# LAB 1 ASP.NET CORE WEB (P1)

### **CONTENT**

- Create an ASP.NET Core MVC project
- Setup database connection & implement Authentication (login/logout, register)
- Create tables with ORM technique
- Implement CRUD features with Scaffolding technique
- Customize web layout (template) & identity pages
- Set default role for user registration
- Seed (populate) initial data to database
- Setup Authorization (role-based access) for different features

### **❖ INSTRUCTION**

1. Open Visual Studio and create new ASP.NET Core MVC web app

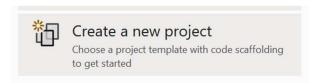


Figure 1 - Create new project in Visual Studio

2. Config ASP.NET Core project

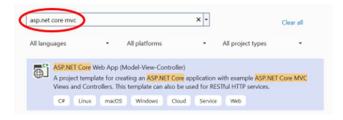


Figure 2 - Search & select ASP.NET Core Web App (MVC)



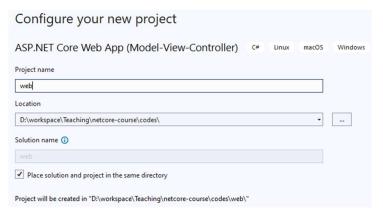


Figure 3 – Set project location, solution & project name

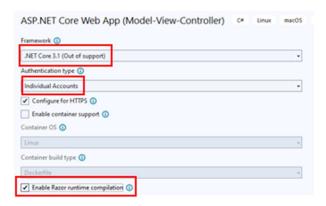


Figure 4 – Select framework version & authentication type

### 3. Add model to automatically create table

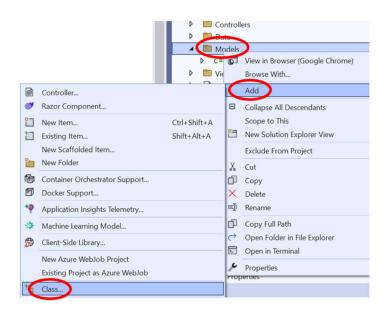


Figure 5 - Add new Model (class)



```
public class Book
{
    public int BookId { get; set; }
    public string BookTitle { get; set; }
    public double BookPrice { get; set; }
    public string BookCover { get; set; }
}
```

Figure 6 - Models/Book.cs

4. Generate Controller with Views for CRUD features with Scaffolding technique



Figure 7 - Add new controller (class)



Figure 8 - Select MVC Controller with views

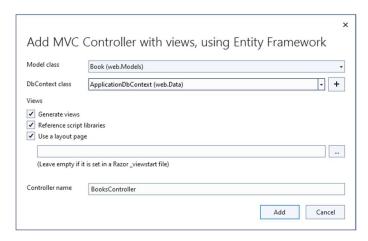


Figure 9 - Select Model class & DbContext class



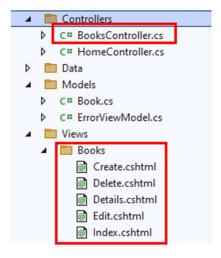


Figure 10 - Controller & Views have been generated for selected Model

5. Override Identity pages to customize view of Authentication (Login, Register,...)

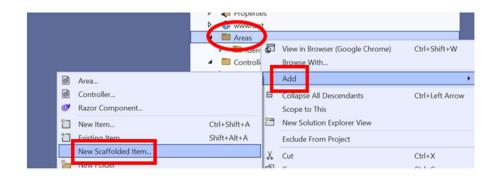


Figure 11 - Add new Scaffolded Item

### Add New Scaffolded Item



Figure 12 - Select option Identity



### Add Identity

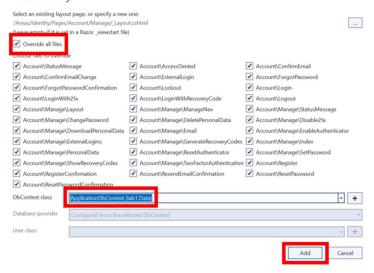


Figure 13 - Override all files & select DBContext class

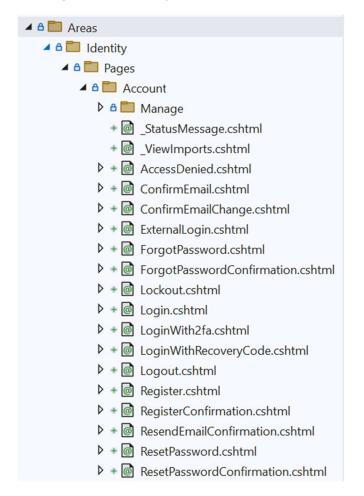


Figure 14 - All Identity pages were displayed to be overridden



### 6. Customize web layout & other web pages

Figure 15 - Views/Shared/\_Layout.cshtml

Figure 16 - Views/Home/Index.cshtml

```
<a class="btn btn-primary" asp-action="Create">Create New</a>
```

Figure 17 - Views/Books/Index.cshtml (1)

Figure 18 - Views/Books/Index.cshtml (2)

```
<img src="@Html.DisplayFor(modelItem ⇒ item.BookCover)" width="100" height="120" />
```

Figure 19 - Views/Laptops/Index.cshtml (3)



### 7. Seed initial data to database

```
protected override void OnModelCreating(ModelBuilder builder)
      base.OnModelCreating(builder);
      //Seed data for User & Role
      SeedUserRole(builder);
      //Seed data for table Book
      SeedBook(builder);
                     Figure 20 - Data/ApplicationDbContext.cs (1)
private void SeedUserRole(ModelBuilder builder)
    //A) Setup IdentityUser
   //1. Create accounts
   var adminAccount = new IdentityUser
       Id = "user1",
       UserName = "admin@gmail.com",
       Email = "admin@gmail.com",
       NormalizedUserName = "ADMIN@GMAIL.COM",
       NormalizedEmail = "ADMIN@GMAIL.COM",
       EmailConfirmed = true
   };
   var readerAccount = new IdentityUser
       Id = "user2",
       UserName = "reader@gmail.com",
       Email = "reader@gmail.com",
       NormalizedUserName = "READER@GMAIL.COM",
       NormalizedEmail = "READER@GMAIL.COM",
       EmailConfirmed = true
   };
   //2. Declare hasher for password encryption
   var hasher = new PasswordHasher<IdentityUser>();
   //3. Setup password for accounts
   adminAccount.PasswordHash = hasher.HashPassword(adminAccount, "123456");
   readerAccount.PasswordHash = hasher.HashPassword(readerAccount, "123456");
   //4. Add accounts to database
   builder.Entity<IdentityUser>().HasData(adminAccount, readerAccount);
```

Figure 21 - Data/ApplicationDbContext.cs (2)



```
//B) Setup IdentityRole
builder.Entity<IdentityRole>().HasData(
   new IdentityRole
        Id = "role1",
       Name = "Admin",
       NormalizedName = "ADMIN"
   },
    new IdentityRole
        Id = "role2",
        Name = "Reader",
         NormalizedName = "READER"
    });
//C) Setup IdentityUserRole
builder.Entity<IdentityUserRole<string>>().HasData(
   new IdentityUserRole<string>
       UserId = "user1",
       RoleId = "role1"
   },
   new IdentityUserRole<string>
       UserId = "user2",
       RoleId = "role2"
);
```

Figure 22 - Data/ApplicationDbContext.cs (3)

```
private void SeedBook(ModelBuilder builder)
    builder.Entity<Book>().HasData(
        new Book
           BookId = 1,
           BookTitle = "Clean Code",
           BookPrice = 12.34,
           BookCover = "https://images-na.ssl-images-amazon.com/images/I/51E2055ZGUL.jpg"
        },
        new Book
           BookId = 2,
           BookTitle = "How to win friends & influence people",
           BookPrice = 9.99,
           BookCover = "https://rukminim2.flixcart.com/image/850/1000/kkr72q80/book/k/4/l/how-to-win-friends-influence-people-
             international-bestseller-original-imagyf2wgzsbgvba.jpeg?q=90&crop=false"
        },
        new Book
           BookId = 3,
           BookTitle = "Harry Porter",
           BookPrice = 6.78,
            BookCover = "https://nhasachphuongnam.com/images/detailed/160/81YOuOGFCJL.jpg"
    );
```

Figure 23 - Data/ApplicationDbContext.cs (4)



8. Config system to use roles for web authorization

Figure 24 - Startup.cs

- 9. Setup role-based access for different features
  - Restrict user access in backend (controller)

```
//Setup role for a controller
[Authorize(Roles = "Admin")]
public class BooksController : Controller
```

Figure 25 - Controllers/BooksController.cs (1)

```
//Setup mutiple roles for an action
[Authorize(Roles = "Admin, Reader")]
public async Task<IActionResult> Index()
```

Figure 26 - Controllers/BooksController.cs (2)

```
//Setup single role for an action
[Authorize(Roles = "Admin")]
public IActionResult Create()
```

Figure 27 - Controllers/BookssController.cs (3)

```
//Setup access for all roles (logged in users)
[Authorize]
public async Task<IActionResult> Index()
```

Figure 28 - Controllers/BooksController.cs (4)



Restrict user access in frontend (view)

Figure 29 - Views/Laptops/Index.cshtml

### 10.Set default role for user registration (optional)

```
var callbackUrl = Url.Page(
   "/Account/ConfirmEmail",
   pageHandler: null,
   values: new { area = "Identity", userId = user.Id, code = code, returnUrl = returnUrl },
   protocol: Request.Scheme);

//Set default role "Reader" for new user registration
   var role = "Reader";
   await _userNanager.AddToRoleAsync(user, role);

await _emailSender.SendEmailAsync(Input.Email, "Confirm your email",
   $"Please confirm your account by <a href='{htmlEncoder.Default.Encode(callbackUrl)}'>clicking here</a>.");
```

Figure 30 - Areas/Identity/Pages/Account/Register.cshtml.cs

### 11. Migrate data to database

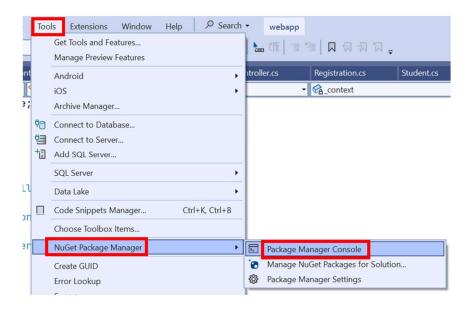


Figure 31 - Open Package Manager Console (PMC)



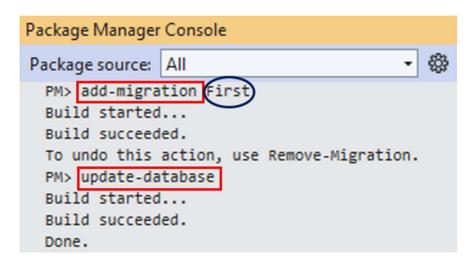


Figure 32 - Add migration & update database using PMC

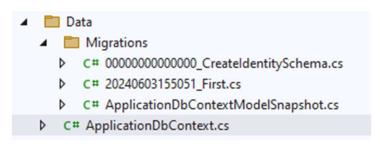


Figure 33 - Migration file is created automatically in **Data/Migrations** 

### 12. Sample final result

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Figure 34 - Homepage



# Log in

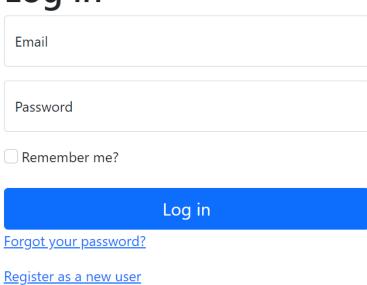


Figure 35 - Login page

## Register

Email				
Password				
Confirm Password				
Register				

Figure 36 - Register page



### Index

### Create New

BookTitle	BookPrice	BookCover	Menu
Clean Code	\$12.34	Clean Code  Condition (Ag) Industrian	Edit Details Delete
How to win friends & influence people	\$9.99	FRIENDS FRIENDS INTURNE PEOPLE DALE CARNEGIE	Edit Details Delete
Harry Porter	\$6.78	M. ROWLING HARRY POTTER	Edit Details Delete

Figure 37 - View book list

# Create Book BookPrice BookCover Create Back to List

Figure 38 - Create new book



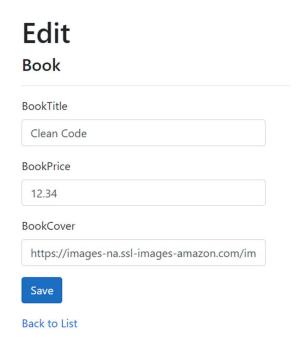


Figure 39 - Edit existing book

### **Delete**

Are you sure you want to delete this?

Book

**BookTitle** How to win friends & influence people

BookPrice 9.99

 $\textbf{BookCover} \\ \text{https://rukminim2.flixcart.com/image/850/1000/kkr72q80/book/k/4/l/how-to-win-friends-influence-people-international-properties of the properties of the pro$ 

bestseller-original-imagyf2wgzsbgvba.jpeg?q=90&crop=false

Delete | Back to List

Figure 40 - Delete existing book

# **Access denied**

You do not have access to this resource.

Figure 41 - Access denied page

