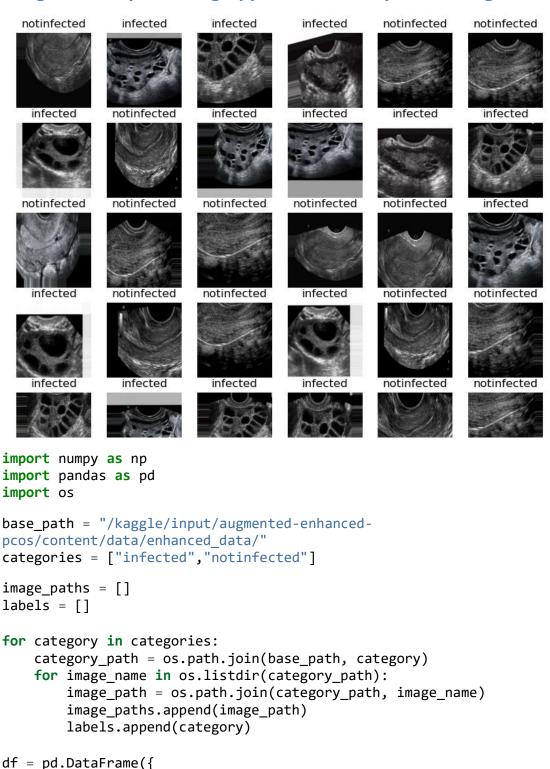
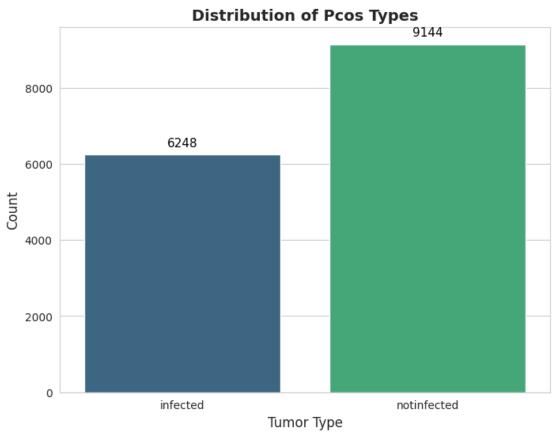
PCOS Detection Using Multi-Scale Retinex Enhanced Ultrasound Images: A Deep Learning Approach with ImpalaCNN Algorithm

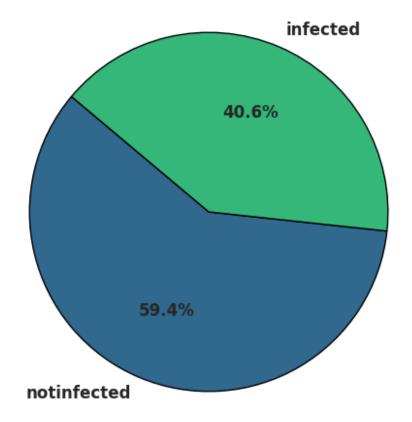


```
"image_path": image_paths,
    "label": labels
})
df.head()
                                                         label
                                          image path
0 /kaggle/input/augmented-enhanced-pcos/content/...
                                                      infected
1 /kaggle/input/augmented-enhanced-pcos/content/...
                                                      infected
2 /kaggle/input/augmented-enhanced-pcos/content/...
                                                      infected
3 /kaggle/input/augmented-enhanced-pcos/content/...
                                                      infected
4 /kaggle/input/augmented-enhanced-pcos/content/...
                                                      infected
df.tail()
                                              image path
                                                                label
15387
       /kaggle/input/augmented-enhanced-pcos/content/...
                                                          notinfected
       /kaggle/input/augmented-enhanced-pcos/content/...
15388
                                                          notinfected
       /kaggle/input/augmented-enhanced-pcos/content/...
                                                          notinfected
15389
       /kaggle/input/augmented-enhanced-pcos/content/...
15390
                                                          notinfected
      /kaggle/input/augmented-enhanced-pcos/content/...
                                                          notinfected
15391
df.shape
(15392, 2)
df.columns
Index(['image_path', 'label'], dtype='object')
df.duplicated().sum()
0
df.isnull().sum()
image_path
              0
label
dtype: int64
df.info()
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 15392 entries, 0 to 15391
Data columns (total 2 columns):
                 Non-Null Count Dtype
 #
     Column
                 -----
 0
     image_path 15392 non-null object
     label
 1
                 15392 non-null object
dtypes: object(2)
memory usage: 240.6+ KB
df['label'].unique()
```

```
array(['infected', 'notinfected'], dtype=object)
df['label'].value counts()
label
notinfected
               9144
infected
               6248
Name: count, dtype: int64
import seaborn as sns
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
sns.set_style("whitegrid")
fig, ax = plt.subplots(figsize=(8, 6))
sns.countplot(data=df, x="label", palette="viridis", ax=ax)
ax.set title("Distribution of Pcos Types", fontsize=14, fontweight='bold')
ax.set_xlabel("Tumor Type", fontsize=12)
ax.set_ylabel("Count", fontsize=12)
for p in ax.patches:
    ax.annotate(f'{int(p.get_height())}',
                (p.get_x() + p.get_width() / 2., p.get_height()),
                ha='center', va='bottom', fontsize=11, color='black',
                xytext=(0, 5), textcoords='offset points')
plt.show()
label_counts = df["label"].value_counts()
fig, ax = plt.subplots(figsize=(8, 6))
colors = sns.color_palette("viridis", len(label_counts))
ax.pie(label_counts, labels=label_counts.index, autopct='%1.1f%%',
       startangle=140, colors=colors, textprops={'fontsize': 12, 'weight':
'bold'},
       wedgeprops={'edgecolor': 'black', 'linewidth': 1})
ax.set_title("Distribution of Pcos Types - Pie Chart", fontsize=14,
fontweight='bold')
plt.show()
```



Distribution of Pcos Types - Pie Chart

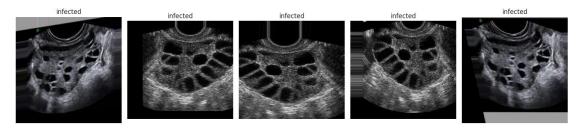


```
import cv2
num_images = 5
plt.figure(figsize=(15, 12))
for i, category in enumerate(categories):
        category_images = df[df['label'] ==
category]['image_path'].iloc[:num_images]

for j, img_path in enumerate(category_images):
    img = cv2.imread(img_path)
    img = cv2.cvtColor(img, cv2.COLOR_BGR2RGB)

    plt.subplot(len(categories), num_images, i * num_images + j + 1)
    plt.imshow(img)
    plt.axis('off')
    plt.title(category)
```

```
plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()
```





from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder

```
label_encoder = LabelEncoder()
df['category_encoded'] = label_encoder.fit_transform(df['label'])
df = df[['image_path', 'category_encoded']]
from imblearn.over_sampling import RandomOverSampler
ros = RandomOverSampler(random state=42)
X_resampled, y_resampled = ros.fit_resample(df[['image_path']],
df['category_encoded'])
df resampled = pd.DataFrame(X resampled, columns=['image path'])
df_resampled['category_encoded'] = y_resampled
print("\nClass distribution after oversampling:")
print(df_resampled['category_encoded'].value_counts())
Class distribution after oversampling:
category_encoded
0
     9144
    9144
Name: count, dtype: int64
df resampled
                                              image_path category_encoded
0
       /kaggle/input/augmented-enhanced-pcos/content/...
```

```
1
       /kaggle/input/augmented-enhanced-pcos/content/...
2
       /kaggle/input/augmented-enhanced-pcos/content/...
3
       /kaggle/input/augmented-enhanced-pcos/content/...
       /kaggle/input/augmented-enhanced-pcos/content/...
4
      /kaggle/input/augmented-enhanced-pcos/content/...
18283
18284 /kaggle/input/augmented-enhanced-pcos/content/...
18285 /kaggle/input/augmented-enhanced-pcos/content/...
18286 /kaggle/input/augmented-enhanced-pcos/content/...
      /kaggle/input/augmented-enhanced-pcos/content/...
18287
[18288 rows x 2 columns]
df resampled['category encoded'] =
df_resampled['category_encoded'].astype(str)
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
train df new, temp df new = train test split(
    df resampled,
    train_size=0.8,
    shuffle=True,
    random state=42,
    stratify=df_resampled['category_encoded']
)
valid df new, test df new = train test split(
    temp_df_new,
    test_size=0.5,
    shuffle=True,
    random state=42,
    stratify=temp_df_new['category_encoded']
)
from tensorflow.keras.preprocessing.image import ImageDataGenerator
batch size = 16
img_size = (224, 224)
channels = 3
img shape = (img size[0], img size[1], channels)
tr gen = ImageDataGenerator(rescale=1./255)
ts gen = ImageDataGenerator(rescale=1./255)
train_gen_new = tr_gen.flow_from_dataframe(
    train df new,
    x col='image path',
    y_col='category_encoded',
    target_size=img_size,
    class_mode='binary',
    color_mode='rgb',
```

0

0

0

0

0

0

0

0

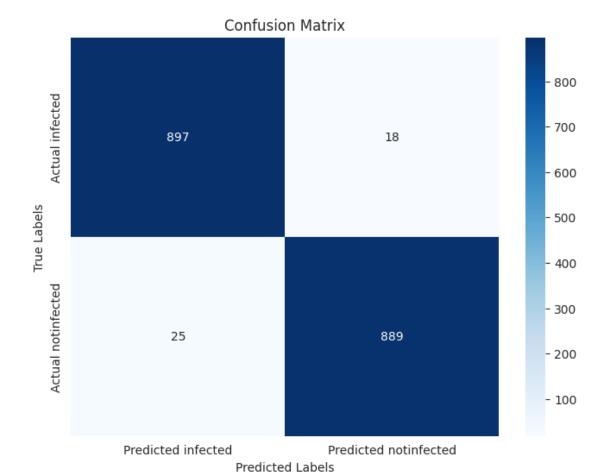
0

```
shuffle=True,
    batch size=batch size
)
valid_gen_new = ts_gen.flow_from_dataframe(
    valid df new,
    x_col='image_path',
    y_col='category_encoded',
    target size=img size,
    class_mode='binary',
    color mode='rgb',
    shuffle=True,
    batch_size=batch_size
)
test_gen_new = ts_gen.flow_from_dataframe(
    test df new,
    x col='image path',
    y_col='category_encoded',
    target size=img size,
    class_mode='binary',
    color mode='rgb',
    shuffle=False,
    batch size=batch size
)
Found 14630 validated image filenames belonging to 2 classes.
Found 1829 validated image filenames belonging to 2 classes.
Found 1829 validated image filenames belonging to 2 classes.
import tensorflow as tf
print("Num GPUs Available: ", len(tf.config.list_physical_devices('GPU')))
Num GPUs Available: 2
gpus = tf.config.list physical devices('GPU')
if gpus:
    try:
        for gpu in gpus:
            tf.config.experimental.set_memory_growth(gpu, True)
        print("GPU is set for TensorFlow")
    except RuntimeError as e:
        print(e)
GPU is set for TensorFlow
from tensorflow.keras import layers, models
class ResBlock(layers.Layer):
    def __init__(self, filters, **kwargs):
```

```
super(ResBlock, self). init (**kwargs)
        self.conv1 = layers.Conv2D(filters, 3, padding='same',
activation='relu')
        self.bn1 = layers.BatchNormalization()
        self.conv2 = layers.Conv2D(filters, 3, padding='same')
        self.bn2 = layers.BatchNormalization()
        self.relu = layers.ReLU()
    def call(self, inputs):
        residual = inputs
        x = self.conv1(inputs)
        x = self.bn1(x)
       x = self.conv2(x)
        x = self.bn2(x)
        x = layers.add([x, residual])
        return self.relu(x)
class ConvSequence(layers.Layer):
    def init (self, filters, **kwargs):
        super(ConvSequence, self).__init__(**kwargs)
        self.conv = layers.Conv2D(filters, 3, padding='same',
activation='relu')
        self.bn = layers.BatchNormalization()
        self.maxpool = layers.MaxPool2D(3, strides=2, padding='same')
        self.resblock1 = ResBlock(filters)
        self.resblock2 = ResBlock(filters)
    def call(self, inputs):
        x = self.conv(inputs)
        x = self.bn(x)
       x = self.maxpool(x)
        x = self.resblock1(x)
        x = self.resblock2(x)
        return x
class ImpalaCNN(tf.keras.Model):
    def __init__(self, base_filters=16, width_scale=1, **kwargs):
        super(ImpalaCNN, self).__init__(**kwargs)
        filters = [base_filters * width_scale, 2 * base_filters *
width_scale, 2 * base_filters * width_scale]
        self.conv seq1 = ConvSequence(filters[0])
        self.conv_seq2 = ConvSequence(filters[1])
        self.conv seq3 = ConvSequence(filters[2])
        self.global avg pool = layers.GlobalAveragePooling2D()
        self.linear1 = layers.Dense(256, activation='relu')
        self.dropout = layers.Dropout(0.5)
        self.linear2 = layers.Dense(1, activation='sigmoid')
    def call(self, inputs):
        x = self.conv seq1(inputs)
```

```
x = self.conv seq2(x)
       x = self.conv seq3(x)
       x = self.global_avg_pool(x)
       x = self.linear1(x)
       x = self.dropout(x)
       return self.linear2(x)
model = ImpalaCNN(base filters=16, width scale=1)
model.compile(optimizer='adam', loss='binary crossentropy',
metrics=['accuracy'])
history = model.fit(
   train gen new,
   validation data=valid gen new,
   epochs=5,
   batch size=batch size
)
Epoch 1/5
/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-
packages/keras/src/trainers/data adapters/py dataset adapter.py:122:
UserWarning: Your `PyDataset` class should call `super(). init (**kwargs)`
in its constructor. `**kwargs` can include `workers`, `use_multiprocessing`,
`max queue size`. Do not pass these arguments to `fit()`, as they will be
ignored.
 self. warn if super not called()
0.3028 - val accuracy: 0.9453 - val loss: 0.0901
Epoch 2/5
                         ----51s 55ms/step - accuracy: 0.9561 - loss: 0.0863
915/915 -
- val_accuracy: 0.9639 - val_loss: 0.0808
Epoch 3/5
                   49s 53ms/step - accuracy: 0.9588 - loss: 0.0820
915/915 -
- val_accuracy: 0.9650 - val_loss: 0.0647
Epoch 4/5
                       -----48s 52ms/step - accuracy: 0.9622 - loss: 0.0741
915/915 -
- val_accuracy: 0.9541 - val_loss: 0.0891
Epoch 5/5
                  48s 52ms/step - accuracy: 0.9675 - loss: 0.0638
915/915 —
- val_accuracy: 0.9710 - val_loss: 0.0543
test_loss, test_accuracy = model.evaluate(test_gen_new)
print(f"Test Loss: {test loss}")
print(f"Test Accuracy: {test_accuracy}")
                 8s 68ms/step - accuracy: 0.9752 - loss: 0.0468
Test Loss: 0.04985056445002556
Test Accuracy: 0.9764899015426636
```

```
y_pred = model.predict(test_gen_new)
y_pred = (y_pred > 0.5).astype(int)
                  -----7s 51ms/step
115/115 -----
y_true = test_gen_new.labels
from sklearn.metrics import confusion_matrix, classification_report
conf_matrix = confusion_matrix(y_true, y_pred)
print("Confusion Matrix:")
print(conf_matrix)
Confusion Matrix:
[[897 18]
[ 25 889]]
plt.figure(figsize=(8, 6))
sns.heatmap(conf_matrix, annot=True, fmt='d', cmap='Blues',
           xticklabels=['Predicted infected', 'Predicted notinfected'],
            yticklabels=['Actual infected', 'Actual notinfected'])
plt.xlabel('Predicted Labels')
plt.ylabel('True Labels')
plt.title('Confusion Matrix')
plt.show()
```



class_report = classification_report(y_true, y_pred,
target_names=['infected', 'notinfected'])
print("Classification Report:")
print(class_report)

Classification Report:

| | precision | recall | f1-score | support |
|--------------|-----------|--------|----------|---------|
| infected | 0.97 | 0.98 | 0.98 | 915 |
| notinfected | 0.98 | 0.97 | 0.98 | 914 |
| accuracy | | | 0.98 | 1829 |
| macro avg | 0.98 | 0.98 | 0.98 | 1829 |
| weighted avg | 0.98 | 0.98 | 0.98 | 1829 |