CI			7	7	7
J	C)	C	_		J

Name:			

Date: _____

Flip-Flops	5
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MULTIPLE ANSWERS = YES

1. A flip-flop is:	
a bistable circuit.	A
capable of storing one binary digit.	В
capable of having output states of either High or Low.	С
capable of storing one bit of digital information.	D
a circuit whose output states are stable.	E
2. The 2 outputs of a flip-flop are:	
Q and its complement	A
Q and Q'	В
All of the above	С
None of the above	D
3. The RS flip-flop has the following modes of operation:	
Set	A
Reset	В
No Change	<u>C</u>
Forbidden	D
Toggle	E
4 The II/ Clie Class has the falles in a smalles of an autition.	
4. The JK flip-flop has the following modes of operation: Set	A
Reset	<u>В</u>
No Change	C
Forbidden	 D
Toggle	<u>Б</u>
1 oggie	ند
5. Synchronous Mode means:	
the flip-flop requires external clocking to change states.	A
the flip-flop requires a clock pulse to change states.	В
the inputs force the outputs to change states independent of clocking.	C
None of the above	D

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6. Asynchronous Mode means:	
the flip-flop requires external clocking to change states.	A
the flip-flop requires a clock pulse to change states.	В
the inputs force the outputs to change states independent of clocking.	С
None of the above	D
7. 1. To operate in asynchronous mode, a JK flip-flop uses only the and to change states.	
PRESET	A
CLEAR	В
J	С
K	D
CLK	Е
	•
8.2. To operate in synchronous mode, a JK flip-flop needs the to change states.	
PRESET	A
CLEAR	В
J	С
K	D
CLK	Е
9. Toggle mode is the JK flip-flop output Q switching to its opposite state when:	
PRESET = 1	A
CLEAR = 1	В
a CLK is applied.	С
J = 1	D
K = 1	Е
10. Hold mode is the JK flip-flop output Q remaining at its previous state when:	
PRESET = 1	A
	В
CLEAR = 1	
	С
CLEAR = 1	
CLEAR = 1 a CLK is applied.	С