

WELCOME TO VAPOR LONDON MARCH!



LONDON



WE'RE HIRING!

TIM.CONDON@BBC.CO.UK



ServerSide.swift

Server-Side Swift Conference

12th-14th September 2018. Berlin, Germany

The best way to keep posted about the conference is by signing up below!
Next newsletter will contain everything about sponsor levels, ticket prices, schedule and more!

Notify Me

The Conference

ServerSide.swift is a framework-independent conference, where we will learn and share on a number of different related topics. The conference is aimed at being a non-profit conference and solely run for the love of server-side Swift.

Speakers

If you are interested in speaking you can [let us know here!](#) We are planning a mix of talks and workshops both for beginner and advanced server-side Swift developers and want to hear from all of the frameworks!

Sponsors

Where and When

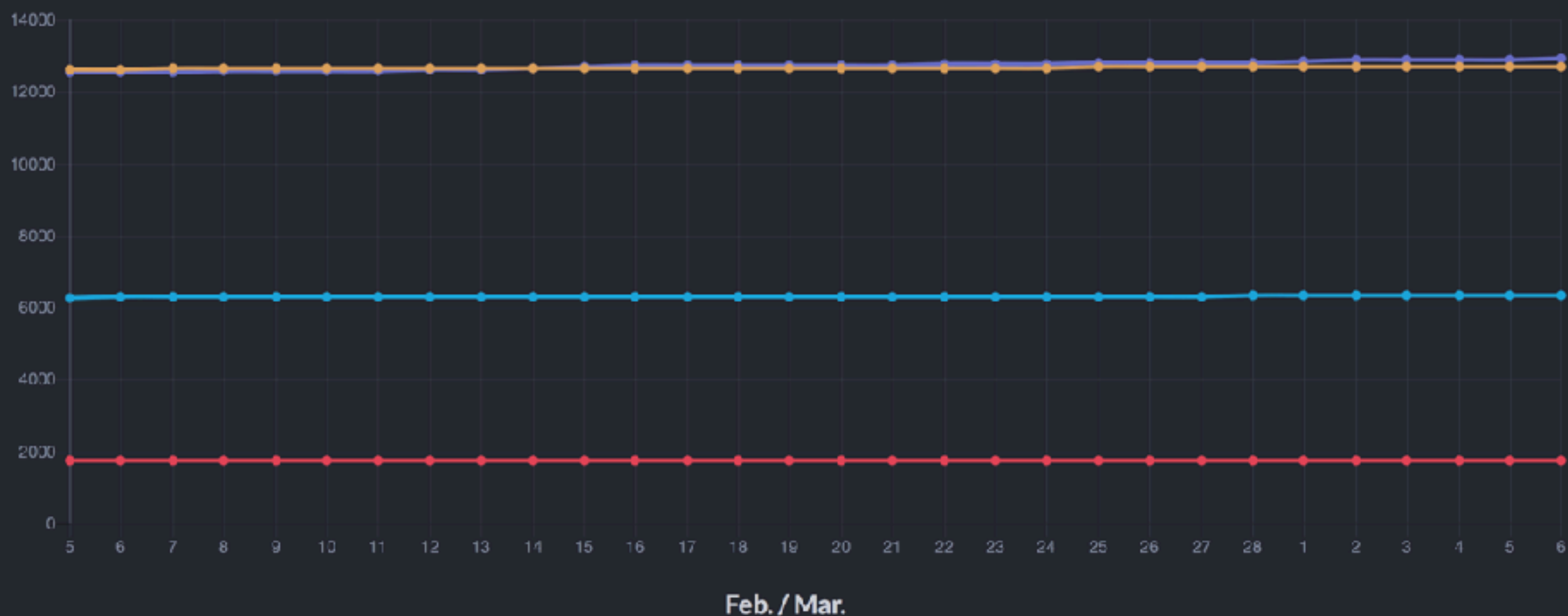
The conference will take place in awesome Berlin, Germany and last for 3 days from 12th-14th September 2018!

The Team

Collaboration between [Martin J. Lasek](#) (Berlin - DE), [Tim Condon](#) (Manchester - UK), [Oliver Wang Hansen](#) (Copenhagen - DK) and [Steffen D. Sommer](#) (Copenhagen - DK)

Want to help?

serversideswift.racing



STARS PER DAY

11.33
vapor

3.96
perfect

2.17
kitura

0.32
zewo

WHAT'S NEW IN VAPOR 3

TIM CONDON

Broken Hands
BBC

INTRODUCTION

- ▶ @0xTim - Twitter/Slack/Github
- ▶ Varied background, currently at the BBC
- ▶ Created SteamPress, Vapor Security Headers, Vapor OAuth
- ▶ @brokenhandsio - Twitter/Github
- ▶ Instructor @ raywenderlich.com
- ▶ Currently writing Server Side Swift with Vapor

VAPOR 3



VAPOR 3

- ▶ Frustrating, exciting, world-changing, head-banging-on-the-wall
- ▶ Going back to Vapor 2 is like writing Javascript after using a compiler....
- ▶ It's a complete redesign from the ground up

VAPOR EVOLUTION

- ▶ Follows similar pattern to Swift
- ▶ Vapor 1 - new and exciting!
- ▶ Vapor 2 - dog fooding
- ▶ Vapor 3 - laying the foundation for the future
- ▶ Will be a painful but necessary transition!

WHAT'S NEW

SWIFT 4.1

- ▶ Introduces conditional conformance
- ▶ Vapor 3 *requires* Swift 4.1
- ▶ Affects the release schedule (more later)

CODABLE

CODABLE

- ▶ Vapor 2 has limited Codable support
- ▶ Vapor 3 embraces it...
- ▶for everything!

DEALING WITH JSON IN VAPOR 2

```
extension Post: JSONConvertible {
    convenience init(json: JSON) throws {
        self.init(
            content: try json.get(Post.Keys.content)
        )
    }

    func makeJSON() throws -> JSON {
        var json = JSON()
        try json.set(Post.Keys.id, id)
        try json.set(Post.Keys.content, content)
        return json
    }
}

extension Request {
    func post() throws -> Post {
        guard let json = json else { throw Abort.badRequest }
        return try Post(json: json)
    }
}

func returnPost(_ req: Request) throws -> ResponseRepresentable {
    let post = try req.post()
    return post
}
```

DEALING WITH JSON IN VAPOR 3

```
extension Post: Content {}

func returnPost(_ req: Request) throws -> Future<Post> {
    let post = try req.content.decode(Post.self)
    return post
}
```

CODABLE

- ▶ Same for Node
- ▶ Same for Row
- ▶ Used with queries, forms, file uploads
- ▶ Leaf interacts with Codable
- ▶ RIP Node 2016-2018 👻 🎉

MODELS

MODELS

- ▶ No more `Storage`
- ▶ Much easier to conform classes to `Model`
- ▶ Even supports `structs`!
- ▶ Easy support for UUID IDs and different ID names
- ▶ Can be as simple as:

```
extension Post: PostgreSQLModel {}
```


WHAT'S NEW IN VAPOR 3

STEAMPRESS MODEL VAPOR 2

```
public final class BlogPost: Model {

    public struct Properties {
        public static let blogPostID = "id"
        public static let title = "title"
        public static let contents = "contents"
        public static let slugUrl = "slug_url"
        public static let published = "published"
        public static let created = "created"
        public static let lastEdited = "last_edited"
        public static let authorName = "author_name"
        public static let authorUsername = "author_username"
        public static let createdAt = "created_date"
        public static let createdAtIso8601 = "created_date_iso8601"
        public static let lastEditedDate = "last_edited_date"
        public static let lastEditedDateIso8601 = "last_edited_date_iso8601"
        public static let shortSnippet = "short_snippet"
        public static let longSnippet = "long_snippet"
        public static let tags = "tags"
    }

    static var postsPerPage = 10

    public let storage = Storage()

    public var title: String
    public var contents: String
    public var author: Identifier?
    public var created: Date
    public var lastEdited: Date?
    public var slugUrl: String
    public var published: Bool

    public init(title: String, contents: String, author: BlogUser, createdAt: Date, slugUrl: String,
        published: Bool, logger: LogProtocol? = nil) {
        self.title = title
        self.contents = contents
        self.author = author.id
        self.created = createdAt
        self.slugUrl = BlogPost.generateUniqueSlugUrl(from: slugUrl, logger: logger)
        self.lastEdited = nil
        self.published = published
    }

    public required init(row: Row) throws {
        title = try row.get(Properties.title)
        contents = try row.get(Properties.contents)
        author = try row.get(BlogUser.foreignKey)
        slugUrl = try row.get(Properties.slugUrl)
        published = try row.get(Properties.published)
        let createTime: Double = try row.get(Properties.created)
        let lastEditedTime: Double? = try? row.get(Properties.lastEdited)
        created = Date(timeIntervalSince1970: createTime)
        if let lastEditedTime = lastEditedTime {
            lastEdited = Date(timeIntervalSince1970: lastEditedTime)
        }
    }

    public func makeRow() throws -> Row {
        let createTime = created.timeIntervalSince1970

        var row = Row()
        try row.set(Properties.title, title)
        try row.set(Properties.contents, contents)
        try row.set(BlogUser.foreignKey, author)
        try row.set(Properties.created, createTime)
        try row.set(Properties.slugUrl, slugUrl)
        try row.set(Properties.published, published)
        try row.set(Properties.lastEdited, lastEdited?.timeIntervalSince1970)
        return row
    }
}

extension BlogPost: Parameterizable {}

// MARK: - Node

public enum BlogPostContext: Context {
    case all
    case shortSnippet
    case longSnippet
}

extension BlogPost: NodeRepresentable {
    public func makeNode(in context: Context? throws -> Node {
        let createTime = created.timeIntervalSince1970

        var node = Node([], in: context)
        try node.set(Properties.blogPostID, id)
        try node.set(Properties.title, title)
        try node.set(Properties.contents, contents)
        try node.set(BlogUser.foreignKey, author)
        try node.set(Properties.created, createTime)
        try node.set(Properties.slugUrl, slugUrl)
        try node.set(Properties.published, published)

        if let lastEdited = lastEdited {
            try node.set(Properties.lastEdited, lastEdited.timeIntervalSince1970)
        }

        guard let providedContext = context else {
            return node
        }

        if type(of: providedContext) != BlogPostContext.self {
            return node
        }

        let dateFormatter = DateFormatter()
        dateFormatter.timeZone = TimeZone(abbreviation: "UTC")
        dateFormatter.dateFormat = ".full"
        dateFormatter.timeStyle = .none
        let createdAt = dateFormatter.string(from: created)

        try node.set(Properties.authorName, postAuthor.get()?.name)
        try node.set(Properties.authorUsername, postAuthor.get()?.username)
        try node.set(Properties.createdAt, createdAt)

        switch providedContext {
        case BlogPostContext.shortSnippet:
            try node.set(Properties.shortSnippet, shortSnippet())
            break
        case BlogPostContext.longSnippet:
            try node.set(Properties.longSnippet, longSnippet())
            break
        case BlogPostContext.all:
            let allTags = try tags.all()
            if !allTags.isEmpty {
                try node.set(Properties.tags, allTags)
            }
            break
        }

        let iso8601Formatter = DateFormatter()
        iso8601Formatter.dateFormat = "yyyy-MM-dd'T'HH:mm:ssZ"
        iso8601Formatter.locale = Locale(identifier: "en_US_POSIX")
        iso8601Formatter.timeZone = TimeZone(secondsFromGMT: 0)

        try node.set(Properties.createdAtIso8601, iso8601Formatter.string(from: created))
    }
}
```

STEAMPRESS MODEL IN VAPOR 3

```
public final class BlogPost<DatabaseType>: Model where DatabaseType: QuerySupporting & SchemaSupporting & JoinSupporting {

    public typealias ID = Int
    public static var idKey: ReferenceWritableKeyPath<BlogPost<DatabaseType>, Int?> {
        return \BlogPost.blogID
    }
    public typealias Database = DatabaseType

    public var blogID: Int?
    public var title: String
    public var contents: String
    public var author: BlogUser<DatabaseType>.ID
    public var created: Date
    public var lastEdited: Date?
    public var slugUrl: String
    public var published: Bool

    public init(title: String, contents: String, author: BlogUser<DatabaseType>, creationDate: Date, slugUrl: String, published: Bool) throws {
        self.title = title
        self.contents = contents
        self.author = try author.requireID()
        self.created = creationDate
        self.slugUrl = title
        self.lastEdited = nil
        self.published = published
    }
}

extension BlogPost: Migration {}
```

ASYN

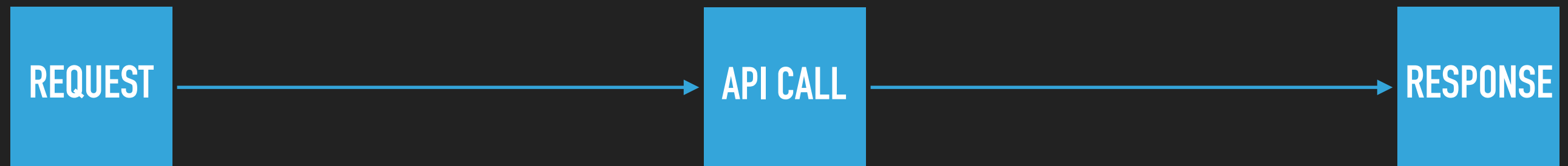
ASYNC AND FUTURES

- ▶ Biggest change in Vapor 3
- ▶ Moves Vapor from blocking synchronous architecture to a non-blocking asynchronous architecture
- ▶ Must easier if you are coming from React/Angular instead of Vapor 2!

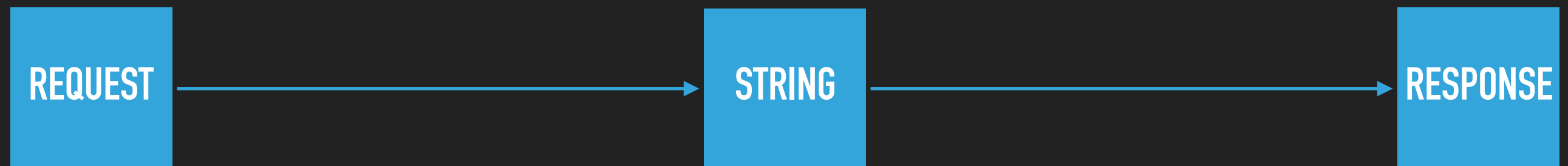
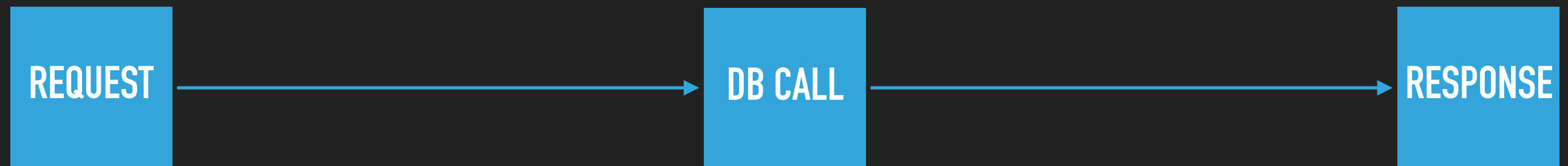
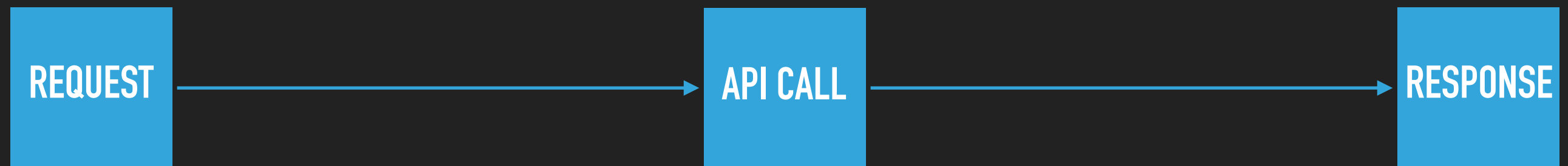
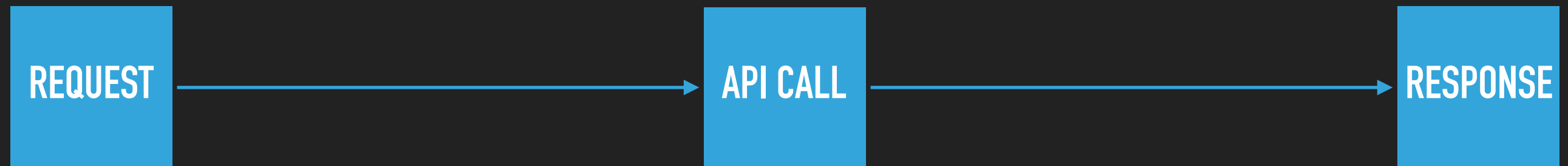
ASync Motivations

- ▶ Blocking is bad
- ▶ Limited resources even on the server
- ▶ Virtual thread context switching is expensive
- ▶ Thread safety is hard
- ▶ Provide a future with a promise to do something when the future object returns

ASYNC MOTIVATIONS – PERFORMANCE



ASYNCH MOTIVATIONS – PERFORMANCE



USING FUTURES – FLATMAP

- ▶ flatMap to unwrap future and return a future:

```
func updateFirstUser(_ req: Request) throws -> Future<User> {  
    return User.query(on: req).all().flatMap(to: User.self) { users in  
        let user = users[0]  
        user.name = "Alice"  
        return user.save(on: req)  
    }  
}
```

USING FUTURES – MAP

- ▶ map to unwrap future and return a non-future:

```
func getFirstUser(_ req: Request) throws -> Future<User> {  
    return User.query(on: req).all().map(to: User.self) { users in  
        return users[0]  
    }  
}
```

USING FUTURES – TRANSFORM

- ▶ transform to turn future into another type

```
func deleteFirstUser(_ req: Request) throws -> Future<HTTPStatus> {  
    return User.query(on: req).all().flatMap(to: HTTPStatus.self) { users in  
        return users[0].delete(on: req).transform(to: HTTPStatus.noContent)  
    }  
}
```


FUTURES

- ▶ They are a learning curve
- ▶ Nice to use once used to them
- ▶ All nice and stable

HOWEVER...

SWIFT NIO

SWIFTNIO

- ▶ Apple announced SwiftNIO at try! Swift Tokyo on Thursday
- ▶ Open source, non-blocking asynchronous network framework
- ▶ PRs *and issues* on Github 🥰
- ▶ Effectively Netty for Swift
- ▶ Vapor team had an inclination it was coming
- ▶ Replaces a lot of the low-level Vapor modules

SWIFTNIO

- ▶ Took < 48 hours to integrate with Vapor *and* Fluent
- ▶ Shouldn't have any major effect on the public API



SERVICES

SERVICES

- ▶ No guarantee of thread-safety
- ▶ Can't inject in `ViewRenderer` or `BCryptHasher`
- ▶ Stops you from using singletons 🙅🙅
- ▶ Move to service locator pattern
- ▶ Request object is actually a container - use it to make services:

```
let client = try req.make(Client.self)
```

DATABASE SUPPORT

DATABASE SUPPORT

- ▶ Native, ***non-blocking***, drivers for SQLite, MySQL, PostgreSQL and Mongo
- ▶ No `libpsql-dev` etc requirement anymore!
- ▶ Support for native DB types (PostgreSQL JSON etc)
- ▶ Generic models are slightly harder
- ▶ Key path support for properties:

```
return Acronym.query(on: req).group(.or) { or in  
  or.filter(\.short == searchTerm)  
  or.filter(\.long == searchTerm)  
}.all()
```

LEAF

LEAF

- ▶ Stream support - can pass Leaf futures
- ▶ Codable support
- ▶ Better syntax:
 - ▶ `#for(post in posts) { ...`
 - ▶ `#if(post.title != "Vapor London") { ...`

PERFORMANCE

VAPOR 3 PERFORMANCE

- ▶ Still early days
- ▶ Vapor 3 ~130k RPS
- ▶ Gin (Go) ~99k RPS
- ▶ Node ~60k RPS
- ▶ Vapor 2 ~65k RPS
- ▶ Vapor 3 with NIO ~90k RPS
- ▶ Depends on your use-cases obviously! Tests are never accurate
- ▶ However NIO (and the non-blocking DB drivers) and going to help massively

RELEASE SCHEDULE

VAPOR 3 RELEASE SCHEDULE

- ▶ 9th Feb - first beta
- ▶ 23rd Feb - first RC
- ▶ There should be no more breaking changes...theoretically
- ▶ (I pushed one last night in Auth...)
- ▶ Vapor 3 will be released when Swift 4.1 is released
- ▶ ...
- ▶ Assuming NIO integration goes well

**WHERE TO GO
FROM HERE?**

VAPOR VIDEOS



VAPOR BOOK



THE TEMPLATE

▶ `vapor new HelloVapor3 --branch=beta`

QUESTIONS