

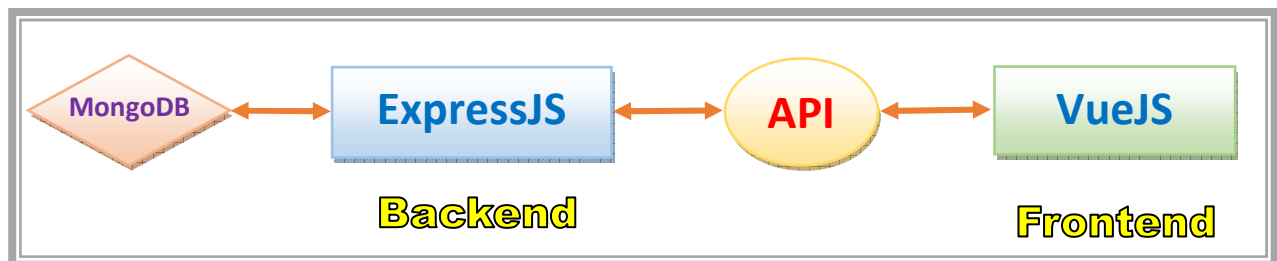
LAB 4

❖ CONTENT

- Enable Restful API exchange in backend with "cors" package
- Initialize new VueJS project as frontend
- Consume Restful APIs from backend with "axios" package

❖ INTRODUCTION

- CORS: Cross-Origin Resource Sharing. It is a security feature implemented in web browsers to control how web applications running at one origin can interact with resources from a different origin.
- VueJS is a progressive JavaScript framework used for building user interfaces and single-page applications. Vue.js is known for its simplicity, flexibility, and fine-grained reactivity.
- Some alternatives to VueS: ReactJS, AngularJS, SvelteJS
- Some ways to consume Restful API with VueJS:
 - *Axios: a promise-based HTTP client*
 - Fetch API: a browser built-in web API
- System architecture diagram:



❖ INSTRUCTION

1. Continue with previous project and set it as backend project

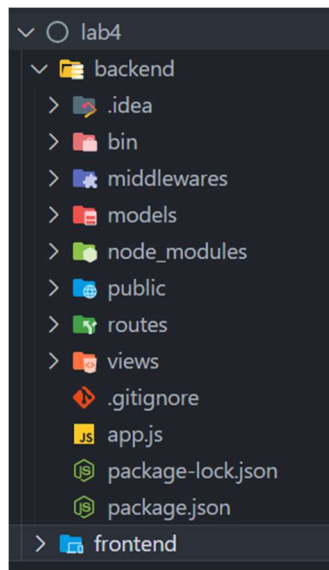


Figure 1 - Project structure

2. Install new package: CORS

```
npm install cors
```

Figure 2 - Install new package

3. Enable CORS in backend side for Restful API exchange

```
//import "cors" library
var cors = require('cors');

//usage 1: enable CORS requests for all domains
app.use(cors());

//usage 2: enable CORS requests for single route
app.get('/', cors(), (req, res) => {
  //codes go here
})

//usage 3: enable CORS requests for single domain
var corsOptions = {
  origin: 'https://longndt.com',
  optionsSuccessStatus: 200
}
app.use(cors(corsOptions));
app.get('/', cors(corsOptions), (req, res) => {
  //codes go here
})
```

Figure 3 - Config CORS in backend (select 1 usage only) (**app.js**)

4. Start the backend server and keep it running along with frontend server.

⇒ **Do not stop it**, otherwise, 2 servers can not exchange data

Note: Default web server address for **ExpressJS** : **http://localhost:3000**

```
\lab4\backend>npm start
```

Figure 4 - Start the backend web server

5. Develop frontend side with VueJS framework.

- Initialize new VueJS project

npm create vue@latest *project_name*

- Install axios package to consume API

npm install axios

- Start frontend web server

npm run dev

Note: Default web server address for **VueJS** : **http://localhost:5173**

```
npm create vue@latest frontend
cd frontend
npm install axios
npm run dev
```

Figure 5 - Initialize VueJS project and install library in a new terminal

```
✓ Add TypeScript? ... No / Yes
✓ Add JSX Support? ... No / Yes
✓ Add Vue Router for Single Page Application development? ... No / Yes
✓ Add Pinia for state management? ... No / Yes
✓ Add Vitest for Unit Testing? ... No / Yes
✓ Add an End-to-End Testing Solution? » No
✓ Add ESLint for code quality? ... No / Yes
```

Figure 6 - Config parameter when initializing VueJS project

6. Update the default view page **src/App.vue** to fetch data from backend

```
//import "axios" library to consume API from backend
import axios from "axios";
```

Figure 7 - import "axios" library

```
//declare the backend API url
var backendAPI = "http://localhost:3000/api/product";
```

Figure 8 - declare backend API

```
export default {
  data() {
    return {
      data: null,
    };
  },
  mounted() {
    this.fetchProducts();
  },
  methods: {
    fetchProducts() {
      axios
        .get(backendAPI)
        .then((response) => {
          this.data = response.data;
        })
        .catch((err) => {
          console.log("Error loading product list: " + err);
        });
    },
  },
}
```

Figure 9 - fetch data with method **axios.get()**

```
deleteProduct(id) {
  const confirmed = confirm("Are you sure to delete this product?");
  if (confirmed) {
    axios
      .delete(backendAPI + "/delete/" + id)
      .then(() => {
        this.fetchProducts();
      })
      .catch((err) => {
        console.error("Error deleting product:" + err);
      });
  }
},
```

Figure 10 - delete data with method **axios.delete()**

```

<template>
  <div class="container">
    <table>
      <thead>
        <tr>
          <th colspan="5"><h3>Product List</h3></th>
        </tr>
        <tr>
          <th>Name</th>
          <th>Price</th>
          <th>Image</th>
          <th>Menu</th>
        </tr>
      </thead>
      <tbody>
        <tr v-for="product in data" :key="product._id">
          <td>{{ product.name }}</td>
          <td>${{ product.price }}</td>
          <td>
            
          </td>
          <td>
            <button @click="deleteProduct(product._id)" class="btn orange">
              Delete
            </button>
          </td>
        </tr>
      </tbody>
    </table>
  </div>
</template>

```

Figure 11 – Render the web template to display content

```

<title>Product Management System</title>
<!-- Compiled and minified CSS -->
<link rel="stylesheet" href="https://cdnjs.cloudflare.com/ajax/libs/materialize/1.0.0/css/materialize.min.css">

<!-- Compiled and minified JavaScript -->
<script src="https://cdnjs.cloudflare.com/ajax/libs/materialize/1.0.0/js/materialize.min.js"></script>
</head>

```

Figure 12 - Import Materialize CSS framework to file `src/index.html`

Product List





Name	Price	Image	Menu
dell xps	\$1800		<div>DELETE</div>
galaxy s25 ultra	\$1111		<div>DELETE</div>
macbook pro	\$2000		<div>DELETE</div>
iphone 16 pro	\$1234.56		<div>DELETE</div>

Figure 13 - Result of fetching data from backend