Part (a): Predicted Values and Residuals

The predicted values and residuals for all 20 observations are provided below, based on the Minitab output:

SIZE $SIZE_SQ | FITS (Predicted \hat{y}) |$ LEASEFEE RESI (LEASEFEE - \hat{y}) 70.7 13.5 182.25 99.990 -29.290 1 2 52.7 9.692.1660.753-8.0533 87.6 309.76 17.6 139.147 -51.5474 43.27.962.41 43.043 0.1575 103.8 11.5 132.25 80.111 23.689 6 45.18.2 67.2446.195-1.0957 86.8 15.2 231.04 -29.686 116.486 8 73.3 12.0 144.00 85.129 -11.8299 144.3 13.8 190.44 102.928 41.37261.3 10 10.0 100.00 64.867-3.56714.5210.2511 148.0 109.738 38.26212 85.0 10.2 104.04 66.916 18.084 13 171.2 18.7 349.69 149.288 21.912 14 97.5 13.2174.2497.041 0.459265.69 31.136 15 158.1 16.3 126.964 16 74.212.3 151.29 88.124 -13.92447.07.7 59.29 17 40.935 6.06518 54.79.998.01 63.840 -9.140

77.085

89.120

-9.085

-13.920

Table 1: Predicted Values and Residuals for Lease Fee Regression

Part (b): Residual Plot

19

20

The residual vs. fitted plot shows a fan-shaped pattern, indicating heteroscedasticity (variance increases with \hat{y}).

125.44

153.76

Part (c): Test for Heteroscedasticity

68.0

75.2

11.2

12.4

 $s_{\text{low}} = 13.6491, s_{\text{high}} = 36.1252.$

Ratio: $s_{\text{high}}/s_{\text{low}} = 2.647$, confirming heteroscedasticity.

Part (d): Recommendations

The estate should not use the current model due to heteroscedasticity. Recommended actions:

- Implement WLS to adjust for unequal variances.
- Apply a log transformation to LEASEFEE.

- \bullet Explore a piecewise linear model with a knot at SIZE = 12.
- Collect more data and consider additional predictors.

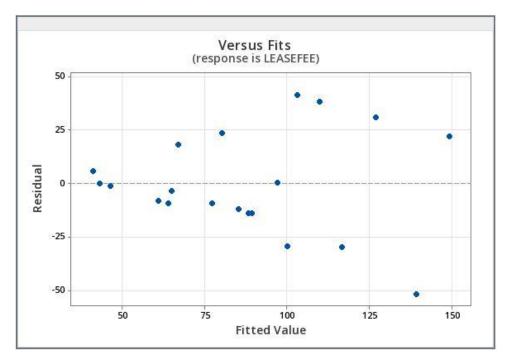


Figure 1: residual vs. fitted