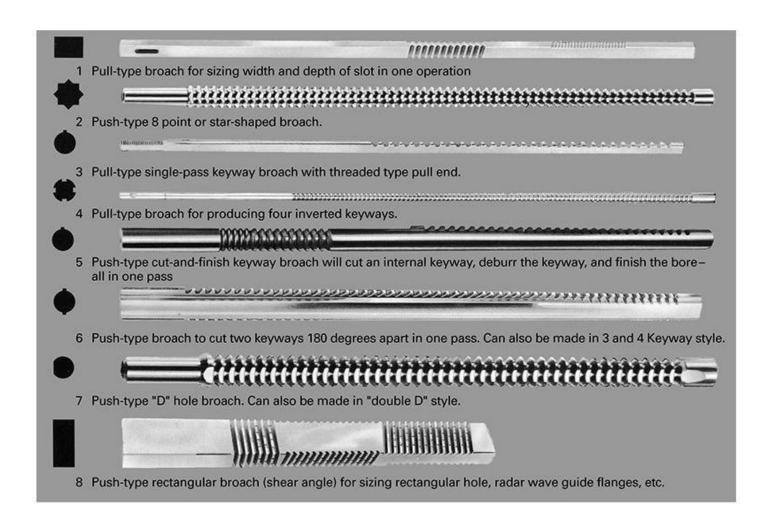
Sawing and Broaching Processes



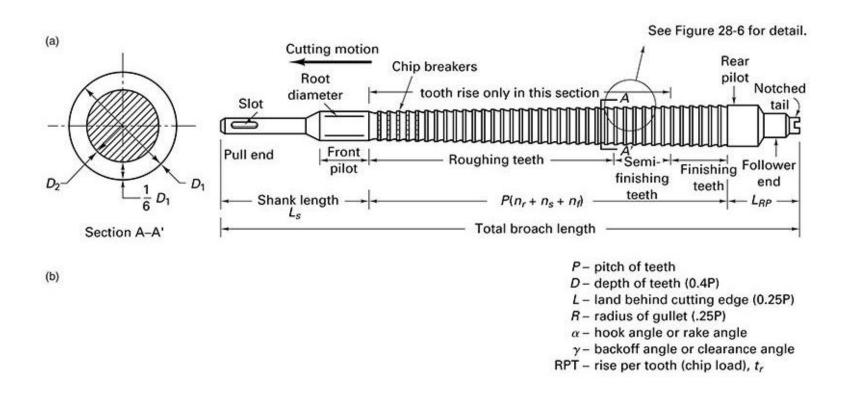
Broach



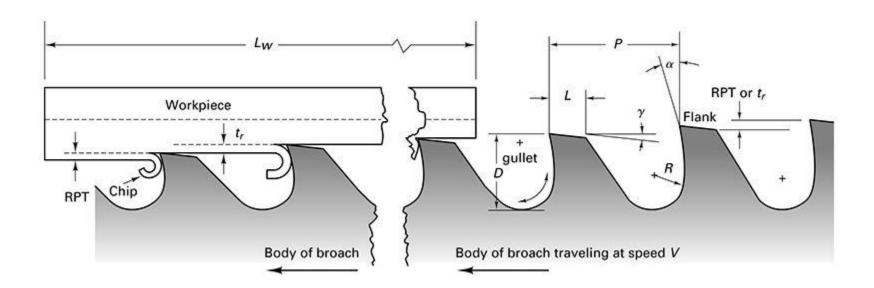
Shapes possible with Broaching



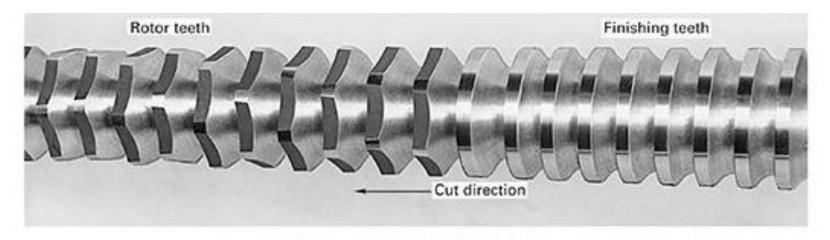
Broach for circular hole



Cutting process with broach



Chip-breaking methods

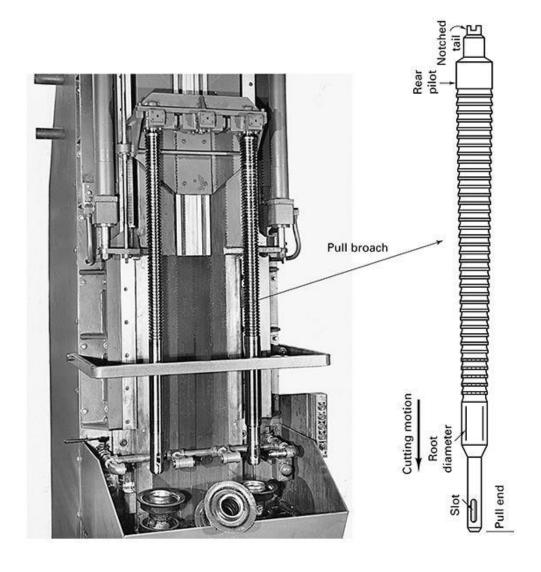


(a) Rotor- or jump-tooth broach design.

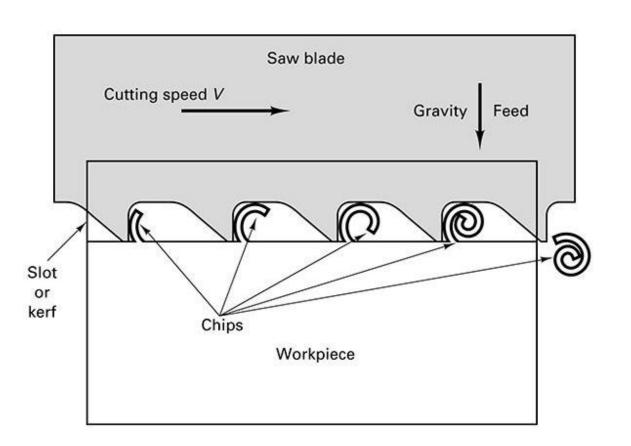


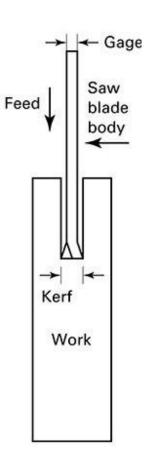
(b) Round, push-type broach with chip-breaking notches on alternate teeth except at the finishing end.

Broaching Machine

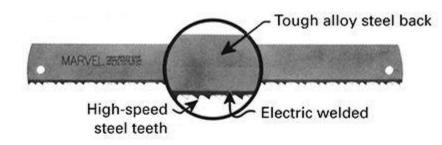


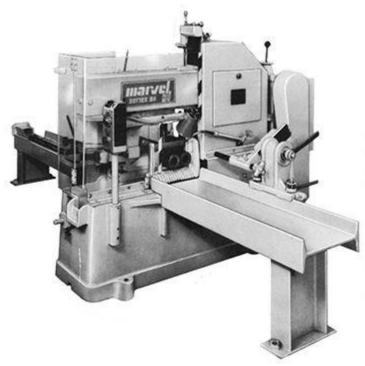
Sawing Action





Power Hacksaw

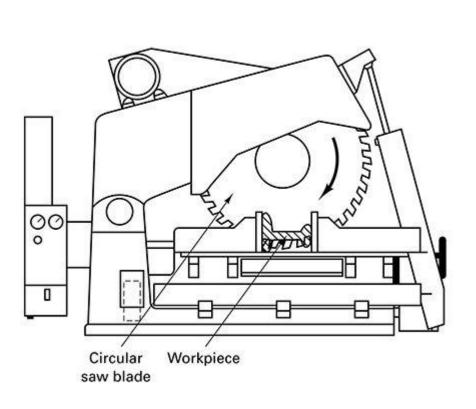


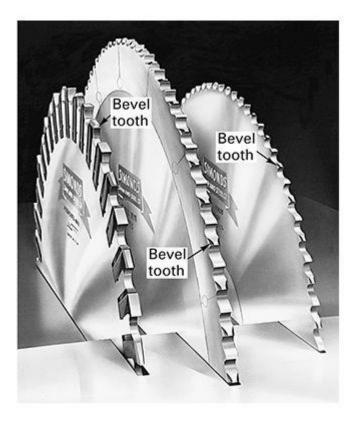


Bandsaw



Circular Saw





Blade designs and nomenclature

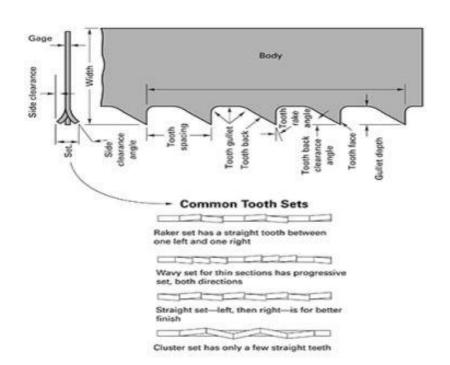
MATRIX MODIFIED MIX-TOOTH M-42 COBALT WELDED-EDGE M-2 HIGH-SPEED WELDED-EDGE

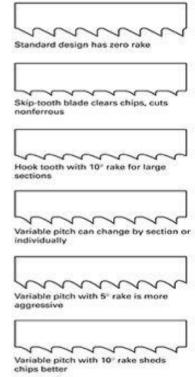
HARD BACK CARBON FLEXIBLE BACK CARBON

The best all-purpose welded-edge blade for sawing varying sizes, shapes, and cross sections. Cobalt-tough for cutting wide range of materials. Welded to length and coil stock.

For high-production cutting of solids, superalloys, tool steels, high-temperature alloys. Welded to length and coil stock.

The original and widely used welded-edge band blade for general-purpose sawing. Welded to length and coil stock. Hardened back provides greater beam strength for more accurate sawing. Welded to length and coil stock. Recommended for contour saws running over 3000 SFPM. Welded to length and coil stock,

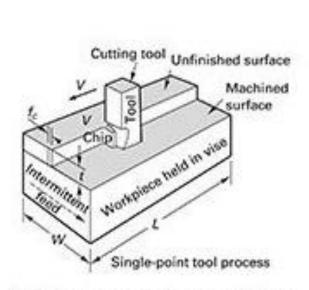


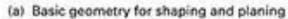


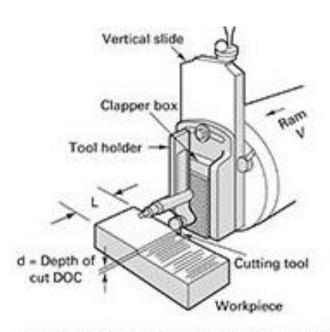
File Types



Shaping/Planing Process







(c) Shaper tool holder, clapper box and workpiece

Surface types machined by shaping and planing

