

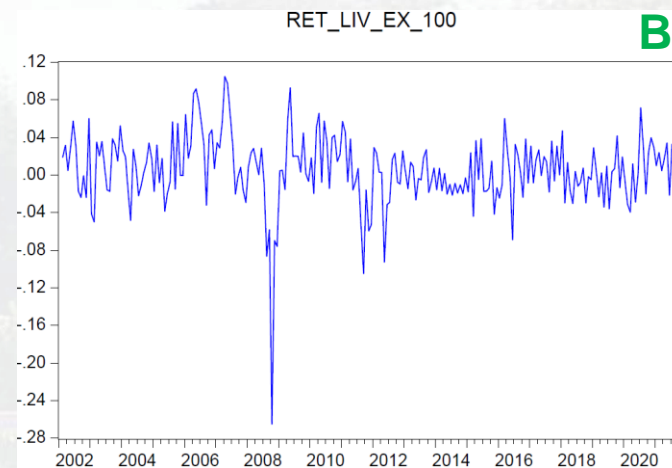
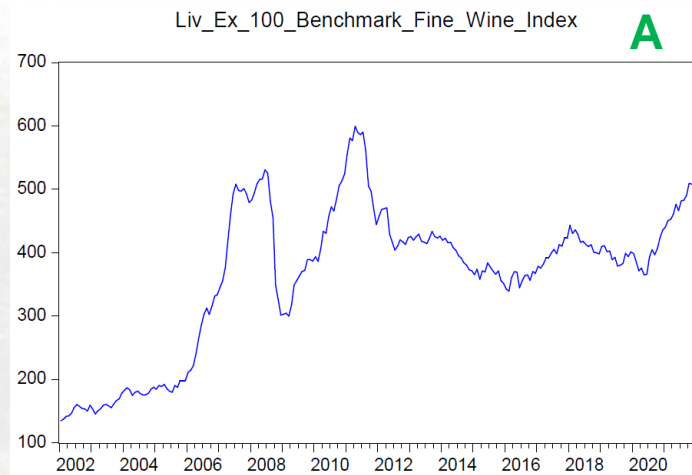
Times Series Analysis Case Study

Liv-ex 100 Benchmark Fine Wine

Hadrien Pistre



A. Investigation for trends, stationarity, seasonal and intervention effect (1/3)



- We examine the differences of the Liv Ex 100 (**B**) to analyse the index' behaviour and its relationship with other variables. We use the differences to get rid of spurious trends that may yield misleading results.

Supply factors	Index	Geographical scope
Fertilizers (vineyards)	Fertilizer Prices	North America
Weather in the Bordeaux area	Weather Bordeaux Merignac	France
Brewery equipment	Agricultural & Forestry Machine Index	France
Oak (barrels and corks)	Red Oak Spot Prices	US
Glass (glass bottles)	PPI Manufacture of Glass & Glass Products	France
Conditionning material (cardboard)	PPI Corrugated Cardboard	France
Transportation	CPI Services Related to Transport	France
Energy	CPI Electricity Gas and Other Fuels	France

Demand factors	Index	Geographical scope
Major export markets	Imports from France	China, US, Germany and UK
Domestic market France	France Consumer Staples Index	France

Substitutes factors	Index	Geographical scope
Prices of other wines	CPI Wine from Grapes	France

- We use monthly data for the Liv Ex 100 and all the other variables from Jan. 2002 to Nov. 2022.

- The Liv-ex 100 Fine Wine Index (**A**) is computed using bids, offers and transactions of 100 fine wines (mostly Bordeaux) on the Liv-ex's fine wine trading platform. The index is weighted by a combination of price, production and scarcity. The component wines are reviewed quarterly.

- After a qualitative study, we identified several factors (**C**) that may influence the Liv-ex 100 Fine Wine Index. We then used indices from Bloomberg that best represent the behaviors of these factors.

A. Investigation for trends, stationarity, seasonal and intervention effect (3/3)

Dependent Variable: D(LIV_EX_100_BENCHMARK_FIN)
Method: Least Squares
Date: 03/28/22 Time: 11:52
Sample (adjusted): 2005M02 2021M11
Included observations: 202 after adjustments

Variable	Coefficient	Std. Error	t-Statistic	Prob.
C	1.960638	2.076678	0.944122	0.3467
D(LIV_EX_100_BENCHMARK_FIN(-1))	0.189821	0.080258	2.365134	0.0194
D(LIV_EX_100_BENCHMARK_FIN(-2))	0.142722	0.081098	1.759855	0.0806
D(LIV_EX_100_BENCHMARK_FIN(-16))	-0.116681	0.082954	-1.406571	0.1618
D(WEATHER BORDEAUX MERIGNA(-35))	0.091981	0.202969	0.453175	0.6511
D(WEATHER BORDEAUX MERIGNA(-36))	-0.083263	0.200200	-0.415900	0.6781
R-squared	0.669949	Mean dependent var	1.602743	
Adjusted R-squared	0.522732	S.D. dependent var	15.58993	
S.E. of regression	10.77024	Akaike info criterion	7.841418	
Sum squared resid	16123.72	Schwarz criterion	8.873205	
Log likelihood	-728.9833	Hannan-Quinn criter.	8.258881	
F-statistic	4.550762	Durbin-Watson stat	1.972532	
Prob(F-statistic)	0.000000			

A

• We run a new regression with all the significant variables and lags 1, 2, 15, 16, 17, 35 and 36 (A). We then remove one by one the statistically non-significant variables and obtain a model which yields us an adjusted R-squared of 56.61 with 10 variables (B).

Dependent Variable: D(LIV_EX_100_BENCHMARK_FIN)
Method: Least Squares
Date: 03/25/22 Time: 15:55
Sample (adjusted): 2005M02 2021M11
Included observations: 202 after adjustments

Variable	Coefficient	Std. Error	t-Statistic	Prob.
C	-0.139693	0.942684	-0.148187	0.8824
D(LIV_EX_100_BENCHMARK_FIN(-1))	0.147354	0.053267	2.766337	0.0062
D(LIV_EX_100_BENCHMARK_FIN(-2))	0.170942	0.051833	3.297905	0.0012
D(LIV_EX_100_BENCHMARK_FIN(-17))	-0.151559	0.049965	-3.033269	0.0028
D(LIV_EX_100_BENCHMARK_FIN(-35))	0.163210	0.051074	3.195543	0.0016
D(FRANCE_CPI_WINE_FROM_GRA)	-6.717136	2.842698	-2.362944	0.0191
D(FRANCE_CPI_WINE_FROM_GRA(-36))	10.59854	3.618173	2.929253	0.0038
D(FRANCE_PPI_CORRUGATED_CA)	12.97450	1.610484	8.056274	0.0000
D(MANUFACTURE_AGRICULTURAL(-2))	0.031225	0.019795	1.577469	0.1163
D(MSCI_FRANCE_CONSUMER_STA)	0.199584	0.109829	1.817231	0.0707
D(NORTH_AMERICA_FERTILIZER)	0.065984	0.018648	3.538368	0.0005
R-squared	0.587683	Mean dependent var	1.602743	
Adjusted R-squared	0.566096	S.D. dependent var	15.58993	
S.E. of regression	10.26930	Akaike info criterion	7.549112	
Sum squared resid	20142.59	Schwarz criterion	7.729265	
Log likelihood	-751.4603	Hannan-Quinn criter.	7.622002	
F-statistic	27.22362	Durbin-Watson stat	1.898592	
Prob(F-statistic)	0.000000			

B



















• The PACF for this new regression gives us lags for residuals (C) and squared residuals (D) that are much more within the boundaries that the “unlagged” regression.

Date: 03/28/22 Time: 21:54
Sample: 2002M01 2021M11
Included observations: 202
Q-statistic probabilities adjusted for 10 dynamic regressors

Autocorrelation	Partial Correlation	AC	PAC	Q-Stat	Prob*	
		1	0.050	0.050	0.5059	0.477
		2	0.029	0.026	0.6741	0.714
		3	-0.015	-0.018	0.7233	0.868
		15	-0.065	-0.047	16.361	0.343
		16	-0.141	-0.110	21.017	0.178
		17	-0.109	-0.065	23.639	0.130
		18	0.016	0.020	23.700	0.165
		35	-0.024	-0.018	40.118	0.254
		36	0.021	0.057	40.227	0.288
		37	0.000	0.006	40.246	0.290

C

Date: 03/25/22 Time: 10:42
Sample: 2002M01 2021M11
Included observations: 202

Autocorrelation	Partial Correlation	AC	PAC	Q-Stat	Prob
		1 0.215	0.215	9.4996	0.002
		2 0.055	0.010	10.132	0.006
		3 0.182	0.177	17.027	0.001
		4 0.074	-0.001	18.164	0.001
		16 0.019	0.030	20.046	0.216
		17 0.169	0.159	26.377	0.068
		18 0.178	0.140	33.488	0.015
		35 -0.022	-0.045	53.613	0.023
		36 0.028	0.047	53.815	0.028

D

Null Hypothesis: RESIDLINREG has a unit root
Exogenous: Constant
Lag Length: 0 (Fixed)

	t-Statistic	Prob.*
Augmented Dickey-Fuller test statistic	-13.40738	0.0000
Test critical values:		
1% level	-3.462901	
5% level	-2.875752	
10% level	-2.574423	

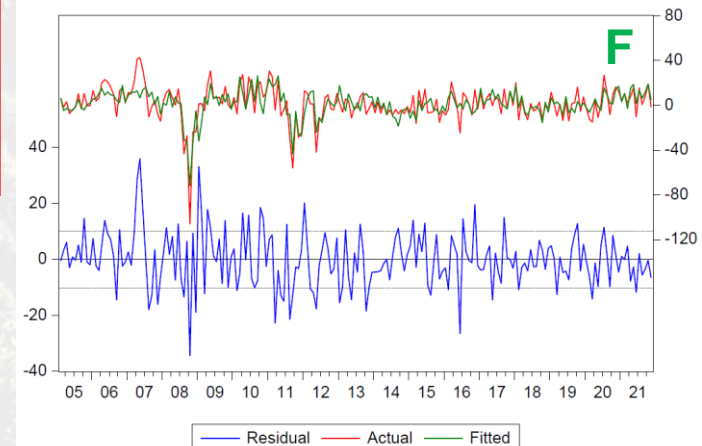
*MacKinnon (1996) one-sided p-values.

Augmented Dickey-Fuller Test Equation
Dependent Variable: D(RESIDLINREG)
Method: Least Squares
Date: 03/28/22 Time: 22:15
Sample (adjusted): 2005M03 2021M11
Included observations: 201 after adjustments

Variable	Coefficient	Std. Error	t-Statistic	Prob.
RESIDLINREG(-1)	-0.950225	0.070873	-13.40738	0.0000
C	0.000535	0.708754	0.000756	0.9994
R-squared	0.474598	Mean dependent var	-0.029863	
Adjusted R-squared	0.471958	S.D. dependent var	13.82794	
S.E. of regression	10.04828	Akaike info criterion	7.462580	
Sum squared resid	20092.60	Schwarz criterion	7.495448	
Log likelihood	-747.9892	Hannan-Quinn criter.	7.475880	
F-statistic	179.7579	Durbin-Watson stat	1.999908	
Prob(F-statistic)	0.000000			

E

• The ADF of the residuals (E) shows that they are stationary, as can be seen on the residuals charts (F).



F

A

Dependent Variable: D(LIV_EX_100_BENCHMARK_FIN)
Method: Least Squares
Date: 03/29/22 Time: 08:59
Sample (adjusted): 2002M03 2021M11
Included observations: 237 after adjustments

Variable	Coefficient	Std. Error	t-Statistic	Prob.
C	0.968187	0.879270	1.101126	0.2720
D(LIV_EX_100_BENCHMARK_FIN(-1))	0.377337	0.060415	6.245714	0.0000

R-squared 0.142364 Mean dependent var 1.564586
Adjusted R-squared 0.138714 S.D. dependent var 14.49927
S.E. of regression 13.45612 Akaike info criterion 8.045148
Sum squared resid 42550.79 Schwarz criterion 8.074415
Log likelihood -951.3501 Hannan-Quinn criter. 8.056945
F-statistic 39.00895 Durbin-Watson stat 2.163808
Prob(F-statistic) 0.000000

B

Null Hypothesis: RESIDAR1 has a unit root
Exogenous: Constant
Lag Length: 0 (Fixed)

	t-Statistic	Prob.*
Augmented Dickey-Fuller test statistic	-16.61084	0.0000
Test critical values:		
1% level	-3.457984	
5% level	-2.873596	
10% level	-2.573270	

*MacKinnon (1996) one-sided p-values.

Augmented Dickey-Fuller Test Equation
Dependent Variable: D(RESIDAR1)
Method: Least Squares
Date: 03/29/22 Time: 09:13
Sample (adjusted): 2002M04 2021M11
Included observations: 236 after adjustments

Variable	Coefficient	Std. Error	t-Statistic	Prob.
RESIDAR1(-1)	-1.083144	0.065207	-16.61084	0.0000
C	-0.007267	0.874695	-0.008308	0.9934

R-squared 0.541105 Mean dependent var -0.049660
Adjusted R-squared 0.539143 S.D. dependent var 19.79374
S.E. of regression 13.43726 Akaike info criterion 8.042379
Sum squared resid 42251.04 Schwarz criterion 8.071733
Log likelihood -947.0007 Hannan-Quinn criter. 8.054212
F-statistic 275.9201 Durbin-Watson stat 1.968413
Prob(F-statistic) 0.000000

• Running an AR1 (A), we obtain an adjusted R-squared of 13.87 and stationary residuals (B). The PACF for residuals (C) and squared residuals (D) leads us to examine the lags 2 3 7 10 16 17 28 and 35 (highlighted in red).

Date: 03/29/22 Time: 08:58

Sample: 2002M01 2021M11

Included observations: 237

Q-statistic probabilities adjusted for 1 dynamic regressor















Autocorrelation	Partial Correlation	AC	PAC	Q-Stat	Prob*	
		1	-0.083	-0.083	1.6526	0.199
		2	0.185	0.179	9.8628	0.007
		3	0.107	0.140	12.649	0.005
		4	-0.031	-0.047	12.889	0.012
		5	0.085	0.081	14.809	0.022
		6	0.173	-0.138	22.209	0.002
		7	0.021	-0.029	22.318	0.004
		8	0.027	0.072	22.497	0.007
		9	0.086	0.152	24.341	0.007
		10	0.086	0.152	24.341	0.007
		11	0.090	-0.132	29.275	0.022
		12	0.156	-0.136	35.550	0.005
		13	-0.144	-0.119	40.877	0.002
		14	0.014	0.047	40.840	0.003
		15	-0.023	-0.005	40.927	0.007
		16	0.203	-0.196	59.772	0.000
		17	0.023	0.054	60.040	0.004

Date: 03/29/22 Time: 08:58

Sample: 2002M01 2021M11

Included observations: 237

D

Autocorrelation	Partial Correlation	AC	PAC	Q-Stat	Prob	
		1	0.035	0.035	0.2916	0.589
		2	0.168	0.167	7.1105	0.029
		3	0.002	-0.009	7.1112	0.068
		4	0.014	0.015	7.1577	0.128
		5	0.060	0.068	15.952	0.996
		6	0.159	0.152	23.004	0.940
		7	0.008	-0.034	23.023	0.954

• Regressing with these lags and removing one by one the significant variables yields us an adjusted R-squared of 19.92 (E) and stationary residuals (F and G).

E

Dependent Variable: D(LIV_EX_100_BENCHMARK_FIN)
Method: Least Squares
Date: 03/29/22 Time: 09:15
Sample (adjusted): 2005M01 2021M11
Included observations: 203 after adjustments

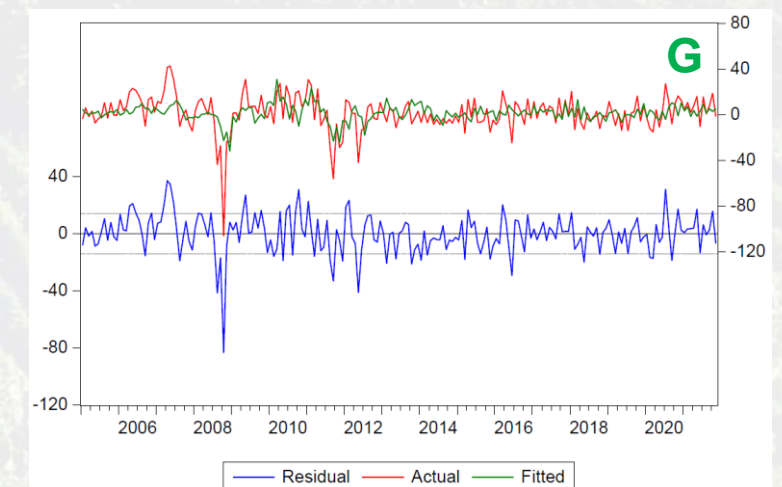
Variable	Coefficient	Std. Error	t-Statistic	Prob.
C	1.322505	0.994429	1.329915	0.1851
D(LIV_EX_100_BENCHMARK_FIN(-2))	0.286139	0.064256	4.453099	0.0000
D(LIV_EX_100_BENCHMARK_FIN(-17))	-0.191563	0.066868	-2.864773	0.0046
D(LIV_EX_100_BENCHMARK_FIN(-28))	-0.159406	0.066063	-2.412929	0.0167
D(LIV_EX_100_BENCHMARK_FIN(-35))	0.143302	0.067851	2.111990	0.0359

R-squared 0.215021 Mean dependent var 1.578892
Adjusted R-squared 0.199163 S.D. dependent var 15.55501
S.E. of regression 13.92010 Akaike info criterion 8.128867
Sum squared resid 38366.28 Schwarz criterion 8.210473
Log likelihood -820.0800 Hannan-Quinn criter. 8.161881
F-statistic 13.55901 Durbin-Watson stat 1.582260
Prob(F-statistic) 0.000000

F

Null Hypothesis: RESIDAUOREGSLAG has a unit root
Exogenous: Constant
Lag Length: 0 (Fixed)

	t-Statistic	Prob.*
Augmented Dickey-Fuller test statistic	-11.45689	0.0000
Test critical values:		
1% level	-3.462737	
5% level	-2.875680	
10% level	-2.574385	



• Using a conditional volatility GARCH (1,1) (A) model and GARCH (1,1) model with a threshold (E) yield quite similar results.

• The PACF shows only one lag slightly outside the confidence interval (2) for squared residuals (C and G). The standardized results are stationary (D and H).

GARCH (1,1)

A

Dependent Variable: D(LIV_EX_100_BENCHMARK_FIN)
 Method: ML ARCH - Normal distribution (BFGS / Marquardt steps)
 Date: 03/29/22 Time: 09:23
 Sample (adjusted): 2005M01 2021M11
 Included observations: 203 after adjustments
 Convergence achieved after 23 iterations
 Coefficient covariance computed using outer product of gradients
 Presample variance: backcast (parameter = 0.7)
 GARCH = C(6) + C(7)*RESID(-1)^2 + C(8)*GARCH(-1)

Variable	Coefficient	Std. Error	z-Statistic	Prob.
C	0.948848	0.837933	1.132368	0.2575
D(LIV_EX_100_BENCHMARK_FIN(-2))	0.246358	0.088860	2.772422	0.0056
D(LIV_EX_100_BENCHMARK_FIN(-17))	-0.038630	0.065083	-0.593546	0.5528
D(LIV_EX_100_BENCHMARK_FIN(-28))	-0.050842	0.063924	-0.795343	0.4264
D(LIV_EX_100_BENCHMARK_FIN(-35))	0.142924	0.054038	2.644864	0.0082

Variance Equation

	C	RESID(-1)^2	GARCH(-1)
Coefficient	20.22046	0.253463	0.670148
Std. Error	11.84853	0.066325	0.087084
z-Statistic	1.706579	3.821538	7.695447
Prob.	0.0879	0.0001	0.0000

R-squared 0.174481 Mean dependent var 1.578892
 Adjusted R-squared 0.157804 S.D. dependent var 15.55501
 S.E. of regression 14.27502 Akaike info criterion 8.015020
 Sum squared resid 40347.70 Schwarz criterion 8.145590
 Log likelihood -805.5245 Hannan-Quinn criter. 8.067843
 Durbin-Watson stat 1.470769

Correlogram of Standardized Residuals

B

Date: 03/30/22 Time: 11:21
 Sample: 2002M01 2021M11
 Included observations: 203
 Q-statistic probabilities adjusted for 4 dynamic regressors

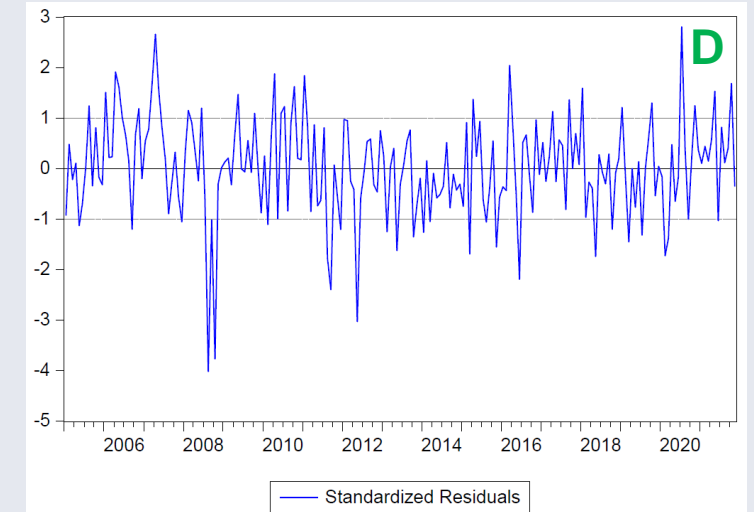
	Autocorrelation	Partial Correlation	AC	PAC	Q-Stat	Prob*
1	0.143	0.143	4.2345	0.040		
2	0.056	0.036	4.8856	0.087		
3	0.143	0.133	9.1475	0.027		
4	-0.040	-0.082	9.4793	0.050		
5	-0.011	-0.004	9.5043	0.091		

Correlogram of Standardized Residuals Squared

C

Date: 03/30/22 Time: 11:22
 Sample: 2002M01 2021M11
 Included observations: 203

	Autocorrelation	Partial Correlation	AC	PAC	Q-Stat	Prob*
1	-0.024	-0.024	0.1151	0.734		
2	0.210	0.209	9.2298	0.010		
3	-0.070	-0.064	10.251	0.017		
4	-0.022	-0.071	10.351	0.035		
5	-0.029	-0.002	10.526	0.062		



GARCH (1,1) w. threshold

E

Dependent Variable: D(LIV_EX_100_BENCHMARK_FIN)
 Method: ML ARCH - Normal distribution (BFGS / Marquardt steps)
 Date: 03/29/22 Time: 09:24
 Sample (adjusted): 2005M01 2021M11
 Included observations: 203 after adjustments
 Convergence achieved after 25 iterations
 Coefficient covariance computed using outer product of gradients
 Presample variance: backcast (parameter = 0.7)
 GARCH = C(6) + C(7)*RESID(-1)^2 + C(8)*RESID(-1)^2*(RESID(-1)<0) + C(9)*GARCH(-1)

Variable	Coefficient	Std. Error	z-Statistic	Prob.
C	0.912839	0.881374	1.035701	0.3003
D(LIV_EX_100_BENCHMARK_FIN(-2))	0.256062	0.090218	2.838272	0.0045
D(LIV_EX_100_BENCHMARK_FIN(-17))	-0.044969	0.065577	-0.685754	0.4929
D(LIV_EX_100_BENCHMARK_FIN(-28))	-0.044127	0.065275	-0.676024	0.4990
D(LIV_EX_100_BENCHMARK_FIN(-35))	0.134987	0.051100	2.641614	0.0083

Variance Equation

	C	RESID(-1)^2	RESID(-1)^2*(RESID(-1)<0)	GARCH(-1)
Coefficient	15.65852	0.270600	-0.053446	0.706310
Std. Error	10.44643	0.129933	0.119564	0.086255
z-Statistic	1.498936	2.082609	-0.447009	8.188647
Prob.	0.1339	0.0373	0.6549	0.0000

R-squared 0.175200 Mean dependent var 1.578892
 Adjusted R-squared 0.158538 S.D. dependent var 15.55501
 S.E. of regression 14.26880 Akaike info criterion 8.024255
 Sum squared resid 40312.55 Schwarz criterion 8.171145
 Log likelihood -805.4618 Hannan-Quinn criter. 8.083681
 Durbin-Watson stat 1.479703

Correlogram of Standardized Residuals

F

Date: 03/30/22 Time: 11:23
 Sample: 2002M01 2021M11
 Included observations: 203
 Q-statistic probabilities adjusted for 4 dynamic regressors

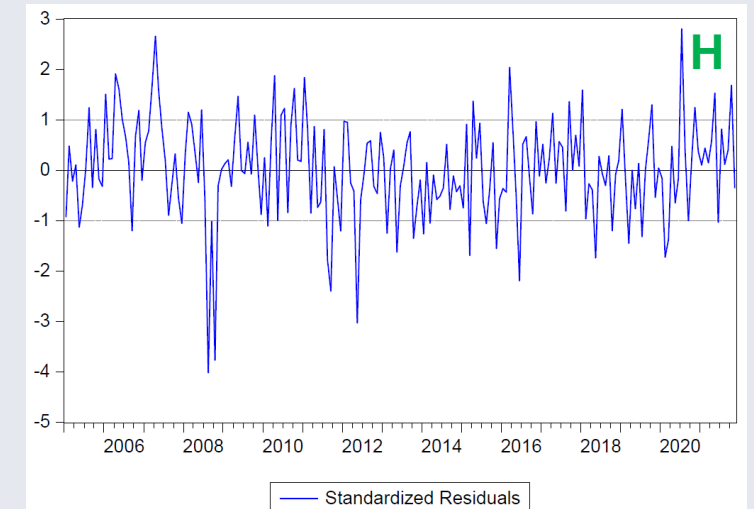
	Autocorrelation	Partial Correlation	AC	PAC	Q-Stat	Prob*
1	0.138	0.138	3.9473	0.047		
2	0.056	0.037	4.5850	0.101		
3	0.135	0.125	8.3928	0.039		
4	-0.042	-0.080	8.7552	0.068		
5	-0.012	-0.006	8.7859	0.118		

Correlogram of Standardized Residuals Squared

G

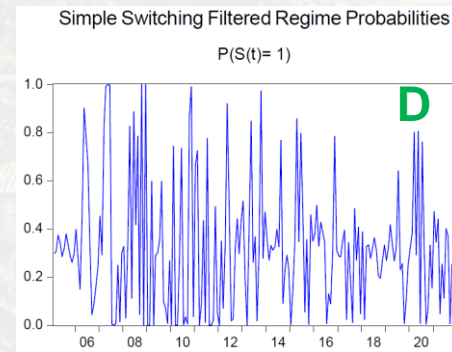
Date: 03/30/22 Time: 11:25
 Sample: 2002M01 2021M11
 Included observations: 203

	Autocorrelation	Partial Correlation	AC	PAC	Q-Stat	Prob*
1	-0.024	-0.024	0.1180	0.731		
2	0.215	0.215	9.6876	0.008		
3	-0.070	-0.064	10.721	0.013		
4	-0.019	-0.070	10.794	0.029		
5	-0.030	-0.002	10.978	0.052		



Variable	Coefficient	Std. Error	z-Statistic	Prob.
Regime 1				
C	0.360537	2.175326	0.165739	0.8684
D(LIV_EX_100_BENCHMARK_FIN(-1))	0.452726	0.125055	3.620205	0.0003
D(LIV_EX_100_BENCHMARK_FIN(-2))	0.400425	0.082159	4.873798	0.0000
D(LIV_EX_100_BENCHMARK_FIN(-17))	0.092596	0.122212	0.757621	0.4487
D(LIV_EX_100_BENCHMARK_FIN(-35))	-0.083729	0.092313	-0.907009	0.3644
D(FRANCE_CPI_WINE_FROM_GRA)	-18.01750	7.266761	-2.479440	0.0132
D(FRANCE_CPI_WINE_FROM_GRA(-36))	12.80842	6.839906	1.872602	0.0611
D(FRANCE_PPI_CORRUGATED_CA)	21.86837	2.795311	7.823236	0.0000
D(MANUFACTURE_AGRICULTURAL(-2))	0.095483	0.039205	2.435465	0.0149
D(MSCI_FRANCE_CONSUMER_STA)	-0.104512	0.186155	-0.561424	0.5745
D(NORTH_AMERICA_FERTILIZER)	0.055572	0.033543	1.656758	0.0976
Regime 2				
C	0.046764	1.047543	0.044642	0.9644
D(LIV_EX_100_BENCHMARK_FIN(-1))	0.081977	0.056564	1.449283	0.1473
D(LIV_EX_100_BENCHMARK_FIN(-2))	-0.039737	0.071379	-0.556709	0.5777
D(LIV_EX_100_BENCHMARK_FIN(-17))	-0.169210	0.055624	-3.042011	0.0024
D(LIV_EX_100_BENCHMARK_FIN(-35))	0.284688	0.064355	4.423709	0.0000
D(FRANCE_CPI_WINE_FROM_GRA)	-5.104917	3.068627	-1.663583	0.0962
D(FRANCE_CPI_WINE_FROM_GRA(-36))	7.346420	4.446650	1.652125	0.0985
D(FRANCE_PPI_CORRUGATED_CA)	10.89906	2.143439	5.084845	0.0000
D(MANUFACTURE_AGRICULTURAL(-2))	-0.019183	0.023163	-0.828203	0.4076
D(MSCI_FRANCE_CONSUMER_STA)	0.196967	0.139586	1.411081	0.1582
D(NORTH_AMERICA_FERTILIZER)	0.039159	0.022963	1.705292	0.0881
Common				
LOG(SIGMA)	2.024020	0.069376	29.17459	0.0000
Probabilities Parameters				
P1-C	-0.725768	0.378091	-1.919560	0.0549

Constant transition probabilities: $P(i, k) = P(s(t) = k s(t-1) = i)$ (row = i / column = j)		
	1	2
1	0.326124	0.673876
2	0.326124	0.673876
Constant expected durations:		
	1	2
	1.483953	3.066318



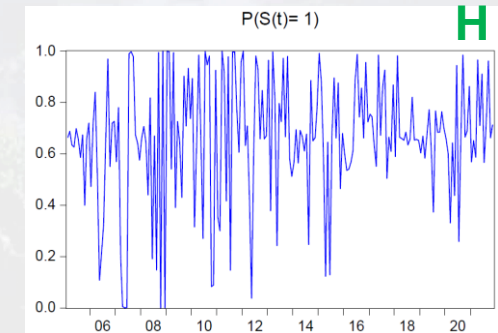
Forecast: DLIVEXF	
Actual: DLIVEX	
Forecast sample: 2002M01 2021M11	
Adjusted sample: 2005M02 2021M11	
Included observations: 202	
Root Mean Squared Error	10.20662
Mean Absolute Error	7.519473
Mean Abs. Percent Error	230.2063
Theil Inequality Coefficient	0.375298
Bias Proportion	0.001443
Variance Proportion	0.157679
Covariance Proportion	0.840879
Theil U2 Coefficient	0.549543
Symmetric MAPE	104.5548

• Creating a Markov 2-regime switching model (A) yields a MAPE of 104.55 (B) with significantly different probabilities (C). The second model's occurrence tends to increase as of 2014 (D).

• Putting as common variables (E) those whose difference is less than 0.3 (F) between the two models, we obtain quite similar MAPE (I) and switching probabilities (G and H).

Variable	Coefficient	Std. Error	z-Statistic	Prob.
Regime 1				
C	-0.341382	1.120610	-0.304639	0.7806
D(LIV_EX_100_BENCHMARK_FIN(-1))	0.064444	0.060501	1.065179	0.2868
D(LIV_EX_100_BENCHMARK_FIN(-2))	-0.018140	0.075241	-0.241095	0.8095
D(LIV_EX_100_BENCHMARK_FIN(-35))	0.302412	0.069107	4.376017	0.0000
D(FRANCE_CPI_WINE_FROM_GRA)	-5.506494	3.349549	-1.643951	0.1002
D(FRANCE_CPI_WINE_FROM_GRA(-36))	8.277120	4.344805	1.905061	0.0568
D(FRANCE_PPI_CORRUGATED_CA)	9.746425	2.332080	4.179284	0.0000
D(MSCI_FRANCE_CONSUMER_STA)	0.200348	0.147139	1.361625	0.1733
Regime 2				
C	1.006563	2.184226	0.460833	0.6449
D(LIV_EX_100_BENCHMARK_FIN(-1))	0.466213	0.119445	3.903163	0.0001
D(LIV_EX_100_BENCHMARK_FIN(-2))	0.360702	0.082620	4.365776	0.0000
D(LIV_EX_100_BENCHMARK_FIN(-35))	-0.099072	0.086139	-1.150142	0.2501
D(FRANCE_CPI_WINE_FROM_GRA)	-14.20757	6.924600	-2.051753	0.0402
D(FRANCE_CPI_WINE_FROM_GRA(-36))	12.71669	7.153194	1.777764	0.0754
D(FRANCE_PPI_CORRUGATED_CA)	21.76840	2.599639	8.373624	0.0000
D(MSCI_FRANCE_CONSUMER_STA)	-0.007223	0.209069	-0.034550	0.9724
Common				
D(LIV_EX_100_BENCHMARK_FIN(-17))	-0.136352	0.054070	-2.521766	0.0117
D(MANUFACTURE_AGRICULTURAL(-2))	0.014007	0.017991	0.778547	0.4362
D(NORTH_AMERICA_FERTILIZER)	0.051095	0.017489	2.924857	0.0034
LOG(SIGMA)	2.058647	0.068987	29.94105	0.0000
Probabilities Parameters				
P1-C	0.663070	0.420915	1.575305	0.1152

Constant transition probabilities: $P(i, k) = P(s(t) = k s(t-1) = i)$ (row = i / column = j)		
	1	2
1	0.659950	0.340050
2	0.659950	0.340050
Constant expected durations:		
	1	2
	2.940741	1.515267



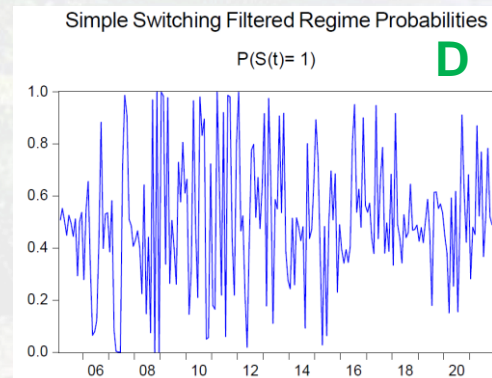
Variable	T-Stat diff
D(LIV_EX_100_BENCHMARK_FIN(-1))	0.371
D(LIV_EX_100_BENCHMARK_FIN(-2))	0.440
D(LIV_EX_100_BENCHMARK_FIN(-17))	0.262
D(LIV_EX_100_BENCHMARK_FIN(-35))	0.368
D(FRANCE_CPI_WINE_FROM_GRA)	12.913
D(FRANCE_CPI_WINE_FROM_GRA(-36))	5.462
D(FRANCE_PPI_CORRUGATED_CA)	10.969
D(MANUFACTURE_AGRICULTURAL(-2))	0.115
D(MSCI_FRANCE_CONSUMER_STA)	0.301
D(NORTH_AMERICA_FERTILIZER)	0.016

Forecast: DLIVEXF	
Actual: DLIVEX	
Forecast sample: 2002M01 2021M11	
Adjusted sample: 2005M02 2021M11	
Included observations: 202	
Root Mean Squared Error	10.09826
Mean Absolute Error	7.497863
Mean Abs. Percent Error	227.8954
Theil Inequality Coefficient	0.368179
Bias Proportion	0.000403
Variance Proportion	0.144661
Covariance Proportion	0.854936
Theil U2 Coefficient	0.534067
Symmetric MAPE	104.5880

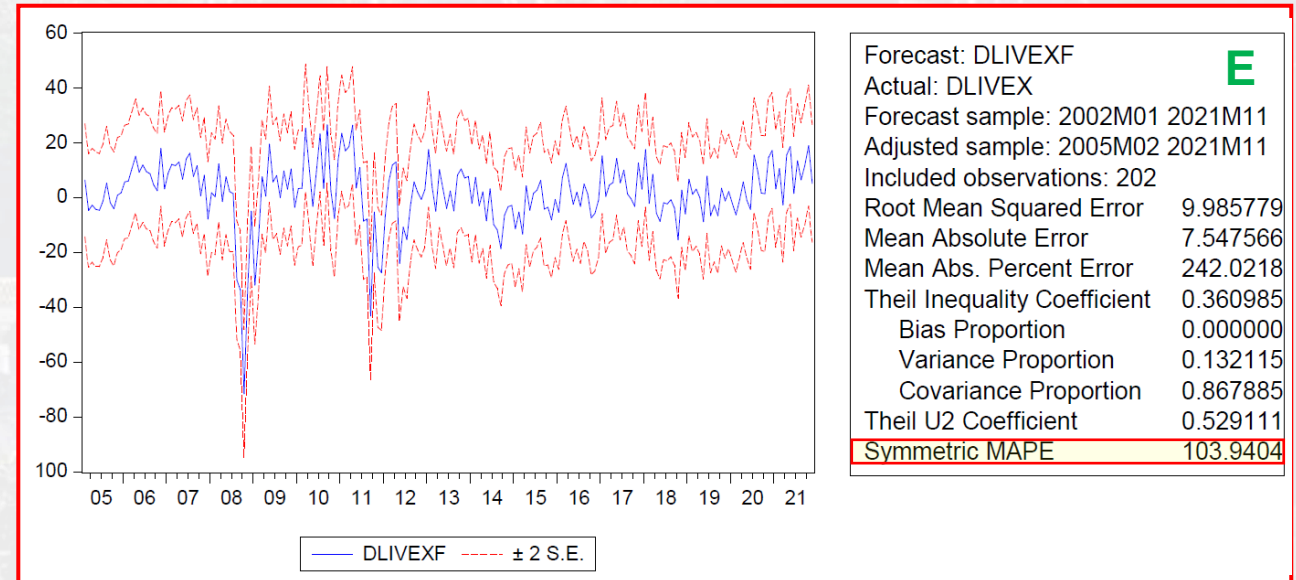
Variable	Coefficient	Std. Error	z-Statistic	Prob.
Regime 1				
C	-0.071444	1.344218	-0.053149	0.9576
D(LIV_EX_100_BENCHMARK_FIN(-1))	0.053554	0.071117	0.753045	0.4514
D(LIV_EX_100_BENCHMARK_FIN(-2))	-0.071774	0.107068	-0.670358	0.5026
D(LIV_EX_100_BENCHMARK_FIN(-35))	0.353039	0.072422	4.874714	0.0000
D(FRANCE_CPI_WINE_FROM_GRA)	-5.804291	4.299119	-1.350112	0.1770
D(FRANCE_CPI_WINE_FROM_GRA(-36))	7.568328	5.491584	1.378168	0.1682
D(FRANCE_PPI_CORRUGATED_CA)	8.975073	2.628722	3.414235	0.0006
D(MSCI_FRANCE_CONSUMER_STA)	0.178352	0.188338	0.946980	0.3436
Regime 2				
C	0.236296	1.781789	0.132617	0.8945
D(LIV_EX_100_BENCHMARK_FIN(-1))	0.402273	0.100588	3.999222	0.0001
D(LIV_EX_100_BENCHMARK_FIN(-2))	0.307873	0.078643	3.914789	0.0001
D(LIV_EX_100_BENCHMARK_FIN(-35))	-0.049381	0.081229	-0.607922	0.5432
D(FRANCE_CPI_WINE_FROM_GRA)	-10.55269	5.373305	-1.963910	0.0495
D(FRANCE_CPI_WINE_FROM_GRA(-36))	12.33882	5.378135	2.099105	0.0358
D(FRANCE_PPI_CORRUGATED_CA)	19.57246	2.677975	7.308681	0.0000
D(MSCI_FRANCE_CONSUMER_STA)	0.079468	0.188623	0.421307	0.6735
Common				
D(LIV_EX_100_BENCHMARK_FIN(-17))	-0.147339	0.059164	-2.490327	0.0128
D(MANUFACTURE_AGRICULTURAL(-2))	0.015079	0.018327	0.822735	0.4107
D(NORTH_AMERICA_FERTILIZER)	0.055313	0.019281	2.868813	0.0041
LOG(SIGMA)	2.086926	0.072017	28.97826	0.0000
Probabilities Parameters				
P1-D(FRANCE_CPI_WINE_FROM_GRA)	-0.424749	1.247481	-0.340485	0.7335

Forecast: DLIVEXF
Actual: DLIVEX
Forecast sample: 2002M01 2021M11
Adjusted sample: 2005M02 2021M11
Included observations: 202
Root Mean Squared Error 10.09427
Mean Absolute Error 7.509201
Mean Abs. Percent Error 239.7340
Theil Inequality Coefficient 0.357998
Bias Proportion 0.000304
Variance Proportion 0.092485
Covariance Proportion 0.907211
Theil U2 Coefficient 0.495530
Symmetric MAPE 102.9426

Time-varying transition probabilities: $P(i, k) = P(s(t) = k s(t-1) = i)$ (row = i / column = j)				
		1	2	
Mean	1	0.484932	0.515068	
	2	0.484932	0.515068	
Std. Dev.	1	0.028677	0.028677	
	2	0.028677	0.028677	
Time-varying expected durations:				
		1	2	
Mean		1.947651	2.069419	
Std. Dev.		0.112294	0.124693	



- Putting the CPI of wines from grapes as a regressor on top of the common variables (A), we obtain a slightly lower MAPE (B) but two models whose probabilities are very close (C and D).



- We see that the MAPEs we obtained with our variations of Markov 2-regime switching models are very close to the MAPE of 103.94 obtained with our linear regression with significant lags (E) we obtained in slide 4 – B.
- Hence, we do not think that using a regime switching model to forecast the evolution of the Liv-ex index is the most relevant approach.

E. Specification and testing of a one step ahead predictive model for the mean

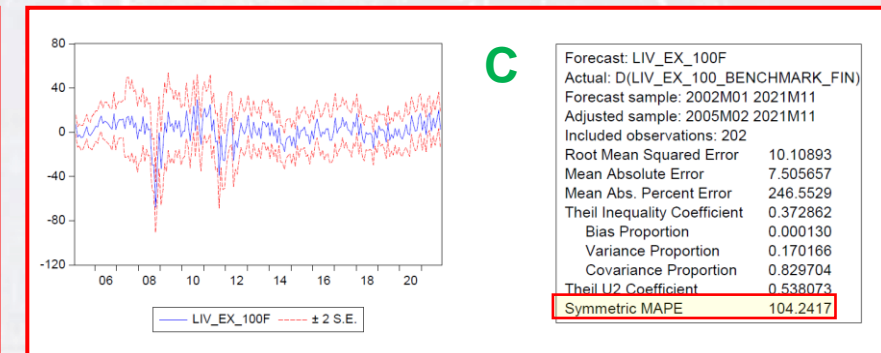
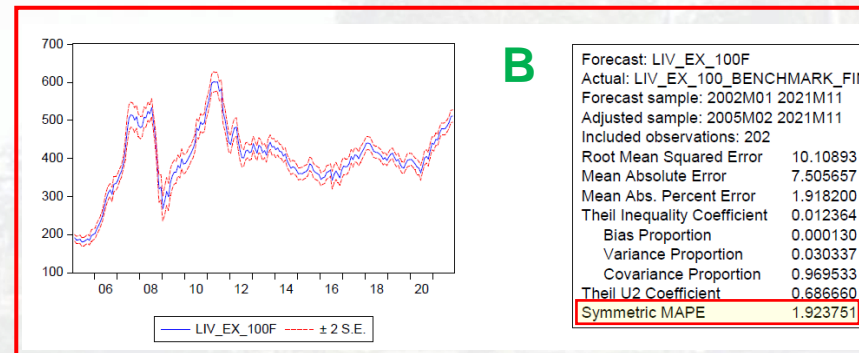
A

Dependent Variable: D(LIV_EX_100_BENCHMARK_FIN)
Method: ML ARCH - Normal distribution (BFGS / Marquardt steps)
Date: 03/30/22 Time: 21:07
Sample (adjusted): 2005M02 2021M11
Included observations: 202 after adjustments
Convergence achieved after 30 iterations
Coefficient covariance computed using outer product of gradients
Presample variance: backcast (parameter = 0.7)
GARCH = C(12) + C(13)*RESID(-1)^2 + C(14)*GARCH(-1)

Variable	Coefficient	Std. Error	z-Statistic	Prob.
C	0.307823	1.003073	0.306880	0.7589
D(LIV_EX_100_BENCHMARK_FIN(-1))	0.112906	0.062333	1.811324	0.0701
D(LIV_EX_100_BENCHMARK_FIN(-2))	0.148168	0.053897	2.749116	0.0060
D(LIV_EX_100_BENCHMARK_FIN(-17))	-0.095149	0.059366	-1.602757	0.1090
D(LIV_EX_100_BENCHMARK_FIN(-35))	0.149116	0.051624	2.888509	0.0039
D(FRANCE_CPI_WINE_FROM_GRA)	-7.109180	3.481997	-2.041696	0.0412
D(FRANCE_CPI_WINE_FROM_GRA(-36))	7.256436	3.790631	1.914308	0.0556
D(FRANCE_PPI_CORRUGATED_CA)	13.33275	1.748102	7.626987	0.0000
D(MANUFACTURE_AGRICULTURAL(-2))	0.017304	0.020438	0.846679	0.3972
D(MSCI_FRANCE_CONSUMER_STA)	0.219565	0.102551	2.141033	0.0323
D(NORTH_AMERICA_FERTILIZER)	0.069412	0.018732	3.705586	0.0002

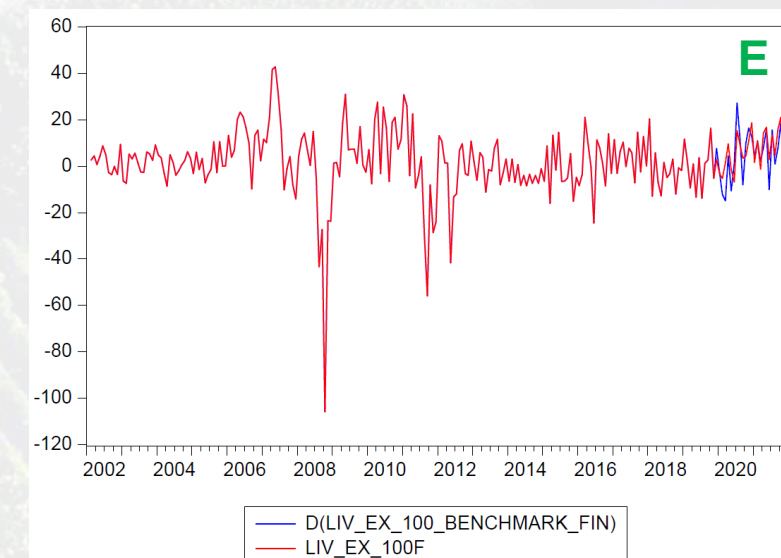
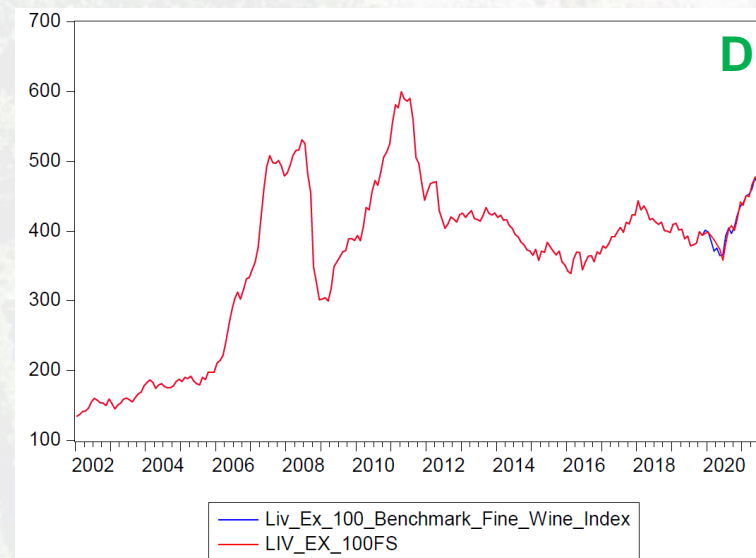
Variance Equation				
C	4.851903	3.013484	1.610065	0.1074
RESID(-1)^2	0.114190	0.044073	2.590928	0.0096
GARCH(-1)	0.842523	0.060872	13.84082	0.0000

R-squared	0.577451	Mean dependent var	1.602743
Adjusted R-squared	0.555328	S.D. dependent var	15.58993
S.E. of regression	10.39595	Akaike info criterion	7.455220
Sum squared resid	20642.48	Schwarz criterion	7.684506
Log likelihood	-738.9772	Hannan-Quinn criter.	7.547989
Durbin-Watson stat	1.822023		



• Using the linear regression model we obtained in slide 4 – B and using a GARCH (1,1) model to better take into account the changing volatility (A), we obtain MAPE of 1.92 (B) and 104.24 (C) for respectively the index and the differences.

• Back testing with 90% of the data to forecast the remaining 10%, the model's accuracy seems fair for both the index (D) and the differences (E).



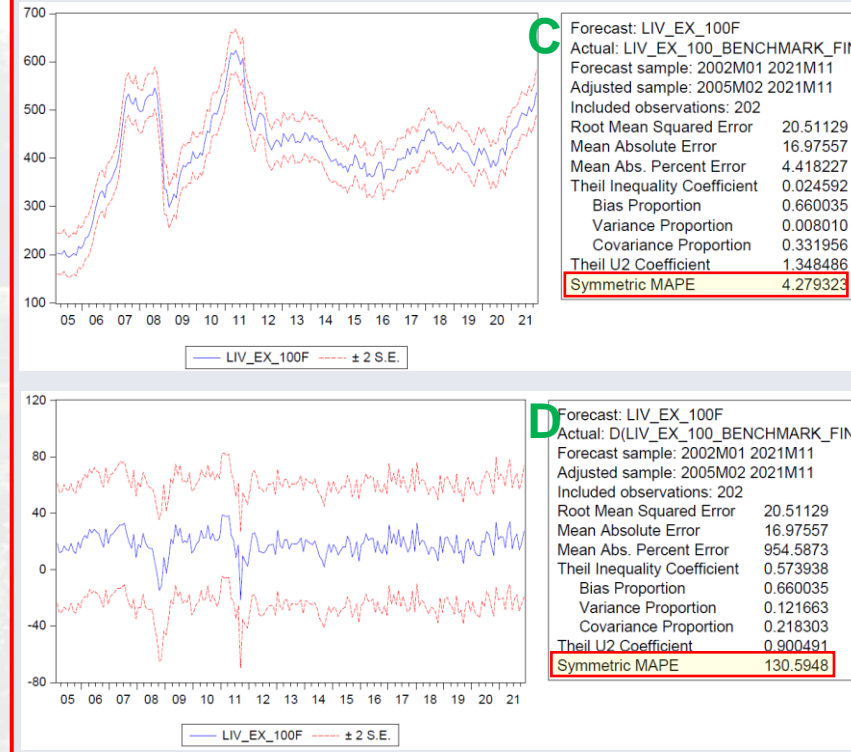
F. Specification and testing of a one step ahead predictive model for the P5 and P95 quantiles

5th quantile



- Still using the linear regression model we obtained in slide 4 – B , we obtain MAPEs of 4.36 (A) and 138.71 (B) for respectively the index and the index's differences for the 5th quantile regression, and MAPEs of 4.28 (C) and 130.60 (D) for respectively the index and the index's differences for the 95th quantile regression.

95th quantile



- Back testing in the same fashion for the quantiles, we see that the actual data fits well between the boundaries of the 5th and 95th quantiles for both the differences (E) and the index (F).

