# **AIRBUS**

## C-295M VT01 VERSION

# ANNEXE 5 CARGO PROCEDURES

The content of this document is the property of Airbus. It is supplied in confidence, and commercial security on its contents must be maintained.

It must not be used for any purpose other than for which it is supplied, nor may information contained in it be disclosed to unauthorized persons. It must not be reproduced nor disclosed either in whole or part to any third parties without written permission from Airbus.

Copyright AIRBUS DEFENCE AND SPACE, S.A.U.

ORIGINAL ISSUE, NOVEMBER 2017 REVISION 3, OCTOBER 2021

## **LIST OF EFFECTIVE PAGES – ANNEXE 5**

Original Issu	ie 0	November	2017
Revision	1	September	2018
Revision	2	November	2019
Revision	3	October	2021

Total number of pages of this annex: 28

COVER 3 N.5-A 3 N.5-i 1 N.5-ii 0 N.5-1 - N.5-2 0 N.5-3 - N.5-6 3 N.5-7 - N.5-13 0 N.5-14 - N.5-16 2 N.5-17 - N.5-24 0	<u>PAGE</u>	* REVISION №
N.5-ii 0 N.5-1 – N.5-2 0 N.5-3 – N.5-6 3 N.5-7 – N.5-13 0 N.5-14 – N.5-16 2		_
N.5-17 – N.5-24 0	N.5-ii N.5-1 – N.5-2 N.5-3 – N.5-6 N.5-7 – N.5-13	0 0 3 0
	N.5-17 – N.5-24	0

(\*) NOTE: The revision number that appears on previous table applies to the status of the pages of this Annexe 5. Check the List of Effective Pages located at the beginning of this Cargo Loading Manual to know about the status for the rest of the pages on this Manual.

## ANNEXE 5: VT01 CARGO PROCEDURES

## **TABLE OF CONTENTS**

NORMAL PROCEDURES	N.5-1
INTRODUCTION	
GENERAL	N.5-3
EXTERNAL SAFETY INSPECTION	N.5-3
INTERNAL SAFETY INSPECTION	
POWER ON	N.5-3
CARGO CABIN INSPECTION	N.5-4
POWER OFF	
GENERAL CHECKS FOR SPECIFIC CONFIGURATION	N.5-7
TROOP/PARATROOP	N.5-7
MEDEVAC	N.5-7
CARGO	
EMERGENCY PROCEDURES	
INTRODUCTION	
GENERAL	
SMOKE OR FIRE AT THE COCKPIT OR CARGO CABIN	
SMOKE EVACUATION	
LAVATORY SMOKE / FIRE	N.5-13
LANDING WITH ABNORMAL LANDING GEAR CONFIGURATION	
FORCED LANDING	
DITCHING	
ON GROUND EMERGENCIES	
ELECTRICAL SMOKE OR FIRE ON GROUND	
GROUND EVACUATION	
ENVIRONMENTAL CONTROL	
AIR CONDITIONING SMOKE	
RAPID DEPRESSURIZATION	
LOSS OF PRESSURIZATION	
DOOR UNLOCKED	
ELECTRICAL	
ELECTRICAL SMOKE OR FIRE IN FLIGHT	
ICE AND RAIN PROTECTION	
WINDSHIELD HEATING	N.5-23

Intentionally Left Blank

### NORMAL PROCEDURES

## INTRODUCTION

The procedures described in this annexe are recommended by Airbus to achieve safe and efficient operation of the C-295 aircraft. As a result of the subsequent experience of both operators and manufacturer there may be modifications to these procedures. Any modifications will be reflected at the appropriate time by means of revisions.

Like the rest of the Cargo Loading Manual, these procedures have not been certified by aviation authorities. Although Airbus takes maximum care while preparing this manual, the operator is responsible for the adoption of manual and its contents, as well as its adaptation to the operators modus operandi if convenient.

If any information or procedure as contained in this annexe contradicts the "C-295 Flight Manual", the latter shall take priority. There may be differences between each of them due either to the order in which particular steps are performed, or the addition of other steps or aspects, which while differing, are not contradictory.

The described operation is based on the assumption that all the systems are operating normally and the aircraft has been delivered to the crew by Maintenance - Flight Line after the Pre-flight Inspection as stated in the Aircraft Maintenance Manual.

Whenever the aircraft is not delivered by Maintenance - Flight Line, Pre-flight inspection will be performed according to the Aircraft Maintenance Manual.

#### DOCUMENT DESCRIPTION

The Normal Procedures consist of a series of detailed actions, to be performed at each phase when the aircraft is being prepared on ground for cargo cabin personnel or cargo loading operations.

#### PROCEDURE ACCOMPLISHMENT

The normal procedures will be applied by the crew in each phase.

The normal procedures provide a detailed description on required steps to perform at each phase. This detailed description is required during familiarization and initial operation with the aircraft and may be used for further reference. It is therefore both training and reference documentation. This documentation will normally be used by the crew during familiarization and rarely during real flight.

The procedures are presented providing a GPU is available. Those STEPS THAT MUST NOT BE PERFORMED IF ONLY BATTERIES ARE AVAILABLE are enclosed in square brackets (for example [Internal/external lights......PLT/ON]).

#### **NOTE**

For procedures purposes one engine running is equivalent to GPU available.

#### CARGO LOADING QUICK REFERENCE HANDBOOK

As an aid for procedures application there is a "List of Procedures". It gives a summary of the Expanded Normal Procedures without detailed comments. Its function is to be used by the loadmaster as a cargo cabin reference guide until being familiar enough to perform them routinely from memory.

During external inspection, internal inspection and cargo cabin inspection phases, a logical route is established across the panels (scan-flow) thus easing procedures performing without omitting any action.

Intentionally Left Blank

### **GENERAL**

## **EXTERNAL SAFETY INSPECTION**

This procedure must be performed before boarding the aircraft, thus ensuring both the aircraft and/or its surroundings are not in clearly unsafe conditions for operation.

## INTERNAL SAFETY INSPECTION

This procedure must be performed before energizing the systems.

Its performance ensures the aircraft can be powered-up without causing material damage or personnel injuries.

## **POWER ON**

- 3. BAT & GEN master switches ...... ON
- 4. Batteries ...... ON / CHECK

Set both BAT 1 and BAT 2 switches to ON and check magnetic indicators going to the in-line position and their voltmeters showing at least 22 V.

#### **NOTE**

If the connection of the batteries is not done simultaneously or immediately one after another, the SWRS may be activated unintentionally.

#### NOTE

This cockpit preparation assumes that the engine startup is to be performed by means of a DC GPU.

- 5. [GPU (if available) ...... ON / CHECK]
- 6. B/U BAT Pushbuttons ......CHECK

Press and check that the pushbuttons light comes on (momentarily) to indicate the correct status at the avionics system auxiliary batteries.

- 7. [NAV lights.....ON]
- 8. WARNING and CAUTION master lights...... PRESS TO CANCEL
- 9. Parking brake ......A.R.

#### NOTE

If brakes overheat is suspected, check temperature.

If the indicator brake temperature reads in the green zone, set the parking brake.

10. [Hydraulic system......MAN / CHECK / A.R.]

[With the mode selector at the MAN position for each pump, press the PUMP pushbutton and check the ON light comes on and that the pressure increases to 3000 PSI while no messages are displayed in the IEDS. Press it off and wait for the pressure to drop below 2800 PSI (decrease can be accelerated by operating the Normal Brakes).

Finally, leave all three pushbuttons out.

Check the hydraulic fluid quantity and note the actual quantity. This check must be done with the cargo door fully closed, because if it is opened, the HYD QTY indication can decrease up to 50%, approximately. If possible, discharge brake accumulators.

In case of OAT below -10°C (14°F), HYD QTY indication can decrease by up to 55% below green range and if the accumulators are fully charged HYD QTY indication can decrease by up to 45% below green range.

Check the hydraulic fluid pressure in normal and emergency brakes (BKR and EMER BKR PRESS indicators) are in the green zone.]

## **CARGO CABIN INSPECTION**

1.	. Water heater & oven	OFF
2.	2. First aid kit (1) ON BOARD	/ CHECK
	Check the first aid kit located inside a compartment of the rack at FR10.	
3.	3. Oxygen bottles (2)CHECK / GRE	EN BAND
	Check the oxygen bottles located inside a compartment of the rack at FR10.	
4.	. Oxygen masks (4)	CHECK
	Check the oxygen masks in the two tote bags located inside a compartment rack at FR10.	of the
5.	5. Toilet	ONDITION
6.	6. Cargo winch access	LATCHED
7.	7. Oxygen bottles (2)CHECK / GRE	EN BAND
8.	3. Oxygen masks (2)	CHECK
	Check the oxygen masks in the two tote bags.	
9.	). Therapeutic masks (2)	CHECK
	Check the therapeutic masks in the two tote bags.	
10.	0. Halon extinguisher	EN BAND
11.	1. Water extinguisher CHECK / S	SECURED
12.	2. Life vest	CHECK
	Check there is one life vest per cabin crewmember and passenger.	
13.	3. Emergency door pin	REMOVE
14.	4. Emergency door	SECURED
15.	5. First aid kits (4) ON BOARD	/ CHECK
	Check the first aid kits located on both sides, at the sidewalls.	
16.	6. Paratroop door pins (2)	REMOVE

Remove the pins of each paratroop door and check that the doors open and close correctly. 18. Aisle lamps (5) ......CHECK 22. ELT......GOOD CONDITION **POWER OFF** 1. BAT BUS TIE Switch.......OFF 2. OXYGEN Panel......OFF 3. Brake Temperature ...... OFF 4. EXTERNAL LT panel ...... OFF 5. FLT DECK LT panel.......OFF Turn the three FLT DECK panel lights to OFF. 6. Emergency Lights ...... OFF 8. Batteries ...... OFF 

## GENERAL CHECKS FOR SPECIFIC CONFIGURATION TROOP/PARATROOP

1.	Center row seats (if fitted)	PROPERLY INSTALLED
2.	Seats and belts	GOOD CONDITION
3.	Life vests	A.R.
	Check each seat contains its own life vest below.	
4.	Loose equipment	STOWED / SECURED
M	IEDEVAC	
1.	Stretchers	PROPERLY INSTALLED
2.	Stretchers harnesses	CHECK
3.	Seats and belts	GOOD CONDITION
4.	Life vests	A.R.
	Check each seat contains its own life vest below.	
5.	Electrical receptacles	GOOD CONDITION / A.R.
6.	Loose equipment	STOWED / SECURED
С	ARGO	
1.	Straps/Chains	CHECK
2.	Tiedown rings	CHECK
3.	Loading/Offloading auxiliary equipment	AVAILABLE
4.	Loose equipment	STOWED / SECURED

Intentionally Left Blank

## **EMERGENCY PROCEDURES**

## INTRODUCTION

The procedures described in this annexe are recommended by Airbus to give information about cargo operation in case of aircraft emergency. As a result of the subsequent experience of both operators and the manufacturer there may be modifications to these procedures. Any modifications will be reflected at the appropriate time by means of revisions.

Like the rest of the Cargo Loading Manual, these procedures have not been certified by aviation authorities. Although Airbus takes maximum care while preparing this manual, the operator is responsible for the adoption of manual and its contents, as well as its adaptation to the operators modus operandi if convenient.

If any information or procedure in this annexe contradicts the "C-295 Flight Manual", the latter shall take precedence. There may be differences between each of them due either to the order in which particular steps are performed, or other steps or aspects addition, which while different, are not contradictory.

The emergency procedures describe the required actions to protect cargo cabin crew and loadmaster from imminent risk or critical damage due to either imminent or actual failure of any aircraft component or system.

#### APPLICATION PRINCIPLES

As the emergency procedures are not routine, their application follows the "Read and do" principle, except for those containing "Memory Steps".

#### **MEMORY STEPS**

Some procedures contain specific actions that have to be memory-performed as soon as circumstances do permit.

These actions are to be performed without resorting to the "Emergency Procedures List" in order to avoid any unnecessary delay at a time when the aircraft occupants safety has been compromised. These are printed in "bold face" and are called "Memory Steps" or "Immediate Steps".

#### **PRESENTATION**

The emergency procedures consist of basic procedures with explanations and clarifications to ease understanding about why and how some specific actions are to be performed.

#### CARGO LOADING QUICK REFERENCE HANDBOOK

The "Emergency Procedures List" located in the Cargo Loading Quick Reference Handbook follows the same application principles. Memory items are also printed in "**bold face**".

#### STARTING CONDITIONS

At each procedure start (expanded version) both technical conditions and or annunciations requiring the procedure application are stated. The following indications, which are the logical consequence of a specific technical failure, are not mentioned.

#### **ACTION SEQUENCE FOR AN EMERGENCY PROCEDURE**

#### 1. IDENTIFICATION VERIFICATION:

- First of all, it is necessary to take into account that the emergency procedures are directly related with the Aircraft Operation Manual emergency procedures. This is because during the flight the emergency announcement appears in the cockpit and the C/M must communicate this emergency through the passenger address or interphone. Besides it will be necessary that the C/M performs some steps of the mission emergency procedures.
- Nevertheless when the emergency evidence is detected by the loadmaster, the procedure must be initiate.

#### 2. PERFORMING "MEMORY STEPS":

As soon as the situation allows it, the "Memory Steps" will be performed, if any.

#### READING PERFORMANCE:

Once the emergency is identified the emergency procedure will start and loadmaster or cargo cabin crew will perform the procedure according to the "Emergency Procedures List".

#### 4. PROCEDURE COMPLETED:

 Once an emergency procedure has been initiated, it must be continued until totally completed (procedure-completed or the word END). If an interruption is required, the sequence must be continued later.

## **GENERAL**

## SMOKE OR FIRE AT THE COCKPIT OR CARGO CABIN

Fire evidence at both cockpit or cargo cabin

and / or

cockpit communication of this emergency through the passenger address or interphone.

-----

#### **NOTE**

If a fire is identified, apart from the procedure described, try to extinguish it by using the appropriate extinguishers.

1. Oxygen mask......ON / 100% ALL

Don google/smoke mask if required.

#### **CAUTION**

The oxygen masks must be adjusted correctly while the pressurized oxygen supply is used. Any leak will cause a considerable oxygen supply duration decrease as well as the temperature decrease of oxygen flowing from the mask.

2.	Passenger/Therapeutic oxygen manual shutoff valve	A.R.	LM
3.	Assist passengers to don oxygen masks	CHECK	LM
4.	Crew status	REPORT	ALL
	Each crew member reports to C/M-1 "Oxygen on".		
5.	Cockpit door	CLOSE	2
6.	Passengers signsA	CKNOWLEDGE	LM
7.	Pressurization mode selector	MAN	2
8.	Cockpit notification	RECEIVE	LM

Loadmaster receives the situation status from C/M-1 or C/M-2.

## **SMOKE EVACUATION**

#### **NOTE**

Do not apply this procedure until the memory steps concerning the corresponding smoke or fire procedure have been completed (Oxygen masks).

This smoke evacuation procedure consists in a completely depressurizing the aircraft and both cockpit window and the cargo door opening. This method is used in extreme cases where a partial depressurization is insufficient.

1.	Pressurization Mode selector	2
2.	Cockpit notificationRECEIVE	LM
	Loadmaster receives the situation status from C/M-1 or C/M-2.	
3.	Loose articles SECURED / STOWED	ALL
	Prior to operation in flight with any door open, all loose articles shall be properly secured or stowed.	
4.	Safety harness	LM
	All cabin crew must fit and lock their full safety harness.	
5.	Passengers seated	LM
	Loadmaster must ensure all cabin crew are seated.	
6.	Headphones	LM
7.	Cabin report	LM
	Verify that the loadmaster has completed the cargo cabin preparation.	
8.	Cockpit doorOPEN	2
9.	Cargo door	LM

## **CAUTION**

Before opening the cargo door, the loadmaster must fit his safety harness/parachute.

10. Re-establish normal conditions when the smoke has been evacuated.

### LAVATORY SMOKE / FIRE

Fire evidence or smoke coming from the lavatory

and / or

cockpit communication of this emergency through the passenger address or interphone.

. - - - - - - - - -

Loadmaster should wear the appropriate protective breathing equipment.

After the extinguisher has been discharged, ensure lavatory door remains closed for the remaining of the flight.

- 3. Apply <Page N.5-12> "SMOKE EVACUATION" if necessary.
- 4. Whether or not smoke has dissipated, if it cannot be visually verified that the fire has been extinguished, prepare for landing immediately.

## LANDING WITH ABNORMAL LANDING GEAR CONFIGURATION

1.	Cockpit notificationRECEIVE	LM
	Loadmaster receives the situation status from C/M-1 or C/M-2.	
2.	Crew briefingRECEIVE	2/LM
	The C/M-2, or the loadmaster, will follow the instructions about warning the cabin crew of an imminent landing and the way it will be announced (using of the PA, paratroops jumping bell or seat belts signalling flashing).	
3.	Landing gear conditionCONFIRM	1/2
4.	Loose articles	ALL
	All loose articles shall be properly secured or stowed.	
5.	Move the centre of gravity (if required).	
	C/M-1 orders to the loadmaster to relocate passengers in the established situation or on the side with the secure landing gear (in case of Asymmetric Landing Gear).	
6.	Safety harness	ALL
	All cabin crew must fit and lock their full safety harness.	
Be	fore entering the circuit:	
7.	Passengers signsACKNOWLEDGE	LM
8.	Crew oxygen	2

9. Emergency and entrance lights ACKNOWLEDGE	LM
10. Cabin report NOTIFY	LM
Loadmaster notifies to C/M-2 that cargo cabin preparation is completed and that both himself and the cabin crew have their safety harness on.	
11. "BEFORE ENTERING THE CIRCUIT" normal procedurePERFORM	ALL
Before landing:	
12. "BEFORE LANDING" normal procedurePERFORM	1/2
At 150 ft:	
13. "Brace for impact"ORDER	2/LM
Imminent contact is announced through the passengers address, or by flashing the seat-belt signalling or with the paratroops jump horn.	
With aircraft stopped:	
14. Evacuation orderRECEIVE	LM
15. Leave the aircraft	ALL
FORCED LANDING	
Preparation (if time enough):	
NOTE	
Wherever possible, all passengers must sit together leaving no spaces in between each other and at the forward part of the cargo cabin.	
Cockpit notificationRECEIVE	LM
Loadmaster will follow every instruction to warn of an imminent landing and the way announce it (by using PA, paratroops jump horn or seat-belt signalling).	
2. ATCNOTIFY	2
3. PressurizationADJUST	2
4. OxygenCLOSE / OFF	2
5. Loose articles	ALL
All loose articles shall be properly secured or stowed.	
6. Survival equipment	ALL
7. Safety harness FIT / LOCK	ALL
All cabin crew must fit and lock their full safety harness.	
8. Emergency and entrance lights	LM
9. Cabin report	LM
Loadmaster notifies to C/M-2 that cargo cabin preparation is completed and that both himself and the cabin crew have their safety harnesses on.	

10. Final memory actionsREVIEW	ALL
Approach:	
11. Passengers signsACKNOWLEDGE	LM
12. Last ATC messageTRANSMIT	2
Imminent contact:	
13. "Brace for impact"ORDER	2/LM
Imminent contact is announced through the passenger address, or by flashing the seat-belts signalling or with the paratroops jump horn.	
Upon contact and after the aircraft has stopped:	
14. Evacuation orderRECEIVE	LM
15. Portable ELTREMOVE	LM/2
Take portable ELT antenna (attached to the equipment).	
16. Leave the aircraft	ALL
DITCHING	
Preparation (if time enough):	
NOTE	
NOTE  Wherever possible, all passengers must sit together leaving no spaces in between each other and at the forward part of the cargo cabin.	
Wherever possible, all passengers must sit together leaving no spaces in between each other and at the	LM
Wherever possible, all passengers must sit together leaving no spaces in between each other and at the forward part of the cargo cabin.	LM
Wherever possible, all passengers must sit together leaving no spaces in between each other and at the forward part of the cargo cabin.  1. Cockpit notification	LM 2
Wherever possible, all passengers must sit together leaving no spaces in between each other and at the forward part of the cargo cabin.  1. Cockpit notification	
Wherever possible, all passengers must sit together leaving no spaces in between each other and at the forward part of the cargo cabin.  1. Cockpit notification	2
Wherever possible, all passengers must sit together leaving no spaces in between each other and at the forward part of the cargo cabin.  1. Cockpit notification	2 2
Wherever possible, all passengers must sit together leaving no spaces in between each other and at the forward part of the cargo cabin.  1. Cockpit notification	2 2 2
Wherever possible, all passengers must sit together leaving no spaces in between each other and at the forward part of the cargo cabin.  1. Cockpit notification	2 2 2
Wherever possible, all passengers must sit together leaving no spaces in between each other and at the forward part of the cargo cabin.  1. Cockpit notification	2 2 2 ALL
Wherever possible, all passengers must sit together leaving no spaces in between each other and at the forward part of the cargo cabin.  1. Cockpit notification	2 2 2 ALL
Wherever possible, all passengers must sit together leaving no spaces in between each other and at the forward part of the cargo cabin.  1. Cockpit notification	2 2 2 ALL ALL

10. Cabin reportNOTIFY	
Loadmaster notifies to C/M-2 that cargo cabin preparation is completed and all cabin crew have their life jackets safety harnesses on.	
11. Final memory actions	ALL
Approach:	
12. Passengers signsACKNOWLEDGE	LM
13. Last ATC messageTRANSMIT	2
Imminent ditching:	
14. "Brace for impact"ORDER	2/LM
Imminent contact is announced through the passenger address, or by flashing the seat-belts signalling or with the paratroops jump horn.	
Upon contact and after the aircraft has stopped:	
CAUTION	
Do not open any doors if (even partially) under water.	
15. Evacuation orderRECEIVE	LM
16. Portable ELTREMOVE	2/LM
Take portable ELT antenna (attached to the equipment).	
17. Liferaft/sTAKE	LM
The loadmaster takes liferaft/s.	
CAUTION	
Cut the retaining/mooring line assembly once out of the	
aircraft using the raft-knife.	

## ON GROUND EMERGENCIES ELECTRICAL SMOKE OR FIRE ON GROUND

Smoke or fire from known, or unknown, electrical source

or

cockpit communication of this emergency through the passenger address or interphone.

-----

#### **NOTE**

If the fire is identified, besides the described procedure, try to extinguish it by using the appropriate portable extinguishers.

Apply <Page N.5-17> "GROUND EVACUATION" if necessary.

## **GROUND EVACUATION**

When the aircraft has stopped and, in case of emergencies such as fire, explosion, landing gear fracture while exiting the runway, etc. if evacuation is required, proceed as follows:

### WARNING

Do not approach the main wheel area when extreme temperatures due to excessive braking are suspected. All personnel other than the fire department should evacuate the immediate area. The area on both sides of the wheel will be cleared of personnel and equipment for at least 300 feet. If conditions require personnel to be close to any overheated wheel or tire assembly, the approach should only be from the fore or aft of the wheel area.

1.	Cockpit alertRECEIVE	LM
	Loadmaster receives the alert form C/M-1.	
2.	Emergency lights	LM
3.	RampA.R.	2
4.	Evacuation order RECEIVE	LM
5	Leave the aircraft	ΔΙΙ

## ENVIRONMENTAL CONTROL AIR CONDITIONING SMOKE

Smoke coming from the air-conditioning system

or

cockpit communication of this emergency through the passenger address or interphone.

- - - - - - - - - -

#### **NOTE**

This procedure does not try to extinguish any possible fire. If the fire is identified, the priority is to try to extinguish it by means of portable extinguishers and do not ventilate while it continues.

1. Oxygen mask......ON / 100% ALL

Don goggle/smoke mask if required.

#### **CAUTION**

The oxygen masks must be adjusted correctly while the pressurized oxygen supply is used. Any leak will cause a considerable oxygen supply duration decrease as well as the temperature decrease of oxygen flowing from the mask.

2.	Crew status	REPORT	ALL
	Each crew member reports to C/M-1 "Oxygen on".		
3.	Cockpit notification	RECEIVE	LM
	Loadmaster receives the situation status from C/M-1 or C/M-2.		
4.	Corresponding bleed switch	OFF	2
A.	If the smoke decreases or does not increase (after 2 minutes):		
If necessary, apply <page n.5-12=""> "SMOKE EVACUATION". (END)</page>			
B.	If the smoke continues to increase:		
5.	Bleed switch previously turned off	ON	2
6.	Other bleed switch	OFF	2
B.1. If the smoke decreases or does not increase (after 2 minutes):			

The smoke was coming from the disconnected pack. If necessary, apply <Page N.5-12> "SMOKE EVACUATION". (END)

B.2	2. If the smoke continues to increase:						
7.	Bleed switch previously turned offON	2					
8.	Prepare for landing	ALL					
9.	If necessary, apply <page n.5-12=""> "SMOKE EVACUATION".</page>						
RAPID DEPRESSURIZATION							
Sharp increase of the cabin altitude and decrease of differential pressure							
wit	h / without						
hig	h level of noise, environmental condensation and temperature sharp decrease.						
Α.	If flying altitude is over 15000 ft:						
1.	Oxygen mask ON / 100%	ALL					
	Don goggle/smoke mask if required.						
	CAUTION						
	The oxygen masks must be adjusted correctly while the pressurized oxygen supply is used. Any leak will cause a considerable oxygen supply duration decrease as well as the temperature decrease of oxygen flowing from the mask.						
2.	Assist passengers to don oxygen masks	LM					
3.	Passenger/Therapeutic oxygen shutoff valve OPEN	LM					
4.	Passengers seatedENSURE	LM					
5.	Crew status	ALL					
	Each crew member reports to C/M-1 "Oxygen on".						
6.	Apply part B.						
В.	If flying altitude is below 15000 ft:						
1.	Passengers signsACKNOWLEDGE	LM					
2.	Cockpit notificationRECEIVE	LM					
	Loadmaster receives the situation status from C/M-1 or C/M-2.						

CAUTION

The technical crew must use oxygen while the cabin altitude is above 10000 ft. The loadmaster will supply oxygen to those passengers requiring it.

## LOSS OF PRESSURIZATION

Cabin altitude increases and differential pressure decreases and / or cockpit communication of this emergency through the passenger address or interphone. ALL Don goggle/smoke mask if required. **CAUTION** The oxygen masks must be adjusted correctly while the pressurized oxygen supply is used. Any leak will cause a considerable oxygen supply duration decrease as well as the temperature decrease of oxygen flowing from the mask. 2. Assist passengers to don oxygen masks .......CHECK LM Passenger/Therapeutic oxygen shutoff valve...... OPEN LM Passengers seated ......ENSURE LM Crew status ......REPORT ALL Each crew member reports to C/M-1 "Oxygen on". 6. Passengers signs......ACKNOWLEDGE LM Notification of the situation......RECEIVE LM Loadmaster receives the situation status from C/M-1. Descent ......INITIATE 1 CAUTION Technical crew must use oxygen while the cabin is above 10000 ft. The loadmaster will supply oxygen to those passengers requiring it. 9. Pressurization ......RESET 2 A. <u>Pressurization panel "FAULT" light off:</u> (END) B. Pressurization panel "FAULT" light on:

10. Pressurization ......OPERATE MANUALLY

2

## **DOOR UNLOCKED**

Cabin altitude sharp increase and the differential pressure reduction

with / without

high level of noise, atmospheric condensation and temperature sharp decrease.

-----

#### **NOTE**

The DOOR UNLK warning with origin at the crew door or ramp/cargo door will result in a cabin depressurization. The CABIN warning will come on if the aircraft flies above 10000 ft. If the CABIN warning comes on, apply "LOSS OF PRESSURIZATION" emergency procedure.

1.	Passengers signsACKNOWLEDGE	LM		
A.	If the crew door/ramp door light is on:			
2.	The aircraft will depressurize automatically. Apply <page n.5-19=""> "RAPID DEPRESSURIZATION" and prepare for landing. (END)</page>			
В.	If the emergency door/paratroops door light is on:			
When aircraft levelled and stabilized:				
2.	Safety harness / parachute	LM		
	At C/M-1 request, the loadmaster fits his safety harness/parachute.			
3.	Door closed	LM		
	At C/M-1 request, the loadmaster checks visually that the door is closed and secures its locking device.			
B.1. If the light goes off:				
4.	Continue flight normally. (END)			
B.2. If the light remains on, or both door and locking device cannot be checked:				
4.	Cabin differential pressureMAINTAIN POSITIVE	2		
5.	Assess whether it is advisable to keep flying or land at the nearest suitable airport	1		

## **ELECTRICAL**

## **ELECTRICAL SMOKE OR FIRE IN FLIGHT**

Smoke or fire from a known or unknown electrical source

Don goggle/smoke mask if required.

or

cockpit communication of this emergency through the passenger address or interphone.

-----

#### NOTE

If the fire is identified, besides the procedure described, try to extinguish it by using the appropriate extinguishers.

### **CAUTION**

The oxygen masks must be adjusted correctly while the pressurized oxygen supply is used. Any leak will cause a considerable oxygen supply duration decrease as well as the temperature decrease of oxygen flowing from the mask

	from the mask.			
2.	Assist passengers to don oxygen masks	LM		
3.	Passenger/Therapeutic oxygen shutoff valve	LM		
4.	Passengers seatedENSURE	LM		
5.	Crew statusREPORT	ALL		
	Each crew member reports to C/M-1 "Oxygen on".			
A.	If the smoke or fire signs go out:			
6.	Leave the battery and generator off for the rest of the flight	2		
(END)				
В.	If the smoke or fire signs persist:			
6.	Prepare for landing	ALL		
7.	Apply <page n.5-11=""> "SMOKE OR FIRE AT THE COCKPIT OR CARGO CABIN".</page>			
8.	If necessary, apply <page n.5-12=""> "SMOKE EVACUATION".</page>			

## ICE AND RAIN PROTECTION

## WINDSHIELD HEATING

Intentionally Left Blank