Prod Support: Soft Skills

Soft Skills for Handling Production Issues: A Detailed Lesson $\mathscr O$

Soft skills are essential when managing production incidents, especially when working in customer-facing roles or leading a team. Below are lessons on how to apply soft skills in three critical scenarios, polished with real-world insights.

Scenario 1: Customer Unhappy with the Way an Incident Was Handled $\mathscr O$

Situation: @

A customer contacts you, upset because an incident was not handled to their satisfaction. They may feel their problem wasn't understood, communication was lacking, or the resolution time was too long.

Soft Skills Required: Ø

- 1. **Active Listening**: Listen attentively to the customer's concerns without interrupting. This shows empathy and allows you to gather all necessary information.
- 2. **Empathy**: Put yourself in the customer's shoes. Even if the technical team followed procedures, the customer's dissatisfaction might stem from frustration with the impact on their business.
- 3. **Clear Communication**: Once you've understood their concerns, communicate in clear, non-technical terms about what happened, what will be done to rectify it, and the next steps.
- 4. **Accountability**: Take responsibility for the situation, regardless of whose fault it was. Avoid blaming others or making excuses, as this could worsen the customer's dissatisfaction.
- 5. **Problem-solving and Follow-up**: Work with your team to reassess the incident and identify areas for improvement. Ensure the customer knows the issue will be followed up and provide updates on the progress.

Example Response: @

- Customer Complaint: "The response to our server outage took too long, and we weren't kept informed."
- You: "I completely understand your frustration, and I apologize for the inconvenience this
 caused your team. Let me explain what happened and what steps we're taking to ensure
 this doesn't happen again. We'll review our process to improve our response time, and I
 will personally keep you updated on any further changes. Thank you for bringing this to
 our attention; we value your feedback."

Scenario 2: As a Team Lead, a Member Claims an Issue is Fixed, but It Isn't ∂

Situation: @

One of your team members informs you that they've resolved an issue, but the customer reports that the problem persists. As a team lead, you need to address this situation carefully to maintain team morale and trust with the customer.

Soft Skills Required: @

- Constructive Feedback: When addressing the team member, be diplomatic. Focus on the issue, not the person. Use positive reinforcement while guiding them toward the solution.
- 2. **Problem Analysis**: Before confronting the team member, gather all the facts. Did they miss something? Was the issue more complex than initially assessed?
- 3. **Ownership and Leadership**: Take ownership of the situation when communicating with the customer. Shield the team from direct blame while ensuring transparency.
- Team Collaboration: Encourage the team to collaborate on resolving the issue.
 Sometimes, a fresh perspective from another team member can help identify what was missed.
- 5. **Continuous Improvement**: Use this as a learning opportunity to improve processes, such as ensuring proper validation before declaring an issue resolved.

Example Approach: 🖉

- **Team Conversation**: "Hey, I noticed the customer reported that the issue is still ongoing. Let's revisit the fix together to see what might have been missed. Sometimes these issues are more complex than they seem. Let's also ensure we're validating our solutions with thorough testing before confirming with the client."
- **Customer Communication**: "Thank you for bringing this to our attention. I apologize that the issue persists. We're reviewing the situation and will prioritize a thorough investigation to resolve this fully. I will keep you updated on our progress."

Scenario 3: General Dissatisfaction @

Situation: @

There is general dissatisfaction either from a customer or internally within your team. This could manifest as negative feedback, disengagement, or passive complaints about services or team performance.

Soft Skills Required: @

1. **Emotional Intelligence**: Be attuned to the emotional climate of your team or customer. Is the dissatisfaction rooted in a single event or a series of smaller frustrations?

- Proactive Communication: Open a line of dialogue with the customer or team before the dissatisfaction escalates. Regular check-ins and feedback loops can help you stay ahead of bigger issues.
- 3. **Conflict Resolution**: Address conflicts directly, but in a calm, non-confrontational way. Encourage openness so the team or customer feels safe to express their concerns.
- 4. **Adaptability**: Be willing to change processes or approaches based on feedback. Show that you're flexible and responsive to their needs.
- 5. **Positive Attitude and Morale-building**: Rebuild trust and morale by recognizing efforts, suggesting improvements, and demonstrating that you are working towards better outcomes.

Example Approach for a Customer: @

• Customer Check-in: "We've noticed that there seems to be some dissatisfaction with our recent service performance. I'd love to understand more about your concerns so we can address them and improve our service delivery moving forward. Your feedback is important to us, and we're committed to making sure you're happy with the results."

Example Approach for Team: 🔗

• **Team Huddle**: "I've noticed that our recent sprints have been more challenging than usual, and it seems like morale has been affected. I want to make sure everyone has the tools they need to succeed. Let's discuss any bottlenecks or frustrations, so we can resolve them together. Your insights are critical to improving how we work as a team."

General Best Practices for Soft Skills in Production Environments ∂

- Remain Calm Under Pressure: In production environments, issues can escalate quickly.
 Staying calm helps maintain focus and reassures both customers and your team that you're in control of the situation.
- Transparency: Always keep both customers and your team informed of the current status, especially during an ongoing incident. Clear and honest communication builds trust.
- 3. **Diplomacy**: When providing feedback to your team or communicating with clients, always be respectful and diplomatic. This ensures that conflicts don't escalate and maintains healthy working relationships.

- 4. **Time Management**: Prioritize issues effectively and communicate realistic timelines to customers, especially when juggling multiple incidents. Under-promise and over-deliver when possible.
- 5. **Team Empowerment**: Encourage team members to take ownership of their work, but ensure they feel supported. Providing the right level of guidance while giving them the space to resolve issues themselves fosters growth and confidence.

Conclusion @

Handling production issues requires a mix of technical skills and refined soft skills. Whether dealing with unhappy customers, addressing incomplete fixes from team members, or managing general dissatisfaction, soft skills such as empathy, communication, leadership, and emotional intelligence are crucial for maintaining trust and delivering value. By applying these principles effectively, you can improve both customer satisfaction and team performance in challenging production environments.