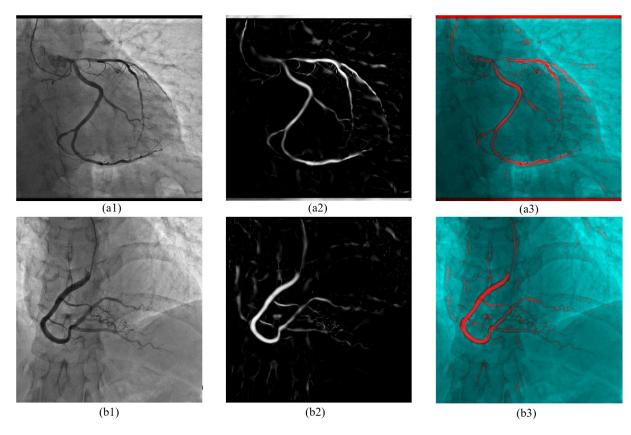
## Artery Segment Classification and Stenosis Detection using Unet and Unet++



```
import json
import cv2
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import os
from pathlib import Path

def load_json_annotations(json_path):
    with open(json_path, 'r') as f:
        data = json.load(f)
    return data

def create_mask(image_shape, segmentation):
    mask = np.zeros(image_shape, dtype=np.uint8)
    points = np.array(segmentation, dtype=np.int32).reshape(-1, 2)
    cv2.fillPoly(mask, [points], color=255)
    return mask
```

```
def visualize segmentation(image path, annotations, categories,
image id, image index):
    img = cv2.imread(image path, cv2.IMREAD GRAYSCALE)
    if ima is None:
        raise ValueError(f"Could not load image at {image path}")
    img color = cv2.cvtColor(img, cv2.COLOR GRAY2RGB)
    img annotations = [ann for ann in annotations if ann['image id']
== image id]
    mask = np.zeros like(img, dtype=np.uint8)
    for ann in img annotations:
        category id = ann['category id']
        category name = next(cat['name'] for cat in categories if
cat['id'] == category id)
        segmentation = ann['segmentation']
        ann mask = create mask(img.shape, segmentation)
        mask = np.maximum(mask, ann mask)
        img\ color[ann\ mask == 255] = [255, 0, 0]
    plt.figure(figsize=(10, 5))
    plt.subplot(1, 2, 1)
    plt.title(f"Original Image {image index + 1}")
    plt.imshow(img, cmap='gray')
    plt.axis('off')
    plt.subplot(1, 2, 2)
    plt.title(f"Segmented Image {image index + 1} (ID: {image id})")
    plt.imshow(img color)
    plt.axis('off')
    plt.show()
    return mask
def main():
    base path = "/kaggle/input/arcade-dataset/arcade/syntax"
    train_images_path = os.path.join(base_path, "train", "images")
    train json path = os.path.join(base path, "train", "annotations",
"train.json")
    data = load json annotations(train json path)
    images = data['images']
    annotations = data['annotations']
    categories = data['categories']
```

```
for idx, sample_image in enumerate(images[:5]):
    image_id = sample_image['id']
    image_file = sample_image['file_name']
    image_path = os.path.join(train_images_path, image_file)

    print(f"Processing image: {image_file}")
    visualize_segmentation(image_path, annotations, categories, image_id, idx)

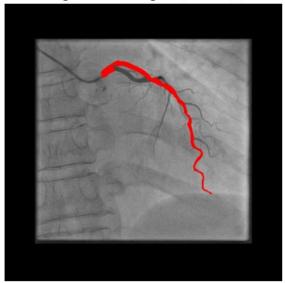
if __name__ == "__main__":
    main()

Processing image: 922.png
```

Original Image 1

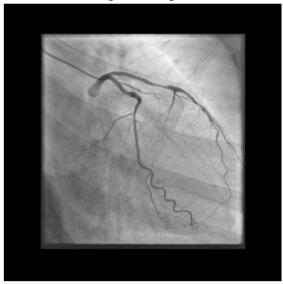


Segmented Image 1 (ID: 922)

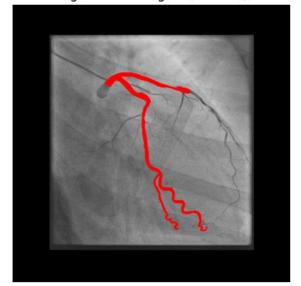


Processing image: 793.png

Original Image 2

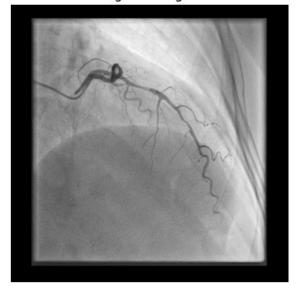


Segmented Image 2 (ID: 793)

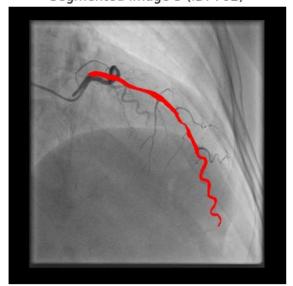


Processing image: 782.png

Original Image 3



Segmented Image 3 (ID: 782)

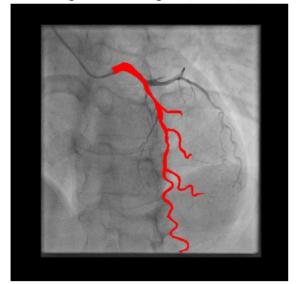


Processing image: 660.png

Original Image 4



Segmented Image 4 (ID: 660)

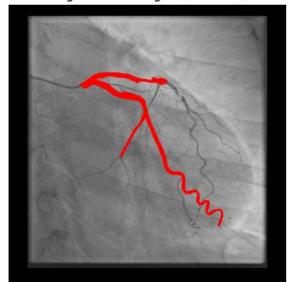


Processing image: 708.png

Original Image 5



Segmented Image 5 (ID: 708)



```
import json
import cv2
import torch
import torch.nn as nn
import torch.optim as optim
from torch.utils.data import Dataset, DataLoader
from torchvision import transforms
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from pathlib import Path
```

```
import numpy as np
import os
class ARCADE Dataset(Dataset):
   def init (self, images dir, json path, img size=(512, 512),
transform=None):
        self.images_dir = Path(images_dir)
        self.img size = img size
        self.transform = transform
        if not self.images dir.exists():
            raise FileNotFoundError(f"Images directory not found:
{images dir}")
        if not Path(json path).exists():
            raise FileNotFoundError(f"JSON annotation file not found:
{json path}")
        with open(json_path, 'r') as f:
            self.data = json.load(f)
        self.images = self.data['images']
        self.annotations = self.data['annotations']
        self.categories = self.data['categories']
        self.image annotations map = {}
        for ann in self.annotations:
            image id = ann['image id']
            if image id not in self.image annotations map:
                self.image annotations map[image id] = []
            self.image annotations map[image id].append(ann)
   def len (self):
        return len(self.images)
   def getitem__(self, idx):
        img info = self.images[idx]
        image id = img info['id']
        image path = self.images dir / img_info['file_name']
        img = cv2.imread(str(image path), cv2.IMREAD GRAYSCALE)
        if img is None:
            raise ValueError(f"Could not load image at {image path}.
Check file integrity.")
        original height, original width = img.shape[:2]
        img = cv2.resize(img, self.img size,
interpolation=cv2.INTER AREA)
        img = img / 255.0
        mask = np.zeros(self.img size, dtype=np.uint8)
```

```
img annotations = self.image annotations map.get(image id, [])
        if not img annotations:
            pass
        for ann in img annotations:
            segmentations = ann['segmentation']
            if not isinstance(segmentations, list) or not
all(isinstance(s, list) for s in segmentations):
                segmentations = [segmentations]
            for segmentation points in segmentations:
                if not segmentation points:
                    continue
                points = np.array(segmentation points,
dtype=np.float32).reshape(-1, 2)
                scale x = self.img size[0] / original width
                scale_y = self.img_size[1] / original_height
                points[:, 0] = points[:, 0] * scale_x
                points[:, 1] = points[:, 1] * scale y
                points = points.astype(np.int32)
                points[:, 0] = np.clip(points[:, 0], 0,
self.img_size[0] - 1)
                points[:, 1] = np.clip(points[:, 1], 0,
self.img_size[1] - 1)
                if points.size > 0:
                    cv2.fillPoly(mask, [points], color=1)
        img tensor = torch.tensor(img,
dtype=torch.float32).unsqueeze(0)
        mask tensor = torch.tensor(mask,
dtype=torch.float32).unsqueeze(0)
        if self.transform:
            seed = torch.seed()
            torch.manual seed(seed)
            img tensor = self.transform(img tensor)
            torch.manual seed(seed)
            mask tensor = self.transform(mask tensor)
        return img tensor, mask tensor
class DiceLoss(nn.Module):
    def init (self):
        super(DiceLoss, self). init ()
    def forward(self, pred, target):
        pred = torch.sigmoid(pred)
        pred = pred.view(-1)
```

```
target = target.view(-1)
        intersection = (pred * target).sum()
        dice = (2. * intersection + 1e-6) / (pred.sum() + target.sum()
+ 1e-6
        return 1 - dice
class UNet(nn.Module):
    def init (self):
        super(UNet, self).__init__()
        def conv_block(in_channels, out_channels):
            return nn.Sequential(
                nn.Conv2d(in channels, out channels, 3, padding=1),
                nn.ReLU(inplace=True),
                nn.Conv2d(out channels, out channels, 3, padding=1),
                nn.ReLU(inplace=True)
            )
        self.enc1 = conv block(1, 64)
        self.enc2 = conv block(64, 128)
        self.enc3 = conv block(128, 256)
        self.enc4 = conv block(256, 512)
        self.pool = nn.MaxPool2d(2, 2)
        self.bottleneck = conv block(512, 1024)
        self.upconv4 = nn.ConvTranspose2d(1024, 512, 2, stride=2)
        self.dec4 = conv block(1024, 512)
        self.upconv3 = nn.ConvTranspose2d(512, 256, 2, stride=2)
        self.dec3 = conv block(512, 256)
        self.upconv2 = nn.ConvTranspose2d(256, 128, 2, stride=2)
        self.dec2 = conv block(256, 128)
        self.upconv1 = nn.ConvTranspose2d(128, 64, 2, stride=2)
        self.dec1 = conv block(128, 64)
        self.final conv = nn.Conv2d(64, 1, 1)
    def forward(self, x):
        e1 = self.enc1(x)
        e2 = self.enc2(self.pool(e1))
        e3 = self.enc3(self.pool(e2))
        e4 = self.enc4(self.pool(e3))
        b = self.bottleneck(self.pool(e4))
        d4 = self.upconv4(b)
        d4 = torch.cat([d4, e4], dim=1)
        d4 = self.dec4(d4)
        d3 = self.upconv3(d4)
        d3 = torch.cat([d3, e3], dim=1)
        d3 = self.dec3(d3)
        d2 = self.upconv2(d3)
```

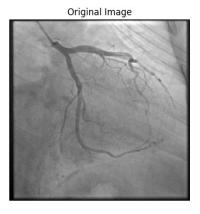
```
d2 = torch.cat([d2, e2], dim=1)
        d2 = self.dec2(d2)
        d1 = self.upconv1(d2)
        d1 = torch.cat([d1, e1], dim=1)
        d1 = self.dec1(d1)
        out = self.final conv(d1)
        return out
def calculate_iou(pred, target, threshold=0.5):
    pred = (torch.sigmoid(pred) > threshold).float()
    pred flat = pred.view(pred.shape[0], -1)
    target flat = target.view(target.shape[0], -1)
    intersection = (pred flat * target flat).sum(dim=1)
    union = (pred flat + target flat).sum(dim=1) - intersection
    iou = (intersection + 1e-6) / (union + 1e-6)
    return iou.mean().item()
def calculate_dice(pred, target, threshold=0.5):
    pred = (torch.sigmoid(pred) > threshold).float()
    pred flat = pred.view(pred.shape[0], -1)
    target flat = target.view(target.shape[0], -1)
    intersection = (pred flat * target flat).sum(dim=1)
    dice = (2 * intersection + 1e-6) / (pred flat.sum(dim=1) +
target flat.sum(dim=1) + 1e-6)
    return dice.mean().item()
def train model(model, train loader, val loader, num epochs=15,
device='cuda'):
    model = model.to(device)
    criterion bce = nn.BCEWithLogitsLoss()
    criterion_dice = DiceLoss()
    optimizer = optim.Adam(model.parameters(), lr=5e-4)
    scheduler = optim.lr scheduler.ReduceLROnPlateau(optimizer,
mode='min', factor=0.5, patience=2)
    train losses, val losses, val ious, val dices = [], [], [], []
    best val loss = float('inf')
    best epoch = -1
    for epoch in range(num epochs):
        model.train()
        train loss = 0
        for batch idx, (images, masks) in enumerate(train loader):
            images, masks = images.to(device), masks.to(device)
            optimizer.zero grad()
            outputs = model(images)
            loss bce = criterion bce(outputs, masks)
            loss_dice = criterion_dice(outputs, masks)
            loss = 0.5 * loss bce + 0.5 * loss dice
            loss.backward()
```

```
optimizer.step()
            train_loss += loss.item()
            if batch idx % 50 == 0:
                print(f"Epoch {epoch+1}/{num_epochs}, Batch
{batch idx}/{len(train loader)}, Train Loss: {loss.item():.4f}")
        avg train loss = train loss / len(train loader)
        train losses.append(avg train loss)
        model.eval()
        val loss, val iou, val dice = 0, 0, 0
        with torch.no grad():
            for images, masks in val loader:
                images, masks = images.to(device), masks.to(device)
                outputs = model(images)
                loss_bce = criterion_bce(outputs, masks)
                loss dice = criterion dice(outputs, masks)
                val loss += (0.5 * loss bce + 0.5 * loss dice).item()
                val iou += calculate iou(outputs, masks)
                val dice += calculate dice(outputs, masks)
        avg_val_loss = val_loss / len(val loader)
        avg val iou = val iou / len(val loader)
        avg val dice = val_dice / len(val_loader)
        val_losses.append(avg_val_loss)
        val ious.append(avg val iou)
        val dices.append(avg val dice)
        print(f"Epoch {epoch+1}/{num epochs}, Train Loss:
{avg train loss:.4f}, Val Loss: {avg_val_loss:.4f}, Val IoU:
{avg_val_iou:.4f}, Val Dice: {avg_val_dice:.4f}")
        if avg_val_loss < best_val_loss:</pre>
            best val loss = avg val loss
            best epoch = epoch
            torch.save(model.state dict(), "best unet model.pth")
            print(f"Saved best model at Epoch {epoch+1} with Val Loss:
{best val loss:.4f}")
        scheduler.step(avg val loss)
   print(f"Training finished. Best model saved from Epoch
{best epoch+1} with Val Loss: {best_val_loss:.4f}")
    return model, train losses, val losses, val ious, val dices
def visualize predictions(model, data loader, device, num images=5):
   model.eval()
   with torch.no grad():
        for idx, (images, masks) in enumerate(data loader):
            if idx >= num images:
```

```
break
            images, masks = images.to(device), masks.to(device)
            outputs = model(images)
            preds = torch.sigmoid(outputs).cpu().numpy() > 0.5
            img = images[0].cpu().numpy().squeeze()
            true mask = masks[0].cpu().numpy().squeeze()
            pred mask = preds[0].squeeze()
            print(f"Image {idx+1}: True mask sum: {true mask.sum()},
Predicted mask sum: {pred mask.sum()}")
            plt.figure(figsize=(15, 5))
            plt.subplot(1, 3, 1)
            plt.title("Original Image")
            plt.imshow(img, cmap='gray')
            plt.axis('off')
            plt.subplot(1, 3, 2)
            plt.title("Ground Truth Mask")
            plt.imshow(true mask, cmap='gray')
            plt.axis('off')
            plt.subplot(1, 3, 3)
            plt.title("Predicted Mask")
            plt.imshow(pred mask, cmap='gray')
            plt.axis('off')
            plt.show()
def main():
    base_path = "/kaggle/input/arcade-dataset/arcade/syntax"
    train images path = os.path.join(base path, "train", "images")
    train json path = os.path.join(base path, "train", "annotations",
"train.json")
    val images path = os.path.join(base path, "val", "images")
    val json path = os.path.join(base path, "val", "annotations",
"val.json")
    transform = transforms.Compose([
        transforms.RandomHorizontalFlip(p=0.5),
        transforms.RandomRotation(10),
    ])
    try:
        train dataset = ARCADE Dataset(train images path,
train_json_path, transform=transform)
        val dataset = ARCADE Dataset(val images path, val json path)
    except FileNotFoundError as e:
        print(f"Error loading dataset: {e}")
        return
    except Exception as e:
        print(f"An unexpected error occurred during dataset loading:
{e}")
        return
```

```
train loader = DataLoader(train dataset, batch size=4,
shuffle=True, num workers=os.cpu count() // 2 or 1)
    val loader = DataLoader(val dataset, batch size=4, shuffle=False,
num workers=os.cpu count() // 2 or 1)
    print(f"Train dataset size: {len(train_dataset)}")
    print(f"Validation dataset size: {len(val dataset)}")
    device = torch.device("cuda" if torch.cuda.is_available() else
"cpu")
    print(f"Using device: {device}")
    print("Training U-Net...")
    unet model = UNet()
    trained_unet, train_losses, val_losses, val ious, val dices =
train model(
        unet model, train loader, val loader, num epochs=3,
device=device
    if Path("best unet model.pth").exists():
trained unet.load state dict(torch.load("best unet model.pth"))
        print("Loaded best model for visualization.")
    else:
        print("No best model saved. Using the last trained model.")
    print("Visualizing U-Net predictions...")
    visualize predictions(trained unet, val loader, device,
num images=5)
    plt.figure(figsize=(18, 5))
    plt.subplot(1, 3, 1)
    plt.plot(train losses, label='Train Loss')
    plt.plot(val losses, label='Val Loss')
    plt.title('Loss Over Epochs')
    plt.xlabel('Epoch')
    plt.ylabel('Loss')
    plt.legend()
    plt.grid(True)
    plt.subplot(1, 3, 2)
    plt.plot(val ious, label='Val IoU', color='orange')
    plt.title('IoU Over Epochs')
    plt.xlabel('Epoch')
    plt.ylabel('IoU')
    plt.legend()
    plt.grid(True)
```

```
plt.subplot(1, 3, 3)
    plt.plot(val dices, label='Val Dice', color='green')
    plt.title('Dice Coefficient Over Epochs')
    plt.xlabel('Epoch')
    plt.ylabel('Dice')
    plt.legend()
    plt.grid(True)
    plt.tight layout()
    plt.show()
if name == " main ":
    main()
Train dataset size: 1000
Validation dataset size: 200
Using device: cuda
Training U-Net...
Epoch 1/3, Batch 0/250, Train Loss: 0.8034
Epoch 1/3, Batch 50/250, Train Loss: 0.5405
Epoch 1/3, Batch 100/250, Train Loss: 0.5360
Epoch 1/3, Batch 150/250, Train Loss: 0.5094
Epoch 1/3, Batch 200/250, Train Loss: 0.5085
Epoch 1/3, Train Loss: 0.5482, Val Loss: 0.5805, Val IoU: 0.0021, Val
Dice: 0.0041
Saved best model at Epoch 1 with Val Loss: 0.5805
Epoch 2/3, Batch 0/250, Train Loss: 0.5365
Epoch 2/3, Batch 50/250, Train Loss: 0.4342
Epoch 2/3, Batch 100/250, Train Loss: 0.5065
Epoch 2/3, Batch 150/250, Train Loss: 0.3063
Epoch 2/3, Batch 200/250, Train Loss: 0.4270
Epoch 2/3, Train Loss: 0.4513, Val Loss: 0.3406, Val IoU: 0.3167, Val
Dice: 0.4641
Saved best model at Epoch 2 with Val Loss: 0.3406
Epoch 3/3, Batch 0/250, Train Loss: 0.3498
Epoch 3/3, Batch 50/250, Train Loss: 0.5037
Epoch 3/3, Batch 100/250, Train Loss: 0.2230
Epoch 3/3, Batch 150/250, Train Loss: 0.2289
Epoch 3/3, Batch 200/250, Train Loss: 0.2971
Epoch 3/3, Train Loss: 0.3068, Val Loss: 0.2479, Val IoU: 0.4526, Val
Dice: 0.6121
Saved best model at Epoch 3 with Val Loss: 0.2479
Training finished. Best model saved from Epoch 3 with Val Loss: 0.2479
Loaded best model for visualization.
Visualizing U-Net predictions...
Image 1: True mask sum: 10525.0, Predicted mask sum: 11477
```



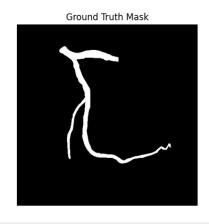
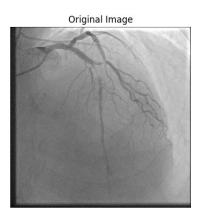




Image 2: True mask sum: 7860.0, Predicted mask sum: 7244





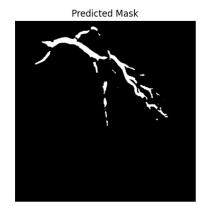


Image 3: True mask sum: 6711.0, Predicted mask sum: 6663

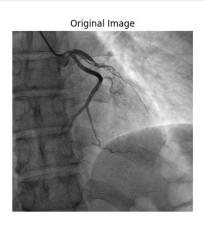


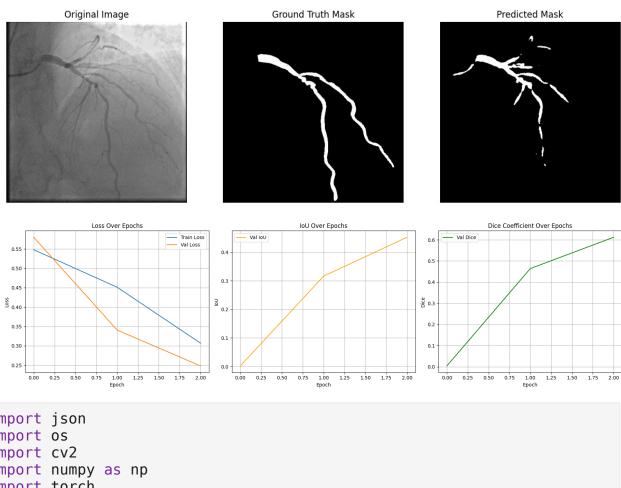




Image 4: True mask sum: 5394.0, Predicted mask sum: 7119



Image 5: True mask sum: 9790.0, Predicted mask sum: 6954



```
import json
import os
import cv2
import numpy as np
import torch
import torch.nn as nn
import torch.optim as optim
from torch.utils.data import Dataset, DataLoader
from torchvision import transforms
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from pathlib import Path
```

```
class ARCADE Dataset(Dataset):
    def init (self, images dir, json path, img size=(512, 512),
transform=None):
        self.images dir = Path(images_dir)
        self.img size = img size
        self.transform = transform
        if not self.images dir.exists():
            raise FileNotFoundError(f"Images directory not found:
{images dir}")
        if not Path(json path).exists():
            raise FileNotFoundError(f"JSON annotation file not found:
{ison path}")
        with open(json_path, 'r') as f:
            self.data = json.load(f)
        self.images = self.data['images']
        self.annotations = self.data['annotations']
        self.categories = self.data['categories']
        self.image annotations map = {}
        for ann in self.annotations:
            image id = ann['image id']
            if image id not in self.image annotations map:
                self.image annotations map[image id] = []
            self.image annotations map[image id].append(ann)
    def len (self):
        return len(self.images)
    def getitem (self, idx):
        img info = self.images[idx]
        image id = img info['id']
        image path = self.images dir / img info['file name']
        img = cv2.imread(str(image path), cv2.IMREAD GRAYSCALE)
        if img is None:
            raise ValueError(f"Could not load image at {image path}.
Check file integrity.")
        original_height, original_width = img.shape[:2]
        img = cv2.resize(img, self.img size,
interpolation=cv2.INTER AREA)
        img = img / 255.0
        mask = np.zeros(self.img size, dtype=np.uint8)
        img annotations = self.image annotations map.get(image id, [])
```

```
if not img annotations:
            pass
        for ann in img annotations:
            segmentations = ann['segmentation']
            if not isinstance(segmentations, list) or not
all(isinstance(s, list) for s in segmentations):
                segmentations = [segmentations]
            for segmentation points in segmentations:
                if not segmentation points:
                    continue
                points = np.array(segmentation points,
dtype=np.float32).reshape(-1, 2)
                scale x = self.img size[0] / original width
                scale_y = self.img_size[1] / original_height
                points[:, 0] = points[:, 0] * scale_x
                points[:, 1] = points[:, 1] * scale y
                points = points.astype(np.int32)
                points[:, 0] = np.clip(points[:, 0], 0,
self.img size[0] - 1)
                points[:, 1] = np.clip(points[:, 1], 0,
self.img_size[1] - 1)
                if points.size > 0:
                    cv2.fillPoly(mask, [points], color=1)
        img_tensor = torch.tensor(img,
dtype=torch.float32).unsqueeze(0)
        mask tensor = torch.tensor(mask,
dtype=torch.float32).unsqueeze(0)
        if self.transform:
            seed = torch.seed()
            torch.manual seed(seed)
            img tensor = self.transform(img tensor)
            torch.manual seed(seed)
            mask tensor = self.transform(mask tensor)
        return img tensor, mask tensor
class DiceLoss(nn.Module):
    def __init__(self):
        super(DiceLoss, self).__init__()
```

```
def forward(self, pred, target):
        pred = torch.sigmoid(pred)
        pred = pred.view(-1)
        target = target.view(-1)
        intersection = (pred * target).sum()
        dice = (2. * intersection + 1e-6) / (pred.sum() + target.sum())
+ 1e-6
        return 1 - dice
class VGGBlock(nn.Module):
    def __init__(self, in_channels, middle channels, out channels):
        super(). init ()
        self.relu = nn.ReLU(inplace=True)
        self.conv1 = nn.Conv2d(in channels, middle channels, 3,
padding=1)
        self.bn1 = nn.BatchNorm2d(middle channels)
        self.conv2 = nn.Conv2d(middle channels, out channels, 3,
padding=1)
        self.bn2 = nn.BatchNorm2d(out channels)
    def forward(self, x):
        out = self.conv1(x)
        out = self.bn1(out)
        out = self.relu(out)
        out = self.conv2(out)
        out = self.bn2(out)
        out = self.relu(out)
        return out
class NestedUNet(nn.Module):
    def init (self, num classes=1, input channels=1,
deep supervision=False):
        super(). init ()
        self.num classes = num classes
        self.deep supervision = deep supervision
        filters = [32, 64, 128, 256, 512]
        self.pool = nn.MaxPool2d(2, 2)
        self.up = nn.Upsample(scale factor=2, mode='bilinear',
align corners=True)
        self.conv0 0 = VGGBlock(input channels, filters[0],
filters[0])
        self.conv1 0 = VGGBlock(filters[0], filters[1], filters[1])
        self.conv0 1 = VGGBlock(filters[0] + filters[1], filters[0],
filters[0])
        self.conv2 0 = VGGBlock(filters[1], filters[2], filters[2])
        self.conv1 1 = VGGBlock(filters[1] + filters[2], filters[1],
filters[1])
        self.conv0 2 = VGGBlock(filters[0]*2 + filters[1], filters[0],
filters[0])
```

```
self.conv3 0 = VGGBlock(filters[2], filters[3], filters[3])
        self.conv2 1 = VGGBlock(filters[2] + filters[3], filters[2],
filters[2])
        self.conv1 2 = VGGBlock(filters[1]*2 + filters[2], filters[1],
filters[1])
        self.conv0 3 = VGGBlock(filters[0]*3 + filters[1], filters[0],
filters[0])
        self.conv4 0 = VGGBlock(filters[3], filters[4], filters[4])
        self.conv3 1 = VGGBlock(filters[3] + filters[4], filters[3],
filters[3])
        self.conv2 2 = VGGBlock(filters[2]*2 + filters[3], filters[2],
filters[2])
        self.conv1 3 = VGGBlock(filters[1]*3 + filters[2], filters[1],
filters[1])
        self.conv0 4 = VGGBlock(filters[0]*4 + filters[1], filters[0],
filters[0])
        if self.deep supervision:
            self.output1 = nn.Conv2d(filters[0], num classes, 1)
            self.output2 = nn.Conv2d(filters[0], num classes, 1)
            self.output3 = nn.Conv2d(filters[0], num classes, 1)
            self.output4 = nn.Conv2d(filters[0], num classes, 1)
        else:
            self.output = nn.Conv2d(filters[0], num classes, 1)
    def forward(self, input):
        x0 0 = self.conv0 0(input)
        x1 0 = self.conv1 0(self.pool(x0 0))
        x0 1 = self.conv0 1(torch.cat([x0 0, self.up(x1 0)], 1))
        x2 0 = self.conv2 0(self.pool(x1 0))
        x1_1 = self.conv1_1(torch.cat([x1_0, self.up(x2_0)], 1))
        x0_2 = self.conv0_2(torch.cat([x0_0, x0_1, self.up(x1_1)], 1))
        x3^{\circ}0 = self.conv3^{\circ}0(self.pool(x2_0))
        x2\ 1 = self.conv2\ 1(torch.cat([x2\ 0, self.up(x3\ 0)], 1))
        x1 2 = self.conv1 2(torch.cat([x1 0, x1 1, self.up(x2 1)], 1))
        x0^{-}3 = self.conv0 3(torch.cat([x0 0, x0 1, x0 2,
self.up(x1 2)], 1))
        x4^{-}0 = self.conv4_0(self.pool(x3_0))
        x3 1 = self.conv3 1(torch.cat([x3 0, self.up(x4 0)], 1))
        x2_2 = self.conv2_2(torch.cat([x2_0, x2_1, self.up(x3_1)], 1))
        x1 3 = self.conv1 3(torch.cat([x1 0, x1 1, x1 2,
self.up(x2 2)], 1))
        x0 4 = self.conv0 4(torch.cat([x0 0, x0 1, x0 2, x0 3,
self.up(x1_3)], 1))
        if self.deep supervision:
            output1 = self.output1(x0 1)
            output2 = self.output2(x0 2)
            output3 = self.output3(x0 3)
            output4 = self.output4(x0 4)
```

```
return [output1, output2, output3, output4]
        else:
            return self.output(x0 4)
def calculate iou(pred, target, threshold=0.5):
    pred = (torch.sigmoid(pred) > threshold).float()
    pred_flat = pred.view(pred.shape[0], -1)
    target flat = target.view(target.shape[0], -1)
    intersection = (pred_flat * target_flat).sum(dim=1)
    union = (pred flat + target flat).sum(dim=1) - intersection
    iou = (intersection + 1e-6) / (union + 1e-6)
    return iou.mean().item()
def calculate_dice(pred, target, threshold=0.5):
    pred = (torch.sigmoid(pred) > threshold).float()
    pred flat = pred.view(pred.shape[0], -1)
    target flat = target.view(target.shape[0], -1)
    intersection = (pred flat * target flat).sum(dim=1)
    dice = (2 * intersection + 1e-6) / (pred flat.sum(dim=1) +
target flat.sum(dim=1) + 1e-6)
    return dice.mean().item()
def train model(model, train loader, val loader, num epochs=15,
device='cuda', deep supervision=False):
    model = model.to(device)
    criterion bce = nn.BCEWithLogitsLoss()
    criterion dice = DiceLoss()
    optimizer = optim.Adam(model.parameters(), lr=5e-4)
    scheduler = optim.lr scheduler.ReduceLROnPlateau(optimizer,
mode='min', factor=0.5, patience=2)
    train_losses, val_losses, val_ious, val_dices = [], [], [], []
    best val loss = float('inf')
    best epoch = -1
    for epoch in range(num_epochs):
        model.train()
        train loss = 0
        for batch idx, (images, masks) in enumerate(train loader):
            images, masks = images.to(device), masks.to(device)
            optimizer.zero grad()
            outputs = model(images)
            if deep supervision:
                loss = 0
                for output in outputs:
                    loss bce = criterion bce(output, masks)
                    loss dice = criterion dice(output, masks)
                    loss += (0.5 * loss bce + 0.5 * loss dice)
                loss /= len(outputs)
            else:
                loss bce = criterion bce(outputs, masks)
```

```
loss dice = criterion_dice(outputs, masks)
                loss = 0.5 * loss bce + 0.5 * loss dice
            loss.backward()
            optimizer.step()
            train_loss += loss.item()
            if batch idx % 50 == 0:
                print(f"Epoch {epoch+1}/{num epochs}, Batch
{batch_idx}/{len(train_loader)}, Train Loss: {loss.item():.4f}")
        avg train loss = train loss / len(train loader)
        train losses.append(avg train loss)
        model.eval()
        val loss, val iou, val dice = 0, 0, 0
        with torch.no grad():
            for images, masks in val loader:
                images, masks = images.to(device), masks.to(device)
                outputs = model(images)
                if deep supervision:
                    final output = outputs[-1]
                    loss bce = criterion bce(final output, masks)
                    loss_dice = criterion_dice(final_output, masks)
                    val_loss += (0.5 * loss_bce + 0.5 *
loss dice).item()
                    val iou += calculate iou(final output, masks)
                    val dice += calculate dice(final output, masks)
                else:
                    loss bce = criterion bce(outputs, masks)
                    loss dice = criterion dice(outputs, masks)
                    val loss += (0.5 * loss bce + 0.5 *
loss dice).item()
                    val iou += calculate iou(outputs, masks)
                    val dice += calculate dice(outputs, masks)
        avg val loss = val loss / len(val loader)
        avg_val_iou = val_iou / len(val_loader)
        avg val dice = val dice / len(val loader)
        val_losses.append(avg_val_loss)
        val ious.append(avg val iou)
        val dices.append(avg val dice)
        print(f"Epoch {epoch+1}/{num_epochs}, Train Loss:
{avg train loss:.4f}, Val Loss: {avg val loss:.4f}, Val IoU:
{avg_val_iou:.4f}, Val Dice: {avg_val_dice:.4f}")
        if avg val loss < best val loss:
            best_val_loss = avg_val_loss
            best epoch = epoch
            torch.save(model.state_dict(), "best_unetpp_model.pth")
            print(f"Saved best model at Epoch {epoch+1} with Val Loss:
{best val loss:.4f}")
        scheduler.step(avg val loss)
```

```
print(f"Training finished. Best model saved from Epoch
{best epoch+1} with Val Loss: {best val loss:.4f}")
    return model, train losses, val losses, val ious, val dices
def visualize predictions(model, data loader, device, num images=5,
deep supervision=False):
    model.eval()
    with torch.no grad():
        for idx, (images, masks) in enumerate(data loader):
            if idx >= num images:
                break
            images, masks = images.to(device), masks.to(device)
            outputs = model(images)
            if deep supervision:
                outputs = outputs[-1]
            preds = (torch.sigmoid(outputs).cpu().numpy() >
0.5).astype(np.uint8)
            img = images[0].cpu().numpy().squeeze()
            true mask = masks[0].cpu().numpy().squeeze()
            pred mask = preds[0].squeeze()
            print(f"Image {idx+1}: True mask sum: {true mask.sum()},
Predicted mask sum: {pred mask.sum()}")
            plt.figure(figsize=(15, 5))
            plt.subplot(1, 3, 1)
            plt.title("Original Image")
            plt.imshow(img, cmap='gray')
            plt.axis('off')
            plt.subplot(1, 3, 2)
            plt.title("Ground Truth Mask")
            plt.imshow(true mask, cmap='gray')
            plt.axis('off')
            plt.subplot(1, 3, 3)
            plt.title("Predicted Mask")
            plt.imshow(pred mask, cmap='gray')
            plt.axis('off')
            plt.show()
def main():
    base path = "/kaggle/input/arcade-dataset/arcade/syntax"
    train images path = os.path.join(base path, "train", "images")
    train json path = os.path.join(base path, "train", "annotations",
"train.ison")
    val images path = os.path.join(base path, "val", "images")
    val_json_path = os.path.join(base_path, "val", "annotations",
"val.json")
    transform =
transforms.Compose([transforms.RandomHorizontalFlip(p=0.5),
transforms.RandomRotation(10)])
    DEEP SUPERVISION = False
```

```
try:
        train dataset = ARCADE Dataset(train images path,
train json path, transform=transform)
        val dataset = ARCADE Dataset(val images path, val json path)
    except FileNotFoundError as e:
        print(f"Error loading dataset: {e}")
    except Exception as e:
        print(f"An unexpected error occurred during dataset loading:
{e}")
        return
    train loader = DataLoader(train dataset, batch size=4,
shuffle=True, num workers=os.cpu count() // 2 or 1)
    val loader = DataLoader(val dataset, batch_size=4, shuffle=False,
num workers=os.cpu count() // 2 or 1)
    print(f"Train dataset size: {len(train dataset)}")
    print(f"Validation dataset size: {len(val dataset)}")
    device = torch.device("cuda" if torch.cuda.is_available() else
    print(f"Using device: {device}")
    print("Training U-Net++...")
    unetpp model = NestedUNet(num classes=1, input channels=1,
deep supervision=DEEP SUPERVISION)
    trained unetpp, train losses, val losses, val ious, val dices =
train model(
        unetpp model, train loader, val loader, num epochs=3,
device=device, deep supervision=DEEP SUPERVISION
    if Path("best unetpp model.pth").exists():
trained unetpp.load state dict(torch.load("best unetpp model.pth"))
        print("Loaded best U-Net++ model for visualization.")
        print("No best U-Net++ model saved. Using the last trained
model.")
    print("Visualizing U-Net++ predictions...")
    visualize_predictions(trained_unetpp, val_loader, device,
num images=5, deep supervision=DEEP SUPERVISION)
# Plot training metrics
    plt.figure(figsize=(18, 5))
    plt.subplot(1, 3, 1)
    plt.plot(train losses, label='Train Loss')
    plt.plot(val losses, label='Val Loss')
    plt.title('Loss Over Epochs')
    plt.xlabel('Epoch')
    plt.ylabel('Loss')
    plt.legend()
    plt.grid(True)
```

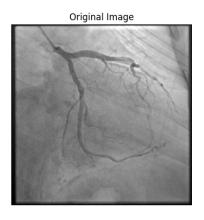
```
plt.subplot(1, 3, 2)
    plt.plot(val ious, label='Val IoU', color='orange')
    plt.title('IoU Over Epochs')
    plt.xlabel('Epoch')
    plt.ylabel('IoU')
    plt.legend()
    plt.grid(True)
    plt.subplot(1, 3, 3)
    plt.plot(val dices, label='Val Dice', color='green')
    plt.title('Dice Coefficient Over Epochs')
    plt.xlabel('Epoch')
    plt.vlabel('Dice')
    plt.legend()
    plt.grid(True)
    plt.tight_layout()
    plt.show()
if name == " main ":
    main()
Train dataset size: 1000
Validation dataset size: 200
Using device: cuda
Training U-Net++...
Epoch 1/3, Batch 0/250, Train Loss: 0.7473
Epoch 1/3, Batch 50/250, Train Loss: 0.5526
Epoch 1/3, Batch 100/250, Train Loss: 0.5397
Epoch 1/3, Batch 150/250, Train Loss: 0.4325
Epoch 1/3, Batch 200/250, Train Loss: 0.3739
Epoch 1/3, Train Loss: 0.4901, Val Loss: 0.3513, Val IoU: 0.5101, Val
Dice: 0.6675
Saved best model at Epoch 1 with Val Loss: 0.3513
Epoch 2/3, Batch 0/250, Train Loss: 0.3237
Epoch 2/3, Batch 50/250, Train Loss: 0.2864
Epoch 2/3, Batch 100/250, Train Loss: 0.2430
Epoch 2/3, Batch 150/250, Train Loss: 0.2012
Epoch 2/3, Batch 200/250, Train Loss: 0.1692
Epoch 2/3, Train Loss: 0.2683, Val Loss: 0.2525, Val IoU: 0.4891, Val
Dice: 0.6394
Saved best model at Epoch 2 with Val Loss: 0.2525
Epoch 3/3, Batch 0/250, Train Loss: 0.2399
Epoch 3/3, Batch 50/250, Train Loss: 0.2251
Epoch 3/3, Batch 100/250, Train Loss: 0.2284
Epoch 3/3, Batch 150/250, Train Loss: 0.1292
Epoch 3/3, Batch 200/250, Train Loss: 0.1686
Epoch 3/3, Train Loss: 0.1980, Val Loss: 0.1931, Val IoU: 0.5769, Val
Dice: 0.7228
```

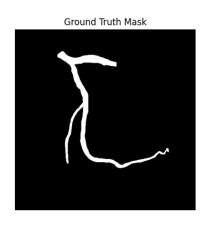
Saved best model at Epoch 3 with Val Loss: 0.1931

Training finished. Best model saved from Epoch 3 with Val Loss: 0.1931 Loaded best U-Net++ model for visualization.

Visualizing U-Net++ predictions...

Image 1: True mask sum: 10525.0, Predicted mask sum: 11672





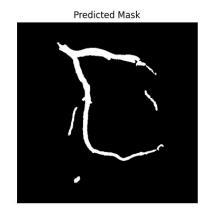
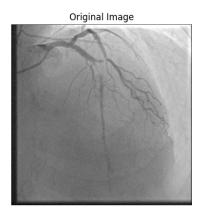


Image 2: True mask sum: 7860.0, Predicted mask sum: 9467





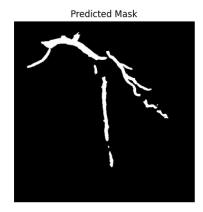


Image 3: True mask sum: 6711.0, Predicted mask sum: 4799

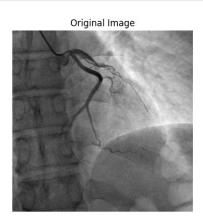






Image 4: True mask sum: 5394.0, Predicted mask sum: 8229



Image 5: True mask sum: 9790.0, Predicted mask sum: 11479

