipiscing elit. In hac habitasse platea dictumst. Integer tempus convallis augue. Etiam facilisis. Nunc elementum fermentum wisi. Aenean placerat. Ut imperdiet, enim sed gravida sollicitudin, felis odio placerat quam, ac pulvinar elit purus eget enim. Nunc vitae tortor. Proin tempus nibh sit amet nisl. Vivamus quis tortor vitae risus porta vehicula.

Fusce mauris. Vestibulum luctus nibh at lectus. Sed bibendum, nulla a faucibus semper, leo velit

ultricies tellus, ac venenatis arcu wisi vel nisl. Vestibulum diam. Aliquam pellentesque, augue quis sagittis posuere, turpis lacus congue quam, in hendrerit risus eros eget felis. Maecenas eget erat in sapien mattis porttitor. Vestibulum porttitor. Nulla facilisi. Sed a turpis eu lacus commodo facilisis. Morbi fringilla, wisi in dignissim interdum, justo lectus sagittis dui, et vehicula libero dui cursus dui. Mauris tempor ligula sed lacus. Duis cursus enim ut augue. Cras ac magna. Cras nulla. Nulla egestas. Curabitur a leo. Quisque egestas wisi eget nunc. Nam feugiat lacus vel est. Curabitur consectetuer.

1.1 Motivation

1.1.1 ...

Suspendisse vel felis. Ut lorem lorem, interdum eu, tincidunt sit amet, laoreet vitae, arcu. Aenean faucibus pede eu ante. Praesent enim elit, rutrum at, molestie non, nonummy vel, nisl. Ut lectus eros, malesuada sit amet, fermentum eu, sodales cursus, magna. Donec eu purus. Quisque vehicula, urna sed ultricies auctor, pede lorem egestas dui, et convallis elit erat sed nulla. Donec luctus. Curabitur et nunc. Aliquam dolor odio, commodo pretium, ultricies non, pharetra in, velit. Integer arcu est, nonummy in, fermentum faucibus, egestas vel, odio.

Sed commodo posuere pede. Mauris ut est. Ut quis purus. Sed ac odio. Sed vehicula hendrerit sem. Duis non odio. Morbi ut dui. Sed accumsan risus eget odio. In hac habitasse platea dictumst. Pellentesque non elit. Fusce sed justo eu urna porta tincidunt. Mauris felis odio, sollicitudin sed, volutpat a, ornare ac, erat. Morbi quis dolor. Donec pellentesque, erat ac sagittis semper, nunc dui lobortis purus, quis congue purus metus ultricies tellus. Proin et quam. Class aptent taciti sociosqu ad litora torquent per conubia nostra, per inceptos hymenaeos. Praesent sapien turpis, fermentum vel, eleifend faucibus, vehicula eu, lacus.

Pellentesque habitant morbi tristique senectus et netus et malesuada fames ac turpis egestas. Donec odio elit, dictum in, hendrerit sit amet, egestas sed, leo. Praesent feugiat sapien aliquet odio. Integer vitae justo. Aliquam vestibulum fringilla lorem. Sed neque lectus, consectetuer at, consectetuer sed, eleifend ac, lectus. Nulla facilisi. Pellentesque eget lectus. Proin eu metus. Sed porttitor. In hac habitasse platea dictumst. Suspendisse eu lectus. Ut mi mi, lacinia sit amet, placerat et, mollis vitae, dui. Sed ante tellus, tristique ut, iaculis eu, malesuada ac, dui. Mauris nibh leo, facilisis non, adipiscing quis, ultrices a, dui.

Morbi luctus, wisi viverra faucibus pretium, nibh est placerat odio, nec commodo wisi enim eget quam. Quisque libero justo, consectetuer a, feugiat vitae, porttitor eu, libero. Suspendisse sed mauris vitae elit sollicitudin malesuada. Maecenas ultricies eros sit amet ante. Ut venenatis velit. Maecenas sed mi eget dui varius euismod. Phasellus aliquet volutpat odio. Vestibulum ante ipsum primis in faucibus orci luctus et ultrices posuere cubilia Curae; Pellentesque sit amet pede ac sem eleifend consectetuer. Nullam elementum, urna vel imperdiet sodales, elit ipsum pharetra ligula, ac pretium ante justo a nulla. Curabitur tristique arcu eu metus. Vestibulum lectus. Proin mauris. Proin eu nunc eu urna hendrerit faucibus. Aliquam auctor, pede consequat laoreet varius, eros tellus scelerisque quam, pellentesque hendrerit ipsum dolor sed augue. Nulla nec lacus.

Suspendisse vitae elit. Aliquam arcu neque, ornare in, ullamcorper quis, commodo eu, libero. Fusce

sagittis erat at erat tristique mollis. Maecenas sapien libero, molestie et, lobortis in, sodales eget, dui. Morbi ultrices rutrum lorem. Nam elementum ullamcorper leo. Morbi dui. Aliquam sagittis. Nunc placerat. Pellentesque tristique sodales est. Maecenas imperdiet lacinia velit. Cras non urna. Morbi eros pede, suscipit ac, varius vel, egestas non, eros. Praesent malesuada, diam id pretium elementum, eros sem dictum tortor, vel consectetuer odio sem sed wisi.

1.1.2 ...

1.2 Challenges and Difficulties

1.2.1 ...

Sed feugiat. Cum sociis natoque penatibus et magnis dis parturient montes, nascetur ridiculus mus. Ut pellentesque augue sed urna. Vestibulum diam eros, fringilla et, consectetuer eu, nonummy id, sapien. Nullam at lectus. In sagittis ultrices mauris. Curabitur malesuada erat sit amet massa. Fusce blandit. Aliquam erat volutpat. Aliquam euismod. Aenean vel lectus. Nunc imperdiet justo nec dolor.

Etiam euismod. Fusce facilisis lacinia dui. Suspendisse potenti. In mi erat, cursus id, nonummy sed, ullamcorper eget, sapien. Praesent pretium, magna in eleifend egestas, pede pede pretium lorem, quis consectetuer tortor sapien facilisis magna. Mauris quis magna varius nulla scelerisque imperdiet. Aliquam non quam. Aliquam porttitor quam a lacus. Praesent vel arcu ut tortor cursus volutpat. In vitae pede quis diam bibendum placerat. Fusce elementum convallis neque. Sed dolor orci, scelerisque ac, dapibus nec, ultricies ut, mi. Duis nec dui quis leo sagittis commodo.

Aliquam lectus. Vivamus leo. Quisque ornare tellus ullamcorper nulla. Mauris porttitor pharetra tortor. Sed fringilla justo sed mauris. Mauris tellus. Sed non leo. Nullam elementum, magna in cursus sodales, augue est scelerisque sapien, venenatis congue nulla arcu et pede. Ut suscipit enim vel sapien. Donec congue. Maecenas urna mi, suscipit in, placerat ut, vestibulum ut, massa. Fusce ultrices nulla et nisl.

Etiam ac leo a risus tristique nonummy. Donec dignissim tincidunt nulla. Vestibulum rhoncus molestie odio. Sed lobortis, justo et pretium lobortis, mauris turpis condimentum augue, nec ultricies nibh arcu pretium enim. Nunc purus neque, placerat id, imperdiet sed, pellentesque nec, nisl. Vestibulum imperdiet neque non sem accumsan laoreet. In hac habitasse platea dictumst. Etiam condimentum facilisis libero. Suspendisse in elit quis nisl aliquam dapibus. Pellentesque auctor sapien. Sed egestas sapien nec lectus. Pellentesque vel dui vel neque bibendum viverra. Aliquam porttitor nisl nec pede. Proin mattis libero vel turpis. Donec rutrum mauris et libero. Proin euismod porta felis. Nam lobortis, metus quis elementum commodo, nunc lectus elementum mauris, eget vulputate ligula tellus eu neque. Vivamus eu dolor.

Nulla in ipsum. Praesent eros nulla, congue vitae, euismod ut, commodo a, wisi. Pellentesque habitant morbi tristique senectus et netus et malesuada fames ac turpis egestas. Aenean nonummy magna non leo. Sed felis erat, ullamcorper in, dictum non, ultricies ut, lectus. Proin vel arcu a odio lobortis euismod. Vestibulum ante ipsum primis in faucibus orci luctus et ultrices posuere cubilia Curae; Proin ut est.

Aliquam odio. Pellentesque massa turpis, cursus eu, euismod nec, tempor congue, nulla. Duis viverra gravida mauris. Cras tincidunt. Curabitur eros ligula, varius ut, pulvinar in, cursus faucibus, augue.

1.2.2 ...

1.2.3 ...

1.3 Problem Statement

1.3.1 ...

Etiam pede massa, dapibus vitae, rhoncus in, placerat posuere, odio. Vestibulum luctus commodo lacus. Morbi lacus dui, tempor sed, euismod eget, condimentum at, tortor. Phasellus aliquet odio ac lacus tempor faucibus. Praesent sed sem. Praesent iaculis. Cras rhoncus tellus sed justo ullamcorper sagittis. Donec quis orci. Sed ut tortor quis tellus euismod tincidunt. Suspendisse congue nisl eu elit. Aliquam tortor diam, tempus id, tristique eget, sodales vel, nulla. Praesent tellus mi, condimentum sed, viverra at, consectetuer quis, lectus. In auctor vehicula orci. Sed pede sapien, euismod in, suscipit in, pharetra placerat, metus. Vivamus commodo dui non odio. Donec et felis.

Etiam suscipit aliquam arcu. Aliquam sit amet est ac purus bibendum congue. Sed in eros. Morbi non orci. Pellentesque mattis lacinia elit. Fusce molestie velit in ligula. Nullam et orci vitae nibh vulputate auctor. Aliquam eget purus. Nulla auctor wisi sed ipsum. Morbi porttitor tellus ac enim. Fusce ornare. Proin ipsum enim, tincidunt in, ornare venenatis, molestie a, augue. Donec vel pede in lacus sagittis porta. Sed hendrerit ipsum quis nisl. Suspendisse quis massa ac nibh pretium cursus. Sed sodales. Nam eu neque quis pede dignissim ornare. Maecenas eu purus ac urna tincidunt congue.

Donec et nisl id sapien blandit mattis. Aenean dictum odio sit amet risus. Morbi purus. Nulla a est sit amet purus venenatis iaculis. Vivamus viverra purus vel magna. Donec in justo sed odio malesuada dapibus. Nunc ultrices aliquam nunc. Vivamus facilisis pellentesque velit. Nulla nunc velit, vulputate dapibus, vulputate id, mattis ac, justo. Nam mattis elit dapibus purus. Quisque enim risus, congue non, elementum ut, mattis quis, sem. Quisque elit.

Maecenas non massa. Vestibulum pharetra nulla at lorem. Duis quis quam id lacus dapibus interdum. Nulla lorem. Donec ut ante quis dolor bibendum condimentum. Etiam egestas tortor vitae lacus. Praesent cursus. Mauris bibendum pede at elit. Morbi et felis a lectus interdum facilisis. Sed suscipit gravida turpis. Nulla at lectus. Vestibulum ante ipsum primis in faucibus orci luctus et ultrices posuere cubilia Curae; Praesent nonummy luctus nibh. Proin turpis nunc, congue eu, egestas ut, fringilla at, tellus. In hac habitasse platea dictumst.

Vivamus eu tellus sed tellus consequat suscipit. Nam orci orci, malesuada id, gravida nec, ultricies vitae, erat. Donec risus turpis, luctus sit amet, interdum quis, porta sed, ipsum. Suspendisse condimentum, tortor at egestas posuere, neque metus tempor orci, et tincidunt urna nunc a purus. Sed facilisis blandit tellus. Nunc risus sem, suscipit nec, eleifend quis, cursus quis, libero. Curabitur et dolor. Sed vitae sem.

Cum sociis natoque penatibus et magnis dis parturient montes, nascetur ridiculus mus. Maecenas ante. Duis ullamcorper enim. Donec tristique enim eu leo. Nullam molestie elit eu dolor. Nullam bibendum, turpis vitae tristique gravida, quam sapien tempor lectus, quis pretium tellus purus ac quam. Nulla facilisi.

Duis aliquet dui in est. Donec eget est. Nunc lectus odio, varius at, fermentum in, accumsan non, enim. Aliquam erat volutpat. Proin sit amet nulla ut eros consectetuer cursus. Phasellus dapibus aliquam justo. Nunc laoreet. Donec consequat placerat magna. Duis pretium tincidunt justo. Sed sollicitudin vestibulum quam. Nam quis ligula. Vivamus at metus. Etiam imperdiet imperdiet pede. Aenean turpis. Fusce augue velit, scelerisque sollicitudin, dictum vitae, tempor et, pede. Donec wisi sapien, feugiat in, fermentum ut, sollicitudin adipiscing, metus.

Donec vel nibh ut felis consectetuer laoreet. Donec pede. Sed id quam id wisi laoreet suscipit. Nulla lectus dolor, aliquam ac, fringilla eget, mollis ut, orci. In pellentesque justo in ligula. Maecenas turpis. Donec eleifend leo at felis tincidunt consequat. Aenean turpis metus, malesuada sed, condimentum sit amet, auctor a, wisi. Pellentesque sapien elit, bibendum ac, posuere et, congue eu, felis. Vestibulum mattis libero quis metus scelerisque ultrices. Sed purus.

Donec molestie, magna ut luctus ultrices, tellus arcu nonummy velit, sit amet pulvinar elit justo et mauris. In pede. Maecenas euismod elit eu erat. Aliquam augue wisi, facilisis congue, suscipit in, adipiscing et, ante. In justo. Cras lobortis neque ac ipsum. Nunc fermentum massa at ante. Donec orci tortor, egestas sit amet, ultrices eget, venenatis eget, mi. Maecenas vehicula leo semper est. Mauris vel metus. Aliquam erat volutpat. In rhoncus sapien ac tellus. Pellentesque ligula.

Cras dapibus, augue quis scelerisque ultricies, felis dolor placerat sem, id porta velit odio eu elit. Aenean interdum nibh sed wisi. Praesent sollicitudin vulputate dui. Praesent iaculis viverra augue. Quisque in libero. Aenean gravida lorem vitae sem ullamcorper cursus. Nunc adipiscing rutrum ante. Nunc ipsum massa, faucibus sit amet, viverra vel, elementum semper, orci. Cras eros sem, vulputate et, tincidunt id, ultrices eget, magna. Nulla varius ornare odio. Donec accumsan mauris sit amet augue. Sed ligula lacus, laoreet non, aliquam sit amet, iaculis tempor, lorem. Suspendisse eros. Nam porta, leo sed congue tempor, felis est ultrices eros, id mattis velit felis non metus. Curabitur vitae elit non mauris varius pretium. Aenean lacus sem, tincidunt ut, consequat quis, porta vitae, turpis. Nullam laoreet fermentum urna. Proin iaculis lectus.

Sed mattis, erat sit amet gravida malesuada, elit augue egestas diam, tempus scelerisque nunc nisl vitae libero. Sed consequat feugiat massa. Nunc porta, eros in eleifend varius, erat leo rutrum dui, non convallis lectus orci ut nibh. Sed lorem massa, nonummy quis, egestas id, condimentum at, nisl. Maecenas at nibh. Aliquam et augue at nunc pellentesque ullamcorper. Duis nisl nibh, laoreet suscipit, convallis ut, rutrum id, enim. Phasellus odio. Nulla nulla elit, molestie non, scelerisque at, vestibulum eu, nulla. Ut odio nisl, facilisis id, mollis et, scelerisque nec, enim. Aenean sem leo, pellentesque sit amet, scelerisque sit amet, vehicula pellentesque, sapien.

- 1.3.2 ...
- 1.3.3 ...

State of the Art

2.1

Use as many sections as you need in your related work to group content into logical groups Don't forget to correctly cite your sources [?].

2.2 Limitations of previous work

Methodology

Dataset bechmarking is important any task because it allows future researchers to compare and validate their methods. In this thesis, we tried to formulate a benchmark for out of distribution (OOD) detection in 3D datasets and evaluated the benchmarked datasets over the baseline models. In this chapter, we discuss about the benchmarking of datasets particulary how is it done and experimental setup which includes models used and also a description about the process of OOD detection.

3.1 Dataset benchmark formulation

In this era, development of novel architectures in deep learning is made easy by improvement in frameworks such as Pytorch and Tensorflow. These rapidly developed architectures requires a standard benchmarked datasets to compare performance with existing architectures. The process of creating benchmarked datasets with high quality are tedious and requires Herculian effort. Moreover the benchmarking for OOD detection task in 2D is already available in [cite]. The benchmarked datasets in OOD detection for 2D classification setting are MNIST vs Fashion MNIST [cite] or CIFAR vs SUN datasets [cite]. Since this thesis deals with OOD detection in 3D segmentation task and it is first of its kind no such benchmarking is available as best of our knowledge. As discussed in [cite], we chose the datasets for in and out distributions based on the criteria of relevance, representativeness, experimentally verified case, scalability and resuability. As argued in [cite] one more criteria is non-redundancy was tried to maintain and its only possible with hard OOD scenarios where classes doesn't overlap between datasets. In case of soft OOD there are class overlaps but it should not be a problem in OOD detection task.

3.1.1 SemanticKITTI

The first benchmarked datasets are of LiDAR point annotation datasets for 3D semantic segmentation. This thesis also include the study of the available LiDAR datasets, a detailed descripton of datasets and their classes are available in appendix [cite]. The discussion here is only confined to the datasets used for benchmarking. For this study we chose the SemanticKITTI dataset [?] as an in distribution dataset. We adopted SemanticKITTI because of its wide usage in evaluation of 3D semantic segmentation model performance. Moreover the dataset consits of high qualitative and quantative scans. Also the sensor used is Velodyne HDL-64E which is widely used sensor for LiDAR scans as its used in other datasets such

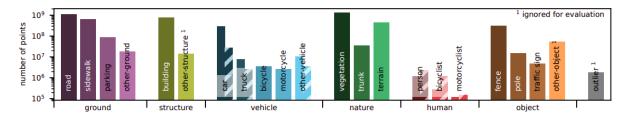


Figure 3.1: Classes in semanticKITTI datset and their distribution in dataset. The hatched bars means a mying object where as solid bar means a non movable object. Image taken from [?].

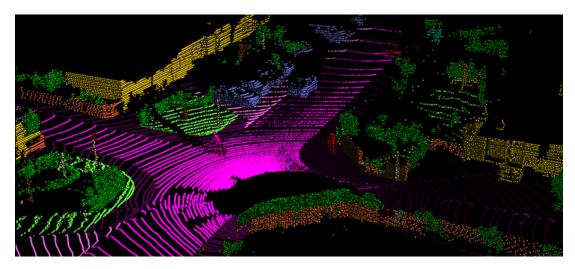


Figure 3.2: Ground truth example of a scan in SemanticKITTI dataset depicting various classes

as [cite]. SemanticKITTI [?] is a large dataset with 23201 and 20351 scans for training and testing respectively. The datasets has a gigantic 4549M number of points which are annotated individually. It has 28 classes annotated but only 25 are used for evaluation. The dataset is also publicly available at [cite] for download and API at [cite]. The available classes and their distribution in dataset is given in Figure 3.1. SemanticKITTI is an outdoor autonomous driving dataset as depicted in Figure 3.2.

3.1.2 Stanford 3D Indoor Scene Dataset (S3DIS)

Solution

Your main contributions go here

- 4.1 Proposed algorithm
- ${\bf 4.2~Implementation~details}$

Evaluation

Implementation and measurements.

Results

6.1 Use case 1

Describe results and analyse them

- 6.2 Use case 2
- 6.3 Use case 3

Conclusions

- 7.1 Contributions
- 7.2 Lessons learned
- 7.3 Future work

Notes/Remarks

8.1 Introduction-OOD/Anomaly/Distributional shift

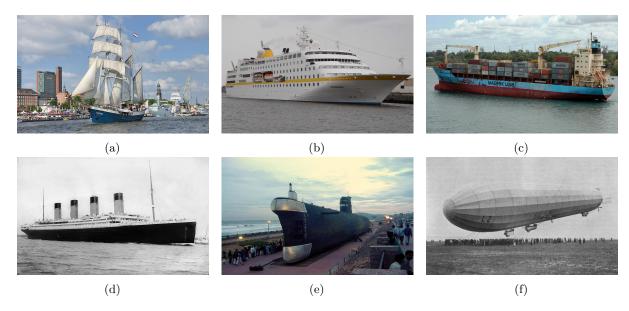


Figure 8.1: Illustration of distributional shift, anomaly and out of distribution examples using various kind of ships. 8.1a represents the sail ship during 18th century. 8.1b depicts the current training data. 8.1c, 8.1d represents the anamolous ship data and 8.1e, 8.1f represents the OOD data. Images are taken from [25], [14], [17], [26], [8], and [3] respectively in the order they appear.

Let us time travel back to 18^{th} century and assume that we had implemented a model to detect ships, the dataset images for the trained model will be similar to Figure 8.1a. 18^{th} century ships as in 8.1a can be defined as "ship contains hull and sails". Fast forward to present time, current ships are as shown in Figure 8.1b. Ship as in 8.1b can be defined as "ship contains hull and passenger decks stacked upon each other". Now if we want to deploy the old model trained with old ships to detect the present generation of ships, it is difficult because of the change in definition and properties of ship. This change in data distribution over a period of time is called "distributional shift" of the data.

Anomaly can be defined as the patterns that doesn't conform to the expected training behavior. By this definition, Figure 8.1c and Figure 8.1d can be considered as anomalies. This is because Figure 8.1c is a container ship looking similar to Figure 8.1b instead of passenger decks we have containers stacked. Figure 8.1d is also anomaly because the Titanic also has a hull, passenger decks and chimneys. This additional chimnies as a fetures deviates this image from the definition of the ship and can be considered as "anomaly".

The input for out of distribution (OOD) is drawn from an unknown distribution of unknown data, which is not near to the trianing distribution. Figures 8.1e and 8.1f are submarine and ariship which are from unknown distribution and they doesn't adhere to the definition of ship by any means. In general, one can argue that OOD can be defined as inputs which doesn't belong to any class in the training data.

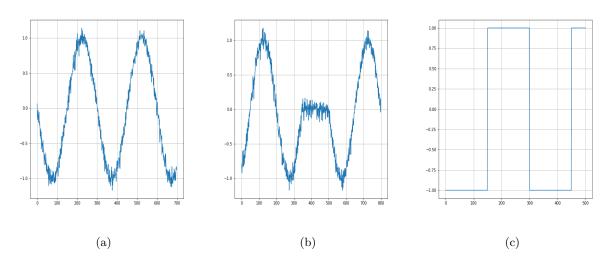


Figure 8.2: Illustration of anomaly and OOD with time series data as example. 8.2a depicts the triaining data as sinusoidal wave. 8.2b represents the anomaly in the sinusoidal wave and 8.2c represents the square wave as OOD signal

8.2 Related work - Datasets

LiDAR is one of the central component in the sensor suite for SLAM system in robotic applications [28], [20], [13] and autonomous driving [16]. 3D LiDAR data is preferred because, it can provide the exact replica of 3D geometry of the real world represented in the form of 3D point clouds. Because of these rich features and widespread use of LiDAR sensors, tasks such as 3D object detection [36], [35] and 3D semantic segmentation [21], [1] are becoming more predominant area for research.

In this section, we will discuss about the available 3D LiDAR datasets for 3D semantic segmentation task and classify the datasets based on acquisition methods as in [7]. [7] classifies the available public datasets into three classes based on the data acquisition process. They are *Sequential*, *Static* and *Synthetic* datasets. The data for sequential datasets are collected as frame sequences where mechanical LiDAR is mounted on top of a autonomous driiving platform as in Figure 8.3. Most of the popular autonomous



Figure 8.3: Sequential mounted LiDAR for data collection of Lyft L5 dataset. Image from [15]

driving datasets are of sequential type, but these kind of datasets comes with a drawback of sparse points than other datasets.

Static datasets consists of data collected from a stationary view point by a terrestrial laser scanner. These kind of datasets capture the static information of the realworld whereas the sequential datasets capture the dynamic movements of the surrounding objects. Static datasets find their way in applications such as the urban planning, augmented reality and robotics. Figure 8.4 depoits a terrestrial laser scanner used to capture point cloud of an industrial environment. An advantage with the static datasets, are they



Figure 8.4: Terrestrial laser scanner in an industrial environment with the laser scanner mounted on a yellow tripod in the left corner of the floor. Image taken from [22]

can produce highly dense point clouds leading to rich 3D geometric representations.

Last type of 3D LiDAR datasets are synthetic datasets. As the name suggests these datasets are generated from the computer simulation. Figure 8.5 depcits a simulated point cloud in a synthtic dataset called SynthCity. Eventhough synthetic datasets can be generated in large scale with cheap cost, they lack the accuracy in detail when compared to the point clouds generated from real world.

The datasets belonging to the each acquisition type are summed up in Table 8.1. Most of the datasets from the Table 8.1 are taken from [7] and also as a part of this study, additional new datasets were added

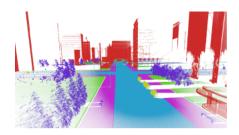


Figure 8.5: Illustration of a scene in synthetic dataset called SynthCity. Image taken from [11]

to the list. The newly added datasets include DALES [31], ScanObjectNN [29] in static acquisition mode and AIO Drive [32], Toronto3D [27] are additions in the sequential mode. [7] also classifies GTAV (#cite) dataset as synthetic 3D LiDAR but the corresponding paper doesn't report any LiDAR dataset and proposed only 2D dataset for segmentation. The limited number of datasets in 3D LiDAR allowed us to study the characteristics of each individual datasets such as each class, data distribution and features of each point in point cloud. It is summarized in Table (#ref) in Appendix (#chapter number)

acquisition mode	dataset	frames	points (in million)	classes	scene type
static	Oakland[18]	17	1.6	44	outdoor
	Paris-lille-3D[23]	3	143	50	outdoor
	Paris-rue-Madame[24]	2	20	17	outdoor
	S3DIS[2]	5	215	12	indoor
	ScanObjectNN[29]	-	-	15	indoor
	Semantic3D[12]	30	4009	8	outdoor
	TerraMobilita/IQmulus[30]	10	12	15	outdoor
	TUM City Campus[9]	631	41	8	outdoor
	DALES[31]	40 (tiles)	492	8	outdoor
sequential	A2D2[10]	41277	1238	38	outdoor
	AIO Drive[32]	100	-	23	outdoor
	KITTI-360[34]	100K	18000	19	outdoor
	nuScenes-lidarseg[5]	40000	1400	32	outdoor
	PandaSet[33]	16000	1844	37	outdoor
	SemanticKITTI[4]	43552	4549	28	outdoor
	SemanticPOSS[19]	2988	216	14	outdoor
	Sydney Urban[6]	631	-	26	outdoor
	Toronto-3D[27]	4	78.3	8	outdoor
synthetic	SynthCity[11]	75000	367.9	9	outdoor

Table 8.1: 3D LiDAR datasets classified based on the acquisition type. Table updated from [7]

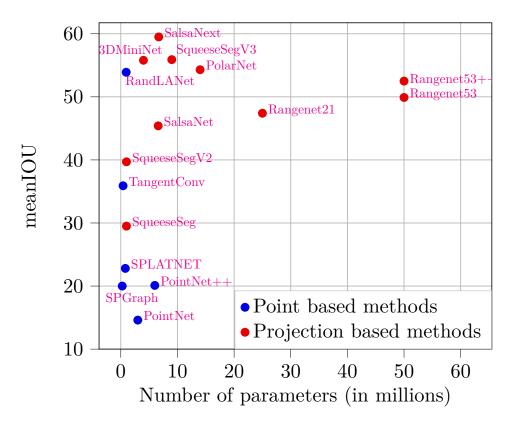


Figure 8.6: Comparison of 3D semantic segmentation methods performance on SemanticKITTI dataset against the number of parameters. Blue points represent point based methods and red represented projection based methods.

8.3 Related work - Models

A

Design Details

Your first appendix

${f B}$

Parameters

Your second chapter appendix

References

- [1] Iñigo Alonso, Luis Riazuelo, Luis Montesano, and Ana C. Murillo. 3d-mininet: Learning a 2d representation from point clouds for fast and efficient 3d lidar semantic segmentation. *IEEE Robotics and Automation Letters*, 5(4):5432–5439, 2020. doi: 10.1109/LRA.2020.3007440.
- [2] Iro Armeni, Ozan Sener, Amir R. Zamir, Helen Jiang, Ioannis Brilakis, Martin Fischer, and Silvio Savarese. 3d semantic parsing of large-scale indoor spaces. In *Proceedings of the IEEE Conference on Computer Vision and Pattern Recognition (CVPR)*, June 2016.
- [3] Unknown author Weltrundschau zu Reclams Universum 1913. Lz 18 (1 2), 1913. URL https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Zeppelin#/media/File:LZ_18.jpg. [Online; accessed December 20, 2021].
- [4] Jens Behley, Martin Garbade, Andres Milioto, Jan Quenzel, Sven Behnke, Cyrill Stachniss, and Jurgen Gall. Semantickitti: A dataset for semantic scene understanding of lidar sequences. In Proceedings of the IEEE/CVF International Conference on Computer Vision (ICCV), October 2019.
- [5] Holger Caesar, Varun Bankiti, Alex H Lang, Sourabh Vora, Venice Erin Liong, Qiang Xu, Anush Krishnan, Yu Pan, Giancarlo Baldan, and Oscar Beijbom. nuscenes: A multimodal dataset for autonomous driving. In *Proceedings of the IEEE/CVF conference on computer vision and pattern recognition*, pages 11621–11631, 2020.
- [6] Mark De Deuge, Alastair Quadros, Calvin Hung, and Bertrand Douillard. Unsupervised feature learning for classification of outdoor 3d scans. In *Australasian Conference on Robitics and Automation*, volume 2, page 1, 2013.
- [7] Biao Gao, Yancheng Pan, Chengkun Li, Sibo Geng, and Huijing Zhao. Are we hungry for 3d lidar data for semantic segmentation? a survey of datasets and methods. *IEEE Transactions on Intelligent Transportation Systems*, pages 1–19, 2021. doi: 10.1109/TITS.2021.3076844.
- [8] Candeo gauisus. Kursura as a museum ship in visakhapatnam, 2008. URL https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/INS_Kursura_(S20)#/media/File:INS_Kursura_(S20).jpg. [Online; accessed December 20, 2021].
- [9] Joachim Gehrung, Marcus Hebel, Michael Arens, and Uwe Stilla. An approach to extract moving objects from mls data using a volumetric background representation. ISPRS Annals of Photogrammetry, Remote Sensing & Spatial Information Sciences, 4, 2017.
- [10] Jakob Geyer, Yohannes Kassahun, Mentar Mahmudi, Xavier Ricou, Rupesh Durgesh, Andrew S Chung, Lorenz Hauswald, Viet Hoang Pham, Maximilian Mühlegg, Sebastian Dorn, et al. A2d2: Audi autonomous driving dataset. arXiv preprint arXiv:2004.06320, 2020.

- [11] David Griffiths and Jan Boehm. Syntheity: A large scale synthetic point cloud. arXiv preprint arXiv:1907.04758, 2019.
- [12] Timo Hackel, Nikolay Savinov, Lubor Ladicky, Jan D Wegner, Konrad Schindler, and Marc Pollefeys. Semantic3d. net: A new large-scale point cloud classification benchmark. arXiv preprint arXiv:1704.03847, 2017.
- [13] Wolfgang Hess, Damon Kohler, Holger Rapp, and Daniel Andor. Real-time loop closure in 2d lidar slam. In 2016 IEEE International Conference on Robotics and Automation (ICRA), pages 1271–1278, 2016. doi: 10.1109/ICRA.2016.7487258.
- [14] Dr. Karl-Heinz Hochhaus. Ms hamburg in plantours livery, 2013. URL https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/MS_Hamburg#/media/File:2013-05_11_Hamburg_DSCI2958_P.JPG. [Online; accessed December 20, 2021].
- [15] John Houston, Guido Zuidhof, Luca Bergamini, Yawei Ye, Long Chen, Ashesh Jain, Sammy Omari, Vladimir Iglovikov, and Peter Ondruska. One thousand and one hours: Self-driving motion prediction dataset. arXiv preprint arXiv:2006.14480, 2020.
- [16] Bo Li, Tianlei Zhang, and Tian Xia. Vehicle detection from 3d lidar using fully convolutional network. arXiv preprint arXiv:1608.07916, 2016.
- [17] Laura A. Moore. Container ship mv maersk alabama leaves mombasa, kenya, april 21, 2009, after spending time in port after a pirate attack that took her captain hostage, 2009. URL https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Container_ship#/media/File:Container_ship_MV_Maersk_Alabama.jpg. [Online; accessed December 20, 2021].
- [18] Daniel Munoz, J. Andrew Bagnell, Nicolas Vandapel, and Martial Hebert. Contextual classification with functional max-margin markov networks. In 2009 IEEE Conference on Computer Vision and Pattern Recognition, pages 975–982, 2009. doi: 10.1109/CVPR.2009.5206590.
- [19] Yancheng Pan, Biao Gao, Jilin Mei, Sibo Geng, Chengkun Li, and Huijing Zhao. Semanticposs: A point cloud dataset with large quantity of dynamic instances, 2020.
- [20] Benjamin J Patz, Yiannis Papelis, Remo Pillat, Gary Stein, and Don Harper. A practical approach to robotic design for the darpa urban challenge. *Journal of Field Robotics*, 25(8):528–566, 2008.
- [21] Charles R Qi, Li Yi, Hao Su, and Leonidas J Guibas. Pointnet++: Deep hierarchical feature learning on point sets in a metric space. arXiv preprint arXiv:1706.02413, 2017.
- [22] Yuriy Reshetyuk. A unified approach to self-calibration of terrestrial laser scanners. *ISPRS Journal of Photogrammetry and Remote Sensing*, 65(5):445–456, 2010. ISSN 0924-2716.
- [23] Xavier Roynard, Jean-Emmanuel Deschaud, and François Goulette. Paris-lille-3d: A large and high-quality ground-truth urban point cloud dataset for automatic segmentation and classification. *The International Journal of Robotics Research*, 37(6):545–557, 2018.

- [24] Andrés Serna, Beatriz Marcotegui, François Goulette, and Jean-Emmanuel Deschaud. Paris-rue-Madame database: a 3D mobile laser scanner dataset for benchmarking urban detection, segmentation and classification methods. In 4th International Conference on Pattern Recognition, Applications and Methods ICPRAM 2014, Angers, France, March 2014.
- [25] Christian Spahrbier. Port anniversary-ship arrivals, 2019. URL https://www.hamburg.com/port-anniversary/11615722/ship-arrivals/. [Online; accessed December 20, 2021].
- [26] Francis Godolphin Osbourne Stuart. The titanic departing southampton on april 10, 1912, 1912. URL https://de.wikipedia.org/wiki/RMS_Titanic#/media/Datei:RMS_Titanic_3.jpg. [Online; accessed December 20, 2021].
- [27] Weikai Tan, Nannan Qin, Lingfei Ma, Ying Li, Jing Du, Guorong Cai, Ke Yang, and Jonathan Li. Toronto-3d: A large-scale mobile lidar dataset for semantic segmentation of urban roadways. In Proceedings of the IEEE/CVF Conference on Computer Vision and Pattern Recognition Workshops, pages 202–203, 2020.
- [28] Sebastian Thrun, Mike Montemerlo, Hendrik Dahlkamp, David Stavens, Andrei Aron, James Diebel, Philip Fong, John Gale, Morgan Halpenny, Gabriel Hoffmann, et al. Stanley: The robot that won the darpa grand challenge. *Journal of field Robotics*, 23(9):661–692, 2006.
- [29] Mikaela Angelina Uy, Quang-Hieu Pham, Binh-Son Hua, Thanh Nguyen, and Sai-Kit Yeung. Revisiting point cloud classification: A new benchmark dataset and classification model on real-world data. In Proceedings of the IEEE/CVF International Conference on Computer Vision (ICCV), October 2019.
- [30] Bruno Vallet, Mathieu Brédif, Andrés Serna, Beatriz Marcotegui, and Nicolas Paparoditis. Terramobilita/iqmulus urban point cloud analysis benchmark. Computers & Graphics, 49:126–133, 2015. ISSN 0097-8493.
- [31] Nina Varney, Vijayan K Asari, and Quinn Graehling. Dales: A large-scale aerial lidar data set for semantic segmentation. In Proceedings of the IEEE/CVF Conference on Computer Vision and Pattern Recognition Workshops, pages 186–187, 2020.
- [32] Xinshuo Weng, Yunze Man, Dazhi Cheng, Jinhyung Park, Matthew O'Toole, and Kris Kitani. All-In-One Drive: A Large-Scale Comprehensive Perception Dataset with High-Density Long-Range Point Clouds. arXiv, 2020.
- [33] Pengchuan Xiao, Zhenlei Shao, Steven Hao, Zishuo Zhang, Xiaolin Chai, Judy Jiao, Zesong Li, Jian Wu, Kai Sun, Kun Jiang, Yunlong Wang, and Diange Yang. Pandaset: Advanced sensor suite dataset for autonomous driving. In 2021 IEEE International Intelligent Transportation Systems Conference (ITSC), pages 3095–3101, 2021. doi: 10.1109/ITSC48978.2021.9565009.

- [34] Jun Xie, Martin Kiefel, Ming-Ting Sun, and Andreas Geiger. Semantic instance annotation of street scenes by 3d to 2d label transfer. In *Proceedings of the IEEE Conference on Computer Vision and Pattern Recognition (CVPR)*, June 2016.
- [35] Bin Yang, Wenjie Luo, and Raquel Urtasun. Pixor: Real-time 3d object detection from point clouds. In *Proceedings of the IEEE Conference on Computer Vision and Pattern Recognition (CVPR)*, June 2018.
- [36] Yin Zhou and Oncel Tuzel. Voxelnet: End-to-end learning for point cloud based 3d object detection. In *Proceedings of the IEEE conference on computer vision and pattern recognition*, pages 4490–4499, 2018.