

Algorithm 1 **iterativeSnapshot**(R-tree R_P for indoor POIs, A1R-tree R_O for OTT , time point t , integer k)

- 1: initialize a hash table $flows : \{POI\} \rightarrow [0, +\infty]$
 - 2: **for** each POI p **do** $flows[p] \leftarrow 0$
 - 3: LeafEntrySet $les \leftarrow R_O.PointQuery(t)$
 - 4: **for** each leaf entry $le \in les$ **do**
 - 5: $o \leftarrow le.Ptr_c.objectID$
 - 6: $ring_1 \leftarrow Ring(le.Ptr_p.deviceID, V_{max} \cdot (t - le.Ptr_p.t_e))$
 - 7: **if** $le.Ptr_p.t_e < t < le.Ptr_c.t_s$ **then** \triangleright The object is in an inactive state
 - 8: $ring_2 \leftarrow Ring(le.Ptr_c.deviceID, V_{max} \cdot (le.Ptr_c.t_s - t))$
 - 9: $UR(o, t) \leftarrow ring_1 \cap ring_2$
 - 10: **else** \triangleright The object is in an active state
 - 11: $UR(o, t) \leftarrow ring_1 \cap le.Ptr_c.deviceID.Range$
 - 12: $ps \leftarrow R_P.IntersectionQuery(UR(o, t))$
 - 13: **for** each POI $p \in ps$ **do**
 - 14: $flows[p] \leftarrow flows[p] + \frac{Area(UR(o, t) \cap p)}{Area(p)}$
 - 15: **return** the top- k from $flows.keys$ with the highest values
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