Muc luc

bool dfs(int u) {

mx[u] = T:

if (mx[u] == T) return false;

for(int v : ke[u]) {

```
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    Simple Max Matching
```

if (!my[v] || dfs(my[v])) { return true: 1 1 return false; 1 2 int main() { For(i,1,n) { 3 T++; res += dfs(i); 5 5 // choose my & i 6 Konig 8 void konig(){ 8 queue < int > qu; 10 f1(i,m) if (!Assigned[i]) qu.push(i); 10 f1(i,n) if (!Assigned[N-i]) qu.push(N-i); 10 while (qu.size()){ int u=qu.front(); qu.pop(); 11 for (int i=0; int v=a[u][i]; i++) if (!(Choosed[v]++)) qu.push(Assigned[v]); 12 12 f1(i,m) if (Assigned[i] && !Choosed[i] && !Choosed[Assigned[i]]) 13 Choosed[i]=true; 13 | } 13 Hopcroft Karp Max Matching algorithm // Worse Case: E * sqrt(v) const int MAXN = 50005, MAXM = 50005; vector < int > gph[MAXN]; int dis[MAXN], 1[MAXN], r[MAXM], vis[MAXN]; void clear() { for (int i = 0; i < MAXN; i++)

```
gph[i].clear();
}
void add_edge(int 1, int r) {
    gph[1].push_back(r);
bool bfs(int n) {
    queue < int > que;
    bool ok = 0;
    memset(dis, 0, sizeof(dis));
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
        if (l[i] == -1 && !dis[i]) {
            que.push(i);
            dis[i] = 1;
    }
    while (!que.empty()) {
        int x = que.front();
        que.pop();
        for (auto &i : gph[x]) {
            if (r[i] == -1)
                ok = 1:
            else if (!dis[r[i]]) {
                 dis[r[i]] = dis[x] + 1;
                que.push(r[i]);
            }
        }
    }
    return ok;
bool dfs(int x) {
    for (auto &i : gph[x]) {
        if (r[i] == -1 \mid | (!vis[r[i]] && dis[r[i]] == dis[x] + 1 &&
                            dfs(r[i]))) {
            vis[r[i]] = 1;
            l[x] = i;
            r[i] = x;
            return 1;
        }
    }
    return 0;
int match(int n) {
    memset(1, -1, sizeof(1));
    memset(r, -1, sizeof(r));
```

```
int ret = 0;
    while (bfs(n)) {
        memset(vis, 0, sizeof(vis));
        for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
            if (l[i] == -1 && dfs(i))
    return ret;
bool chk[MAXN + MAXM];
void rdfs(int x, int n) {
    if (chk[x])
        return;
    chk[x] = 1;
    for (auto &i : gph[x]) {
        chk[i + n] = 1;
        rdfs(r[i], n);
   }
vector<int> getcover(int n, int m) {
    // solve min. vertex cover
    match(n):
    memset(chk, 0, sizeof(chk));
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
        if (1\lceil i \rceil == -1)
            rdfs(i, n);
    vector < int > v;
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
        if (!chk[i])
            v.push_back(i);
    for (int i = n; i < n + m; i++)
        if (chk[i])
            v.push_back(i);
    return v;
4 Max matching min cost
// numbered from 0. i \rightarrow mx[i]
const int V = 1000, INF = 1e9;
int g[V][V], mx[V], my[V], fx[V], fy[V], d[V], ar[V], tr[V], p;
int slack(int u, int v) {
    return g[u][v] - fx[u] - fy[v];
```

```
int augment(int s) {
    queue < int > q;
    q.push(s);
    fill_n(tr, p, -1);
    for(int i = 0; i < p; ++i) d[i] = slack(s, i), ar[i] = s;
    while(true) {
        while(!q.empty()) {
            int u = q.front();
            q.pop();
            for(int v = 0; v < p; ++v) if(tr[v] == -1) {
                    int w = slack(u, v);
                    if(w == 0) {
                        tr[v] = u;
                        if(my[v] == -1) return v;
                        q.push(my[v]);
                    if(d[v] > w) d[v] = w, ar[v] = u;
                }
        int delta = INF:
        for(int v = 0; v < p; ++v) if(tr[v] == -1) delta =
                     min(delta, d[v]);
        fx[s] += delta;
        for(int v = 0; v < p; ++v)
            if(tr[v] == -1) d[v] -= delta;
            else fx[my[v]] += delta, fy[v] -= delta;
        for(int v = 0; v < p; ++v) if(tr[v] == -1 && d[v] == 0) {
                tr[v] = ar[v];
                if (my[v] == -1) return v;
                q.push(my[v]);
            }
    }
}
void maxMatchMinCost() {
    fill_n(mx, p, -1);
    fill_n(my, p, -1);
    for(int i = 0; i < p; ++i) fx[i] = *min_element(g[i], g[i]+p);
    for(int s = 0; s < p; ++s) {
        int f = augment(s);
        while(f != -1) {
            int x = tr[f], nx = mx[x];
            mx[x] = f;
            my[f] = x;
```

```
f = nx;
```

Ganeral Matching

```
class MatchingGraph {
public:
    vector <vector <int> > adj;
    vector <bool> blossom:
    vector <int> parent;
    vector <int> base;
    vector <int> match;
    int n:
    MatchingGraph() {
        n = 0;
    void addEdge(int x, int y) {
        adj[x].push_back(y);
        adj[y].push_back(x);
    void clearGraph() {
        int i;
        for (i=0; i < SZ(adj); ++i)
            adi[i].clear();
        fill(blossom.begin(),blossom.end(),false);
        fill(parent.begin(),parent.end(),-1);
        for (i=0; i<n; ++i)
            base[i] = i:
        for (i=0; i < n; ++i)
            match[i] = -1;
    void setN(int newn) {
        n = newn;
        adj.resize(n);
        blossom.resize(n);
        base.resize(n);
        match.resize(n):
        parent.resize(n);
        clearGraph();
    int lca(int x, int y) {
```

```
vector <bool> fv;
    fv.resize(n):
    fill(fy.begin(),fy.end(),false);
    while (true) {
        x = base[x];
        fy[x] = true;
        if (match[x] == -1)
            break:
        x = parent[match[x]];
    while (true) {
        y = base[y];
        if (fy[y])
            return v;
        y = parent[match[y]];
    return -1;
}
void path(int now, int child, int curbase) {
    while (base[now] != curbase) {
        blossom[base[now]] = blossom[base[match[now]]] = true;
        parent[now] = child;
        child = match[now];
        now = parent[match[now]];
    }
}
int augmentPath(int x) {
    int i, j;
    for (i=0; i<n; ++i)
        base[i] = i:
    for (i=0; i < n; ++i)
        parent[i] = -1;
    queue <int> bfs;
    vector <bool> sudah;
    sudah.resize(n);
    fill(sudah.begin(), sudah.end(), false);
    sudah[x] = true;
    bfs.push(x);
    while (!bfs.empty()) {
        int now = bfs.front();
        bfs.pop();
        for (i=0; i < SZ(adj[now]); ++i) {
            int next = adj[now][i];
            if (base[next] == base[now] || match[next] == now):
```

```
else if (next == x || (match[next]!=-1 &&
                                    parent[match[next]]!=-1)) {
                int curbase = lca(now.next):
                fill(blossom.begin(),blossom.end(),false);
                path (now, next, curbase);
                path(next, now, curbase);
                for (j = 0; j < n; ++j)
                    if (blossom[j]) {
                        base[j] = curbase;
                        if (!sudah[i]) {
                             sudah[j] = true;
                            bfs.push(j);
            } else if (parent[next] == -1) {
                parent[next] = now;
                if (match[next] == -1)
                    return next;
                sudah[match[next]] = true;
                bfs.push(match[next]);
       }
   return -1;
int edmondsMatch() {
   int i;
   int res = 0;
   for (i=0; i<n; ++i) {
        if (match[i]==-1) {
            int x = augmentPath(i);
            while (x>=0) {
                int p = parent[x];
                int pp = match[p];
                match[x] = p;
                match[p] = x;
                x = pp;
       }
   for (i=0; i<n; ++i)
        if (match[i]!=-1)
            ++res;
    return res >> 1:
```

}

```
}:
    Dinic MaxFlow
class DinicFlow {
private:
    vector <int > dist, head, work;
    vector<int> point, flow, capa, next;
    int n, m;
    bool bfs(int s. int t) {
        For(i, 1, n) dist[i] = -1;
        queue < int > q;
        dist[s] = 0;
        q.push(s);
        while (!q.empty()) {
            int u = q.front();
            q.pop();
            for (int i = head[u]; i >= 0; i = next[i])
                if (flow[i] < capa[i] && dist[point[i]] < 0) {</pre>
                    dist[point[i]] = dist[u] + 1;
                    q.push(point[i]);
        return dist[t] >= 0;
    }
    int dfs(int s, int t, int f) {
        if (s == t) return f:
        for (int &i = work[s]; i >= 0; i = next[i])
            if (flow[i] < capa[i] && dist[point[i]] == dist[s] + 1) {</pre>
                int d = dfs(point[i], t, min(f, capa[i] - flow[i]));
                if (d > 0) {
                    flow[i] += d;
                    flow[i ^ 1] -= d;
                    return d;
                }
            }
        return 0;
   }
public:
```

```
DinicFlow(int n = 0) {
        this -> n = n:
        this -> m = 0:
        dist.assign(n + 7, 0);
        head.assign(n + 7, -1);
        work.assign(n + 7, 0);
   }
    void addEdge(int u, int v, int c1, int c2 = 0) {
        point.push_back(v);
        capa.push_back(c1);
        flow.push_back(0);
        next.push_back(head[u]);
        head[u] = m++;
        point.push_back(u);
        capa.push_back(c2);
        flow.push_back(0);
        next.push_back(head[v]);
        head[v] = m++;
   }
    int maxFlow(int s, int t) {
        int totFlow = 0;
        while (bfs(s, t)) {
            For(i, 1, n) work[i] = head[i];
            while (true) {
                int d = dfs(s, t, cmax);
                if (d == 0) break;
                totFlow += d;
            }
        }
        return totFlow;
    Two sat
int n, m, g[maxn];
bool cx[maxn];
vector <int> listV. ke[maxn]. K[maxn]:
int cal(int x) {
    if (x\%2 == 0) return x - 1;
```

else return x + 1;

```
}
void add(int u. int v) {
    ke[u].pb(v);
    K[v].pb(u);
}
void dfs(int u) {
    cx[u] = true;
    for(int v : ke[u])
        if (!cx[v]) dfs(v);
    listV.pb(u);
}
void dfs(int u. int x) {
    g[u] = x;
    for(int v : K[u])
        if (g[v] == 0) dfs(v,x);
}
int main() {
    cin >> m >> n:
    n += n;
    For(i,1,m) {
        int u, v;
        cin >> u >> v;
        u *= 2;
        v *= 2;
        if (u < 0) u = cal(abs(u));
        if (v < 0) v = cal(abs(v)):
        add(cal(u),v);
        add(cal(v),u);
    listV.pb(0);
    For(i,1,n)
    if (!cx[i]) dfs(i);
    int ng = 0;
    Ford(i,n,1) {
        int u = listV[i];
        if (g[u] == 0) dfs(u, ++ng);
    for(int i = 2; i <= n; i += 2)
        if (g[i] == g[i-1]) NO;
    YES:
```

```
vector <int> result;
   for(int i = 2: i \le n: i += 2)
        if (g[i] > g[i-1]) result.pb(i>>1);
   Alternative Tree
int n, m, 1, q, t, res, test,
    a[maxn], tin[maxn], tout[maxn], mark[maxn], terror[maxn], f[maxn][20];
vector < int > adj[maxn], _adj[maxn];
stack < int > stk:
void visit(const int &u) {
    tin[u] = ++t;
   for(int i = 1; i <= 1; ++i) f[u][i] = f[f[u][i-1]][i-1];
   for(auto v : adj[u])
       if (v != f[u][0]) {
           f[v][0] = u;
            visit(v);
    tout[u] = ++t;
bool anc(const int &u, const int &v) {
    return tin[u] <= tin[v] && tout[u] >= tout[v];
int lca(int u, int v) {
    if (anc(u,v)) return u;
   if (anc(v,u)) return v;
   for(int i = 1; i >= 0; --i)
       if (!anc(f[u][i],v)) u = f[u][i];
    return f[u][0]:
void query() {
    cin >> m;
   for(int i = 1; i <= m; ++i) {
        cin >> a[i]:
        _adi[a[i]].clear();
        mark[a[i]] = test;
        terror[a[i]] = test:
   }
```

```
sort(a+1,a+m+1,cmp);
    for(int i = 1: i < m: ++i) {
        int tmp = lca(a[i],a[i+1]);
        if (mark[tmp] < test) {</pre>
            mark[tmp] = test;
            a[++m] = tmp;
            _adj[tmp].clear();
        }
    // sort theo tin
    sort(a+1,a+m+1,cmp);
    while (!stk.empty()) stk.pop();
    stk.push(a[1]);
    for(int i = 2; i <= m; ++i) {
        while (tout[stk.top()] < tout[a[i]]) stk.pop();
        _adj[stk.top()].push_back(a[i]);
        stk.push(a[i]);
    }
    res = 0;
    check(a[1]);
    cout << res << "\n":
}
int main() {
    1 = log2(n);
    cin >> q;
    f[1][0] = 1;
    visit(1);
    for(test = 1; test <= q; ++test) query();</pre>
}
    Aho Corasick
const int NODE = (int) 1e6 + 1:
const int NC = 26;
int nextNode[NODE][NC];
int chr[NODE];
int parent[NODE];
int prefix[NODE];
int numNodes;
set < int > match [NODE]:
```

```
int getPrefix(int);
int go(int u, int c) {
    if (nextNode[u][c] != -1) return nextNode[u][c];
    if (u == 0) return 0;
    return nextNode[u][c] = go(getPrefix(u), c);
int getPrefix(int u) {
    if (prefix[u] != -1) return prefix[u];
    if (u == 0 || parent[u] == 0) return prefix[u] = 0;
    return prefix[u] = go(getPrefix(parent[u]), chr[u]);
void add(const string &s, int id) {
    int u = 0:
    for (int i = 0; i < (int) s.size(); ++i) {
        int c = s[i] - 'A';
        if (nextNode[u][c] == -1) {
            nextNode[u][c] = numNodes;
            fill(nextNode[numNodes], nextNode[numNodes] + NC, -1);
            chr[numNodes] = c;
            parent[numNodes] = u;
            prefix[numNodes] = -1;
            match[numNodes].clear();
            match [numNodes].insert(-1);
            ++numNodes;
        u = nextNode[u][c]:
    match[u].insert(id);
set < int > & getMatch(int u) {
    if (match[u].count(-1) == 0) return match[u];
    const set <int> &foo = getMatch(getPrefix(u));
    match[u].insert(foo.begin(), foo.end());
    match[u].erase(-1);
    return match[u];
void init() {
    fill(nextNode[0], nextNode[0] + NC, -1);
    numNodes = 1:
```

10 Suffix Array

}

```
struct SuffixArray {
    const int L:
    string s;
    vector<vector<int> > P;
    vector < pair < pair < int , int > , int > > M;
    SuffixArray(const string &s) : L(s.length()), s(s), P(1,
                vector < int > (L, 0)), M(L) {
        for (int i = 0; i < L; i++) P[0][i] = int(s[i]);
        for (int skip = 1, lv = 1; skip < L; skip *= 2, lv++) {
            P.push_back(vector<int>(L, 0));
            for (int i = 0: i < L: i++)
                M[i] = make_pair(make_pair(P[lv-1][i], i + skip < L
                                            P[lv-1][i + skip] : -1000), i
                                                );
            sort(M.begin(), M.end());
            for (int i = 0; i < L; i++)
                P[lv][M[i].se] = (i > 0 && M[i].fi == M[i-1].fi) ?
                                  P[lv][M[i-1].se] : i;
    vector<int> GetSuffixArray() {
        return P.back();
// returns the length of the longest common prefix of s[i...L-1]
    and s[i...L-1]
    int LongestCommonPrefix(int i, int j) {
        int len = 0;
        if (i == j) return L - i;
        for (int k = P.size() - 1; k >= 0 && i < L && j < L; k--) {
            if (P[k][i] == P[k][j]) {
                i += 1 << k;
                j += 1 << k;
                len += 1 << k;
            }
        return len;
    }
};
```

11 Suffix Array O(n)

```
#include <bits/stdc++.h>
#define FOR(i.a.b) for (int i=(a), b=(b): i <= b: i=i+1)
#define REP(i,n) for (int i=0,_n=(n);i<_n;i=i+1)
#define MASK(i) (1LL<<(i))
#define BIT(x,i) (((x)>>(i))&1)
#define tget(i) BIT(t[(i) \Rightarrow 3], (i) & 7)
#define tset(i, b) { if (b) t[(i) >> 3] |= MASK((i) & 7); else t[(i) >> 3]
     &= ~MASK((i) & 7); }
#define chr(i) (cs == sizeof(int) ? ((int *)s)[i] : ((unc *)s)[i])
#define isLMS(i) ((i) > 0 && tget(i) && !tget((i) - 1))
typedef unsigned char unc;
class SuffixArray {
    public:
    int *sa, *lcp, *rank, n;
    void getbuckets(unc s[], vector<int> &bkt, int n, int k, int cs, bool
        end) {
        FOR(i, 0, k) bkt[i] = 0;
        REP(i, n) bkt[chr(i)]++;
        int sum = 0;
        FOR(i, 0, k) {
            sum += bkt[i];
            bkt[i] = end ? sum : sum - bkt[i]:
    void inducesal(vector < unc > &t, int sa[], unc s[], vector < int > &bkt,
        int n, int k, int cs, bool end) {
        getbuckets(s, bkt, n, k, cs, end);
        REP(i, n) {
            int j = sa[i] - 1;
            if (j >= 0 && !tget(j)) sa[bkt[chr(j)]++] = j;
   }
    void inducesas(vector<unc> &t, int sa[], unc s[], vector<int> &bkt,
        int n, int k, int cs, bool end) {
        getbuckets(s, bkt, n, k, cs, end);
        FORD(i, n - 1, 0) {
            int j = sa[i] - 1;
            if (j >= 0 && tget(j)) sa[--bkt[chr(j)]]=j;
       }
   }
```

```
void build(unc s[], int sa[], int n, int k, int cs) {
    int i:
    vector < unc > t = vector < unc > (n / 8 + 1, 0):
    tset(n - 2, 0);
    tset(n - 1, 1);
    FORD(i, n - 3, 0) tset(i, chr(i) < chr(i+1) || (chr(i) == chr(i+1))
         && tget(i+1)));
    vector<int> bkt = vector<int> (k + 1, 0);
    getbuckets(s, bkt, n, k, cs, true);
    REP(i, n) sa[i] = -1;
    REP(i, n) if (isLMS(i)) sa[--bkt[chr(i)]] = i;
    inducesal(t, sa, s, bkt, n, k, cs, false);
    inducesas(t, sa, s, bkt, n, k, cs, true);
    bkt.clear();
    int n1 = 0;
    REP(i, n) if (isLMS(sa[i])) sa[n1++] = sa[i];
    FOR(i, n1, n - 1) sa[i] = -1;
    int name = 0:
    int prev = -1;
    REP(i. n1) {
        int pos = sa[i];
        bool diff = false;
        REP(d, n) {
            if (prev < 0 || chr(prev + d) != chr(pos + d) || tget(prev
                 + d) != tget(pos + d)) {
                diff = true:
                break;
            else if (d > 0 && (isLMS(prev + d) || isLMS(pos + d)))
                break:
        }
        if (diff) {
            name++;
            prev = pos;
        }
        sa[n1 + pos / 2] = name - 1;
    j = n - 1;
    FORD(i, n - 1, n1) if (sa[i] >= 0) sa[i--] = sa[i];
    int *sa1 = sa;
    int *s1 = sa + n - n1;
    if (name < n1) build((unc *)s1, sa1, n1, name-1, sizeof(int));
    else REP(i, n1) sa1[s1[i]] = i;
    bkt.assign(k + 1, 0);
```

```
getbuckets(s, bkt, n, k, cs, true);
        REP(i, n) if (isLMS(i)) s1[j++] = i;
        REP(i, n1) sa1[i] = s1[sa1[i]];
        FOR(i, n1, n - 1) sa[i] = -1;
        FORD(i, n1 - 1, 0) {
            j = sa[i];
            sa[i] = -1;
            sa[--bkt[chr(j)]] = j;
        inducesal(t, sa, s, bkt, n, k, cs, false);
        inducesas(t, sa, s, bkt, n, k, cs, true);
        bkt.clear();
        t.clear();
    void calc_lcp(void) {
        FOR(i,1,n) rank[sa[i]] = i;
       int h = 0;
        REP(i, n) if (rank[i] < n) {</pre>
            int j = sa[rank[i] + 1];
            while (s[i + h] == s[j + h]) h++;
            lcp[rank[i]] = h;
            if (h > 0) h - -;
    SuffixArray() {
        sa = lcp = rank = NULL;
        s = NULL;
   }
    SuffixArray(string ss) {
        n = ss.size();
        sa = new int[n + 7];
        lcp = new int [n + 7];
        rank = new int [n + 7];
        s = (unc *)ss.c_str();
        build(s, sa, n + 1, 256, sizeof(char));
        calc_lcp();
   }
};
//Sorted suffices are SA[1] to SA[N]. The values of SA[1], SA[2], ..., SA[
    N] are 0, 1, ..., N-1
//The\ longest\ common\ prefix\ of\ SA[i]\ and\ SA[i+1]\ is\ LCP[i]
```

```
int main(void) {
    string s = "mississippi";
    SuffixArray suffixArray(s);
    FOR(i, 1, 11) printf("%d %s %d\n", suffixArray.sa[i], s.substr(
        suffixArray.sa[i]).c_str(), suffixArray.lcp[i]);
}
12
     Manacher
void manacher() {
    memset(p,0,sizeof p);
    int center = 0, right = 0, mi;
    for (int i = 1; i < n; i++) {
        mi = 2 * center - i;
        if (right > i) p[i] = min(right - i, p[mi]);
        while (a[i+(1+p[i])] == a[i-(1+p[i])]) p[i]++;
        //printf("%d:%d\n",i,p[i]);
        if (i + p[i] > right) {
            right = i+p[i];
            center = i;
        }
    }
      Convex Hull
struct Point {
    long long x, y;
    bool operator < (const Point &v) const {
        return x == v.x ? y < v.y : x < v.x;
    long long cross(const Point &p, const Point &q) const {
        return (p.x - x) * (q.y - y) - (p.y - y) * (q.x - x);
    }
vector < Point > convexHull(vector < Point > p) {
    sort(p.begin(), p.end());
    int k = 0, n = p.size();
    vector < Point > poly (2 * n);
    for(int i = 0; i < n; ++i) {
        while (k \ge 2 \&\& poly[k-2].cross(poly[k-1], p[i]) < 0) --k;
```

```
polv[k++] = p[i];
   }
    for(int i = n-2, t = k+1; i >= 0; --i) {
        while (k \ge t \&\& poly[k-2].cross(poly[k-1], p[i]) < 0) --k;
        poly[k++] = p[i];
    poly.resize(min(n, max(0, k - 1)));
    return poly;
14 Geometry's tricks
const double eps = 1e-9;
bool equal(const double &x, const double &y) {
    return fabs(x - y) <
           eps;
struct Point {
    double x, y;
    Point(double x = 0, double y = 0): x(x), y(y) {}
    Point operator + (const Point &p) const {
        return \{x + p.x, y +
                р.у
               };
    Point operator - (const Point &p) const {
        return {x - p.x, y -
                р.у
               };
    Point operator * (double t) const {
        return {x * t, y * t};
    double operator * (const Point &p) const {
        return x * p.x + y *
               р.у;
    double operator % (const Point &p) const {
        return x * p.y - y *
               р.х;
    bool operator == (const Point &p) const {
        return equal(x, p.x)
```

```
&& equal(y, p.y);
    }
    double operator ~ () const {
        return sqrt(*this **this);
    }
};
struct Comparator {
    Point a, b;
    Comparator(Point a, Point b): a(a), b(b) {}
    bool operator () (const Point &p, const Point &q) {
        return (p-a) * (b-a) < (q-a) * (b-a);
    }
};
bool between (double x, double 1, double r) {
    if (1 > r) swap(1, r);
    return x + eps > 1 & x - eps < r;
bool inside(Point q, const vector < Point > &p) {
    int n = p.size();
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
        int j = i + 1 < n ? i + 1 : 0;
        if (fabs((q - p[i]) % (p[j] - p[i])) > eps) continue;
        if ((q - p[i]) * (p[j] - p[i]) < -eps) continue;</pre>
        if ((q - p[j]) * (p[i] - p[j]) < -eps) continue;
        return true:
    }
    int fl = 0;
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
        int j = i + 1 < n ? i + 1 : 0;
        Point a = p[i], b = p[j];
        if (equal(a.x, b.x)) continue;
        if (a.x > b.x) swap(a, b);
        if (q.x < a.x - eps) continue;
        if (q.x > b.x - eps) continue;
        if ((q - a) \% (b - a) > 0) fl ^= 1;
    }
    return fl;
void intersect(Point p, Point q, Point a, Point b, vector<Point>
               &ints) {
    double na = (a - p) \% (q - p), nb = (b - p) \% (q - p);
    if (na * nb > eps) return;
    if (equal(na, nb)) return;
    ints.push_back(a + (b - a) * (na / (na - nb)));
```

```
void intersectCircleLine() {
    double r. a. b. c:
    double x0 = -a*c/(a*a+b*b), y0 = -b*c/(a*a+b*b);
    if (c*c > r*r*(a*a+b*b)+EPS) puts ("no points");
    else if (abs (c*c - r*r*(a*a+b*b)) < EPS) {
        puts ("1 point");
        cout << x0 << ', ', << y0 << '\n';
   } else {
        double d = r*r - c*c/(a*a+b*b);
        double mult = sqrt (d / (a*a+b*b));
        double ax, ay, bx, by;
        ax = x0 + b * mult;
        bx = x0 - b * mult;
        ay = y0 - a * mult;
        by = y0 + a * mult;
        puts ("2 points");
        cout << ax << ', ', << ay << '\n' << bx << ', ' << by << '\n';
   }
    FFT
15
const double PI = acos(-1.0);
typedef complex < double > Complex;
#define MASK(i) (1LL<<(i))
#define BIT(x,i) (((x) >> (i)) & 1)
#define LOG 17
Complex fftRoot[MASK(LOG)], invRoot[MASK(LOG)];
#define REP(i, n) for (int i = 0, n = (n); i < n; i = i + 1)
void initFFT(void) {
    REP(i, MASK(LOG)) {
        double alpha = 2 * PI / MASK(LOG) * i;
        fftRoot[i] = Complex(cos(alpha), sin(alpha));
        invRoot[i] = Complex(cos(-alpha), sin(-alpha));
   }
unsigned roundUp(unsigned v) {
    REP(i, 5) v = v >> MASK(i);
    return v + 1;
int reverse(int num, int lg) {
```

```
int res = 0;
    REP(i, lg) if (BIT(num, i)) res = MASK(lg - i - 1);
    return res:
vector < Complex > fft(vector < Complex > a, bool invert) {
    int n = a.size(), lg = 0;
    while (MASK(lg) < n) lg++;
    vector < Complex > roots(n);
    REP(i, n) roots[i] = invert ? invRoot[MASK(LOG) / n * i] :
                          fftRoot[MASK(LOG) / n * i];
    REP(i, n) {
        int rev = reverse(i, lg);
        if (i < rev) swap(a[i], a[rev]);</pre>
    }
    for (int len = 2; len <= n; len <<= 1)
        for (int i = 0; i < n; i += len)
            for (int j = 0; j < (len >> 1); j++) {
                Complex u = a[i + j], v = a[i + j + (len >> 1)] *
                                            roots[n / len * j];
                a[i + j] = u + v;
                a[i + j + (len >> 1)] = u - v;
            }
    if (invert) REP(i, n) a[i] /= n;
    return a;
vector<long long> multiply(const vector<int> &a, const vector<int>
                            &b) {
    int n = roundUp(size(a) + size(b) - 1);
    vector < Complex > pa (n), pb (n);
    for(int i = 0; i < size(a); ++i) pa[i] = a[i];
    for(int i = 0; i < size(b); ++i) pb[i] = b[i];
    pa = fft(pa, false);
    pb = fft(pb, false);
    for(int i = 0; i < n; ++i) pa[i] *= pb[i];
    pa = fft(pa, true);
    vector<long long> res (n);
    for(int i = 0; i < n; ++i) res[i] = round(real(pa[i]));
    return res;
}
     NTT
16
const int MODULO = 998244353:
```

```
const int ROOT = 3; // Primitive root
void fft(vector<int> &a. bool invert) {
    int n = a.size():
    assert((n & (n - 1)) == 0);
    int lg = __builtin_ctz(n);
    for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i) {
        int j = 0;
        for (int k = 0; k < lg; ++k) if ((i&1 << k)! = 0) j |= 1 <<
                        (lg-k-1);
        if (i < j) swap(a[i], a[i]);
   }
    for (int len = 2; len <= n; len *= 2) {
        int wlen = power(ROOT, (MODULO - 1) / len);
        if (invert) wlen = inverse(wlen);
        for (int i = 0; i < n; i += len) {
            int w = 1:
            for (int j = 0; j < len / 2; ++j) {
                int u = a[i + j];
                int v = 1LL * a[i + j + len / 2] * w % MODULO;
                a[i + j] = (u + v) \% MODULO;
                a[i + j + len / 2] = (u - v + MODULO) % MODULO;
                w = 1LL * w * wlen % MODULO;
    }
    if (invert) {
        int mul = inverse(n);
        for (auto &x : a) x = 1LL * x * mul % MODULO;
   }
}
    998244353 = 119 * 2^23 + 1. Primitive root: 3.
    985661441 = 235 * 2^2 + 1. Primitive root: 3.
    1012924417 = 483 * 2^21 + 1. Primitive root: 5
17 Primitive Root
int generator(int p) {
    vector < int > fact;
    int phi = p-1, n = phi;
    for (int i=2; i*i <= n; ++i) if (n % i==0) {
        fact.push_back(i);
        while (n \% i == 0) n /= i:
   }
```

```
if (n > 1) fact.push_back(n);
for (int res=2; res<=p; ++res) {
    bool ok = true;
    for (size_t i=0; i<fact.size() && ok; ++i)
        ok &= powmod (res, phi / fact[i], p) != 1;
    if (ok) return res;
}
return -1;
}</pre>
```

18 Range Prime Counting

```
// Primes up to 10^12 can be counted in ~1 second.
const int MAXN = 1000005; // MAXN is the maximum value of sqrt(N) +
2
bool prime [MAXN];
int prec[MAXN];
vector < int > P;
void init() {
    prime[2] = true;
    for (int i = 3; i < MAXN; i += 2) prime[i] = true;
    for (int i = 3; i*i < MAXN; i += 2) {
        if (prime[i]) {
            for (int j = i*i; j < MAXN; j += i+i) prime[j] = false;</pre>
    }
    for(int i=1; i<MAXN; i++) {
        if (prime[i]) P.push_back(i);
        prec[i] = prec[i-1] + prime[i];
    }
}
lint rec(lint N, int K) {
    if (N <= 1 || K < 0) return 0;
    if (N <= P[K]) return N-1;
    if (N < MAXN && 111 * P[K]*P[K] > N) return N-1 - prec[N] +
                prec[P[K]];
    const int LIM = 250;
    static int memo[LIM*LIM][LIM];
    bool ok = N < LIM*LIM:
    if (ok && memo[N][K]) return memo[N][K];
    lint ret = N/P[K] - rec(N/P[K], K-1) + rec(N, K-1);
    if (ok) memo[N][K] = ret:
    return ret:
```

```
lint count_primes(lint N) { //less than or equal to
    if (N < MAXN) return prec[N];
    int K = prec[(int)sqrt(N) + 1];
    return N-1 - rec(N, K) + prec[P[K]];
    Knight's shortest path
int KSP(int x, int y) {
    if (x < y) swap(x, y);
    if (x == 1 && y == 0) return 3;
    if (x == 2 && y == 2) return 4;
    int d = x - y;
    if (y > d) return 2*((y-d+2)/3)+d;
    return d-2*((d-y)/4);
     Interval line
// template Interval line Min
#define mid ((lo + hi)>>1)
class Line {
public:
   11 a, b;
    Line (11 \times = cmax, 11 \times = cmax) {
        a = x, b = y;
    ll get(int x) {
        return 1LL * val[x] * a + b;
};
const Line oo = Line(cmax, cmax);
class ILTree {
```

int m:

public:

```
Line t[maxn*4];
ILTree(int last = 200000) {
    m = last;
    init(1,1,m);
}
void init(int i, int lo, int hi) {
    t[i] = oo;
    if (lo == hi) return;
    init(i * 2, lo, mid);
    init(i * 2 + 1, mid + 1, hi);
}
void update(int i, int lo, int hi, int l, int r, Line d) {
    if (1 > hi || r < lo) return:
    if (lo >= 1 && hi <= r) {
        // t[i] hoan toan nam duoi d
        if (t[i].get(lo) <= d.get(lo) && t[i].get(hi) <= d.get(hi))
            return:
        //t[i] hoan toan nam tren d thi cap nhap t[i] = d
        if (t[i].get(lo) >= d.get(lo) && t[i].get(hi) >= d.get(hi)) {
            t[i] = d;
            return;
        //nua dau cua d tot hon
        if (t[i].get(lo) >= d.get(lo) && t[i].get(mid) >= d.get(mid))
            update(i * 2 + 1, mid + 1, hi, l, r, t[i]);
            t[i] = d:
            return;
        }
        // nua dau cua t[i] tot hon
        if (t[i].get(lo) <= d.get(lo) && t[i].get(mid) <= d.get(mid))
            update(i * 2 + 1, mid + 1, hi, 1, r, d);
            return;
        }
        // nua sau cua d tot hon
        if (t[i].get(mid + 1) >= d.get(mid + 1) && t[i].get(hi) >= d.
            get(hi)) {
            update(i * 2, lo, mid, l, r, t[i]);
            t[i] = d;
            return:
```

```
// nua sau cua t[i] tot hon
            if (t[i].get(mid + 1) <= d.get(mid + 1) && t[i].get(hi) <= d.
                get(hi)) {
                update(i * 2, lo, mid, l, r, d);
                return:
            }
        update(i * 2, lo, mid, l, r, d);
        update(i * 2 + 1, mid + 1, hi, l, r, d);
   }
   11 get(int i, int lo, int hi, int pos) {
        if (lo > pos || hi < pos) return llmax;
       ll res = t[i].get(pos);
        if (lo == hi) return res;
        res = min(res, get(i * 2, lo, mid, pos));
        res = min(res, get(i * 2 + 1, mid + 1, hi, pos));
        return res;
   }
};
#undef mid
#undef oo
21 Splay Tree
/**
* Problem's query: insert a[i] after a[j]
struct node {
    node *par, *left, *right;
    int value, cnt;
};
const int N = 100005;
int n, Q, tree[N];
node *root, *nilT;
void calc(node *x) {
    if(x != nilT)
```

 $x \rightarrow cnt = x \rightarrow left \rightarrow cnt + x \rightarrow right \rightarrow cnt + 1;$

```
}
                                                                                      root = x, x \rightarrow par = nilT;
                                                                                  else if (z->left == y)
node *FindPosition(node *cur, int pos) {
                                                                                      SetL(z. x):
    node *x = cur;
                                                                                  else
    while (x != nilT) {
                                                                                      SetR(z, x);
        int ord = x \rightarrow left \rightarrow cnt + 1;
                                                                                  calc(y);
        if (ord == pos)
                                                                                  calc(x);
            return x;
        if (ord > pos)
            x = x - > left;
                                                                              void Splay(node *x) {
                                                                                  while (1) {
        else
            x = x - > right, pos -= ord;
                                                                                      node *y = x - par;
                                                                                      if (y == nilT)
    }
    return nilT;
                                                                                          break;
}
                                                                                      node *z = y - > par;
11
                                                                                      if (z != nilT) {
    /-----/
                                                                                          if ((y == z \rightarrow left) == (y \rightarrow left == x))
                                                                                               Uptree(y);
void SetL(node *parent, node *child) {
                                                                                          else
    if (child != nilT)
                                                                                               Uptree(x);
        child->par = parent;
    if (parent != nilT)
                                                                                      Uptree(x);
        parent -> left = child;
}
                                                                                  root = x;
                                                                              //
void SetR(node *parent, node *child) {
    if (child != nilT)
        child->par = parent;
    if (parent != nilT)
                                                                              void Split(node *r, int i, node *&r1, node *&r2) {
        parent -> right = child;
                                                                                  if (i == 0) {
}
                                                                                      r1 = nilT, r2 = r;
                                                                                      return;
void Uptree(node *x) {
    if (x == root)
                                                                                  node *x = FindPosition(r, i);
        return;
                                                                                  Splay(x);
    node *y = x - par, *z = y - par;
                                                                                  r2 = x - > right;
    if (y->left == x) {
                                                                                  r1 = x;
        SetL(y, x->right);
                                                                                  r1->right = nilT;
        SetR(x, y);
                                                                                  calc(r1), calc(r2);
    } else {
        SetR(v, x->left);
        SetL(x, y);
                                                                              node *Join(node *r1, node *r2) {
    }
                                                                                  if (r1 == nilT)
    if (z == nilT)
                                                                                      return r2:
```

```
while (r1->right != nilT)
                                                                                  ios_base::sync_with_stdio(false);
                                                                             #ifndef ONLINE JUDGE
        r1 = r1 - > right;
    Splay(r1);
                                                                                  freopen("a.txt", "r", stdin);
    SetR(r1, r2);
                                                                                 freopen("b.txt", "w", stdout);
    calc(r1);
                                                                             #endif
    return r1:
                                                                                  nilT = new node:
}
                                                                                  nilT \rightarrow value = nilT \rightarrow cnt = 0;
//
                                                                                  nilT -> left = nilT -> right = nilT -> par = nilT;
    /-----/#dot = new node;
                                                                                  root -> value = root -> cnt = 1;
void Insert(int i, int val) {
                                                                                  root -> left = root -> right = root -> par = nilT;
    node *x = new node;
                                                                                  cin >> n >> Q;
    x->value = val;
                                                                                  for (int i = 2; i <= n; i++)
                                                                                      Insert(i, i);
    x \rightarrow par = nilT;
    node *r1, *r2;
                                                                                 for (int i = 1; i <= Q; i++) {
    Split(root, i - 1, r1, r2);
                                                                                     int u, v;
    SetL(x, r1), SetR(x, r2);
                                                                                      cin >> u >> v;
    calc(x);
                                                                                      int val = FindPosition(root, u) -> value;
                                                                                      Delete(u):
    root = x;
                                                                                      Insert(v, val);
void Delete(int i) {
                                                                                  GetArray(root);
    node *x = FindPosition(root, i);
                                                                                  /// Answer
    Splay(x);
                                                                                  int ans = 0;
    node *r1 = x - > left, *r2 = x - > right;
                                                                                  for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
    r1->par = nilT;
                                                                                     int F = 1:
                                                                                      for (int x = arr[i]; x; x -= x & (-x))
    r2 - par = nilT;
                                                                                         F = max(F, tree[x] + 1);
    delete x;
    root = Join(r1, r2);
                                                                                      ans = max(ans, F);
}
                                                                                      for (int x = arr[i]; x <= n; x += x & (-x))
//
                                                                                          tree[x] = max(tree[x], F);
                                                                                  cout << n - ans << endl;
vector<int> arr:
void GetArray(node *x) {
    if (x == nilT)
        return;
    GetArray(x->left);
    arr.push_back(x->value);
    GetArray(x->right);
    delete x;
}
int main() {
```