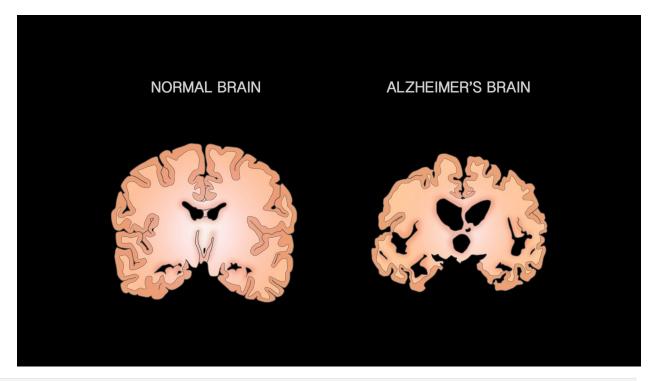
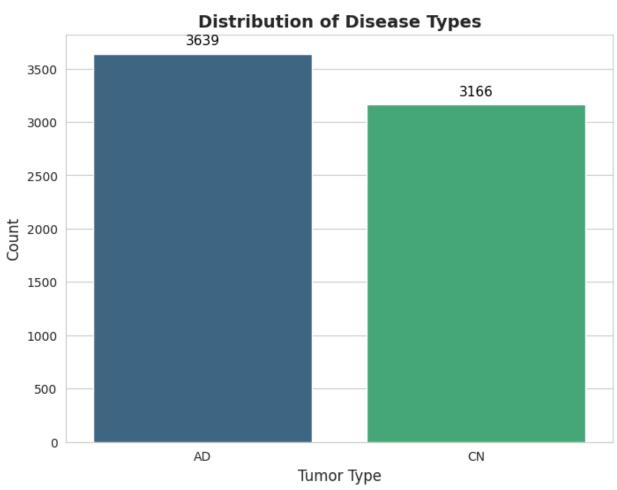
Alzheimer Disease Detection using Novel Continuous Neural Network



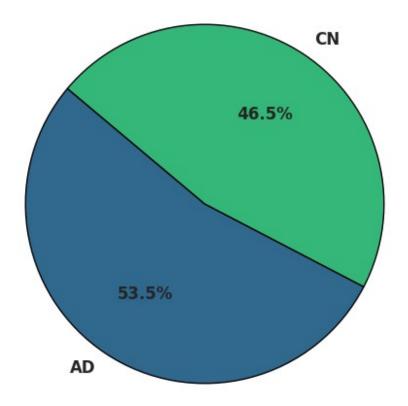
```
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import os
base_path = "/kaggle/input/iraqiad/IraqiAD/IraqiAD"
categories = ["AD", "CN"]
image paths = []
labels = []
for category in categories:
    category_path = os.path.join(base_path, category)
    for image name in os.listdir(category path):
        image path = os.path.join(category path, image name)
        image paths.append(image path)
        labels.append(category)
df = pd.DataFrame({
    "image_path": image_paths,
    "label": labels
})
```

```
df.head()
                                           image path label
  /kaggle/input/iragiad/IragiAD/IragiAD/AD/AD 13...
1
  /kaggle/input/iragiad/IragiAD/IragiAD/AD/AD 28...
                                                         AD
2
  /kaggle/input/iragiad/IragiAD/IragiAD/AD/AD 19...
                                                         AD
  /kaggle/input/iragiad/IragiAD/IragiAD/AD/AD 05...
                                                         AD
4 /kaggle/input/iraqiad/IraqiAD/IraqiAD/AD/AD 13...
                                                         AD
df.tail()
                                              image path label
6800
      /kaggle/input/iragiad/IragiAD/IragiAD/CN/CN 20...
                                                            CN
6801
      /kaggle/input/iraqiad/IraqiAD/IraqiAD/CN/CN 28...
                                                            CN
      /kaggle/input/iraqiad/IraqiAD/IraqiAD/CN/CN 11...
                                                            CN
6802
6803
      /kaggle/input/iraqiad/IraqiAD/IraqiAD/CN/CN 18...
                                                            CN
      /kaggle/input/iraqiad/IraqiAD/IraqiAD/CN/CN 24...
                                                            CN
6804
df.shape
(6805, 2)
df.columns
Index(['image path', 'label'], dtype='object')
df.duplicated().sum()
0
df.isnull().sum()
image path
              0
label
              0
dtype: int64
df.info()
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 6805 entries, 0 to 6804
Data columns (total 2 columns):
#
     Column
                 Non-Null Count
                                 Dtype
- - -
 0
     image path 6805 non-null
                                 object
1
     label
                 6805 non-null
                                 object
dtypes: object(2)
memory usage: 106.5+ KB
df['label'].unique()
array(['AD', 'CN'], dtype=object)
df['label'].value counts()
```

```
label
     3639
AD
CN
      3166
Name: count, dtype: int64
import seaborn as sns
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
sns.set style("whitegrid")
fig, ax = plt.subplots(figsize=(8, 6))
sns.countplot(data=df, x="label", palette="viridis", ax=ax)
ax.set title("Distribution of Disease Types", fontsize=14,
fontweight='bold')
ax.set xlabel("Tumor Type", fontsize=12)
ax.set ylabel("Count", fontsize=12)
for p in ax.patches:
    ax.annotate(f'{int(p.get height())}',
                (p.get_x() + p.get_width() / 2., p.get_height()),
                ha='center', va='bottom', fontsize=11, color='black',
                xytext=(0, 5), textcoords='offset points')
plt.show()
label_counts = df["label"].value_counts()
fig, ax = plt.subplots(figsize=(8, 6))
colors = sns.color palette("viridis", len(label counts))
ax.pie(label_counts, labels=label counts.index, autopct='%1.1f%',
       startangle=140, colors=colors, textprops={'fontsize': 12,
'weight': 'bold'},
       wedgeprops={'edgecolor': 'black', 'linewidth': 1})
ax.set title("Distribution of Disease Types - Pie Chart", fontsize=14,
fontweight='bold')
plt.show()
```



Distribution of Disease Types - Pie Chart



```
import cv2
num_images = 5
plt.figure(figsize=(15, 12))

for i, category in enumerate(categories):
        category_images = df[df['label'] == category]
['image_path'].iloc[:num_images]

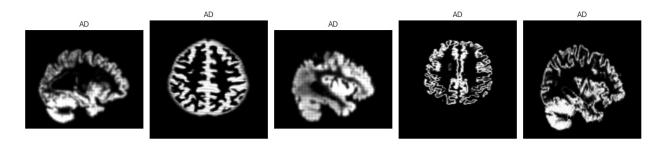
        for j, img_path in enumerate(category_images):
            img = cv2.imread(img_path)
            img = cv2.cvtColor(img, cv2.COLOR_BGR2RGB)

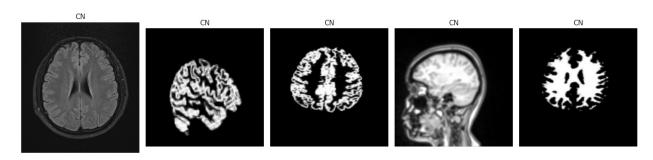
            plt.subplot(len(categories), num_images, i * num_images + j +

1)

        plt.imshow(img)
        plt.axis('off')
        plt.title(category)
```

```
plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()
```





```
from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder
label encoder = LabelEncoder()
df['category encoded'] = label encoder.fit transform(df['label'])
df = df[['image_path', 'category_encoded']]
min samples = df['category encoded'].value counts().min()
balanced df = df.groupby('category encoded').sample(n=min samples,
random state=42)
balanced df = balanced df.reset index(drop=True)
balanced_df = balanced_df[['image_path', 'category_encoded']]
print(balanced df)
                                              image path
category_encoded
      /kaggle/input/iraqiad/IraqiAD/IraqiAD/AD/AD 01...
0
1
      /kaggle/input/iraqiad/IraqiAD/IraqiAD/AD/AD 17...
0
2
      /kaggle/input/iragiad/IragiAD/IragiAD/AD/AD 30...
0
3
      /kaggle/input/iraqiad/IraqiAD/IraqiAD/AD/AD 07...
0
4
      /kaggle/input/iraqiad/IraqiAD/IraqiAD/AD/AD 36...
0
```

```
. . .
6327 /kaggle/input/iraqiad/IraqiAD/IraqiAD/CN/CN 18...
1
6328 /kaggle/input/iragiad/IragiAD/IragiAD/CN/CN 31...
6329 /kaggle/input/iragiad/IragiAD/IragiAD/CN/CN 00...
1
6330 /kaggle/input/iraqiad/IraqiAD/IraqiAD/CN/CN 00...
6331 /kaggle/input/iraqiad/IraqiAD/IraqiAD/CN/CN 09...
[6332 \text{ rows } x \text{ 2 columns}]
df resampled = balanced df
df resampled['category encoded'] =
df resampled['category encoded'].astype(str)
from sklearn.model selection import train test split
from sklearn.metrics import confusion matrix, classification report
import tensorflow as tf
from tensorflow import keras
from tensorflow.keras.models import Seguential
from tensorflow.keras.optimizers import Adam
from tensorflow.keras.preprocessing.image import ImageDataGenerator
from tensorflow.keras.layers import Conv2D, MaxPooling2D, Flatten,
Dense, Activation, Dropout, BatchNormalization
from tensorflow.keras import regularizers
import warnings
warnings.filterwarnings("ignore")
print ('check')
2025-05-30 06:58:40.528470: E
external/local xla/xla/stream executor/cuda/cuda fft.cc:477] Unable to
register cuFFT factory: Attempting to register factory for plugin
cuFFT when one has already been registered
WARNING: All log messages before absl::InitializeLog() is called are
written to STDERR
E0000 00:00:1748588320.755575
                                   35 cuda dnn.cc:8310] Unable to
register cuDNN factory: Attempting to register factory for plugin
cuDNN when one has already been registered
E0000 00:00:1748588320.819813
                                   35 cuda blas.cc:1418] Unable to
register cuBLAS factory: Attempting to register factory for plugin
cuBLAS when one has already been registered
check
```

```
train df new, temp df new = train_test_split(
    df resampled,
    train size=0.8,
    shuffle=True,
    random state=42,
    stratify=df resampled['category encoded']
)
valid df new, test df new = train test split(
    temp df new,
    test_size=0.5,
    shuffle=True,
    random state=42,
    stratify=temp df new['category encoded']
)
import tensorflow as tf
from tensorflow.keras import layers, models
import numpy as np
from tensorflow.keras.preprocessing.image import ImageDataGenerator
import pandas as pd
batch size = 16
img size = (224, 224)
channels = 3
img shape = (img size[0], img size[1], channels)
tr gen = ImageDataGenerator(rescale=1./255)
ts gen = ImageDataGenerator(rescale=1./255)
train gen new = tr gen.flow from dataframe(
    train df new,
    x col='image path',
    y col='category encoded',
    target size=img size,
    class mode='binary',
    color mode='rgb',
    shuffle=True,
    batch size=batch size
)
valid gen new = ts gen.flow from dataframe(
    valid df new,
    x col='image path',
    y col='category encoded',
    target size=img size,
    class mode='binary',
    color mode='rgb',
    shuffle=True,
    batch size=batch size
```

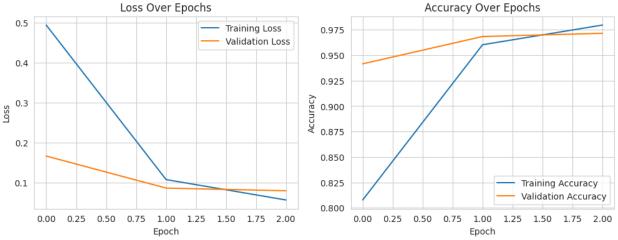
```
)
test gen new = ts gen.flow from dataframe(
    test df new,
    x_col='image path',
    y_col='category_encoded',
    target_size=img_size,
    class mode='binary',
    color mode='rgb',
    shuffle=False,
    batch size=batch size
)
class ContinuousLayer(layers.Layer):
    def init (self, kernel size=5, num basis=10,
output_channels=16, **kwargs):
        super(ContinuousLayer, self). init (**kwargs)
        self.kernel size = kernel size
        self.num_basis = num_basis
        self.output channels = output channels
        self.centers = self.add_weight(
            name='centers',
            shape=(num basis, 2),
            initializer='random normal',
            trainable=True
        )
        self.widths = self.add weight(
            name='widths',
            shape=(num basis,),
            initializer='ones',
            trainable=True,
            constraint=tf.keras.constraints.NonNeg()
        )
        self.kernel weights = self.add weight(
            name='kernel weights',
            shape=(kernel size, kernel size, channels,
output channels),
            initializer='glorot normal',
            trainable=True
        )
    def call(self, inputs):
        height, width = img size
        x = tf.range(0, height, 1.0)
        y = tf.range(0, width, 1.0)
        x grid, y grid = tf.meshgrid(x, y)
        grid = tf.stack([x grid, y grid], axis=-1)
        basis = []
        for i in range(self.num basis):
```

```
center = self.centers[i]
            width = self.widths[i]
            dist = tf.reduce sum(((grid - center) / width) ** 2,
axis=-1)
            basis i = tf.exp(-dist)
            basis.append(basis i)
        basis = tf.stack(basis, axis=-1)
        basis weights = tf.reduce mean(basis, axis=[0, 1])
        basis weights = tf.nn.softmax(basis weights)
        basis weights = basis weights[:, tf.newaxis, tf.newaxis,
tf.newaxis, tf.newaxis]
        modulated_kernel = self.kernel weights *
tf.reduce sum(basis weights, axis=0)
        output = tf.nn.conv2d(
            inputs,
            modulated kernel,
            strides=[1, 1, 1, 1],
            padding='SAME'
        )
        return output
    def compute output shape(self, input shape):
        return (input shape[0], input shape[1], input shape[2],
self.output channels)
    def smoothness penalty(self):
        grad x =
tf.reduce mean(tf.square(self.kernel weights[1:, :, :, :] -
self.kernel weights[:-1, :, :, :]))
        grad_y = tf.reduce_mean(tf.square(self.kernel_weights[:,
1:, :, :] - self.kernel_weights[:, :-1, :, :]))
        return grad x + grad y
class VariationalLoss(tf.keras.losses.Loss):
    def __init__(self, model, lambda1=0.01, lambda2=1.0):
        super(VariationalLoss, self).__init__()
        self.model = model
        self.lambda1 = lambda1
        self.lambda2 = lambda2
        self.bce = tf.keras.losses.BinaryCrossentropy()
    def call(self, y true, y pred):
        smoothness\_penalty = 0
        for layer in self.model.layers:
            if isinstance(layer, ContinuousLayer):
                smoothness penalty += layer.smoothness penalty()
```

```
prediction loss = self.bce(y true, y pred)
       return self.lambda2 * prediction loss + self.lambda1 *
smoothness_penalty
def build continuous model():
   inputs = layers.Input(shape=img shape)
   x = ContinuousLayer(kernel size=5, num basis=10,
output channels=16)(inputs)
   x = layers.Activation('relu')(x)
   x = layers.MaxPooling2D(pool size=(2, 2))(x)
   x = layers.Flatten()(x)
   x = layers.Dense(128, activation='relu')(x)
   x = layers.Dropout(0.5)(x)
   outputs = layers.Dense(1, activation='sigmoid')(x)
   model = models.Model(inputs, outputs)
   return model
model = build continuous model()
model.compile(
   optimizer='adam',
   loss=VariationalLoss(model=model, lambda1=0.01, lambda2=1.0),
   metrics=['accuracy']
)
history = model.fit(
   train gen new,
   validation data=valid gen new,
   epochs=3,
   verbose=1
)
Found 5065 validated image filenames belonging to 2 classes.
Found 633 validated image filenames belonging to 2 classes.
Found 634 validated image filenames belonging to 2 classes.
Epoch 1/3
WARNING: All log messages before absl::InitializeLog() is called are
written to STDERR
I0000 00:00:1748588988.971755
                                 131 service.cc:148] XLA service
0x7d26f400a1a0 initialized for platform CUDA (this does not guarantee
that XLA will be used). Devices:
I0000 00:00:1748588988.972719
                                 131 service.cc:156] StreamExecutor
device (0): Tesla T4, Compute Capability 7.5
I0000 00:00:1748588988.972745
                                 131 service.cc:156] StreamExecutor
device (1): Tesla T4, Compute Capability 7.5
version 90300
```

```
—— 17s 55ms/step - accuracy: 0.4935 - loss:
 4/317
3.5424
cluster using XLA! This line is logged at most once for the lifetime
of the process.
                   ——— 39s 94ms/step - accuracy: 0.7043 - loss:
317/317 —
0.9380 - val_accuracy: 0.9415 - val_loss: 0.1666
Epoch 2/3
                   ——— 12s 37ms/step - accuracy: 0.9563 - loss:
317/317 —
0.1239 - val_accuracy: 0.9684 - val_loss: 0.0865
Epoch 3/3
                317/317 —
0.0584 - val accuracy: 0.9716 - val loss: 0.0798
model.summary()
Model: "functional 2"
Layer (type)
                                  Output Shape
Param #
input layer 3 (InputLayer)
                                  (None, 224, 224, 3)
continuous layer 3 (ContinuousLayer) | (None, 224, 224, 16)
1,230
activation 2 (Activation)
                                  (None, 224, 224, 16)
 max pooling2d 2 (MaxPooling2D)
                                  (None, 112, 112, 16)
0 |
 flatten 2 (Flatten)
                                  (None, 200704)
dense 4 (Dense)
                                  (None, 128)
25,690,\overline{2}40
```

```
dropout 2 (Dropout)
                                        (None, 128)
0
dense 5 (Dense)
                                       (None, 1)
129
 Total params: 77,074,799 (294.02 MB)
 Trainable params: 25,691,599 (98.01 MB)
 Non-trainable params: 0 (0.00 B)
 Optimizer params: 51,383,200 (196.01 MB)
test loss, test accuracy = model.evaluate(test gen new)
print(f"Test Loss: {test loss: 4f}, Test Accuracy:
{test accuracy:.4f}")
                    4s 95ms/step - accuracy: 0.9782 - loss:
40/40 —
0.0566
Test Loss: 0.0663, Test Accuracy: 0.9685
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
plt.figure(figsize=(12, 4))
plt.subplot(1, 2, 1)
plt.plot(history.history['loss'], label='Training Loss')
plt.plot(history.history['val loss'], label='Validation Loss')
plt.title('Loss Over Epochs')
plt.xlabel('Epoch')
plt.ylabel('Loss')
plt.legend()
plt.subplot(1, 2, 2)
plt.plot(history.history['accuracy'], label='Training Accuracy')
plt.plot(history.history['val accuracy'], label='Validation Accuracy')
plt.title('Accuracy Over Epochs')
plt.xlabel('Epoch')
plt.ylabel('Accuracy')
plt.legend()
plt.show()
```



```
from sklearn.metrics import confusion matrix
import numpy as np
y pred = model.predict(test gen new)
y pred_binary = (y_pred > 0.5).astype(int)
y_true = test_gen_new.classes
cm = confusion_matrix(y_true, y_pred_binary).ravel()
print("Confusion Matrix (TN, FP, FN, TP):", cm)
40/40
                       -- 3s 53ms/step
Confusion Matrix (TN, FP, FN, TP): [311
                                           6 14 303]
class names = list(test gen new.class indices.keys())
print("\nClassification Report:")
print(classification_report(y_true, y_pred_binary,
target names=class names))
Classification Report:
              precision
                            recall f1-score
                                               support
           0
                   0.96
                             0.98
                                        0.97
                                                   317
           1
                   0.98
                             0.96
                                        0.97
                                                   317
                                                   634
    accuracy
                                        0.97
                   0.97
                             0.97
                                        0.97
                                                   634
   macro avq
```

0.97

0.97

634

weighted avg

0.97