LAB 3

Q1 WAP to insert new element at given index number in the array.

```
/*******************
//This program is developed by Aman Singh Rawat (221B056)
/*****************
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
void add_ele(int arr[], int n, int ele, int index){
      int new arr[n+1];
      n+=1;
      for(int i = 0; i < 10; i++){
             new arr[i] = arr[i];
      for(int i = n-1; i > index; i--){
             new arr[i] = new arr[i-1];
      new arr[index] == ele;
      for(int i = 0; i<n; i++) cout <<" " << new_arr[i];
}
int main(){
      int n = 10;
      int arr[] = \{1,4,3,2,4,3,4,1,2,8\};
      cout << "Enter the element and the index: ";
      int ele, index;
      cin >> ele >> index;
      cout << "The array is: ";</pre>
      for(int i = 0; i < 10; i++){
             cout << arr[i] << " ";
      add ele(arr, n, ele, index);
}
```

Q2 WAP to implement the linear search. Use function concept, if element is found then return index number of element otherwise return -1;

```
//This program is developed by Aman Singh Rawat (221B056)
/**************************
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
int search ele(int arr[], int n, int ele){
     for(int i = 0; i < n; i++){
           if(arr[i] == ele)
                 return i;
     return -1;
}
int main(){
     int n = 10;
     int arr[] = \{1,4,3,2,4,3,4,1,2,8\};
     cout << "Enter the element to search: ";
     int ele;
     cin >> ele;
     cout << "Returned index value is: ";
     cout << search ele(arr, n, ele) << endl;
Q3 WAP to delete an element from an array, use search algorithm to find the index number
of given number; if element to be deleted is not found then print "Error: element not
found".
/***********************
//This program is developed by Aman Singh Rawat (221B056)
/******************
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
int search ele(int arr[], int n, int ele){
     for(int i = 0; i < n; i++)
           if(arr[i] == ele)
                 return i;
     }
```

```
cout <<"Error: element not found";</pre>
      return -1;
}
void del ele(int arr[], int n, int index){
            for(int i = index; i < n-1; i++){
                   arr[i] = arr[i+1];
      }
      for(int i = 0; i < n-1; i++){
            cout <<" " << arr[i];
      }
}
int main(){
      int n = 10;
      int arr[] = \{1,4,3,2,4,3,4,1,2,8\};
      cout << "Enter the element to search: ";
      int ele;
      cin >> ele;
      cout << "Returned index value is: ":
      int index = search ele(arr,n,ele);
      cout << index << endl;</pre>
      if(index == -1){
            return 0;
      else{
            del ele(arr, n,index);
Q4 WAP for checking whether there are any duplicated elements in the array or not?
/*********************
//This program is developed by Aman Singh Rawat (221B056)
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
int check dup(int arr[], int n){
      for(int i = 0; i < n; i++){
```

Q5 Mary is a kindergarten teacher. She has given a task to the children after teaching them a list of words. The task is to find the unknown words (other than the words they already know) from the given text. Write a function which accepts the text and the known list of words and prints a set of unknown words found. If there are no unknown words found then prints "Successful". [Hint use find word() function of Lab 1]

```
char ch='';
       for(int i =0; i<sen.length(); i++){
               if((sen[i] == ch || sen[i+word.length()] == ch) || sen[i+word.length()] == '\0')
                       tmp = 1;
                       for(int j=0;i < word.length(); j++){
                              if(sen[i+j+1] == word[j]){
                                      tmp = 0;
                                      break;
                               }
                       if (tmp == 1)
                               return 1;
                       }
       return 0;
}
string* find unknowns(string sen, string arr[],int n){
       static string u arr[100];
       int counter = 0;
       for(int i = 0; i < n; i++){
               if(find(sen, arr[i]) == 0){
                       u arr[counter++] = arr[i];
       return u arr;
}
int main(){
       string srr[100];
       cout << "Enter the known words, enter 'end' to stop entering words: ";
       int a = 0;
       string tmp;
       cin >> tmp;
       do{
               srr[a++] = tmp;
               cin >> tmp;
       while (tmp != "end");
```

```
cout << "Enter the string: ";
string sen;
cin >> sen;
string* u_words;
u_words = find_unknowns(sen,srr,a);
cout << "Unknowns are: ";
for(int i = 0; i<100; i++){
            cout<< u_words[i] << " ";
}
cout << endl;
}</pre>
```