

EE381 Homework #4 Solution

1) We have:

$$\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} f(x_n) = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} (1-r)^n \times r$$

$$= \frac{r}{1 - (1-r)} = 1$$

$\Rightarrow f(x)$ is the probability function of S .

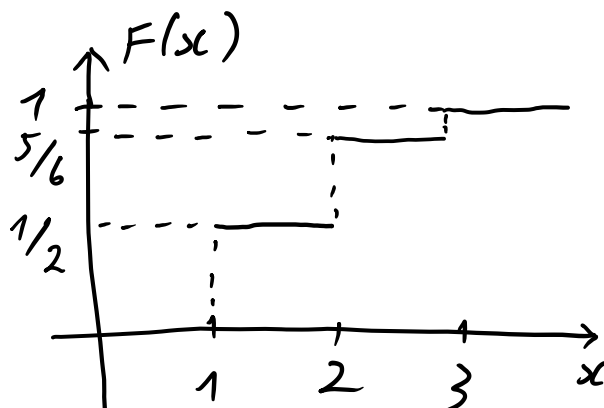
2) a & b)

x	0	1	2	3	4
$f(x)$	$\frac{194,580}{270,725}$	$\frac{69,184}{270,725}$	$\frac{6768}{270,725}$	$\frac{192}{270,725}$	$\frac{1}{270,725}$
$F(x)$	$\frac{194,580}{270,725}$	$\frac{263,764}{270,725}$	$\frac{270,532}{270,725}$	$\frac{270,724}{270,725}$	1

$(14,2) \times C(48,2)$ $C(14,3) \times 48$

3)

x	1	2	3
$f(x)$	$1/2$	$1/3$	$1/6$
$F(x)$	$1/2$	$5/6$	1



4) a)

x	1	2	3	4
$F(x)$	$1/8$	$3/8$	$3/4$	1
$f(x)$	$1/8$	$1/4$	$3/8$	$1/4$

$$\begin{aligned}
 b) \quad P(1 \leq X \leq 3) &= P(1) + P(2) + P(3) \\
 &= 1/8 + 1/4 + 3/8 \\
 &= \boxed{3/4}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 c) \quad P(X \geq 2) &= P(2) + P(3) + P(4) \\
 &= 1/4 + 3/8 + 1/4 \\
 &= \boxed{7/8}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 d) \quad P(X < 3) &= P(1) + P(2) \\
 &= 1/8 + 1/4 \\
 &= \boxed{3/8}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 e) \quad P(X > 1.4) &= 1 - P(X \leq 1.4) \\
 &= 1 - P(X \leq 1) \\
 &= 1 - F(1) \\
 &= 1 - 1/8 = \boxed{\frac{7}{8}}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$5) \quad f(x, y) = cxy$$

$x \backslash y$	1	2	3
1	c	$2c$	$3c$
2	$2c$	$4c$	$6c$
3	$3c$	$6c$	$9c$

$$a) \quad 36c = 1 \Rightarrow c = \boxed{\frac{1}{36}}$$

$$b) \quad P(X=2, Y=3) = 6c = \frac{6}{36} = \boxed{\frac{1}{6}}$$

$$c) \quad P(1 \leq X \leq 2, Y \leq 2)$$

$$= c + 2c + 2c + 4c$$

$$= 9c = \frac{9}{36} = \boxed{\frac{1}{4}}$$

$$d) \quad P(X \geq 2) = 2c + 4c + 6c + 3c$$

$$+ 6c + 9c$$

$$= 30c = \frac{30}{36} = \boxed{\frac{5}{6}}$$

$$e) \quad P(Y=3) = 3c + 6c + 9c = 18c = \frac{18}{36}$$

$$= \boxed{\frac{1}{2}}$$

$$6) a) \left. \begin{aligned} f_1(X=1) &= 6c \\ f_1(X=2) &= 12c \\ f_1(X=3) &= 18c \end{aligned} \right\} \Rightarrow f_1(X) = 6xc$$

$$\left. \begin{aligned} f_2(Y=1) &= 6c \\ f_2(Y=2) &= 12c \\ f_2(Y=3) &= 18c \end{aligned} \right\} \Rightarrow f_2(Y) = 6yc$$

$$b) P(X=2, Y=3) = \frac{1}{6}$$

$$P(X=2) = \frac{12}{36} = \frac{1}{3}$$

$$P(Y=3) = \frac{18}{36} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\Rightarrow P(X=2, Y=3) \neq P(X=2) \cdot P(Y=3)$$

$\Rightarrow X$ & Y are independent.

$$7) a) f(X|Y) = \frac{f(X, Y)}{f_2(Y)} = \frac{cxy}{6yc} = \frac{x}{6}$$

$$b) f(Y|X) = \frac{f(x, y)}{f_1(X)} = \frac{cxy}{6xc} = \frac{y}{6}$$