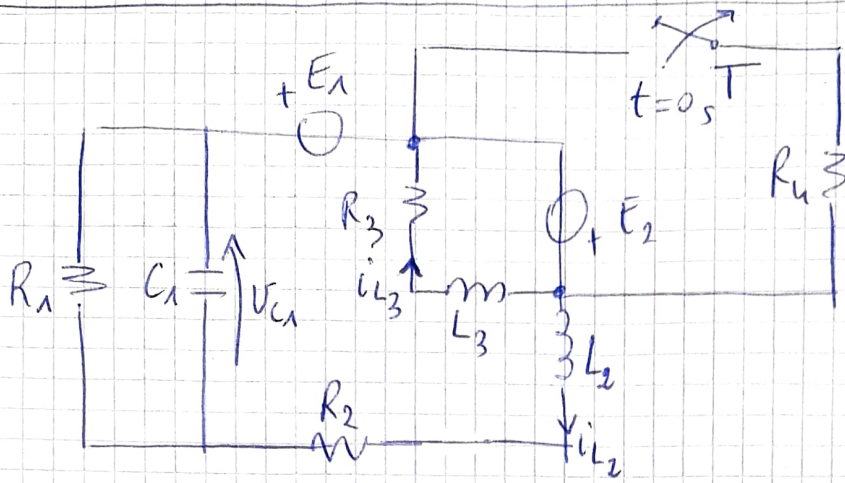


ESERCIZIO SU TRANSITORIO - ISPEZIONE



DATI :

$$R_1 = 2\Omega$$

$$R_2 = R_3 = 3\Omega$$

$$R_4 = 1\Omega$$

$$C_1 = 1\mu F$$

$$L_2 = L_3 = 3mH$$

$$E_1 = 10V, E_2 = 16V$$

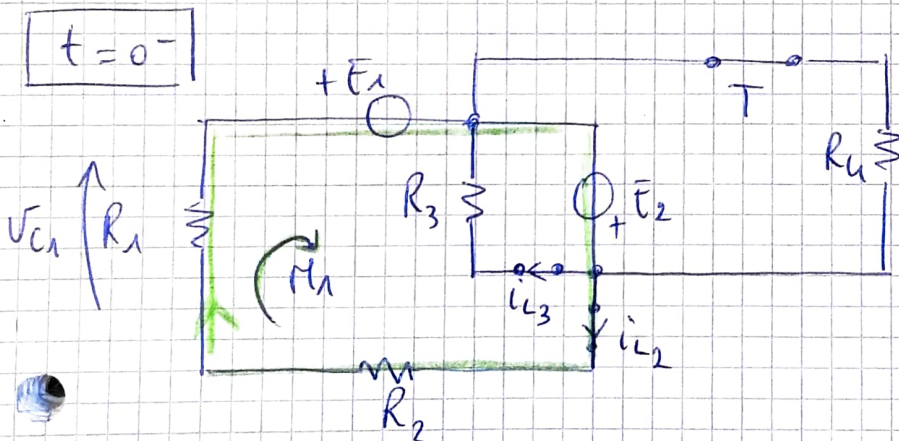
T inizialmente chiuso. Rete e regime per $t = 0^-$ s

DETERMINARE :

$$t = 0^- : W_{L_3}, W_{L_2}, W_{C_1} \quad (3pt)$$

$$t = 0^+ : \frac{di_{L_3}}{dt}, \frac{di_{L_2}}{dt} \quad (4pt)$$

$$t \rightarrow \infty : P_{R_3}, P_{E_1}, Q_{C_1} \quad (3pt)$$



$$i_{L_3}(0^-) = \frac{E_2}{R_3}$$

$$\Rightarrow W_{L_3}(0^-) = \frac{1}{2} L_3 i_{L_3}^2(0^-) = 42,7 \mu J$$

$$\text{LKT (M}_1\text{)}: i_{L_2} R_2 + i_{L_2} R_1 - E_2 + E_1 = 0$$

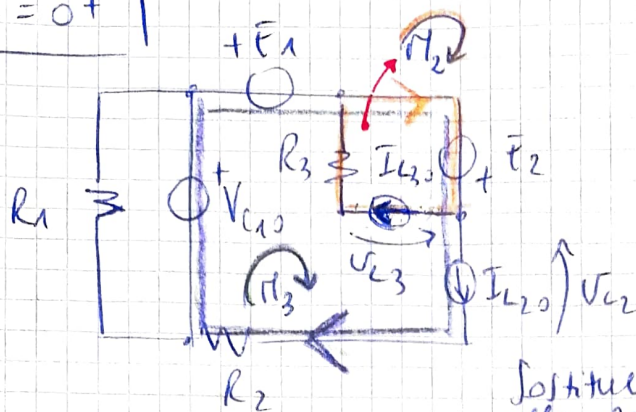
$$\Rightarrow i_{L_2}(0^-) = \frac{E_2 - E_1}{R_1 + R_2}$$

$$\Rightarrow W_{L_2}(0^-) = \frac{1}{2} L_2 i_{L_2}^2(0^-) = 2,16 \mu J$$

$$V_{C_1}(0^-) = -i_{L_2}(0^-) R_1$$

$$\Rightarrow W_{C_1}(0^-) = \frac{1}{2} C_1 V_{C_1}^2(0^-) = 2,88 \mu J$$

$t = 0^+$



$$i_{L2}(0^-) = i_{L2}(0^+) = \bar{I}_{L20}$$

$$i_{L3}(0^-) = i_{L3}(0^+) = \bar{I}_{L30}$$

$$V_{C1}(0^-) = V_{C1}(0^+) = \bar{V}_{C10}$$

Sostituendo le espressioni di \bar{I}_{L20} , \bar{I}_{L30} , \bar{V}_{C10} alle equazioni precedenti:

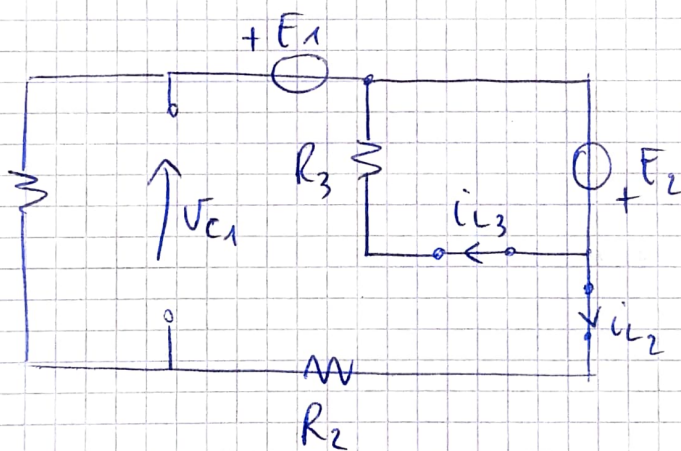
$$LKT(\Pi_2): V_{L3} = E_2 - R_3 I_{L30} = E_2 - \frac{R_3}{R_3} E_2 = 0 \text{ V}$$

$$\Rightarrow \left[\frac{di_{L3}}{dt} \right]_{0^+} = \frac{V_{L3}}{L_3} = 0 \text{ A/s}$$

$$LKT(\Pi_3): V_{L2} = E_2 - E_1 + V_{C10} - R_2 I_{L20} = E_2 - E_1 - \frac{(E_2 - E_1)(R_1 + R_2)}{R_1 + R_2} = 0 \text{ V}$$

$$\Rightarrow \left[\frac{di_{L2}}{dt} \right]_{0^+} = \frac{V_{L2}}{L_2} = 0 \text{ A/s}$$

$t \rightarrow \infty$



$$i_{L3}(\infty) = \frac{E_2}{R_3}$$

$$\Rightarrow P_{R3} = i_{L3}^2 R_3 = 85,3 \text{ W}$$

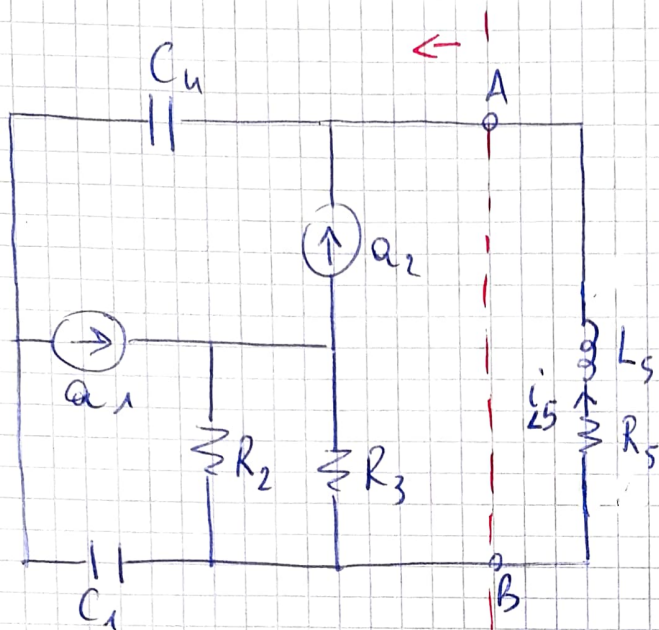
$$i_{L2}(\infty) = \frac{E_2 - E_1}{R_1 + R_2}$$

$$\Rightarrow P_{E1} = -E_1 i_{L2} = -12 \text{ W}$$

$$V_{C1}(\infty) = -R_1 i_{L2}$$

$$\Rightarrow Q_{C1} = C_1 V_{C1} = -R_1 C_1 i_{L2} = -2,4 \text{ mC}$$

ESERCIZIO su REGIME SINUSOIDALE



- DETERMINARE CIRCUITO EQUIVALENTE DI THEVENIN DELLA PARTE DI RETE A SINISTRA DEI MORSETTI A & B
- POLARITÀ POSITIVA DEL GENERATORE EQUIVALENTE IN CORRISPONDENZA DEL NODO A

DATI:

$$C_1 = 1 \mu F, R_2 = 3 \Omega, R_3 = 1 \Omega, C_u = 3 \mu F, R_5 = 2 \Omega, L_5 = 1 \text{ mH}$$

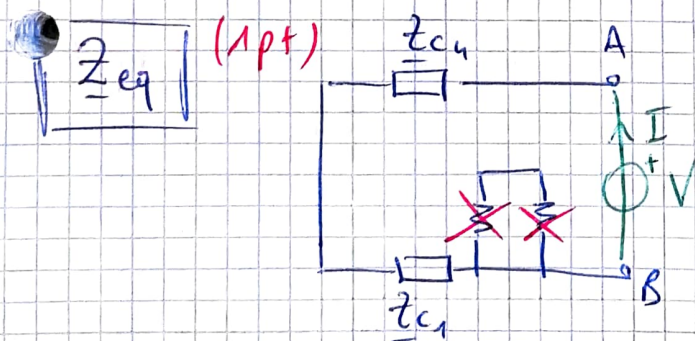
$$q_1(t) = 2 \cos(3t + 60^\circ) \text{ A}$$

$$q_2(t) = \sin(3t + 15^\circ) \text{ A} \rightarrow q_2(t) = \cos(3t - 75^\circ) \text{ A}$$

$$\underline{Z}_{C_1} = -333j \Omega, \underline{Z}_{R_2} = 3 \Omega, \underline{Z}_{R_3} = 1 \Omega$$

$$\underline{Z}_{C_u} = -111j \Omega, \underline{Z}_{R_5} = 2 \Omega, \underline{Z}_{L_5} = 0,003j \Omega$$

$$\underline{A}_1 = \sqrt{2} \angle 60^\circ \text{ A}, \underline{A}_2 = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \angle -75^\circ \text{ A} \rightarrow 1 \text{ pt}$$



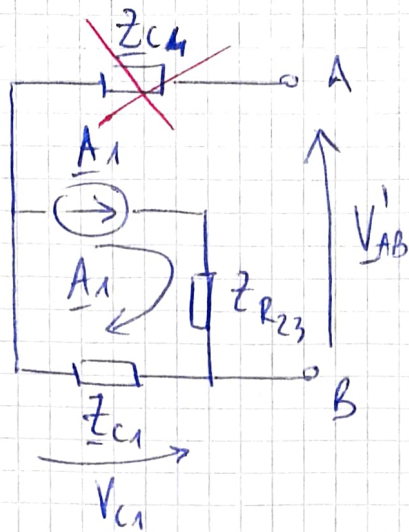
$$\underline{Z}_{eq} = \underline{Z}_{C_1} + \underline{Z}_{C_u} = -444j \Omega$$

V_{eq}

SOVRAPPOSIZIONE DEGLI EFFETTI (2 pt)

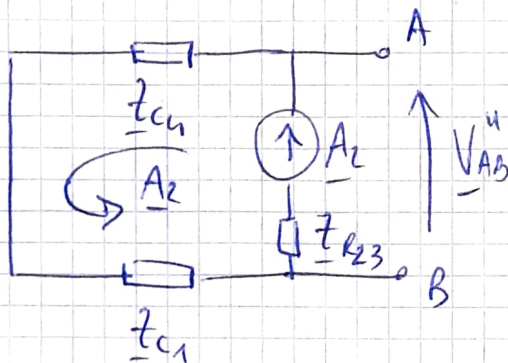
$A_1 \neq 0$

$$z_{R23} = z_{R2} \parallel z_{R3}$$



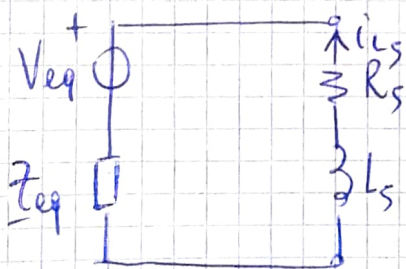
$$\begin{aligned} V'_{AB} &= -V_{c1} = -A_1 \cdot z_{c1} \\ &= 471 \angle 150^\circ \text{ V} \end{aligned}$$

$A_2 \neq 0$



$$V''_{AB} = A_2 \cdot (z_{c1} + z_{c4}) = -303 - j81,3 \text{ (V)}$$

$$\Rightarrow V_{AB} = V'_{AB} + V''_{AB} = 727 \angle 168^\circ \text{ V}$$



$$\begin{aligned} \underline{I}_{L5} &= - \frac{V_{eq}}{z_{H1} + z_{R5} + z_{L5}} = 1,64 \angle 77,7^\circ \text{ A (1 pt)} \\ \Rightarrow i_S(t) &= 2,32 \cos(3t + 77,7^\circ) \text{ A (1 pt)} \end{aligned}$$

POTENZA DISSIPATA DAL RESISTORE R_5 : (1 pt)

$$P_{R5} = R_5 \underline{I}_{L5}^2 = 5,38 \text{ W}$$

$$Q_{R5} = 0 \text{ VAR}$$