

Iniziato	martedì, 7 gennaio 2020, 15:10
Stato	Completato
Terminato	martedì, 7 gennaio 2020, 15:40
Tempo impiegato	30 min.
Punteggio	6,75/15,00
Valutazione	13,50 su un massimo di 30,00 (45%)

Domanda **1**

Parzialmente corretta

Punteggio ottenuto 0,25 su 1,00

For each type of data choose the best suited distance function

High dimensional spaces	Cosine distance
Vector space with real values	Euclidean distance
Boolean data	Manhattan distance
Vectors of terms representing documents	Jaccard coefficient

Domanda **2**

Risposta corretta

Punteggio ottenuto 1,00 su 1,00

Which of the following measure can be used as an alternative to the *Information Gain*?

Scegli un'alternativa:

- a. Rand Index
- b. Silhouette Index
- c. Gini Index
- d. Jaccard Index

Domanda **3**

Risposta corretta

Punteggio ottenuto 1,00 su 1,00

How does *pruning* work when generating frequent itemsets?

Scegli un'alternativa:

- › a. If an itemset is not frequent, then none of its supersets can be frequent, therefore the frequencies of the supersets are not evaluated
- › b. If an itemset is frequent, then none of its supersets can be frequent, therefore the frequencies of the supersets are not evaluated
- › c. If an itemset is frequent, then none of its subsets can be frequent, therefore the frequencies of the subsets are not evaluated
- › d. If an itemset is not frequent, then none of its subsets can be frequent, therefore the frequencies of the subsets are not evaluated



Domanda **4**

Risposta errata

Punteggio
ottenuto 0,00 su
1,00

What measure is maximised by the Expectation Maximisation algorithm for clustering?

Scegli un'alternativa:

- a. The support of a class
- b. The likelihood of an example
- c. The *likelihood* of a class label, given the values of the attributes of the example
- d. The likelihood of an attribute, given the class label

Domanda **5**

Risposta errata

Punteggio
ottenuto 0,00 su
1,00

In data preprocessing, which of the following **is not** an objective of the *aggregation* of attributes

Scegli un'alternativa:

- a. Reduce the variability of data
- b. Reduce the number of attributes or objects
- c. Obtain a more detailed description of data
- d. Obtain a less detailed scale

Domanda **6**

Risposta corretta

Punteggio
ottenuto 1,00 su
1,00

Which of the following characteristic of data can reduce the effectiveness of K-Means?

Scegli un'alternativa:

- a. Presence of outliers
- b. All the variables are the same range of values
- c. All the variables have the same distribution of values
- d. Presence of values with high frequency

Domanda **7**

Risposta errata

Punteggio
ottenuto 0,00 su
1,00

Which of the following is a base hypothesis for a bayesian classifier?

Scegli un'alternativa:

- a. The attributes must have zero correlation
- b. The attributes must be statistically independent inside each class
- c. The attributes must have negative correlation
- d. The attributes must be statistically independent



Domanda **8**

Risposta errata

Punteggio
ottenuto 0,00 su
1,00What is the *cross validation***Scegli un'alternativa:**

- a. A technique to improve the quality of a classifier
- b. A technique to improve the speed of a classifier
- c. A technique to obtain a good estimation of the performance of a classifier when it will be used with data different from the training set
- d. A technique to obtain a good estimation of the performance of a classifier with the training set

Domanda **9**

Risposta errata

Punteggio
ottenuto 0,00 su
1,00What is the meaning of the statement: "*the support is anti-monotone*"?**Scegli un'alternativa:**

- a. The support of an itemset never exceeds the support if its subsets
- b. The support of an itemset is always smaller than the support of its supersets
- c. The support of an itemset never exceeds the support if its supersets
- d. The support of an itemset is always smaller than the support of its subsets

Domanda **10**Parzialmente
correttaPunteggio
ottenuto 0,50 su
1,00

After fitting DBSCAN with the default parameter values the results are: 0 clusters, 100% of noise points. Which will be your next trial?

Scegli una o più alternative:

- a. Increase the radius of the neighborhood
- b. Reduce the minimum number of objects in the neighborhood
- c. Decrease the radius of the neighborhood
- d. Reduce the minimum number of objects in the neighborhood and the radius of the neighborhood

Domanda **11**

Risposta corretta

Punteggio
ottenuto 1,00 su
1,00

In a dataset with D attributes, how many subsets of attributes should be considered for feature selection according to an exhaustive search?

Scegli un'alternativa:

- a. $O(D!)$
- b. $O(2^D)$
- c. $O(D)$
- d. $O(D^2)$



Domanda **12**
Risposta errata
Punteggio
ottenuto 0,00 su
1,00

Given the two binary vectors below, which is their similarity according to the Jaccard Coefficient?

a b c d e f g h i j
1 0 0 0 1 0 1 1 0 1
1 0 1 1 1 0 1 0 1 0

Scegli un'alternativa:

- a. 0.1
- b. 0.2
- c. 0.375
- d. 0.5

Domanda **13**
Risposta corretta
Punteggio
ottenuto 1,00 su
1,00

Which of the following *is not* a strength point of *Dbscan* with respect to *K-means*

Scegli un'alternativa:

- a. The *effectiveness*, even in presence of *noise*
- b. The efficiency even in large datasets
- c. The *robustness* with respect to the number of attributes
- d. The *effectiveness* even if there are clusters with non-convex shape

Domanda **14**
Risposta corretta
Punteggio
ottenuto 1,00 su
1,00

Given the definitions below:

- TP = True Positives
- TN = True Negatives
- FP = False Positives
- FN = False Negatives

which of the formulas below computes the *recall* of a binary classifier?

Scegli un'alternativa:

- a. $TN / (TN + FP)$
- b. $TP / (TP + FP)$
- c. $TP / (TP + FN)$
- d. $(TP + TN) / (TP + FP + TN + FN)$



Domanda **15**

Risposta errata

Punteggio
ottenuto 0,00 su
1,00

A Decision Tree is...

Scegli un'alternativa:

- ☐
- a. A tree-structured plan of tests on multiple attributes to forecast the target

b. A tree-structured plan of tests on single attributes to obtain the maximum purity of a node

c. A tree-structured plan of tests on single attributes to forecast the cluster

d. A tree-structured plan of tests on single attributes to forecast the target

