LAB 3

CONTENT

- Customize web layout/template
- Decorate web UI with Materialize CSS framework
- o Implement features: filter, search, sort
- o Form validation: client-side, server-side
- Install new packages: express-session, bcryptjs
- Authentication (login/logout + register)
- Password encryption

> DEMO PROJECT (updated)

- New collection: users
 - username, password: used for authentication
 - role: used for authorization
 - <u>Note:</u> single collection, no relationship



Figure 1 - Database diagram (updated)



❖ INSTRUCTION

1. Create new collection



Figure 2 - Create collection "users" and populate data

- 2. Customize web layout
- All web page use same web layout from views/layout.hbs
- To set custom (different) web layout, declare in route and create corresponding views
- Everything declared in web layout are similar for all pages such as CSS, JS,
 title, header, footer,... except the main content {{{ body }}}

Figure 3 – Default web layout (views/layout.hbs)

```
router.get('/', function(req, res) {
  res.render('index', { layout: 'home_layout'});
});
```

Figure 4 - Custom web layout (views/home_layout.hbs)



3. Decorate web UI with Materialize

Figure 5 - Copy CDN links from Materialize homepage to web layout (1)

```
<head>
    <title>{{title}}</title>
    clink rel='stylesheet' href='/stylesheets/style.css' />
    <!-- Compiled and minified CSS -->
    clink rel="stylesheet"
href="https://cdnjs.cloudflare.com/ajax/libs/materialize/1.0.0/css/materialize.min.css">
    <!-- Compiled and minified JavaScript -->
    <script src="https://cdnjs.cloudflare.com/ajax/libs/materialize/1.0.0/js/materialize.min.js"></script>
</head>
```

Figure 6 – Copy CDN links from Materialize homepage to web layout (2)

```
<script src="/scripts/materialize.js"></script>
```

Figure 7 - Fix Materialize CSS framework drop-down bug (1) (views/layout.css)

```
//fix Materialize drop-down bug
document.addEventListener('DOMContentLoaded', function () {
   var elems = document.querySelectorAll('select');
   var instances = M.FormSelect.init(elems);
});
```

Figure 8 - Fix Materialize CSS framework drop-down bug (2) (public/scripts/materialize.js)







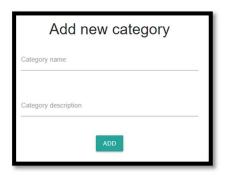


Figure 9 – Some web pages after decorating with Materialize

4. Implement filter feature (ex: filter product by category)

Figure 10 – Front-end: views/category/index.hbs

Figure 11 – Back-end: routes/category.js



5. Implement search feature (ex: search by product name)

Figure 12 - Front-end: views/product/index.hbs

```
router.post('/search', async (seq. res) => {
  var keyword = req.body.keyword;
  var productList = await ProductHodel.find(
  res.render('product/index', { productList })
})
```

Figure 13 - Back-end: routes/product.js

6. Implement sort feature (ex: sort product name in asc or desc order)

```
<div class="row">
    <a class="btn" href="/product/add">Add product</a>
    <a class="btn green" href="/product/sort/asc">Name ascending</a>
    <a class="btn lime" href="/product/sort/desc">Name descending</a>
</div>
```

Figure 14 - Front-end: views/product/product.hbs

```
router.get '/sort/asc' async (req, res) => {
  var productList = await ProductModel.find().sort({ name: 1 } .populate('category');
  res.render('product/index', { productList })
})
router.get '/sort/desc' async (req, res) => {
  var productList = await ProductModel.find().sort({ name: -1 } .populate('category');
  res.render('product/index', { productList })
})
```

Figure 15 - Back-end: routes/product.js

7. Form validation in client-side with HTML

```
<h1>Add new category</h1>
<input type="text" name="name" required
placeholder="Enter category name" minlength="3" maxlength="10">
```

Figure 16 – Add HTML validation attributes to form (views/category/add.hbs)





Figure 17 – Result of using HTML validation attributes

8. Form validation in client-side with JavaScript (JS)

Figure 18 – Set element id and run JS function after form submit (views/auth/register.hbs)

```
<link rel='stylesheet' href= /stylesheets/style.css />
<script src="/scripts/validation.js"></script>
```

Figure 19 - Attach related CSS and JS files (views/layout.hbs)

Figure 20 – Create JS function to validate data (public/scripts/validation.js)



9. Form validation in server-side with Mongoose validation

Figure 21 - Add validation rules in model (models/ProductModel.js)

```
router.post('/add', async (req, res) => {
    try {
      var product = req.body;
      await ProductModel.create(product);
      res redirect('/product');
    } catch (err) {
      if (err.name === 'ValidationError') {
        let InputErrors = {};
      for (let field in err.errors) {
            InputErrors[field] = err.errors[field].message;
      }
      res.render('product/add', { InputErrors, product });
    }
}
```

Figure 22 - Add try ... catch to return input error in route (routes/product.js)

Figure 23 - Display error below form input (views/product/add.hbs)



10. Install new packages

npm i express-session bcryptjs

Figure 24 - Install new packages (shorthand)

11. Authentication & password encryption

Create new model User

Figure 25 – Create **UserModel** (models/UserModel.js)

Import and config express-session package

```
//import "express-session" library
var session = require('express-session');
//set session timeout
const timeout = 10000 * 60 * 60 * 24; // 24 hours (in milliseconds)
//config session parameters
app_use(session({
    secret: "practice_makes_perfect", //your secret password
    saveUninitialized: false,
    cookie: { maxAge: timeout },
    resave: false
}));
```



```
//make session value available in view
//IMPORTANT: put this before setting router url
app.use((reg. res. next) => {
    res.locals.username = req.session.username;
    next();
});
```

Figure 26 - Config express-session package (app.js)

Declare and create new router auth

```
var authRouter = require('/routes/auth');
app.use('/auth', authRouter);
```

Figure 27 - Declare auth router (app.js)

Figure 28 – Register new user and encrypt password with bcryptjs package (routes/auth.js)



```
router.post('/login', async (req, res) => {
    try {
        var userlogin = req body:
        var user = await UserModel.findOne({ username: userLogin.username })
        var hash = bcrypt.compareSync(userLogin.password, user.password)
        if (hash) {
            //initialize session after login success
                req.session.username = user.username
                res.redirect('/');
        }
        else {
            res.redirect('/auth/login');
        }
    }
} catch (err) {
    res.send(err)
}
```

Figure 29 – Login check and initialize session if success (routes/auth.js)

```
router.get('/logout', (req, res) => {
    req.session.destroy();
    res.redirect("/auth/login");
})
```

Figure 30 - Logout by destroying session (routes/auth.js)

 Create a middleware to validate user login session before they can access authorized web pages

```
const checkLoginSession = (req, res, next) => {
   if (req.session.username) {
      next();
   } else {
      res.redirect('/auth/login');
   }
}
module.exports = checkLoginSession;
```

Figure 31 - Create auth middleware to validate user login (middlewares/auth.js)



```
const checkLoginSession = require('../middlewares/auth');
router.get('/', checkLoginSession function (req, res) {
  res.render('index', { layout: 'home_layout' });
});
```

Figure 32 - Import and insert this middleware to route functions (routes folder)

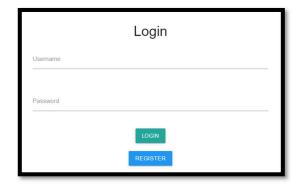
Create all remained views to complete web app

```
<center>
    <a href="/product">
        <img src="/images/product_management.jpg" alt="">
        </a>
        <h1>Welcome back, {{ username }} !</h1>
</center>
```

Figure 33 - Homepage (views/index.hbs)

```
<a href="/auth/logout">LOGOUT ({{ username }})</a>
```

Figure 34 - Insert logout link to navigation bar (views/layout.hbs)



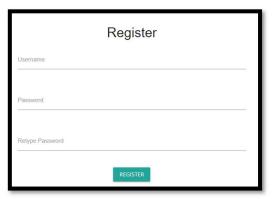


Figure 35 - Login & register pages (views/auth/login.hbs + register.hbs)

