Given:

During an experiment conducted in a room at 25°C, a lab assistant measures that a refrigerator that draws 2 kW of power has removed 30,000 kJ of heat over at 20 minute period from a refrigerated space maintained at -30°C.

Required:

Determine the COP of the refrigerator and whether it is possible.

Solution:

The high and low temperatures of the cycle are defined as

$$T_H := 25 \text{ °C} = 298.15 \text{ K}$$
 $T_T := (-30) \text{ °C} = 243.15 \text{ K}$

The rate of net work input to the cycle is defined as

$$W'_{net,in} := 2 \text{ kW}$$

The heat accepted by the cycle is defined as

$$Q_{T_{L}} := 30000 \text{ kJ}$$

The period of time is defined as

$$\Delta t := 20 \min$$

The net work input of the cycle is found by

$$W_{\text{net,in}} := W'_{\text{net,in}} \cdot \Delta t = 2400 \text{ kJ}$$

The COP of the cycle is found by

$$\boxed{\textit{COP}_{\textit{R}} := \frac{\textit{Q}_{\textit{L}}}{\textit{W}_{\textit{net,in}}} = 12.50}$$

The Carnot COP of the cycle is found by

$$\begin{aligned} \textit{COP}_{\textit{Rrev}} \coloneqq \frac{1}{\frac{T_{H}}{T_{L}}} = 4.421 \end{aligned}$$

Since $COP_{R,rev} < COP_{R}$ the cycle is **impossible**.