PBECV: a fast resume extracting framework based on writing style recognition

Resume extraction

ABSTRACT

In the information age, companies receive thousands of resumes from job seekers everyday. Most of resumes are wrote in different format, including font size, font color and cells. As a result, it's difficult to structure these data with a general extracting method. In this paper, we propose PBECV to extract the resume information from text file without format information. Our appoach consider the writing style of each resume as the latent pattern, which help to segment resume text into different blocks and easy to parse. The experimental results on the real world data-set of millions of resumes show that our approach can reach the performance of algorithms that trained with the structure information and the proposed approach's algorithm complexity is O(n).

General Terms

Algorithms, Design, Experimentation

Keywords

resume information extraction, structure resume data

1. INTRODUCTION

In the information age, head-hunting companies collect millions of resumes to occupy more market share. However, most of resumes are not wrote with the standard format or follow some special template file. In order to improve the success rate of recommending some person to fit the requirements of employer, those resumes should be parsed exactly and detailed. This helps headhunters to easily and quickly search for the right candidate. The challenge is how to analysis the different kinds of resume to get the detailed information.

However, resumes are easier to structure than other texts, such as news. Different people have different writing style about personal resume, but the content of these work all around the same topic, their personal information, which contains contacts, educations, work experimences and so on.

As a result of this, resumes can be segmented into servel groups, which is one of the basic ideas to solve the problem. In other words, resumes share the document-level hierarchical contextual structure [?].

There are three main methods to deal with resumes in the practical engineering. Firstly, since many engineers has the knowledge background about how to parse a web page based on the DOM structure, they treate the resume text as a web page to extracte the details. In particular, some big recruiting platform like Monster¹ and LinkedIn² provide many beautiful template which make many resumes follow them. This kind of resumes can be parsed through special template file or regex rules.

Secondly, as the result of hard extracting, key word extraction approach are good to be an alterative choice. This method use search technology to query keyword from resume to check whether it match the require.

Thirdly, some researchers treat the resume extracting task as a sequence label task. The resume text can be supposed to be a mixed information heap, which contains the basic information about the person. So that this task is transfered to label the words attribute and line attribute.

In this paper, we aim to propose a rapid and effective framework to extract the detailed information from resumes. This framework can work with the methods based on template file very well to increase the accuracy of extracting task. We consider that everyone has his/her writing style about the resume, which means that there are some latent format information during the text.

The rest of paper is organized as follows. In Section 2, we disscuss the related work. In Section 3, we explain our approach. In Section 4, experimental results are presented and analysised. Conclusion and future work are provided in Section 5.

2. RELATED WORKS

In this section, we review some of the popular methods for resume extracting. The first group of methods are based on template file. $Jsoup^3$ and POI^4 can be used to parse

¹http://www.monster.com/

²http://www.linkedin.com

³http://jsoup.org

⁴http://poi.apache.org

resumes that follows some template file. Jsoup is a Java library for working with real-world HTML. It provides a very convenient API for extracting and manipulating data, using the best of DOM, CSS, and jquery-like methods. It also implements the HTML5 specification, and parses HTML to the same DOM as modern browsers do. The Apache POI is a useful Java library for working with Office file, based on the Open XML standards which proposed by Microsoft company. These two open source tools help to extract resumes that follows some template file.

The second group of methods treat the resume extracting work as the nature language processing work. In [?], a cascaded information extraction framework was designed to support automatic resume management and routing. The first pass is used to segment the resume into ensecutive blocks with labels indicating the information types. Then detailed information, such as Name and Address, are identified in certain blocks without searching globally in the whole resume. In [?], a system that aids in the shortlisting of candidates for jobs was designed. The part of parsing resume combines three technologies. Table analysis is used to detect the type of values in table. CRF model is used to segment the resume text into different blocks. Content Recognizer mines the named entities salient to candidate profile.

The third group of methods treat this as key words retrieval task. In [?] and [?], only the specific data is extracted to filter the resume streams. Both of them are aim to accelerate the efficiency of search candicates for the job.

3. OUR APPROACH

In this section, we explain the details of our approach. The process can be devided into three part. First, some necessary preparations are done to the origin resume file. We converted the resume file into text format no matter what the origin format is, which is supported by Apache Tika⁵. Second, writing style is used to identify the appropriate block of each resume. Third, name entities are matched to the candicate profile based on the information statistics of the content of all the resumes in the data set.

3.1 Prepared processing

From the figure 1, it's clear to know that the raw resume text is not suitable to process directly. There are a lot of noises among the lines in each text file, such as continues blank, wrong newline, the necessary space missing. All these noised should be cleaned before the main part of extracting resume information module. We suppose the distribution of resume accordance with normal distribution, that most people will not cause serious errors on text format. Since we have millions of resume, it's easy to statistics the most common structure of sentence, especially the sentence begin with date or number. According to these rules, three kinds of operation are made, shown in Table 1.

Merge means this line should be merged with the next line.

Split means this line should be split into two lines.

Short means the blanks in this line should be remove.

□ case2.txt — 已编辑 刘先生(11596305)的简历 最近登录时间: 2011-08-16 23:20 最近从事职位: 经理 性别 年龄 28岁 本料(党校) 身高 175cm 工作经验 5年 居住地 山东省泰安市 成长地 山东省泰安市 户口所在地山东省泰安市 手机 xxxxxx 邮箱 xxx@qq.com 00 XXXXX 工作能力 本人性格开朗,头脑灵活,善于分析,有强烈的敬业精神。 在校时竟选为学生会秘书长一职,属主席团成员,并在第二,三学年荣获"院学生会优秀学生干部","系优秀学生干部""优秀学 高级秘书(三级)职业资格证书。 在毕业后的近五年的时间里,一直从事房地产行业办公室工作,熟悉办 织架构,团队建设方面有一定的经验。在工作中受到领导及员工的好评,被计 当前状态:目前在职,正在寻找更好机会 中原原原 应聘职位: 期望工作职位: 人力资源经理 行政经理/主管 腾讯房产青岛站 应聘机构: 期望月薪: 2000元以上 工作地点: 青岛 期望工作性质: 全职 ID: JR356299115R90250002000 期望工作地点: 山东省济南市 山东省青岛市 山东省泰安市 山3 期望工作。中国、自然有效用户,由来有有动中,由来有参数户,由2 添加标签 期望从事行业:商业零售、贸易、进出口 建筑、房地产、商业中英文简历 : 18363950000 2006年04月-至今 经理(山 山东光彩投资有限公司(私营企业) 29岁(1985年12月) 2年工作经验 现居住地: 青岛 李沧区 | 户口: 青岛 | 中共党员(含 所属部门: 行政管理部 | 直接上级: 总经理 离职原因: 其他个人原因 工作职责和业绩: 身份证: 370682198512200000 [公司简介]山东光彩投资有限公司是安徽南翔集团、德力西集团 地址: 山东省青岛市市北区伊春路145号 | 邮编: 266 光彩大市场项目。 泰安光彩大市场是按照现代商业流通模式组建的一站式多功能大型商贸物流 E-mail: zhuang10000@126.com [工作内容] 1、负责办公室的全面工作,带领员工严格履行部门职责,贯彻,求职意向 负责对本部门工作进行计划和总结,并进行合理分工; 负责催办公司办公例会的形成的决议事项,协调督办有关部门对决议的基 期望工作地区 负责对重大决策事项的组织实施情况进行检查和督促: 期望月薪: 不显示职位月薪范围 负责组织对员工执行规章制度的情况进行检查,落实对违反规章制度的员目前状况:我目前在职,正考虑换个新环境(如有合适的 负责公司人力资源的调配、转正、考察等具体事务的安排; 期望工作性质: 对公司人力资源状况进行调研, 为总经理用人提供信息; 期望从事职业: 财务/审计/税务 8、负责公司的财产投险及理赔工作: 期望从事行业 专业服务/咨询(财会/法律/人力 9、加强对外联络,拓展公共关系,促进公司与社会各界、政府机关的广泛 (原料加工/模具) 10、负责审核本部门员工购置物品的询价工作 自我评价 11、协助记者站站长做好集团"两报一站"和公司网站的组稿工作;

Figure 1: Some Chinese resumes text sample

1.具备较强自制及自学能力,能够在特定时间内达到工作

2.具有吃苦耐劳的性格,能够承受工作中的压力; 3.善干利用先进的理念、将生活管理化、做到知行合

12、负责做好公司0A文件的收发工作;

13、负责完成领导临时交办的工作;

Table 1: heuristic rules for cleaning data

| heuristic rules | operation | |
|----------------------------|-----------|--|
| multiple continuous blank | short | |
| value pair | short | |
| begin with date pair | split | |
| begin with part of date | merge | |
| begin with block key words | split | |
| begin with colon | merge | |
| short text end with colon | merge | |

⁵http://tika.apache.org/

We also defined three kinds of line type to facilitate the follow-up work. These three types provide the basic sentence structure which is helpful to identify the writing style.

Simple means this line is a short text and may contains few blanks.

KeyValue means this line follows the key and value structure, with colon signal.

Complex means this line is a long text, which contains more than one signal.

Writing style recognition

After cleanning up the noise of raw lines, lines of resume text are devided into blocks such as basic information, education, work experiments and so on. It's not hard to find that there are some latent pattern in education and work experience block, which often has more than one item. Everyone write his/her resume will follow the local format, such as "2005-2010 [company name] [job position]", "[company name] [job position] [working time]", "[university] [major] [degree] [time range]". These local format forms the writer's personal writing style, and the writer will follow the same format during the same block, which inspaired us to identity the blocks through the writing style.

Entities are introduced into writing style recongined and in this applicantion sence simple name entity is enough, Which means for a continous text we just need know whether this is a date range entity or company name entity or university name entity. The signals between the continuous text plays an important role in recognitize the writing style. For each line, we only detect whether this line contains date entity or some basic entity like school name, job position, company name. Each line can be transfered into entities pattern mode, as show in Figure 2. It's easy to cut the lines into blocks with the help of entities pattern and the algorithm complexty is O(n).

Attributes Match 3.3

Instead of labeling too much data, we did a lot of statistic work to collect the name entity candicates key, which often shown in the text with key value pair with the attribute name. The similarity of the entity can help to do attribute cluster, then they can be labled to the standard attribute name. The process are as follows. First, each resume is processed as the Prepared processing section 3.1 descripted. Second, those lines with key-value structure are considered to be the candicate attribute. Third, after removing some noises in the text, cosine similarity is computed based on TF - IDF, and the K-means cluster algorithm shows the attribute cluster. Fourth, these clusters are matched to the profile attribute.

EXPERIMENTS

In order to verify our approach, we did the experiment with one million resumes in Chinese which provided by a commercial head-hunting company. These resumes are contains different industry field people and different source. We use precision, recall and F value to evaluate this approach. Cause the dataset is huge, the standard precision and recall can

Table 2: Algorithm to extract the resume

Input: L: Set of n lines of each resume; Output: R: resume with structured data

1. for line in L

if line match heuristic rules

do operation

2. for line in L

find pattern of line

match the pattern to others

if match

record the block

else

continue

return all blocks

3. for block in B

match the name entities

4. return resume

Table 3: The evaluation of results

| Idbic 0: The evaluation of results | | | |
|------------------------------------|----------|--------|---------|
| block name | prcision | recall | F value |
| name | 0.952 | 0.919 | 0.935 |
| email | 0.992 | 0.714 | 0.830 |
| other basic information | 0.923 | 0.75 | 0.823 |
| education | 0.912 | 0.701 | 0.792 |
| work experimences | 0.873 | 0.720 | 0.789 |
| self evaluation | 0.897 | 0.796 | 0.843 |

not be compute without the label data. A score function is involved to compute these three criterion, which is defined based on the importancy of each field in the resume. The score function treats each field of the block as a unit, then compute the total score of each resume. We supposed each resume text has basic information, education, work experiences and self evaluation things. This hyperspace is not match the real data, but as a result of the huge volume it does not matter to get the basic overview.

From the results, we can get an overview about the resume dataset that not all the resume is valid. Because person name has a strong feature, it's easy to detect and regconized. The email also has an obvious feature, which is contrustred by servel characters and only one @ punctuation. Other basic information concludes how many years he/she worked, address, sex, id number, phone num. Most resume contains the basic information but not each of them, which inflect the recall. This is the mainly reason of the low rate of education and work experience, whose block need carefully detected.

Compared to other approachs published in related works, our method is easy to implement and also gain a considerable result. Without too many human label data is another advantage.

CONCULSION AND FUTURE

In this paper, we propose an approach to extract the details from unstructual resume text. This work helps the human resource mangagement system clear that what's the baseline about resume parsing. The most contribution of our work is extract the details of resume without too much labeled data with simple model.

In the future, we will try to introduce our approach to English resumes and try to auto-generate the e-recuriting domain knowledge base in order to gain better extractor performance.